VINTRGE GAMES - VOLUME 2 EOLLEETION FOR THE HP-41



Users Manual

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Screen captures taken from V41, Windows-based emulator developed by Warren Furlow. See <u>www.hp41.org</u>

Ángel M. Martin

Introduction.

This compilation includes a large amount of information on the subject of Games for the HP-41. Most of the games described here (and then some more!) are included in one of the Games Modules available in the CL Library; you can refer to the CL Modules Reference section for a relationship of the specific programs of interest.

The sources of the material included are very diverse: HP Museum, hp41.org Archive, PPC Calculator Journal, Data File Issues, Prisma Magazine, HP User program Library, Swap Disks (that huge heap of mostly undocumented stuff...), and finally different individual contributors' web sites. Collecting all this material hasn't been trivial, and necessarily introduces small inconsistencies in form and structure – but nevertheless the descriptions should be sufficient for a working implementation of the games.

The compilation is divided into three main sections, plus a final CL module reference as detailed below. You can use the hyperlinks to go directly to your area of interest, or use the index in the next pages to access the individual program.

- 1. MCODE Games
- 2. FOCAL Games
- 3. Adventure Games
- 4. CL Modules Reference

With the exception of the Adventure games (a class on their own for obvious reasons), there's no category, subject, topic or other criteria used to structure the compilation (Brain teasers, Casino, Puzzles, Board, Mazes, Simulations, etc). Broadly speaking, the games are structured in a "from more simple to more complex" sequence. This of course is not the same as "from worse to better", as this is largely a personal choice. Some of the most enjoyable games are small in size but require quick reflexes; and conversely some of the more elaborate simulations are a tad too long and the player may become desinterested after a few runs.

The way original authors documented their programs varies immensely, some are really minimalistic in the sketches, whereas others use a more verbose description of the game instructions with prolific program details.

So all in all, here you have a comprehensive representation of the Games on the HP-41 platform that can provide many days of enjoyment to the user. At the very least, it should contribute by providing easy access to a ton of documentation only available using obscure sources difficult to locate.

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Part II - FOCAL GAMES



Herbie the Hippo (A Children's Play)

Thomas W. Rodke -<u>http://www.hp41.org/LibView.cfm?Command=View&ItemID=988</u>

Here's a minimalistic amusement to start off the collection – from the author of the Monopoly Game program himself!

Herbie is a gloton Hippopotamus. Just feed him beans [B] or caviar [C] and watch him do his stuff! (no R/S is needed, auto entry).

Every other time you feed him caviar he does a backflip!

After 10 feedings he is full and goes to sleep (calculator automatically turns off).

Wake him up again (by turning on the HP-41C) and he is hungry again!

01*LBL "HERBIE"	30 PSE	59 "PRRRP"
02 CF 27	31 FC?C 23	60 AVIEW
03 SF 11	32 GTO 04	61 TONE 0
04 CF 01	33 ASTO 02	62 PSE
05 "HERBIE"	34 AOFF	63 ISG 00
06 AVIEW	35 XEQ 01	64 GTO 00
07 PSE	36 FC? 01	65 GTO 03
08 " THE"	37 GTO 02	66*LBL 05
09 AVIEW	38 1	67 " HUP HUP HUP,"
10 PSE	39 ST+ 01	68 AVIEW
11 "HIPPOPOTAMUS"	40 RCL 01	69 PSE
12 AVIEW	41 2	70 BEEP
13 PSE	42 MOD	71 "**BACKFLIP**"
14 ,01	43 X=0?	72 AVIEW
15 STO 00	44 XEQ 05	73 BEEP
16 0	45 "NBF"	74 BEEP
17 STO 01	46 AVIEW	75 PSE
18 " BEANS OR"	47 PSE	76 ISG 00
19 AVIEW	48 ISG 00	77 GTO 00
20 PSE	49 GTO 00	78*LBL 03
21 " CAVIAR ?"	50 GTO 03	79 " I AM FULL, THA"
22 AVIEW	51*LBL 01	80 "`NKS."
23 PSE	52 "C"	81 AVIEW
24*LBL 00	53 ASTO X	82 PSE
25 CF 01	54 RCL 02	83 OFF
26 " B OR C ?"	55 X=Y?	84 GTO "HERBIE"
27 AVIEW	56 SF 01	85 END
28 AON	57 RTN	
29*LBL 04	58*LBL 02	

Integer-Choice Game

Jakub Tatartkiewicz - PPCCJ V7N9 p24; (November 1980)

Reference Martin Gardener, "Mathematical Games" Scientific American, III/75.

Two persons choose a number (eg. 1-5). Whose smaller scores a point unless it is smaller by 1 - in this case the other player scores two points. Equal numbers give no scoring. The program goes automatically after XEQ "ICG"

Size: 002 Program Registers: 25

9:13AM 05/23	27 X=0?	54 GTO 00
01*LBL "ICG"	28 GTO 18	55*LBL 01
02 FIX 0	29 X<0?	56 1
03 CF 29	30 GTO 19	57 RTN
04 CLX	31 1	58*LBL 02
05 STO 01	32 X=Y?	59*LBL 03
06 CF 22	33 GTO 20	60*LBL 04
07*LBL 00	34 ST+ 01	61*LBL 05
08 RCL 00	35 GTO 18	62*LBL 06
09 RNG	36*LBL 20	63 2
10 STO 00	37 -2	64 RTN
11 16	38 ST+ 01	65*LBL 07
12 *	39 GTO 18	66*LBL 08
13 1	40*LBL 19	67*LBL 09
14 +	41 -1	68*LBL 10
15 XEQ IND X	42 X=Y?	69 3
16 "YOUR NUMBER?"	43 GTO 21	70 RTN
17 AVIEW	44 ST+ 01	71*LBL 11
18*LBL 22	45 GTO 18	72*LBL 12
19 PSE	46*LBL 21	73*LBL 13
20 FC?C 22	47 2	74*LBL 14
21 GTO 22	48 ST+ 01	75*LBL 15
22 "MINE IS "	49*LBL 18	76 4
23 ARCL Y	50 "POINTS "	77 RTN
24 AVIEW	51 ARCL 01	78*LBL 16
25 PSE	52 AVIEW	79 5
26 -	53 PSE	80 END

Secret Number

Tom Cadwallader - PPCCJ V11N7 p25; (August 1984)

SECRET NUMBER ("SN") is an exercise in stack manipulation and in stack analysis. It also can be used to decide who is going to buy lunch. The following listing of the HP-41 program was produced by using an HP-71B with Text Editor and ThinkJet printer. Therefore, the HP-41's "lazy tee" has been replaced with a "+" in append alpha string. (e.g. "+0"). XRM "FF" in the Standard is called to play a tune while providing a delay between display messages at the end of the game. It can be replaced with PSEs and/or TONEs.

Also the TIME Module is required in order to create a "random" seed and thus a "secret number". The seed is "massaged" with a commonly used modifier.

Start the game by XEQ'ing, "SN". "L: 000 H: 501" will be displayed. The first player enters a guess between 1 and 500 (e.g. 123) and presses R/S. Presuming that the secret number is greater than the guess, "L: 123 H: 501" will be displayed. The second player enters a guess between the new limits (e.g. 456) and presses R/S. Presuming that the secret number is less than the guess, "L: 123 H: 456" will be displayed. Play continues until some unlucky player sees "* YOU LOSE *" and hears the "music". If the secret number were 289, the final display would be "xxx 289 xxx". Guesses outside or the limits are trapped.

Tom Cadwallader (3502) 1204 26th Avenue SW Great Falls, MT 59404

22 XEQ 03	43 X<=Y?	64 "* YOU LOSE *"
23 X<>Y	44 BEEP	65 AVIEW
24 PROMPT	45 X<>Y	66 CLA
25 FC?C 22	46 X <y?< td=""><td>67 TONE 9</td></y?<>	67 TONE 9
26 0	47 X<>Y	68 TONE 8
27 INT	48 RDN	69 TONE 9
28 R^	49 X<>Y	70 BEEP
29 X=Y?	50 X<> Z	71 RDN
30 GTO 04	51 GTO 01	72 X<>Y
31 X <y?< td=""><td>52*LBL 03</td><td>73 XEQ 03</td></y?<>	52*LBL 03	73 XEQ 03
32 GTO 02	53 "` "	74 X<>Y
33 RDN	54 100	75 XEQ 03
34 X<=Y?	55 X>Y?	76 X<> Z
35 BEEP	56 "`0"	77 XEQ 03
36 X>Y?	57 SQRT	78 AVIEW
37 X<>Y	58 X>Y?	79 SF 29
38 RDN	59 "` 0 "	80 FIX 2
39 GTO 01	60 RDN	81 CLST
40*LBL 02	61 ARCL X	82 END
41 X<>Y	62 RTN	
42 R^	63*LBL 04	
	22 XEQ 03 23 X<>Y 24 PROMPT 25 FC?C 22 26 0 27 INT 28 R^ 29 X=Y? 30 GTO 04 31 X <y? 32 GTO 02 33 RDN 34 X<=Y? 35 BEEP 36 X>Y? 37 X<>Y 38 RDN 39 GTO 01 40*LBL 02 41 X<>Y 42 R^</y? 	22 XEQ 0343 X<=Y?

HI-LO Game for Children

Philip T. Frohme - PPCCJ V12N5 p25; (May 1985)

This is a version of the game in which the user must make repeated guesses at a hidden number between 1 and 1000 inclusive. Unlike other Hi-Low games, this one provides the user with much more data as to his/her current status during the guessing process and after the hidden number has been found.

Although this is primarily a game for children, much can be learned about the behavior of random numbers by playing it. For instance, if guesses are halved each time to trap the hidden number, the average number of guesses to find the number will be around nine (9). The challenge is to reduce this average by taking calculated guesses as to what value the number might be.

Execute "HI-LO" and enter a seed (0 to 1) at the prompt. The display returns with 1-(1)-1000. The one (1) represents the lower boundary and the one thousand (1000) represents the upper boundary. These numbers will change as wrong guesses are made. This prevents the user from forgetting what numbers he/she has already chosen. The number in parenthesis is the number of the current attempt.

All the user has to do is enter a guess. The program will automatically resume (using flag 22) and display whether the guess was higher or lower than the hidden number. The display returns with the new boundaries; the higher or lower being the user's last guess. When the hidden number is found, the message --SUCCESS-- is displayed along with the "BEEP". The number of of guesses is displayed ("nn GUESSES"), the number of low guesses ("nn LOW"), the number of high guesses (nn HIGH), and then the number of games played with the average number of guesses per game (nn AV- mm). The challenge is to keep this average as low as possible for the amount of games played.

The message --WRONNNG-- is displayed when a guess is made outside of the boundaries. No penalty in the way of extra turns is given; only the opportunity to retry with a correct number. Some users (and children) have trouble pushing the next digit within the time required.

Philip T. Frohne (9660) 11317 Amboy Lane St. Louis, MO 63136-6102

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	
01*LBL "HI-LO"	41 GTO 07	
02 CLRG	42 RCL Y	
03 CF 21	43 RCL 07	
04 "SEED=?"	44 X=Y?	
05 XEQ 02	45 GTO 04	
06 STO 00	46 X>Y?	
07*LBL 00	47 GTO 05	
08,	48 GTO 06	
09 STO 01	49*LBL 02	
10 STO 02	50 AVIEW	
11 STO 03	51 CF 22	
12 STO 04	52 TONE 9	
13 E3	53*LBL 03	
14 STO 05	54 PSE	
15 CF 29	55 FC?C 22	
16 FIX 0	56 GTO 03	
17.	57 RTN	
18 DATE	58*LBL 04	
19 E3	59 "SUCCESS"	
20 *	60 AVIEW	
21 INT	61 BEEP	
22 STO 07	62 PSE	
23 CLX	63 E	
24*LBL 01	64 ST+ 09	
25 E	65 "*** "	
26 ST+ 01	66 ARCL Y	
27 ST+ 08	67 "` ***"	
28 CLA	68 AVIEW	
29 ARCL 04	69 PSE	
30 "`-("	70 CLA	
31 ARCL 01	71 ARCL 01	
32 "`)"	72 "` GUESSES"	
33 ARCL 05	73 AVIEW	
34 XEQ 02	74 PSE	
35 RCL 04	75 CLA	

81 PSE 82 CLA 83 RCL 08 84 RCL 09 85/ 86 ARCL 09 87 FIX 2 88 "` AV= " 89 ARCL X 90 AVIEW 91 PSE 92 GTO 00 93*LBL 05 94 RCL Y 95 STO 04 96 E 97 ST+ 02 98 " LOW" 99 AVIEW 100 TONE 0 101 GTO 01 102*LBL 06 103 RCL Y 104 STO 05 105 E 106 ST+ 03 107 " HIGH" 108 AVIEW 109 TONE 9 110 GTO 01 111*LBL 07 112 "--WRONNNG--" 113 AVIEW 114 PSE 115 E 116 ST- 01 117 GTO 01 118 END

A Compendium Collection

36 X>Y?

38 X<>Y

40 X<Y?

39 RCL 05

37 GTO 07

76 ARCL 02

78 ARCL 03

79 **"` HI**"

80 AVIEW

77 "` LOW, "

Digit SWAP. (Classic Calculator Game) Mark Power - DataFile V8N5 p15 ; (Jul/Aug 1989)

The following game is one of the classic 'Old Chestnuts' for programmable calculators. In the form given it will run on any HP41 (no modules, no synthetics, no mcode). It should be very easy to re-work it for the HPI5C, or take the idea and write a version for one of the new machines.

The object of the game is to rearrange 8 numbers to form the number 12345678. To do this you make moves by specifying a number in the range 1 to 7. This number is the 'gap' between two of the digits around which the two halves of the number are rotated.

Well, as that doesn't make it clear, here's an example:-

- Clear register 06 which is used to randomize the number. (You don't need to do this normally, it's just for the purposes of this example)
- XEQ'SWAP'
- After a while the screen shows 68472315
- Try a move, say '4' 4 R/S
- The screen then shows 76843152
- Now 17' maybe 7 R/S
- The screen shows 57684312
- Eventually you should make a move which results in the number 12345678 being produced, in this case the screen will show the number of moves 24 MOVES
- To run the program again press R/S

Note, if you specify a move of 1, then the left hand digit stays where it is and just those on the right rotate. Similarly if 7 is specified, the number on the right hand end stays put.

Enough of the waffle - have a go yourself. Once you have a technique for solving the problem, you should aim for a solution within 6 or 7 moves.

For those of you rewriting the program for other machines, the ALPHA bit in LBL 04 is just to tell the user how many goes they took. You can just end the program after line 86 and forget the other bits. The CF 25 on line 09 is just for those HP41 users who may have ALPHA DATA in register 06 (used for the random numbers to jumble up the initial number). Registers used are 00 to 06 inclusive.

Anyone care to write a MCODE version with multiple rotation patterns and variable number of digits? (*)

Ed's note: See "REVERSE" in the MCODE games section,

Ángel M. Martin

Program listing:

01*LBL "SWAP"	34 GTO 02	67 INT
02 12345678	35 8	68 LASTX
03 STO 02	36 X<=Y?	69 FRC
04 STO 03	37 GTO 02	70 8
05 FIX 0	38 X<>Y	71 RCL 00
06 CF 29	39 XEQ 03	72 -
07 5	40 GTO 02	73 10^X
08 STO 05	41*LBL 03	74 *
09 SF 25	42 8	75 +
10*LBL 01	43 X<>Y	76 RCL 04
11 RCL 06	44 -	77 +
12 PI	45 STO 00	78 RCL 00
13 +	46 RCL 03	79 10^X
14 X^2	47 RCL 00	80 *
15 FRC	48 10^X	81 STO 03
16 STO 06	49 /	82 RTN
17 7	50 INT	83*LBL 04
18 *	51 STO 01	84 RCL 05
19 E	52 LASTX	85 E
20 +	53 FRC	86 -
21 INT	54 E1	87 CLA
22 XEQ 03	55 *	88 ARCL X
23 DSE 05	56 FRC	89 "` MOVE"
24 GTO 01	57 LASTX	90 2
25*LBL 02	58 INT	91 X<=Y?
26 E	59 RCL 00	92 "`S"
27 ST+ 05	60 10^X	93 AVIEW
28 RCL 02	61/	94 FIX 4
29 RCL 03	62 +	95 SF 29
30 X=Y?	63 STO 04	96 CLX
31 GTO 04	64 RCL 01	97 END
32 STOP	65 E1	

66 /

33 X<=0?

HP-41 CX Word Game

Mark Gessner - PPCCJ V12N11 p20 (November 1985)

HP-41CX Gamers will appreciate this improved version of a popular word game currently available for the HP-41C/CV. The CX version plays much faster than the C/CV game, and requires fewer keystrokes, while still fitting on one magnetic card. Besides all these advantages, it's simply more fun.

SUMMARY OF GAME PLAY:

Player 1 keys XEQ "WG", and keys in a difficult-to-guess word at the prompt "WORD?". He then presses [R/S] and immediately hands the machine to player 2. Player 2 sees "LETTER?" at which he presses aletter representing his best guess at a letter in the word keyed in by player 1. The computer will then display a string of nulls indicating unguessed character positions in the word. Any correctly guessed characters will appear in the proper location in the string. Player 2 continues guessing letters until the entire word is filled in. At that time, a musical sequence will play, Followed by the score for the game. Scoring is based on the number of guesses per letter in the word or phrase, and the lowest score wins.

DETAILS OF GAME PLAY:

Time: The number of seconds Player 2 will have available to guess each letter is equal to the number of letters in the word or phrase being guessed. For example, a twelve-letter word will give twelve seconds on each guess, while a three-letter word will give only three seconds for each guess. The penalty for taking longer than the number of seconds allotted for each guess will be the addition of one guess to your score, without actually guessing anything.

Words: The limits on what words are fair game are: 12 characters maximum, 1 character minimum. Only those characters which can be entered via normal keyboard means are legal. That is, any shifted or unshifted ALPHA character is OK, but strings which can be created only through XTOA and the like are absolutely out! The guesses are entered into the computer each time by the GETKEYX function, and there will be no way for a player to use XTOA to enter a guess. As for what types of words or phrases are fair game, i.e., proper nouns, abbreviations, etc., -that is entirely up to the players involved.

Tones: The computer signals its readiness to accept a keystroke guess by a TONE 87, a high-pitched, medium duration tone, while the acceptance of a valid guess keystroke sequence will be signaled by a TONE 89, a very short duration, high pitched tone.

Scores: The best possible score is 8, but this is rarely achieved in practice. (To achieve an 8, the word must consist of twelve identical characters, and player 2 must guess the correct character on the first guess.) A score of 100 is perfect for a word or phrase with all unique letters, but the scores can be lower if all letters are not unique.

Display: The display during game play is as follows: [*]------

The first character is a "boxed star" and can be ignored. The remaining "overbar" or null characters represent unguessed character positions, and these will be replaced during game play with the characters they "cover" as the characters are correctly guessed. The display shown is as for an ii-character word which has had none of its characters correctly guessed.

TECHNICAL DETAILS:

REQUIRED EQUIPMENT:	HP-41CX, 2 PLAYERS
MINIMUM DATA SIZE:	33 REGS
PROGRAM SIZE:	223 BYTES (32 REGS, 1 CARD)
FLAGS USED:	05,25,29

Notes on program listing: the right brace character has been used in ALPHA strings to denote the ALPHA APPEND character, ASCII 127, and "#" tests for "not equal."

The game was originally modified by Doug Swanson, A fellow CX owner, and non-(yet)-PPC member, but the final speed / GETKEYX / size reductions / flag-keeping (fun stuff) were done by me, in my spare time. Have a good time.

Mark D. Gessner (11922) 603 Southwest Parkway 74 College Station, TX 77840-4752

Program listing:

01 <u>*LBL "WG"</u>	31 GTO 07	61 STO IND Z	91 GTO 01
02 CLRG	32 .9	62 RTN	92 BEEP
03 RCLFLAG	33 STO 28	63*LBL 04	93 TONE 9
04 STO 27	34*LBL 01	64 CLA	94 TONE 7
05*LBL 71	35 RCL 00	65 2	95 RCL 28
06 FIX 0	36 STO 30	66 XTOA	96 INT
07 CF 29	37 FS? 05	67 13	97 RCL 00
08 "WORD?"	38 "LETTER?"	68 RCL 00	98 /
09 AON	39 FS?C 05	69 12	99 E2
10 PROMPT	40 AVIEW	70 +	100 *
11 SF 05	41 RCL 00	71*LBL 05	101 "SCORE "
12 ALENG	42 CHS	72 RCL IND X	102 ARCL X
13 STO 00	43 TONE 7	73 XTOA	103 AVIEW
14 2	44 GETKEY	74 RDN	104 PSE
15 XTOA	45 TONE 9	75 X=Y?	105 RCL 27
16 - E	46 STO 29	76 GTO 06	106 STOFLAG
17 AROT	47 ISG 28	77 DSE X	107 "AGAIN? Y/N"
18 ASTO 25	48*LBL 02	78 GTO 05	108 TONE 9
19 ASHF	49 RCL 30	79*LBL 06	109 AVIEW
20 ASTO 26	50 RCL 29	80 AVIEW	110 GETKEY
21 CLA	51 RCL IND Y	81 ASTO 31	111 SF 25
22 ARCL 25	52 X=Y?	82 ASHF	112 XEQ IND X
23 ARCL 26	53 XEQ 03	83 ASTO 32	113 CF 25
24 ATOX	54 DSE 30	84 32	114 CLA
25 R^	55 GTO 02	85 RCL 26	115 AOFF
26*LBL 07	56 GTO 04	86 X#NN?	116 CLST
27 ATOX	57*LBL 03	87 GTO 01	117 END
28 STO IND Y	58 12	88 31	
29 RDN	59 ST+ T	89 RCL 25	
30 DSE X	60 RDN	90 X#NN?	

Ángel M. Martin

High Rollers (FOCAL version).

Randal C. Gibson – PPCCJ V6N7 p47 (October 1979)

High Rollers is an old HP-41 game that first appeared in the PPC Journal back in August 1979. It is based on the Bonus Round of a popular TV game show of the same timeframe. An example game is presented below along with the source code to be keyed in. Enjoy!

The Game: You are presented with the numbers 1-9 in a list. A roll of two dice occurs and you attempt to choose a combination of numbers out of the 1-9 list that add up to the total of the two dice. If you can do so, the numbers chosen disappear from the list and another pair of dice are rolled. This continues until you either exactly remove all the 1-9 numbers or you cannot put together a combination of numbers that total your dice roll.

Pretty simple? So it sounds. It's actually very hard to do. I've played well over 1000 rounds of this game and my average percent of the time that I've won is around 16%.

Other rules: 1) You may not choose a number from the list more than once. (If you get a 1 and 3 on the two dice that are rolled, you may not choose 2 and 2 as the numbers to be removed from the list). 2) If the two dice you roll are the same, you are given a "doubles" chip. This doubles chip is used as insurance should you get a roll that you cannot find a correct combination in the list. This will be clearer from the game example below.

Once the game ends, you are shown your cumulative game score and the game starts over automatically (it assumes that you want to keep playing. ;-)).

Here's the sample game. SIZE 014, Bytes = 217 (Fits on 1 mag card, if anyone still uses those!) The left side shows the display and what you type in. The right side provides comments.

Start by XEQ HK	
SEE 17	Let's use a seed of 0.611940299
0.611940299 ENTER	
1, 11, 12, 34, 56, 78, 9	You've rolled two 1's. Your bonus chip is indicated by the "1" between the two colons.
2 R/S	2 is equal to the two 1's you rolled and will be removed from the list.
5,5:2:1 3456789	You've rolled two 5's. Another bonus chip (aren't you lucky?). Notice the two from last time has disappeared. Only 8 more numbers to go!
64 R/S	6 and 4 equal 10 (the sum of the two 5's just rolled). You've now got 2 bonus attempts in case you can't find a proper combination.

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
2, (2:1 3 5 789	You've rolled a 2 and 1. Notice aga 4 have disappeared. Let's try som	ain the 6 and hething wrong.
9 R/S	9 is not a proper entry for rolling a It should return the display with ne	a 2 and a 1. o changes.
2, (2:1 3 S 189	It does. Let's choose 3 this time.	
3 R/S 5,5:2: 1 5 789	We've rolled a 5 and 6. No combin that will work. To "pass" on this ro indicate we have no move, enter a decimal point).	nation exists oll and a zero (or
0 R/S 4,2:1:1 5 789	Notice the 2 bonus chips have dro used one last time. Enter a 1 and 1 the 6 (4 and 2) just rolled.	opped to 1. We 5 to use up
15 R/S 2,5: (789	A 2 and 6. Let's use up the 8.	
8 R/S 2,2:2: 7 9	Doubles, but this does us no good	I.
0 R/S ∃,५: (: 7 9	Almost there! Let's use up the 7.	
7 R/S 크,낙: ::	Another 7. We have to use up ou insurance chip!	r last bonus
0 R/S 글,동: 물	Great! We've won!	
9 R/S 1 / 1 100.00% Ourr	ecord so far is pretty good!	
(<i>3</i> : 123456789	The next game has started	

Here's the source code for the program!

A few lines below might need some explanation. Line 18 is append comma. Line 20 is append colon. Anywhere X NE 0? or X NE Y? is found they are X not equal to zero or X not equal to Y. Line 31 is append colon. Lines 33, 38 and 109 are append space (1 space only). Line 107 is append slash (the divide symbol). RDN is roll down, and RUP is roll up. Everything else should be self-explanatory!

Retro	o Games for the HP-41		Users Manual	A Co	ompendium Collection
01		40	x-02	OF	
02		48 70		95	
02	CF 29 FIX 0	49 50	ENTER	90	A#0!
03		50		97	
04		51		90	
05		52	U VZNV	99 100	
00		55		100	
07		54		101	
00		55	INT	102	
10		50		103	
11		57	10 X	104	S1+ 15
12		50		105	
12		59		100	
14		60		107	
14		62		100	
15		62		109	
10		03		110	RCL 14
10	XEQ 04	64 65		111	RCL 15
10		60		112	/
19		00 67	RDN	113	EZ *
20		07 69		114	
21		00 60	RUP	115	
22		69 70	FRC	110	
23	ISG 13	70	E1 *	117	
24	LBL 12	/1	т Х#ОЭ	118	
25	+	72	X#U?	119	
26	STO 12	/3	GTU U8	120	51013
27	RCL 13	74	RDN	121	
28		/5	RCL 12	122	LBL U7
29		76	X#Y?	123	RCL 13
30		//	GTU Ub	124	X=U?
31	-> :	/8	RDN	125	GIUII
32	X=Ur	/9	RDN	126	E CT 10
33	>	80	LUG	127	51-13
34 25	1.009	18		128	
35		82	10^X	129	LBL 04
30	RCL IND X	83	/	130	RCL UU
37	X=U?	84	LBL 09	131	997
38	->	85		132	
39		80		133	FRU
4U 41		ð/		134	510.00
41 42		88	ГКU Г1	135	0 *
42		89	⊑⊥ *	130	r
43		90	т У#ОЭ	13/	E .
44		91		138	+
45		92	GTU 09	139	
46		93	9	140	END
4/	GTU 06	94	LRF 10		

Simon – Memory Game

HP Co. – Games Solutions Books

This game exercises your memory by presenting longer and longer sequences of random numbers. You try to remember and key in each sequence. Flag settings may be varied to change the difficulty.

Example: use a seed of pi for the random number generation to duplicate this game.

Keystrokes	Display	
XEQ "SIZE" 004, PI, STO 00		
XEQ "SIMON" 3, R/S	HOW MRNY7 1 Number57	(in sequence)
1, R/S	YES: 1 9 • 2	(in sequence)
9, R.S	NUMBER57 ND: 92, NDT 3. 4. 5	G (in sequence)
346, R/S	NUMBERS7 Yes: 346 You Misseb	

Note 1: You can set flag 0 (SF 00) to use longer and longer pieces of the same sequence. This version of the game is easier for young children.

Note 2: You can clear flag 26 (CF 26) to suppress the tone and make the sequences pass more quickly. Some people find them easier to memorize this way

Note 3: You can start with a sequence longer than 1 digit by keying in a number of the form 100a+b, where "a" is one less than the length of the first sequence you want and 'b" is the maximum length. For example, 2006 would yield sequences of length 3, 4, 5, and 6.

Program listing:

<see next page>

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
<u>01*LBL "R"</u>	37 XEQ "TONES"	73 TONE 0
02 FS? 00	38 XEQ "?"	74 "NO: "
03 RTN	39 FS? 05	75 ARCL X
04 RCL 00	40 GTO "NO"	76 "` <i>,</i> NOT "
05 9821	41 "YES: "	77 ARCL Y
06 *	42 ARCL X	78 AVIEW
07 .211327	43 AVIEW	79 PSE
08 +	44 ISG 01	80 1
09 FRC	45 GTO 10	81 ST+ 02
10 1.1111	46 FS?C 06	82 ISG 01
11 *	47 GTO 01	83 GTO 10
12 FRC	48 BEEP	84*LBL 01
13 STO 00	49 BEEP	85 "YOU MISSED "
14 RTN	50 "YOU WIN"	86 ARCL 02
.5*LBL "SIMON"	51 AVIEW	87 CF 06
16 FIX 0	52 RTN	88 AVIEW
17 CF 29	53*LBL "TONES"	89 RTN
18 CF 06	54 RCL 01	90*LBL "?"
19 FS?C 00	55 INT	91 "NUMBERS?"
20 SF 07	56 STO 03	92 PROMPT
21 XEQ "R"	57 RCL 00	93 CF 05
22 FS?C 07	58 FRC	94 RCL 00
23 SF 00	59*LBL 03	95 RCL 01
24 "HOW MANY?"	60 10	96 INT
25 PROMPT	61 *	97 10^X
26 1 E3	62 INT	98 *
27 /	63 VIEW X	99 INT
28 1	64 TONE IND X	100 X=Y?
29 +	65 LASTX	101 RTN
30 STO 01	66 FRC	102 SF 05
31 CLX	67 DSE 03	103 RTN
32 STO 02	68 GTO 03	104 END
33*LBL 10	69 RTN	
34 RCL 01	70*LBL "NO"	
35 INT	71 SF 06	
36 XEQ "R"	72 TONE 2	

Simon – Reloaded

Whodunit – MoHP Disks

A different version of unknown author, from the MoHP Disks...

With this version the player uses the local labels A-J for the digit input, instead of typing the actul digits. In that regard it more closely resemples the physical game.

1	LBL "SIMON"	31	ISG 00	61	LBL B
2	LBL a	32	PROMPT	62	1
3	2,001	33	"CORRECT"	63	GTO 02
4	STO 00	34	AVIEW	64	<u>LBL C</u>
5	<u>LBL 01</u>	35	GTO 01	65	2
6	RCL 00	36	<u>LBL 03</u>	66	GTO 02
7	ENTER^	37	"YOU BLEW IT"	67	<u>LBL D</u>
8	FRC	38	AVIEW	68	3
9	2,001	39	TONE 3	69	GTO 02
10	+	40	TONE 2	70	<u>LBL E</u>
11	STO 00	41	TONE 1	71	4
12	RCL 01	42	TONE 0	72	GTO 02
13	PI	43	<u>LBL b</u>	73	<u>LBL F</u>
14	+	44	RCL 00	74	5
15	E^X	45	FRC	75	GTO 02
16	FRC	46	STO 00	76	<u>LBL G</u>
17	STO 01	47	2	77	6
18	10	48	+	78	GTO 02
19	*	49	"IT WAS"	79	<u>LBL H</u>
20	INT	50	AVIEW	80	7
21	STO IND Z	51	LBL 04	81	GTO 02
22	RCL 00	52	RCL IND X	82	<u>LBL I</u>
23	XEQ 04	53	TONE IND X	83	8
24	"GO"	54	X<>Y	84	GTO 02
25	PROMPT	55	ISG X	85	<u>LBL J</u>
26	<u>LBL 02</u>	56	GTO 04	86	9
27	TONE IND X	57	RTN	87	GTO 02
28	RCL IND 00	58	<u>LBL A</u>	88	END
29	X#Y?	59	0		
30	GTO 03	60	GTO 02		

Code Crack

HP Co. – Games Solutions Book

Yet another MasterMind in disguise... oh dear.

01*LBL "MM"	36 STO IND 13	72 FS? 05	108 RCL 12
02 FIX 0	37 1	73 GTO 11	109 15.01501
03 CF 29	38 ST+ IND Y	74 RDN	110 +
04 SF 21	39 DSE 13	75 RCL IND 13	111 STO 13
05 "NO. DIGITS?"	40 GTO 01	76 X=Y?	112 RTN
06 PROMPT	41 "GUESS"	77 XEQ 03	113*LBL 04
07 STO 12	42 ARCL 12	78*LBL 11	114 SF 27
08 "NO. IN	43 AVIEW	79 DSE 13	115 " <mark>OK,</mark> "
CODE?"	44*LBL 14	80 GTO 02	116 ARCL 14
09 PROMPT	45 CF 05	81 FS? 05	117 "` TRIES"
10 STO 11	46 STO 00	82 GTO 12	118 AVIEW
11 "SEED?"	47 1	83 RCL 12	119 RTN
12 PROMPT	48 ST+ 14	84 RCL 22	120*LBL 12
13 STO 10	49 0	85 X=Y?	121 CLA
14*LBL C	50 STO 22	86 GTO 04	122 ARCL 00
15 CF 27	51 STO 23	87 9	123 >" "
16 9	52*LBL 10	88 STO 13	124 RCL 22
17 ENTER^	53 RCL 00	89*LBL 05	125 X=0?
18 0	54 STO 15	90 RCL IND 13	126 GTO 07
19 STO 14	55 XEQ 06	91 X>0?	127*LBL 08
20*LBL 00	56*LBL 02	92 ST+ 23	128 >"*"
21 STO IND Y	57 RCL 15	93 DSE 13	129 DSE X
22 DSE Y	58 10	94 GTO 05	130 GTO 08
23 GTO 00	59 /	95 RCL 12	131*LBL 07
24 XEQ 06	60 FRC	96 RCL 23	132 RCL 23
25*LBL 01	61 LASTX	97 -	133 X=0?
26 RCL 10	62 INT	98 RCL 22	134 GTO 13
27 997	63 STO 15	99 -	135*LBL 09
28 *	64 RDN	100 STO 23	136 "`+"
29 FRC	65 10	101 SF 05	137 DSE X
30 STO 10	66 *	102 GTO 10	138 GTO 09
31 RCL 11	67 1	103*LBL 03	139*LBL 13
32 *	68 FC? 05	104 1	140 AVIEW
33 INT	69 ST- IND Y	105 ST+ 22	141 GTO 14
34 1	70 FS? 05	106 RTN	142 END
35 +	71 ST+ IND Y	107*LBL 06	

Super Bagels

HP Co. – Games Pac

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The object of the game of Super Bagels is for the player to guess a number which the calculator has chosen. Clues are given after each guess to tell the player how close his guess is to the hidden number. To make the game more interesting, the hidden number can be specified by the player to be from 1 to 8 digits in length. The maximum digit value is also specified by the player. When the hidden number is finally entered, the number of guesses required to discover the hidden number is displayed.

A game where the number of digits is 4 and the maximum digit value is 5, is of moderate difficulty. In this game the player tries to guess a 4 digit number with each digit having any value from 0 to 5. Thus the minimum possible number is 0 (0000) and the maximum is 5555.

After each guess is entered and [R/S] is pressed, a clue is displayed indicating how well that number matched the hidden number. The guess appears in the left side of the display and the clue in the right side. The clue has the form "PLC-X VAL" where PLC is the number of digits of the guess that exactly match digits in the hidden number both in value and the placement. X VAL (extra values) is the number of digits which match in value but not in location. Digits are not counted twice: that is, digits counted in PLC are not counted again in X VAL digits .

For example, if the hidden number is 0025 1. a guess of 01234 would yield 01234 2- 1. This display means that two numbers (the 0 and the 2) match the hidden number exactly , but that one number (the 1) is out of place. When the guess finally matches the hidden number, the hidden number and the number of guesses is displayed. Next the calculator prompts with "SAME? Y/N". Pressing the letter Y followed by [R/S] enables the user to continue playing with his previous limits. N, [R/S] should be pressed to play a game with new limits.

If the user forgets the limits and the calculator expects a guess as the next input the user can get a review of the limits entering a negative number as a guess. The first lime through the game there will be three reminder messages. The first message is "DIGS CAN DUP". This message serves as a reminder that there can be duplicate digits. The second message immediately follows: "0 LEGAL" appears in the display to remind the user that 0 is a legal digit.

The third reminder message is displayed just before the first due. PLC=m, XVAL=n (where m and n are numbers) serves as a reminder that the first digit of the due is the number of digits of the guess which are correct in value and placement. XVAL= stands for extra values. These are numbers which are correct in value only.

Example 1:

Play a game with 4 digits, each in the range 0 through 5.

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Keystrokes (SIZE >= 028) Display

XEQ "BAGELS" 75192.23, CHS, R/S 4, R/S 5, R/S R/S 3214, R/S 8,S 0514, R/S 0145, R/S 0451, R/S 1540, R/S R,S R,S R/S	SEE 17 LENGIH7 MAX 1167 1165 CAN 107 0 LEGAL 60E557 PLC=0 XVAL=2 3214: 0-2 0514: 1-3 045: 1-4 045: 1-3 045: 1-4 045: 1-3 045: 1-4 045: 1-4	0 ir 1 ir 4 c
R/S	SAME? Y.N	

0 in the right places, 2 correct 1 in the right places, 3 correct

4 correct !

Program listing:

01*LBL "BAGELS"	32 GTO d	62 FC? 05	93 XEQ 11
02 28	33 STO 27	63 GTO 00	94 RCL 23
03 XROM "SIZE?"	34 9	64 FS? 07	95 CF 06
04 FC?C 25	35 X<>Y	65 GTO 01	96 XEQ 11
05 PROMPT	36 X>Y?	66 CLX	97 XEQ e
06 SF 08	37 GTO d	67 RCL 24	98*LBL 02
07 XROM "INI"	38 RCL 20	68 1/X	99 RCL IND 10
08 STO 24	39 /	69 R-D	100 RCL 20
09 CF 05	40 ST+ 21	70 STO 24	101 ST- 10
10 10	41 FC? 08	71*LBL 00	102 CLX
11 STO 20	42 GTO b	72 SF 05	103 RCL IND 10
12*LBL a	43 "DIGS CAN	73 CLX	104 X#Y?
13 RCL 25	DUP"	74 .211327	105 GTO 03
14 "LENGTH?"	44 AVIEW	75 ENTER^	106 CHS
15 PROMPT	45 "0 LEGAL"	76 9821	107 X<>Y
16 ABS	46 AVIEW	77 RCL 24	108 CHS
17 INT	47*LBL b	78 *	109 X<>Y
18 X=0?	48 CLX	79 +	110 1
19 GTO d	49 STO 22	80 FRC	111 ST+ 19
20 8	50 SF 29	81 D-R	112 RDN
21 X<>Y	51 SF 09	82 1/X	113*LBL 03
22 X>Y?	52 "GUESS?"	83 STO 24	114 STO IND 10
23 GTO d	53 PROMPT	84*LBL 01	115 X<>Y
24 STO 21	54 CF 29	85 CF 07	116 RCL 20
25 STO 25	55 X<0?	86 RDN	117 ST+ 10
26 RCL 27	56 GTO 16	87 INT	118 RDN
27 "MAX DIG?"	57 CF 09	88 STO 23	119 STO IND 10
28 PROMPT	58*LBL c	89 RCL 24	120 DSE 10
29 ABS	59 0	90 1/X	121 GTO 02
30 INT	60 STO 19	91 R-D	122 XEQ e
31 X=0?	61 STO 26	92 SF 06	123*LBL 04
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Users Manual

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124 RCL IND 10	170 CF 08	216*LBL 10	262 INT	
125 X<0?	171 "PLC="	217 AVIEW	263 STO IND 10	
126 GTO 07	172 ARCL 19	218 SF 29	264 DSE 10	
127 SF 07	173 "` XVAL="	219 AON	265 GTO 13	
128 RCL 25	174 ARCL 26	220 "N"	266 RTN	
129 STO 00	175 AVIEW	221 ASTO Y	267*LBL d	
130*LBL 05	176 PSE	222 "SAME? Y/N"	268 TONE 4	
131 CLX	177*LBL 07	223 PROMPT	269 "ILLEGAL NO."	
132 RCL IND 00	178 XEQ 17	224 AOFF	270 AVIEW	
133 X=Y?	179 >":"	225 ASTO X	271 GTO a	
134 GTO 06	180 FIX 0	226 X=Y?	272*LBL e	
135 DSE 00	181 9	227 GTO a	273 RCL 25	
136 GTO 05	182 RCL 25	228 GTO b	274 RCL 20	
137 GTO 07	183 -	229*LBL 11	275 +	
138*LBL 06	184 STO 00	230 RCL 21	276 .01	
139 CHS	185*LBL A	231 FRC	277 +	
140 STO IND 00	186 "`"	232 RCL 20	278 STO 10	
141 1	187 DSE 00	233 1/X	279 RTN	
142 ST+ 26	188 GTO A	234 +	280*LBL 16	
143*LBL 07	189 ARCL 19	235 STO 00	281 CF 29	
144 DSE 10	190 >"-"	236 CLX	282 CLA	
145 GTO 04	191 ARCL 26	237 RCL 25	283 FIX 0	
146 RCL 25	192 SF 29	238 STO 10	284 "LEN="	
147 STO 10	193 PROMPT	239 RDN	285 ARCL 25	
148 CLX	194 CF 29	240 FS? 06	286 "`, MAX="	
149*LBL 08	195 CLA	241 GTO 12	287 ARCL 27	
150 STO IND 10	196 X<0?	242 R^	288 AVIEW	
151 DSE 10	197 GTO 16	243 10^X	289 CLA	
152 GTO 08	198 ADV	244 /	290 FS? 09	
153 XEQ e	199 GTO c	245 ABS	291 GTO b	
154 CLX	200*LBL 10	246 XEQ e	292 GTO 15	
155*LBL 09	201 TONE 8	247 RDN	293*LBL 17	
156 STO IND 10	202 TONE 9	248*LBL 12	294 CLA	
157 DSE 10	203 "YOU GOT IT."	249 STO 09	295 RCL 23	
158 GTO 09	204 AVIEW	250*LBL 13	296 RCL 25	
159 FIX 0	205 XEQ 17	251 RCL 09	297 10^X	
160 1	206 AVIEW	252 FRC	298 /	
161 ST+ 22	207 FIX 0	253 RCL 20	299 FRC	
162 FC? 07	208 CLA	254 *	300 FIX IND 25	
163 GTO 10	209 ARCL 22	255 STO 09	301 " "	
164 CLX	210 "` GUESS"	256 RCL 00	302 ARCL X	
165 TONE 5	211 1	257 X<>Y	303 ASHF	
166 TONE 5	212 RCL 22	258 FS? 06	304 RTN	
167*LBL 15	213 X=Y?	259 *	305 END	
168 FC? 08	214 GTO 10	260 1		
169 GTO 07	215 "`ES"	261 +		

Hangman w/ X-Functions.

Julian Perry – DataFile V1N1 p5 ; (July 1982)

This version of the popular Hangman game was written to take advantage of the improved ALPHA manipulation available in the Extended functions/Memory Module. The program requires 390 bytes of program memory and 9 data registers. Some synthetic instructions are used but these are only alpha text lines ad could easily be omitted without too much alteration. This program is faster than most similar games due to the use of the XF/M with such functions as POSA, XTOA & AROT; there is also a special feature to allow a word list to be stored in extended memory.

Instructions.

1) Load the program and set SIZE 009. You may wish to include the program lines 9 PSIZE at the beginning of the program.

2) XEQ "HANGMAN"

3) If you have a word list in extended memory (named "WORD-L") you will be prompted by "LIST? (Y/N)", if not go to step 5.

4) Press "Y" if you want the next word from the list to be used or press any other key if you want to enter a word manually. If "END OF FL" is displayed then the word list has been used up - go to step 2 to start again at the beginning of the list. If you pressed "Y" then go to step 6.

5) You will next be prompted to enter a word manually by "WORD?" Enter a word of up to 12 letters (including spaces) and press R/S

6) The next prompt will be a series of underscores (character 95), one for each letter in the word. Guess at a single letter and press R/S

7) Continue guessing at letters until you get all of them or until you are hung for taking too many attempts. If at any stage you want to know which letters you have guessed at but are not in the mystery word press the question mark ("?") and then R/S, you will a display of the wrong letters, but before them there will be some characters representing the gallows ("@") and a little man (" π ") which will build up to be a complete "hangman" as you get more letters wrong. Once the gallows are complete and the man has all of its limbs then you are hung ("YOU'RE HUNG" displayed) - press R/S to see what the word was. You can go back and forth between the two displays of the wrong letters and the current correct letters by using the question mark.

8) After you have correctly guessed the word, or have been hung press R/S for a new game and go to step 3

If you want to have a word list it can be created as follows:

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- a. Work out the total number of registers needed for the ASCII file (see page 24 of the XF/M manual) with one word stored per record and enter this number into the X register
- b. Key in "WORD-L" into the ALPHA register
- c. XEQ "CRFLAS"
- d. To enter the words key in the word to the ALPHA register and XEQ "APPREC" (see example on page 27 of the manual

You will find that another file will automatically be created the first time yu use a word from the list. This data file ("WORD-D") is one register long and contains a pointer to the next unused word from the list. If this file is deleted then the pointer is set to the first word in the list.

I hope you like the program... Have fun. Julian Perry

1	LBL "HANGMAN"	32	SAVEX	63	ASTO 05
2	SF 25	33	RCL 00	64	ASTO 06
3	"WORD-L"	34	CLA	65	32
4	ASTO 01	35	ARCL 01	66	XEQ 14
5	FLSIZE	36	SF 25	67	CLA
6	FC? 25	37	SEEKPTA	68	ASTO 07
7	GTO 02	38	SF 25	69	ASTO 08
8	"LIST ? (Y/N)"	39	GETREC	70	CLX
9	AVIEW	40	FS?C 25	71	STO 00
10	LBL 01	41	GTO 03	72	CF 05
11	GETKEY	42	CLA	73	LBL 20
12	X=0?	43	ARCL 02	74	FS?C 05
13	GTO 01	44	CLFL	75	GTO 04
14	71	45	1 E	76	SF 05
15	X#Y?	46	SEEKPT	77	CLA
16	GTO 02	47	LBL 02	78	ARCL 05
17	CLD	48	"WORD ?"	79	ARCL 06
18	SF 25	49	AON	80	GTO 05
19	1 E	50	PROMPT	81	LBL 04
20	"WORD-D"	51	12	82	"_LC@'"
21	ASTO 02	52	ALENG	83	>"@`@@@"
22	CRFLD	53	X>Y?	84	RCL 00
23	CLX	54	GTO 02	85	2
24	SEEKPTA	55	LBL 03	86	*
25	GETX	56	>" "	87	LASTX
26	STO 00	57	ASTO 01	88	+
27	1 E	58	ASTO 03	89	AROT
28	+	59	ASHF	90	ASHF
29		60	ASTO 02	91	ASHF
30	SEEKPT	61	ASTO 04	92	ASHF
31	X<>Y	62	""	93	>" ,"
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94 ARCL 07	123 ALENG	152 RDN
95 ARCL 08	124 STO 00	153 RDN
96 LBL 05	125 ASTO 07	154 AROT
97 AON	126 ASHF	155 ASTO 03
98 CF 23	127 ASTO 08	156 ASHF
99 PROMPT	1289	157 ASTO 04
10063	129 X>Y?	158 CLA
101 ATOX	130 GTO 20	159 ARCL 05
102 FS? 23	131" YOU'RE HUNG"	160 ARCL 06
103 X=Y?	132 TONE 01	161X<>Y
104 GTO 20	133 TONE 00	162 AROT
105 AOFF	134 PROMPT	163 ATOX
106 CF 05	135 GTO 06	164 RCL 00
107 XEQ 14	136 LBL 14	165 XTOA
108 CLA	137 STO 00	166 R^
109 ARCL 05	138 CLA	167 AROT
110 ARCL 06	139 ARCL 03	168X<>Y
11195	140 ARCL 04	169 ASTO 05
112 POSA	141 POSA	170 ASHF
113X<0?	142 X<0?	171 ASTO 06
114 BEEP	143 RTN	172 GTO 14
115X<0?	144 SF 05	173 LBL 06
116 GTO 06	145 AROT	174" WORD= "
117 CLA	14611	175 ARCL 01
118 RCL 00	147 RCL Y	176 ARCL 02
119 FC?C 05	148-	177 AVIEW
120 XTOA	149 ATOX	178 TONE 07
121 ARCL 07	15033	179 END
122 ARCL 08	151 XTOA	

Note from the Editor: Since the original "HM" version written by Bill Wickes and published in his seminal book "Synthetic programming on the HP-41", multiple variations of the same subject have been made available by the user community. What follows are the program listings for Bill's original (a tour de force in synthetics), and another version (in French) from the Swap Disks, also using the extended functions set.

In fact, in a wild librarian vein of an utterly useless purpose, one's tempted to compile a dedicated ROM image with all the versions available for this classic game, perhaps also including all the Master Mind (and derivatives) programs ... to be continued.

Mastermind. Jean-Marc Baillard. <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/mastermind.php</u> Mastermind. Wouter Peters. <u>https://www.hpmuseum.org/software/41/41master.htm</u> Mastermind. Kai Schroeder. <u>http://www.achim-und-kai.de/kai/hp41cx/superhirn_var1_e.html</u> Mastermind. DataFile Mastermind. PPCCJ Mastermind. Swap Disks

Hangman Game

HP Co. – Games Pac

This game is a version of the popular word game "hangman". The first player selects a word or phrase with as many as 12 characters in length and keys it into the calculator. The second player guesses various characters until he completes the word or gets hanged The second player gets 7 wrong guesses before he is hanged .

After each guess the display shows the previous wrong guesses, next the number of wrong guesses left, then the correctly guessed characters in their appropriate places. If the player is " hanged" before the word is guessed, the word is displayed.





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31 X=Y?	62 CLA	93 AVIEW
30 RCL IND 12	61 AVIEW	92 ARCL 17
29*LBL 12	60 "` LEFT"	91 CLA
28 ASTO 17	59 ARCL 13	90 ASTO 16
27 " "	58 CLA	89 GTO 08
26 ASTO X	57*LBL 03	88 FC?C 23
25 CLA	56 ASTO 17	87 PROMPT
24 STO 12	55 CLA	86*LBL 07
23 .011	54 SF 06	85 GTO 09
22 STO 14	53 STO 12	84 FC?C 05
21 CLX	52 /	83 GTO 04
20 STO 13	51 1 E3	82 ISG 15
19 7	50 INT	81 INT
18 XEQ 01	49 -	80 LASTX
17 6.011	48 1	79*LBL 06
16 ARCL 13	47 RCL 12	78 "`-"
15 XEQ 01	46*LBL 13	77 SF 05
14 .005	45 GTO 12	76*LBL 05
13 ASHF	44 ISG 12	75 GTO 06
12 CF 23	43 X<> Z	74 ARCL IND 15
11 ASTO 13	42*LBL 14	73 GTO 05
10 STOP	41 ST+ 14	72 X=0?
09 "WORD?"	40 Y^X	71 FRC
08 AON	39 INT	70 /
07 CF 29	38 RCL 12	69 6
06 FIX 0	37 6	68*LBL 04
05 PROMPT	36 RDN	67 CF 05
04 FC?C 25	35 GTO 14	66 CF 06
03 XROM "SIZE?"	34 X#Y?	65 RCL 14
02 18	33 RCL 17	64 STO 15
01*LBL "HANG"	32 GTO 13	63 RCL 12

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94 RCL 12	115 ARCL 16	136 ASTO 14
95 STO 15	116 ASTO 17	137*LBL 02
96*LBL 10	117 DSE 13	138 " "
97 RCL IND 15	118 GTO 03	139 ARCL 14
98 RCL 16	119 XROM "BOOM"	140 ASTO 14
99 X#Y?	120 6	141 ASHF
100 GTO 11	121 RCL 15	142 RCL 15
101 SF 06	122 INT	143 12
102 6	123 Y^X	144 -
103 RCL 15	124 1	145 ASTO IND X
104 INT	125 -	146 ISG 15
105 Y^X	126 STO 14	147 GTO 02
106 ST+ 14	127 GTO 03	148 CLA
107 TONE 9	128*LBL 09	149 RTN
108*LBL 11	129 BEEP	150*LBL 08
109 ISG 15	130 AOFF	151 VIEW 17
110 GTO 10	131 SF 29	152 STOP
111 FS?C 06	132 PROMPT	153 GTO 07
112 GTO 03	133 GTO "HANG"	154 END
113 CLA	134*LBL 01	
114 ARCL 17	135 STO 15	

Hangman (Word Guessing)

HP Co. – Standard Apps.

This program is a version of the word game "hangman". The first player makes up a sixcharacter word and gives it to the calculator. The second player guesses various letters until he has completed the word. After each guess, the calculator displays all correctly guessed characters in their appropriate places. When the entire word has been guessed, the number of guesses is displayed.

Instructions:

- 1. Set status and key in the program
- 2. Begin running the program
 - XEQ "WORDS"
- 3. First player: Key in your word <six chars>, R/S
- 4. Second player: Guess a Char. <any char>, R/S
- 5. Repeat step 4 to guess more characters. When word is complete, you will see "DONE, WORD IS <word>"and "YOU TOOK <nn> GUESSES"

Example:

Hide "HP-41C" and then guess it.

Keystrokes:	Display:	
(XEQ) ALPHA WORDS ALPHA HP-41C R/S	KEY IN WORD LETTER?	(Notice that the program stops in ALPHA mode.)
AR/S		
	LETTER?	
PR/S	Р	
	LETTER?	
CR/S	PC	
	LETTER?	
HR/S	HP C	
-	LETTER?	
4 R/S	HP 4 C	
	LETTER?	
1 (R/S)	HP 41C	
Miles.	LETTER?	
<u> </u>	DONE	
	WORD IS < HP-41	c>
	YOU TOOK 7 GUES	SSES

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Program listing:

01*LBL "WORDS" 02 "KEY IN WORD" 03 AON 04 PROMPT 05 ASTO 08 06 6 07 XEQ "DESPEL" 9, 80 09 STO 17 10 " " 11 ASTO 09 12 16,01 13 XEQ "DESPEL" 14*LBL "LTTR" 15 CLA 16 ASTO 09 17 "LETTER?" **18 AON 19 PROMPT** 20 ASTO 10 21 ISG 17 22 1,006 23 STO 18 24*LBL 06 25 " " 26 ASTO Y 27 RCL 18 28 10 29 + 30 CLA 31 ARCL IND X 32 RDN 33 ASTO X

34 X#Y? 35 GTO 00 36 CLA 37 ARCL 10 38 ASTO Y 39 CLA 40 ARCL IND 18 41 ASTO X 42 X=Y? 43 GTO 00 44 " " 45 ASTO X 46*LBL 00 47 CLA 48 ARCL 09 49 ARCL X 50 ASTO 09 **51 AVIEW** 52 10 53 RCL 18 54 + 55 CLA 56 ARCL Y 57 ASTO IND X 58 ISG 18 59 GTO 06 60 CLA 61 ARCL 08 62 ASTO Y 63 CLA 64 ARCL 09 65 ASTO X 66 X=Y?

67 GTO 00 68 PSE **69 PSE** 70 GTO "LTTR" 71*LBL 00 72 "DONE" 73 AVIEW 74 "WORD IS <" 75 ARCL 09 76 "`>" 77 AVIEW **78 PSE 79 PSE** 80 RCL 17 81 INT 82 "YOU TOOK " 83 ARCL X 84 "` GUESSES" **85 AVIEW** 86 RTN 87*LBL "DESPEL" 88 STO 07 89 ASTO 00 90*LBL 07 91 " " 92 ARCL 00 93 ASTO 00 94 ASHF 95 ASTO IND 07 96 DSE 07 97 GTO 07 **98 RTN** 99 END

Hangman (w/ SP Gallows)

William C. Wickes – PPCCJ V7N4 p31 (May 1980)

As well as being an amusing elaboration of various word guessing games, this hangman program serves as an illustration of the use of alpha manipulation techniques using synthetic function techniques: modified versions of "SUB" and "ISO" are found in lines 122-164 and lines 170-181 respectively.

User instructions: XEQ "HM". At the prompt "WORD?", one player enters a word of one to nine letters, then R/S. At the tone, the HP-4IC display will show a number of dashes equal to the number of dashes in the mystery word. The second player then enters a guess letter, R/S. The guess letter will remain in the display until the next tone. At this point, if the letter was contained in the word, all occurrences of the letter will be displayed in the dashed word. The second player then guesses again, and so on.

If the guessed letter was not in the mystery word, the display will show the "gallows" @ starting construction with the base. For each subsequent guess, another piece of the gallows is added. After the fifth wrong guess, the display begins building the man • next to the gallows, starting with the head T • After the ninth wrong guess, the man is complete, and the tenth wrong guess will result in "hanging", whereupon the mystery word is displayed. If the second player gets all of the letters before he is hung, the ending sequence will show the number of wrong guesses.

01*I BL "HM"	22 ""	43 TONE 9	64 156 06
02	22 23 ASTO 03	44 CLD	65 GTO 02
02 , 03 STO d	24 ARCI 03		66 FS2C 19
	24 ANCE 03	45 5101	67 GTO 01
04,009 05 STO 07	25 ASTO 02	40 ASTO 05	69 150 07
05 510 07		47 RCL 0	68 ISG 07
06 FIX 0	27 ASTO 04	48 AVIEW	69 GTO 06
07 SF 26	28 1,009	49 STO d	70 "ARRRRGGH"
08 "WORD?"	29 STO 08	50*LBL 02	71 AVIEW
09 AON	30 STO 06	51 FS? IND 06	72 TONE 0
10 STOP	31 SF 19	52 GTO 04	73 TONE 0
11 "` "	32 " "	53 RCL 05	74 PSE
12 ASTO 00	33 ASTO 05	54 CLA	75 "WORD IS: "
13 ASHF	34 GTO 02	55 ARCL 00	76 ARCL 00
14 ASTO X	35*LBL 01	56 ARCL 01	77 ARCL 01
15 CLA	36 1,009	57 RCL 06	78 AOFF
16 ARCL X	37 STO 06	58 INT	79 PROMPT
17 "`^^^"	38 CLA	59 XEQ 08	80 GTO "HM"
18 RCL \	39 ARCL 02	60 ASTO X	81*LBL 06
19 CLA	40 ARCL 03	61 X=Y?	82 "`"
20 STO [41 "`"	62 XEQ 03	83 E1
21 ASTO 01	42 ARCL 04	63*LBL 04	84 RCL 07
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85 INT	110 INT	136 CLX	162 STO [
86 -	111 ARCL X	137 FIX 4	163 CLX
87 XEQ 08	112 "` WRONG."	138 ARCL X	164 X<> ^
88 ASTO X	113 AOFF	139 CLX	165 STO \
89 RCL 07	114 PROMPT	140 X<> \	166 ASTO 02
90 INT	115*LBL 05	141 STO [167 ASHF
91	116 SF IND 06	142 CLX	168 ASTO 03
"@@@@@@CL_"	117 SF 19	143 X<>]	169 RTN
92 XEQ 08	118 RCL 06	144 STO \	170*LBL 08
93 ARCL Y	119 INT	145 X<> T	171 E1
94 ASTO 04	120 CLA	146 X<>]	172 -
95 GTO 01	121 ARCL 02	147 LASTX	173 CHS
96*LBL 03	122 ARCL 03	148 X<> ^	174 X<> d
97 ISG 08	123 E1	149 X<> T	175 SCI IND d
98 GTO 05	124 -	150 9	176 ARCL d
99 " **DONE**"	125 CHS	151 -	177 X<> d
100 AVIEW	126 RCL d	152 CHS	178 CLX
101 TONE 3	127 SCI IND Y	153 FIX 0	179 X<>]
102 TONE 4	128 ARCL Y	154 RND	180 "`^"
103 TONE 5	129 RCL ^	155 CF 29	181 X<>]
104 TONE 8	130 STO L	156 10^X	182 CLA
105 TONE 7	131 CLX	157 ARCL X	183 STO [
106 TONE 8	132 X<>]	158 R^	184 END
107 CLA	133 "`^"	159 STO d	
108 PSE	134 X<> T	160 CLX	
109 RCL 07	135 X<>]	161 X<>]	

Hangman (French version)

Whodunit – Swap Disks

And here's the French version for you (the shortest of the three):

01*LBL "HANGX"	41 ARCL 13	81*LBL 04	121 X=Y?
02 AON	42 ARCL 14	82 PSE	122 GTO 08
03 ""	43 ALENG	83 FC? 23	123 X<>Y
04 ASTO 10	44 E	84 GTO 04	124 RCL \
05 32	45 -	85 RCL d	125 RCL [
06 STO 11	46 STO 12	86 AVIEW	126 GTO 02
07 1,008	47 X<> L	87 STO d	127*LBL 07
08 95	48 CHS	88 RDN	128 X<> Z
09*LBL 00	49 AROT	89 ATOX	129 RCL \
10 STO IND Y	50 ATOX	90 X<> Z	130 RCL [
11 ISG Y	51 STO 00	91 STO \	131 CLA
12 GTO 00	52 ATOX	92 X<>Y	132 ARCL 10
13 " "	53 STO IND L	93 STO [133 ATOX
14 RCL [54 X<> Z	94 RDN	134 ASTO 10
15 X<> d	55 XTOA	95 RDN	135 X=0?
16 "MOT : "	56 XTOA	96 ALENG	136 GTO 09
17 AVIEW	57 AROT	97 X<>Y	137 STO 11
18 CLA	58,	98*LBL 05	138 RDN
19 STOP	59 RCL \	99 POSA	139 GTO 02
20 X<> d	60 RCL [100 X<0?	140*LBL 08
21 ALENG	61*LBL 02	101 GTO 06	141 "GAGNE"
22 X#0?	62 RCL 12	102 AROT	142 TONE 9
23 GTO 01	63 SIGN	103 E	143 GTO 10
24 TIME	64 RDN	104 ST+ T	144*LBL 09
25 FRC	65 CLA	105 +	145 "PENDU"
26 R-D	66*LBL 03	106 -	146 E
27 FRC	67 RCL IND L	107 XTOA	147 STO 11
28 E6	68 XTOA	108 ATOX	148 TONE 0
29 *	69 RDN	109 STO IND Y	149*LBL 10
30 66	70 DSE L	110 SF 05	150 AVIEW
31 MOD	71 GTO 03	111 GTO 05	151 PSE
32 INT	72 RCL 00	112*LBL 06	152 CLA
33 "PA"	73 XTOA	113 FC?C 05	153 ARCL 13
34 SEEKPTA	74 RDN	114 GTO 07	154 ARCL 14
35 GETREC	75 "`"	115 RDN	155 "` "
36*LBL 01	76 RCL 11	116 AROT	156 RCL 11
37 ASTO 13	77 XTOA	117 CLX 157 XTOA	
38 ASHF	78 RDN	118 RCL 12 158 CLD	
39 ASTO 14	79 AVIEW	119 E 159 END	
40 CLA	80 CF 23	120 -	
Hangman w/ Subroutines

John Raush – PPCCJ V7N2 p43 ; (March 1980)

At first glance you would think that word games like HANGMAN would be easy to write on an alphanumeric calculator. Hardly! Our friends from Corvallis did not have character manipulation in mind when they designed the HP-41C. For the most part, the alphanumerric capabilities of the HP-4IC are intended for puting and labeling of numerlc output. Games like HANGMAN or more practical applIcations like a hexadecirnal calculator have to go througn all kinds of awkward data movements in and out of the ALPHA register to accomplish their tasks. My first reaction was to not write any of the word games for the HP-41C. After two months had passed I could no longer resist. There is no longer such a thing as a word encoder since letters can be stored as letters. There is a need to store the words In compact strings so they can be written on a data card. Efforts to write a "foolproof" program for building word cards resulted in lengthy routines that are not really necessary . Therefore, the very short routine "BW" (Build Words) is what I ended up with. It simply prompts you to enter 16 strings of 6 characters each and then puts the strings onto a data card. As you enter the words, they must be separated with a ":" and the last word must be followed by a "." The following example snould clarify the use of this program:

Keystrokes	Display
XEQ "BW"	1?
THOU:S, R/S	2?
HALT:M, R/S	3?
IND:TH, R/S	4?
INE:OW, R/S	5?
N:BUSI, R/S	6?
NESS., R/S	7?
R/S	CARD

Note that there is no requirement that all 16 registers be used. Pressing R/S wIthout entering any alpha data termInates the build process. All register contents beyond the "." will be ignored by the extract routine.

As was done with the HP-67/ 97, a subroutine was written to extract the words from the strings. The routine for the HP-41C turned out to be better than I had expected. The routine is designed to permit words with up to 15 letters. Typically, word games use less than the maximum (HANGMAN has a maximum of 10 letters). The register usage by the " EW" (extract word) routine is as follows :

R00 – Letter count	R16 – Loop control and indirect use
R01 – Individual letters	R17 – word list starts
R15 – not used	R32 – end of word list

Note that word programs that use words with less than 15 letters can use the registers that would normally be occupied by letters. Registers beyond the last letter in a word are unaltered.

The frst time the "EW" routine is executed flag 05 must be set. Flag 05 is used by the routine to indicate an empty word list and will request a data card when it is set. When the "EW" routIne has set flag 05 your program should not clear it if the routine is to be executed again .

You may also note that the word separator (":") and word list terminator (".") can easily be changed by altering steps 20 and 24. It is also a fairly simple matter to alter both the "BW" and "EW" routines to use a shorter word list if required. No subroutine calls are made by the "EW" routine.

The "EW" routine is designed to handle word lists where the last word in the list need not be complete. The frst part of the word could be on one card and the second part on another card . I don't recomend that this technique be used for most word games since you must allways begin with the first word in a list and it is usually better to have a number of different word lists to choose from. Keep In mind that an "endless" word list is possible thougn.

The HANGMAN program started out with a fairly simple routine to keep track of guessed letters by maintaining a fractional string of 1's for elth letter in the word. This number is created by stepS 10-18.

As each letter is guessed, its corresponding 1 is changed to a 0. This makes it a simple matter to test for completion. The main loop In the program that compares a guessed letter to each letter in a word starts at line 74. The matter of what kInd of wrong guess indication went from one idea to another when I finally decided to I leave It up to the individual user. The program allows for six wrong guesses. If a seventh wrong guess it made, the word Is displayed. the player is considered "hanged" and the next word is extracted.

The six indicators for wrong guesses must be stored in registers 13-38 as six alphabetic characters prior to execution. By storing "1" - "6" in the registers a wrong guess count will be maintained. However, those of you with printer or some other means of obtaining the display characters created by the BLDSPEC function will probably want to store a set of displays that is ideally suited for HANGMAN. A short routine "SC" is provided to build a set of these characters in registers 13-38. It's a good idea to write these registers to a data card since a printer is not always at hand.

A guess of "*" will result in a "premature" hanging . This allows for giving up should you have the inclination. Once the HANGMAN program has been started it is not necessary to press any keys except letters to be guessed.

The HANGMAN program requires one memory module and a card reader. However, it is very easy to modify the programs to run on a basic HP-4IC. Two modifications are required so that, the HANGMAN program and "EW" routine will both fit in storage. The first is to modify the "BW" (Build Word) routine to use only to register for the word list instead of 16. Change line 5 from 1.016 to 1.01. It is not neccessary to change the "EW' routine. Next change lines 86-91 in the HANGMAN program to "|-B" and ARCL X. This provides a wrong guess count instead of obtaining the indicators from registers 13-38. If you want to play around a little more it is possIble to pick up a few bytes here and there (for example, R15 is not used). The first place that might get attention is the use of six registers to hold the wrong guess indicators. Be my guest!

I had a working version that stored all six characters in one regster but the program lines required to extract the proper character took more that overall storage than the current version. It also took more time and the program required three cards. I should also point out that labels 00 and 02 are intentionally local even though they are out of the 112 byte range of some GTO's near the end of the program. A rapid GTO is not needed In these points (in fact, a delay Is preferred) and less storage is used..

Program listing:

<u>01 LBL "HM"</u> ;Main	29 ASTO X	57 RCL IND 13	84 X=Y?
02 FIX 0	30 AVIEW	58 RCL 14	85 GTO 08
03 CF 23	31 "*" ;1 asterisk	59 X=Y?	86 32
04 CF 29	32 ASTO Y	60 GTO 05	87 +
05 SF 05	33 X=Y?	61 >"*"; one	88 LASTX
06 LBL 00	34 GTO 08	asterisk	89 >" " ;Append
07 XEQ "EW"	35 STO 14	62 GTO 06	space
08 CLX	36 RCL 00	63 LBL 05	90 X#Y?
09 STO 12	37 1 E3	64 SF 06	91 ARCL IND Y
10 9	38 /	65 1	92 GTO 01
11 1/X	39 1	66 ST- 11	93 LBL 07
12 10	40 +	67 ARCL IND 13	94 BEEP
13 RCL 00	41 STO 13	68 LBL 06	95 GTO 00
14 -	42 CF 06	69 AVIEW	96 LBL 08
15 10^X	43 CLA	70 ISG 13	97 CLA
16 *	44 LBL 03	71 GTO 03	98 RCL 00
17 FRC	45 10	72 RCL 11	99 0
18 STO 11	46 ST* 11	73 X=0?	100 LBL 09
19 CLA	47 RCL 11	74 GTO 07	101 X=Y?
20 ARCL 00	48 INT	75 RCL 00	102 GTO 10
21 >" LTRS"	49 X<>Y	76 10^X	103 1
22 LBL 01	50 /	77 /	104 +
23 AON	51 FRC	78 STO 11	105 ARCL IND X
24 AVIEW	52 X#0?	79 1	106 GTO 09
25 LBL 02	53 GTO 04	80 FC?C 06	107 LBL 10
26 PSE	54 ARCL IND 13	81 ST+ 12	108 AVIEW
27 FC?C 23	55 GTO 06	82 7	109 PSE
28 GTO 02	56 LBL 04	83 RCL 12	110 "HANGED"

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111 AVIEW	20 X#Y?	34 GTO 00	38 AON
112 GTO 00	21 GTO 02	35 LBL 02	39 "DONE"
113 END	22 ISG Z	36 17.032	40 PSE
	23 GTO 00	37 STO 16	41 AOFF
<u>01 LBL "BC"</u>	24 LBL 01	38 CLD	42 END
02 96	25 RCL 00	39 RDTAX	
03 XEQ 01	26 WDTAX	40 GTO 00	01 LBL "WSET2"
04 STO 33	27 RTN	41 LBL 03	02 AON
05 6	28 LBL 02	42 SF 05	03 "LOADING
06 XEQ 01	29 ">6"	43 END	REGS"
07 STO 34	30 AVIEW		04 PSE
08 4	31 PSE	01 LBL "WSET1"	05 AOFF
09 XEQ 01	32 CLA	02 AON	06 "EQUINO"
10 STO 35	33 GTO 00	03 "LOADING	07 ASTO 00
11 5	34 END	REGS"	08 "X:POLY"
12 XEQ 01		04 PSE	09 ASTO 01
13 STO 36	01 LBL "EW"	05 AOFF	10 "NOMIAL"
14 1	02 CLX	06 "CASTLE"	11 ASTO 02
15 XEQ 01	03 STO 00	07 ASTO 00	12 ":STIPU"
16 STO 37	04 FS?C 05	08 ":FIRET"	13 ASTO 03
17 64	05 GTO 02	09 ASTO 01	14 "LATE:L"
18 XEO 01	06 LBL 00	10 "RUCK:K"	15 ASTO 04
19 STO 38	07 " ":5 spaces	11 ASTO 02	16 "ATTICE"
20 RTN	08 ARCL IND 16	12 "HAKI:C"	17 ASTO 05
21 BL 01	09 ASTO X	13 ASTO 03	18 ":SYMMF"
22 0	10 ASHE	14 "HIPMUN"	19 ASTO 06
23 X<>Y	11 ASTO IND 16	15 ASTO 04	20 "TRY:KN"
24 BLDSPEC	12 " " :1 space	16 "K:SAVV"	21 ASTO 07
25 FND	13 ARCL X	17 ASTO 05	22 "OTHOLF"
	14 ASHE	18 "Y:AMID"	23 ASTO 08
01 I BI "BW"	15 ASTO X	19 ASTO 06	24 "·PI IRSU"
02 FIX 0	16 CLA	20 "SHIPS:"	25 ASTO 09
03 CF 23	17 ASTO Y	21 ASTO 07	26 "IT·TOR"
03 CF 29	18 X=Y?	22 "ARCTIC"	27 ASTO 10
05 1 016	19 GTO 01	23 ASTO 08	28 "US·REF"
06 STO 00	20 " "·1 period	23 //310 00 24 "·IOURN"	29 ASTO 11
00 510 00 07 STO 7		25 ASTO 09	30 "EREF'B"
	21 ASTO 1		31 ASTO 12
	22 A-1	20 AL.DIV	32 "U774RD"
	23 010 03 24 "." :1 colon	27 ASTO 10	33 ASTO 13
	25 ASTO V	20 ISION. 29 ASTO 11	34 "·CHEW/A"
	25 4510 1		25 ASTO 14
12 <u>>"?"</u>	20 A-1 : 27 RTN	31 ACTO 12	36 "RIF"
	27 1111	31 A310 12 32 "ITE-DI"	30 DLE. 27 ASTO 15
	20 130 00	32 11E.PI 22 ACTO 12	20 VUN 21 V210 T2
15 FUIU 23		33 ASIU 13	
		34 LLBUX:	
	31 010 00	35 ASTU 14	40 PSE
	32 LBL 01	30 BULLY.	
TA Y210 X	33 156 16	37 ASTO 15	42 END

Master Mind (w/ Timer)

Julian Perry – DataFile V2N1 p26 (Jan/Feb 1983)

HP-41CX MASTERMIND

This short program allows you to play 9 digit mastermind on a 41C with X-Functions and Time Module. The program is very fast and is only 223 bytes long. The program listing includes both time module and X-functions instructions but these can easily be removed (see below).

INSTRUCTIONS

1.) XEQ "MMIND"

2.) You will then be prompted by "DIGITS?, 1-9"Enter the code length then press R/S.

3.) Next you will see "MAX. VALUE ?" Enter the maximum value of each digit in the code then press R/S.

4.) You will then be prompted by "GUESS ?" Enter your guess containing the digits from 0 to the maximum value, and then press R/S. If you key in a guess which is too long the first digits willbe lost, and if you do not key in enough the guess will be padded with zeros on the left hand side.

5.) The program will then return your guess followed by a dash and two other digits (eg. "12345-2.1") The first digit inicates the number of correctly placed digits in your guess and the second indicates the number of digits in your guess that are in the code, but are in the wrong place (corresponding to black and white key pegs).

6.) Enter your new guess and press R/S. (Don 't take too long because if you I ve got the time moduleyou are being timed).

7.) Keep guessing until you get all of the digits in the right place, when this happens you will be told how many attempts you made and if you press R/S you will see how much think time you used.

NOTES:

If you do not have an X-functions module then delete lines 2 and 3, and change lines 96-99 to: 96 "A8CD", 97 ARCL 12, 98 ASHF.

If you do not have a time module delete lines 5, 6, 7, 26, 27, 28, 29, 36, 38 and 113-119. Also insert afew lines to prompt for a seed for the random number generator.

Line 35 is TONE p (120)	Line 40 is STO N
Line 57 is RCL M	Line 62 is STO M
Lines 68 and 70 are NOPs (text 0)	
Line 75 is DSE N)	Line 47 is STO M

Users Manual

LBL "MMIND"	42	10^X	83	,
16	43	/	84	LBL 09
PSIZE	44	FRC	85	RCL IND Y
CLRG	45	STO 12	86	ST- IND Z
CLX	46	RCL 15	87	X>0?
STOPSW	47	STO M	88	CLX
SETSW	48	ENTER^	89	+
"DIGITS? 1-9"	49	LBL 10	90	ISG X
PROMPT	50	RCL Z	91	GTO 09
ABS	51	E1	92	E1
INT	52	*	93	/
9	53	FRC	94	ST+ 10
X>Y?	54	LASTX	95	FIX IND 13
RDN	55	INT	96	CLA
STO 13	56	RCL 14	97	ARCL 12
"MAX. VALUE?"	57	RCL M	98	ΑΤΟΧ
PROMPT	58	R-D	99	ΑΤΟΧ
ABS	59	FRC	100)>"-"
INT	60	*	101	FIX 1
0	61	FRC	102	ARCL 10
X>Y?	62	STO M	103	BAVIEW
RDN	63	X<> L	104	RCL 10
E	64	INT	105	SRCL 13
+	65	X#Y?	106	5X#Y?
STO 14	66	GTO 03	107	7GTO 01
TIME	67	DSE IND Y	108	3 PSE
*	68		109	FIX 0
FRC	69	ISG IND X	110) CLA
STO 15	70		111	ARCL 11
ADV	71	,9	112	2>" ATTEMPTS"
ADV	72	ST- 10	113	PROMPT
"GUESS?"	73	RDN	114	RCLSW
AVIEW	74	LBL 03	115	5E2
LBL 01	75	DSE N	116	5*
TONE 4	76	GTO 10	117	FIX 2
RUNSW	77	RCL 14	118	B"TIME="
STOP	78	E	119	ATIME24
STOPSW	79	ST+ 11	120	AVIEW
RCL 13	80	-	121	LEND
STO N	81	E3		
STO 10	82	/		
	LBL "MMIND" 16 PSIZE CLRG CLX STOPSW SETSW "DIGITS? 1-9" PROMPT ABS INT 9 X>Y? RDN STO 13 "MAX. VALUE?" PROMPT ABS INT 0 X>Y? RDN E + STO 14 TIME * FRC STO 15 ADV ADV "GUESS?" AVIEW LBL 01 TONE 4 RUNSW STOP STOPSW RCL 13 STO N STO 10	LBL "MMIND" 42 16 43 PSIZE 44 CLRG 45 CLX 46 STOPSW 47 SETSW 48 "DIGITS? 1-9" 49 PROMPT 50 ABS 51 INT 52 9 53 X>Y? 54 RDN 55 STO 13 56 "MAX. VALUE?" 57 PROMPT 58 ABS 59 INT 60 0 61 X>Y? 62 RDN 53 STO 13 56 INT 60 0 61 X>Y? 62 RDN 63 E 64 + 65 STO 14 66 TIME 67 * 68 FRC 69 STO 15 70 ADV 71 ADV	LBL "MMIND"4210^X1643/PSIZE44FRCCLRG45STO 12CLX46RCL 15STOPSW47STO MSETSW48ENTER^'DIGITS? 1-9''49LBL 10PROMPT50RCL ZABS51E1INT52*953FRCX>Y?54LASTXRDN55INTSTO 1356RCL 14"MAX. VALUE?"57RCL MPROMPT58R-DABS59FRCINT60*061FRCX>Y?62STO MRDN63X<> LE64INT+65X#Y?STO 1466GTO 03TIME67DSE IND Y*68""FRC69ISG IND XSTO 1570""ADV71.9ADV72ST-10"GUESS?"73RDNAVIEW74LBL 03LBL 0175DSE NTONE 476GTO 10RUNSW77RCL 14STOP78ESTOPSW79ST+ 11RCL 1380-STO 1082/	LBL "MMIND" 42 10°X 83 16 43 / 84 PSIZE 44 FRC 85 CLRG 45 STO 12 86 CLX 46 RCL 15 87 STOPSW 47 STO M 88 SETSW 48 ENTER^ 89 "DIGITS? 1-9" 49 LBL 10 90 PROMPT 50 RCL Z 91 ABS 51 E1 92 INT 52 * 93 STO 13 56 RCL 14 97 "MAX. VALUE?" 57 RC M 98 PROMPT 58 R-D 99 ABS 59 FRC 100 INT 60 * 101 Q 61 FRC 102 AX>? 62 STO M 102 RDN 53 RAC 104 FC 52

Master Mind (The Sequel)

Peter Gatenby – DataFile V5N7 p12 (November 1986)

Another mastermind program may seem unnecessary so soon after Julian Perry's (V2N1 P26) -- I just happen to think that mine is better! MINDD was composed independently of Julian's MMIND though there are inevitably some similarities.

To use MINDD as listed here proceed as follows:

XEQ "MINDD"

At the prompt "SEED?" enter a positive number less than 1 and R/S.

On the prompt "DIGITS?" enter an integer, 1 through 10 and R/S. This number determines the number of digits in the sequence to be guessed.

On the prompt "GUESS" enter a sequence of digits and R/S. Your guess will be AVIEW'd while it is compared with the target sequence. The score for your guess will be displayed as (guess)*a.b - where a is the number of guess digits which match target digits for magnitude and position and b is the number of the remainder which match for magnitude only. RIS and try another guess.

When an exact match is achieved you will hear BEEP and see: "(guess) WINS IN (number of guesses)".R/S, see:"DIGITS?", and have another go.

Example.

Туре	Display
XEQ MINDD	SEE17
0.1; R/S	BI5I157
3; R/S	686557
123; R/S	123
	(23*0.2
R/S; 214; R/S	2 (Ч*2.)
R/S; 315; R/S	3 15
	3 (S * 12
R/S; 636; R/S	636
R/S	636×0.(
R/S; 787; R/S	787
	<u> 787≭∅</u> . (
R/S; 372; R/S	372
	BIE WINS IN B
RIS	BIGII57

Program Remarks:

• The EF/EM module is needed. Registers 00 to d+10 and flags 05 to d+4 are used, where "d" is the number of digits. Flags 00 to04 cannot be used because the annunciators would allow cheating.

- Line 02 calls the subroutine at lines 142-7 which sets flags 26, 28, 29, establishes FIX 0 and DEG modes and clears all otherflags. Line 144 is hex F7,00,00,00,20,00,80,00
- Line 21 calls the random number generator at lines 133-41 which 1s modified from the routine RNDM of the Standard ROM. Any other would do which delivers to X a positive number less than 1 and does not interfere with registers 01 to 20, line 07 might need modification.
- Line 102 includes initial andterminal spaces.
- A false score of 1.0 1s returned for a guess which scores 10*0.1.
- Unlike Julian's program there is no control or the maximum value of target digits.
- If you inadvertently R/S at "GUESS?" without having entered a guess you will see the ALPHA DATA error message. You can rectify the situation by GTO 22; R/S to get back to "GUESS?".

Ed's note: Obviously you can integrate the subroutines into the main body of the code, since they're only called once. That would save two FAT entries... and chances are your ROM already has a random number generator anyway.

1	LBL "MINDD"	26	ASTO IND 15	51	X#0?
2	XEQ "FLGS"	27	DSE 15	52	GTO 10
3	RCLFLAG	28	GTO 01	53	ARCL X
4	STO 19	29	LBL 22	54	RDN
5	"SEED?"	30	0	55	FRC
6	PROMPT	31	STO 18	56	DSE 15
7	STO 00	32	RCL 20	57	GTO 02
8	LBL 21	33	STO 15	58	GTO 11
9	"DIGITS?"	34	RCL 19	59	LBL 10
10	PROMPT	35	RCLFLAG	60	RDN
11	STO 17	36	"GUESS?"	61	RCL 15
12	4,004	37	TONE 8	62	INT
13	+	38	PROMPT	63	5
14	STO 20	39	ISG 16	64	-
15	STO 15	40	LBL 00	65	10^X
16	0	41	CLA	66	*
17	STO 16	42	CF 29	67	ARCL X
18	CF 29	43	RCL 17	68	LBL 11
19	LBL 01	44	10^X	69	AVIEW
20	CLA	45	/	70	ASTO 01
21	XEQ "RDM"	46	LBL 02	71	ASTO 03
22	E1	47	E1	72	ASHF
23	+	48	*	73	ASTO 02
24	INT	49	ENTER^	74	ASTO 04
25	ARCL X	50	INT	75	RCL 20

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76 STO 15	101 ARCL 04	126 ARCL 04
77 CLA	102 >"WINS IN "	127 >"*"
78 ARCL 01	103 ARCL 16	128 FIX 1
79 ARCL 02	104 BEEP	129 ARCL 18
80 LBL 03	105 PROMPT	130 TONE 9
81 RCL 15	106 GTO 21	131 PROMPT
82 POSA	107 LBL 06	132 GTO 22
83 X#0?	108 RCL 20	133 END
84 GTO 04	109 STO 15	
85 ATOX	110 LBL 07	1 <u>LBL "RDM"</u>
86 SF IND 15	111 FS? IND 15	2 RCL 00
87 ISG 18	112 GTO 09	3 9821
88 LBL 00	113 RCL IND 15	4 *
89 GTO 05	114 POSA	5 ,2211327
90 LBL 04	115 X<0?	6 +
91 E	116 GTO 09	7 FRC
92 AROT	117 AROT	8 STO 00
93 LBL 05	118 ATOX	9 RTN
94 DSE 15	119 ,1	10 <u>LBL "FLGS</u> "
95 GTO 03	120 ST+ 18	11 F7,00,00,00,20,00,8
96 RCL 17	121 LBL 09	0,00
97 RCL 18	122 DSE 15	12 RCL M
98 X#Y?	123 GTO 07	13 STO d
99 GTO 06	124 CLA	14 END
100 ARCL 03	125 ARCL 03	

Master Mind (w/ Colors)

Whodunit – Swap Disks

Maybe the question here is who hasn't written a Master Mind program at some point in time? Beware! : The idea of a ROM solely dedicated to Master Mind is slowly getting stronger ;-)

Well, for completion sake – here are two more from the French collection in the Swap Disks. The first one has a twist: like the real-life game, it speaks of colors instead of numbers. It's also quite wordy, which should add to the gaming experience - assuming *vou parlez francais, mais naturellement ;-*)

Both versions use the peripheral printer, supposedly for a neat presentation of the results - unfortunately it's not documented of course...

Program listing:

1	LBL "MIND"
2	CF 21
3	CF 00
4	SF 27
5	FIX 00
6	CF 29
7	RCL 00
8	SIGN
9	X#0?
10	LASTX
11	FRC
12	"N? (0 <n<1)"< td=""></n<1)"<>
13	X=0?
14	PROMPT
15	STO 00
16	"Nb DE TROUS? (2"
17	>" A 9)"
18	PROMPT
19	STO 01
20	8
21	+
22	E3
23	/
24	9
25	+
26	STO 03
27	"Nb DE
	COULEURS?"
28	>" (2 A 10)"
29	PROMPT
30	STO 02
31	E
۸ امت	1 Martin

32	-
33	"LES COULEURS SO"
34	>"NT LES CH"
35	AVIEW
36	>"IFFRES 0 A "
37	ARCL X
38	AVIEW
39	PSE
40	"OUI"
41	ASTO Y
42	"LES CHIFFRES D'"
43	>"UN"
44	AVIEW
45	>"E COMBINAISO"
46	AVIEW
47	>"N DOIVENT-IL"
48	AVIEW
49	>"S ETRE TOUS "
50	AVIEW
51	>"DIFFERENTS ?"
52	AON
53	PROMPT
54	ASTO X
55	X=Y?
56	SF 00
57	AOFF
58	LBL A
59	FS? 55
60	SF 21
61	"PRENEZ DE QUOI "
62	>"ECRIRE"
63	FC? 55
-	

64 PROMPT 65 CF 10 66 "*MASTERMIND*" 67 SF 12 68 AVIEW 69 CF 12 70 " " 71 ARCL 01 72 >" TROUS, " 73 ARCL 02 74 >" COULEURS" 75 FS? 55 76 PRBUF 77 FS? 55 78 PRA 79 " POUVANT SE R" 80 >"EPETER" 81 FS? 55 82 FS? 00 83 FS? 30 84 PRA 85 " NE SE REPETA" 86 >"NT PAS" 87 FS? 55 88 FC? 00 89 FS? 30 90 PRA 91 ADV 92 RCL 03 93 ENTER 94 LBL 00 95 ASTO IND Y

aetro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
96 ISG Y	148 "SUSPENSE"	200 LBL 08
97 GTO 00	149 AVIEW	201 RDN
98 LBL 27	150 RCL 01	202 RCL IND Z
99 RCL 00	15110^X	203 X#Y?
1009821	152/	204 GTO 13
101*	153 RCL 03	205 CLX
102.211327	1549.009	206 E1
103+	155+	207 ST+ Y
104 FRC	156 X<>Y	208 ST+ IND T
105 STO 00	157 CLA	209 ISG 08
106 TONE 06	158 LBL 04	210"";F0
107 FS?C 10	159 E1	211 LBL 13
108 RTN	160*	212 ISG T
109 RCL 02	161 FRC	213 GTO 08
110*	1621ASTX	214 ISG I
111 INT	163 INT	215 GTO 07
112 FC2 00	164 STO IND 7	216181.10
112 CTO 12		217 PA
114001013		
114 KCL 03		
1153101	168 CTO 04	219 KCL IND X
	108 GTO 04	220E1
	169 ASTO 04	221X<=Y?
118 RCL IND Z	170ASHF	222ST- IND Z
119X#Y?	171ASTO 05	223 ISG Z
12061001	1/28	224 GTO 10
121 R^	173 RCL 03	225 RCL 07
122 R^	174 ST+ Y	226 ST- 08
123 GTO 27	175 ENTER	227 FS? 55
124LBL 01	176 ENTER	228 GTO 11
125 ISG T	177 LBL 05	229 "ESSAI "
126 GTO 03	178 R^	230 ARCL 06
127 RDN	179 R^	231>": "
128LBL 13	180 ISG Y	232 ARCL 04
129 STO IND Y	181"" ;FO	233 ARCL 05
130X<>Y	182 RCL IND Y	234 TONE 05
131 ISG X	183 RCL IND Y	235 AVIEW
132 GTO 27	184 X=Y?	236 PSE
133 CLX	185 ISG 07	237 SF 10
134 STO 06	186"" ;FO	238""
135 LBL 99	187 ISG Z	;"\1C"
136 ISG 06	188 GTO 05	239 ASTO X
137"" :FO	1899.009	240 RCL 07
138CLX	190 RCL 03	241 XEO 27
139 STO 08	191+	242 ST+ X
140 STO 07	192 X<>1	243 INT
141 CF 21	193 ENTER	244 SIGN
142 CLA	194 FNTFR	245"0"
1 <i>44</i> S"T"	196 RCL 7	240,510 A
145 ABCI 00		247 CLA 249 AV/IEVA/
	TAAENIEK	250 KCL 08

etro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
251X<>L	289 ARCL 04	327 AVIEW
252X=0?	290 ARCL 05	328 XEQ 13
253 GTO 13	291 ACA	329 TONE 07
254 X<> L	29219	330 TONE 06
255 R^	293 RCL 01	3314
256R^	294 ST+ X	332 LOG
257 SIGN	295 -	333 LOG
258 LBL 13	29645	334 XEQ 13
259 X<> L	297 LBL 06	335 TONE 06
260 XEQ 13	298 ACCHR	336 RCL 06
261 R^	299 DSE Y	337 "EN "
262 R^	300 GTO 06	338 ARCL X
263 XEQ 13	3018	339>" ESSAI"
264 PSE	302 RCL 08	3401
265 PSE	303 XEQ 13	341-
266 GTO 01	3040	342 X#0?
267 LBL 13	305 RCL 07	343>"S"
268X=0?	306 XEQ 13	344 AVIEW
269 RTN	307 PRBUF	345 STOP
270 LBL 02	308 LBL 01	346 LBL 13
271 ARCL Y	309 RCL 01	347 TONE 05
272 AVIEW	310 RCL 07	348 TONE 06
273 TONE 05	311 X=Y?	349 TONE 06
274 TONE 06	312 GTO 09	350 TONE 05
275 PSE	313 GTO 99	351 TONE 05
276 DSE X	314 LBL 13	352 TONE 07
277 GTO 02	315 X=0?	353 TONE 06
278 RTN	316 RTN	3544
279 LBL 11	317 X<>Y	355 LOG
280 SF 21	318 LBL 14	356 LOG
281 ADV	319 ACCRH	357 TONE 06
282 CLA	320 DSE Y	358 TONE 07
2839	321 GTO 14	359 TONE 06
284 RCL 06	322 RTN	360 TONE 05
285X<=Y?	323 LBL 09	361 TONE 05
286" "	324 ADV	362 END
287 ARCL X	325 SF 12	
288>"."	326" TROUVE"	



Master Mind (w/ Printer))

Whodunit – Swap Disks

Ángel N	/I. Martin		Page 49		June 2019
41	CLA	84	ХТОА	122 X#0?	
40	LBL 01	83	LBL 04	<"	
39	GTO 00	82	E	7\FF\FF\FF	
38	ISG X	81	ST+ IND 08	;"\10\F3\F	163 END
37	Х<>Ү	80	ST+ 09	121"<"	162 GTO 08
36	STO IND Y	79	.1	120*	161 DSE Z
35	ATOX	78	GTO 04	119E1	160 X<>Y
34	LBL 00	77	X#Y?	118 FRC	159 ACSPEC
33	ARCL 00	76	ATOX	117X<>09	158 X<>Y
32	CLA	75	RCL IND 08	116,	157 SKPCOL
31	ST+ 07	74	LBL 02	115 XEQ 07	156 LBL 08
30	STO 08		29,23	114 X#0?	1553
29	+	73	XROM	4\180a<"	154 RCL M
28	E	72	3	;"\10\F2\1	153 LBL 07
27	ST+ 07	71	SKPCHR	<"	152 GTO 05
26	STO 07	70	-	113" ——— 0a	151 ADV
25	/	69	6	112 INT	150 ACX
24	E3	68	ACA	111 RCL 09	149 CF 12
23	STO 10	67	SF 21	110 CF 12	148 FMT
22	AVIEW	66	SF 12	109 GTO 03	147 ACA
	LETTRES"	65	GTO 01	108 DSE 08	146 ARCL 00
21	>"	64	X#Y?	107 LBL 04	145 CLA
20	ARCL X	63	ALENG	106 AROT	144 SF 12
19		62	RCL 10	105 CHS	143 SF 21
18	ASTO 00	61	GTO 06	104+	142 ASTO X
17	GTO 05	60	X=Y?	103 XTOA	141 BEEP
16	X>Y?	59	RCL 00	102 ST+ 09	140 AVIEW
15	ALENG	58	ASTO X	101 SIGN	139 "GAGNE"
14	6	57	AOFF	100 ATOX	138X=Y?
13	AOFF	56	AVIEW	99 AROT	137 "PERDU"
12	STOP	55	PROMPT	98 GTO 04	136 LBL 06
11	TONE 73	54	TONE 06	97 X<0?	135 CF 21
10	STO d	53	AON	96 POSA	134 SKPCHR
9	"MOT?"	52	CF 21	95 LASTX	1333
8	RCL M	51	ARCL X	94 GTO 04	132 GTO 01
	\00\80\81"	50	"ESSAI "	93 X#0?	131 ISG 07
	;"\04	49	ASTO X	92 ST- IND 08	130 PRBUF
7	""	48	ACA	91 FRC	129 STO 08
6	ADV	47	>" "	90 RCL IND 08	128+
5	LBL 05	46	ARCL Y	89 LBL 03	127 E
4	CLRG	45		88 STO 08	126/
3	PSIZE	44	X>Y?	87 RCL 10	125 E3
2	11	43	E1	86 GTO 02	124 RCL 10
1	<u>LBL "MM"</u>	42	RCL 07	85 ISG 08	123 XEQ 07

Super Master Mind

Whodunit – Swap Disks

And since there aren't two without three... here's yet another variation on the same theme, courtesy of our anonymous friends from the Swap Disks department...

Note that for whatever reason this verson uses OUTA instead of the more common PRA functions, perhaps it was meant for a different peripheral (like the Video Interface?)... we'll never know.

1	LBL "VMIND"	36	INT	71	X=Y?
2	CLRG	37	STO 06	72	GTO 08
3	17	38	RCL 01	73	RDN
4	PSIZE	39	Х<>Ү	74	RCL 13
5	SF 17	40	X=Y?	75	X=0?
6	" * SUPER MA"	41	XEQ 00	76	GTO 10
7	OUTA	42	RCL 02	77	RDN
8	"STER MIND *"	43	RCL 06	78	CLA
9	CF 17	44	X=Y?	79	ARCL X
10	OUTA	45	XEQ 00	80	CF 17
11	CLRG	46	RCL 03	81	OUTA
12	CF 29	47	RCL 06	82	12
13	"X?"	48	X=Y?	83	RCL 13
14	PROMPT	49	XEQ 00	84	X=Y?
15	STO 01	50	RCL 04	85	XEQ 11
16	FIX 00	51	RCL 06	86	XEQ A
17	5	52	X=Y?	87	LBL A
18	STO 00	53	XEQ 00	88	SF 17
19	STO 11	54	RCL 05	89	"GUESS?"
20	8	55	RCL 06	90	FIX 00
21	STO 09	56	X=Y?	91	OUTA
22	"5 POSITIONS/8 C"	57	XEQ 00	92	PROMPT
23	>"OLORS"	58	RCL 06	93	CLA
24	OUTA	59	X=0?	94	ARCL X
25	XEQ 00	60	XEQ 00	95	>" "
26	LBL 00	61	RCL 06	96	OUTA
27	8	62	STO IND 00	97	STO 09
28	RCL 01	63	DSE 00	98	STO 10
29	9821	64	GTO 00	99	LBL 02
30	*	65	LBL 01	100) XEQ 09
31	.211327	66	FIX 01	101	RCL IND 00
32	+	67	RCL 11	102	2 ABS
33	FRC	68	X<> 00	103	BINT
34	STO 01	69	X<> 08	104	STO IND 00
35	*	70	RCL 11	105	5 X#Y?

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106 GTO 03	134 LBL 06	162 STO 12
1071	135 DSE 07	163 RTN
108 ST+ 08	136 GTO 05	164 LBL 10
109 CHS	137 LBL 07	165 " "
110ST* IND 00	138 DSE 00	166>" N.B"
111LBL 03	139 GTO 04	167 OUTA
112 DSE 00	1401	168 GTO A
113 GTO 02	141 ST+ 13	169 LBL 11
114 RCL 09	142 GTO 01	170 FIX 00
115 STO 10	143 LBL 08	171 "SOLUTION : "
116 RCL 11	144 FIX 00	172 RCL 01
117 STO 00	145 CLA	173 ABS
118LBL 04	146 ARCL 09	174 ARCL X
119 RCL 11	147>"*"	175 RCL 02
120 STO 07	148 ARCL 13	176 ABS
121 XEQ 09	149>" GUESSES"	177 ARCL X
122 RCL IND 00	150 BEEP	178 RCL 03
123X<0?	151 OUTA	179 ABS
124 GTO 07	152 OFF	180 ARCL X
125 LBL 05	153 LBL 09	181 RCL 04
126 RCL 12	154 RCL 10	182 ABS
127 RCL IND 07	155 INT	183 ARCL X
128X#Y?	15610	184 RCL 05
129 GTO 06	157/	185 ABS
130.1	158 STO 10	186 ARCL X
131ST+ 08	159 FRC	187 OUTA
132 ST+ IND 07	16010	188 OFF
133 GTO 07	161*	189 END

Mastermind for the HP-41C

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Overview

Mastermind is originally a kind of board game for two. The board of the game consist of a series of four-holed rows. One is covered to hide it from one player. The other rows have four small 'marker' holes at one side.

The first player puts together a row of four colored pegs. There are usually six colours available. Two or more pegs of the same color are allowed. This array is hidden from the other player.

The other player has to discover the colors and positions of the pegs by putting together reasoned guesses of usually four colored pegs (less than four pegs in one guess is allowed though, only the placed pegs will be evaluated). A guess is evaluated by the first player and is rewarded a white marker for every peg of the right color that is placed in a wrong position and a black marker for every peg of the right color that's in the right place. These marker pegs are plugged into the marker-holes. The aim is to find the right configuration in as few as possible guesses.

Mastermind - HP 41C as the composer/evaluator

The composition of a hidden row and evaluation of the guesses can be programmed into a HP 41C. The display can't show colours so we'll use figures instead. I've chosen to enter a guess as a four-digit number. This limits the number of 'colours' to 9. The figure '0' is reserved for an empty hole in a row (incomplete guess). **The number of colours** isn't hard coded though and all numbers of colours between 1-9 can be chosen (see Register use below). This is sufficient, as the classic Mastermind is played with pegs of six colours.

The HP can only show one row of pegs with markers so either we must use the printer or use pen and paper to represent the board to keep track of the earlier guesses. This program can be run on a HP 41 C with or without a printer connected.

The calculator will generate a hidden array of four figures randomly chosen within the range of possible 'colors' and then prompt the player for his or her first guess. A guess is entered as a four-digit number. It is then parsed and processed. The program will return the appropriate white (0) or black (*) markers or will beep and return 'RIGHT' on a right guess.

A few notes on the program listing:

 I haven't found a suitable character on my PC for the 'lazy T' associated with APPEND. The few times it occurs in the listing below (in lines 101, 111, 119 and 132) I've typed it as 'lt'. So these are APPEND <space>, APPEND '*', APPEND '0' and APPEND 'RIGHT'

2. A few Extended Functions are used: RCLFLAG, STOFLAG and REGMOVE. The first two are not really necessary. They have only a cosmetic function: to restore the numerical display format back to the state from before Mastermind was run (Mastermind needs a FIX 0 display). REGMOVE offers an easy way to copy registers 1-4 into 11-14 (Line 044, 045), but it can easily be rewritten to a series of RCL and STO statements to get the same result: a copy of Reg 1-4 into Reg 11-14.

Size= 21

Use of registers: R00= Random seed R01= code A R02= code B R03= code C R04 = code DR05= guess A R06= guess B R07= guess C R08= guess D R09= # of right guessed places R10= loop counter #1 R11= scratch A R12= scratch B R13= scratch C R14= scratch D R15= address pointer #1 R16= address pointer #2 R17= # of right guessed figures R18= loop counter #2 R19= # of possible figures R20= num.display format flags

How to play the game

- 1. Decide on the number of different figures you want to use and store this into register 19. To play in the classic setup: 6 STO 19
- 2. XEQ "MM" will generate an hidden array and prompts you for the first guess ("?" in the display)
- 3. enter for instance 1234 and press R/S. After your guess is parsed you'll see "1,2,3,4," scrolling through the display instead of the flying goose (a trick using a bug, the ignore error flag (25) and a flag operation on a nonexisting flag (any > 55), after evaluation of your guess it's marked, your marked guess displayed (for instance "1,2,3,4, *OO" one in a right place, two right figures in wrong places), a TONE is executed (no printer) or the output printed and the program STOPs. Now you can study your guess(es) deduct a new one enter it and press R/S again.
- 4. Repeat 3 until you've got it right. The calculator will BEEP and you get a display saying that you had it right (for instance: '6,4,3,2 RIGHT'). The program winds up (restores the original numerical display format) and halts at the END, so you can simply start another play by pressing R/S.

001 LBL "MM"	054 STO -17	108 X=Y?
002 RCLFLAG	055 LBL 02	109 GTO 09
003 STO 20	056 RCL IND 15	110 LBL 05
004 FIX 0	057 RCL IND 16	111 "lt*"
005 4	058 X=Y?	112 DSE 10
006 STO 10	059 GTO 03	113 GTO 05
007 LBL 01	060 E	114 LBL 06
008 XEO 11	061 ST+ 16	115 RCL 17
009 RCL 19	062 DSE 10	116 X=0?
010 *	063 GTO 02	117 GTO 08
011 INT	064 GTO 04	118 LBL 07
012 E	065 LBL 03	119 "lto"
013 +	066 ISG 17	120 DSE 17
014 STO IND 10	067 STO X	121 GTO 07
015 DSE 10	068 PI	122 LBL 08
016 GTO 01	069 STO IND 16	123 FS? 55
017 CF 22	070 LBL 04	124 SF 21
018 LBL A	071 E	125 AVIEW
019 FC? 22	072 ST+15	126 FC? 55
020 ?	073 11	127 TONE 7
021 FC? 22	074 ST 16	128 CF 22
022 PROMPT	075 4	129 STOP
023 E4	076 STO 10	130 GTO A
024 /	077 DSE 18	131 LBL 09
025 STO L	078 GTO 02	132 "ltRIGHT"
026 XEO 12	079 STO 09	133 FS? 55
027 STO 05	080 ST- 09	134 SF 21
028 XEO 12	081 RCL 01	135 AVIEW
029 STO 06	082 RCL 05	136 BEEP
030 XEQ 12	083 X=Y?	137 ADV
031 STO 07	084 ISG 09	138 GTO 10
032 XEQ 12	085 STO X	139 LBL 11
033 STO 08	086 RCL 02	140 RCL 00
034 CLA	087 RCL 06	141 9821
035 ARCL 05	088 X=Y?	142 *
036 ARCL 06	089 ISG 09	143 .211327
037 ARCL 07	090 STO X	144 +
038 ARCL 08	091 RCL 03	145 FRC
039 FS? 55	092 RCL 07	146 STO 00
040 CF 21	093 X=Y?	147 RTN
041 SF 25	094 ISG 09	148 LBL 12
042 AVIEW	095 STO X	149 LASTX
043 SF 99	096 RCL 04	150 FRC
044 1,011004	097 RCL 08	151 10
045 REGMOVE	098 X=Y?	152 *
046 5	100 STO X	153 INT
047 STO 15	101 "lt "	154 RTN
048 11	102 RCL 09	155 LBL 10
049 STO 16	103 ST- 17	156 RCL 20
050 4	104 STO 10	157 36,41
051 STO 10	105 X=0?	158 STOFLAG
052 STO 18	106 GTO 06	159 END
053 STO 17	107 4	

MasterMind, Variant 1, for HP-41CX

Kai Schröder, <u>http://www.achim-und-kai.de/kai/hp41cx/superhirn var1 e.html</u>

Everybody should know "MasterMind", the logic game by Parker. One player provides a hidden code of colors or figures, and the other one's object is in as few as possible guesses to find out this sequence. The only hints are black and white markers. A black marker is given for a correct color (or figure) in the correct position, a white one determines a correct color (or figure) in an incorrect position.

In this program figures are used instead of colors, and the HP-41CX provides the hidden code and assesses the guess of the player. This has two advantages: first, you don't need a second willingly person, and second, the HP-41CX is guaranteed perfect in its assessment :-)

Example :

Given is a code consisting of four figures in the range from 0 through 5. Each figure is allowed to appear only once in the sequence. A possible flow of game could be as follows:

Try	Black	White	Code
			2401
5	4	0	2401
4	0	4	0124
3	0	3	1340
2	0	3	4032
1	1	2	4321

Course of Game :

On starting the program first, a seed for the random number generator must be entered. The player can choose between a code of 4, 5, or 6 figures. When "POSITIONS ?" is displayed the desired number of positions must be entered. The range of figures can be chosen from 0 through 9, but always starts with 0 (inclusive) upwards. When "0-.. ?" appears in the display the user has to enter the upper boundary (inclusive). Now the player is asked, whether the figures are allowed to appear only once in the code or several times, too. If the figures are allowed to appear only once "Y" must be pressed, otherwise "N". Now the number of permutations is calculated and displayed. While the hidden sequence is generated "MIXING" is shown in the display. After this "CODE READY" is displayed.

Shortly later "INPUT" is displayed, and the stopwatch starts running. Now it's the turn of the player to enter a code and to press R/S. The stopwatch pauses and the HP-41CX assesses the code. When this is accomplished the BEEP sounds and "RESULT:" is displayed. Pressing R/S first the number of black markers and then the number of the white ones are displayed. After this the prompt appears again and the next code is to be entered by the player.

On determining the exact code, the required tries and time are displayed. If the player did give up - I can't imagine this! ;-) - or runs out of time the hidden code can be revealed by

XEQ 40. A code must be entered for authorization purposes. If the code is correct the sequence is displayed, otherwise all data are removed.

You want to know the code $\ref{eq:code}$;-) . . . Simply read the source code carefully, then you will see, which code must be entered! ;-)

Program listing:

002 " 051 ONCE " 145 R=D MASTERMIND" "POSITIONS ?" 098 "F2 Y/N 146 FRC 003 AVTEW 052 FROMPT :" 147 FAC 004 ,037 053 FC? 22 099 AON 148 FRC 005 CLREX 054 GTO 07 100 PROMPT 149 STO 09 005 CLREX 055 INT 101 AOFF 150 E5 006 RCLFLAG 055 INT 101 AOFF 150 E5 008 RCL [058 3 104 74 153 RCL 34 011 , 061 GTO 07 105 ATOX 154 MOD 012 SETSW 061 GTO 07 107 STG 11 157 Ibl 05 014 STO 12 064 STC 13 065 DS2 X 111 ISC X 159	01 LBL "GAME5"	050 6	097 " ONLY	144 RCL 09
MASTERMIND" "POSITIONS ?" 098 "P? Y/N 145 FRC 003 AVIEW 052 PEROMPT :" 147 R+o 004 ,037 053 FC? 22 099 AON 148 FRC 005 CLRGX 054 GTO 07 100 PROMPT 150 E5 006 RCLFLAG 055 INT 101 AOFF 150 E5 007 STO 08 056 X-Y? 102 FC? 23 151 * 008 "" 057 GTO 07 103 GTO 17 152 INT 010 STO d 059 X<<>Y? 106 X=Y? 155 FS? 01 156 GTO 03 013 SIGN 062 STO 33 108 FS? 01 157 LE 05 014 STO 12 063 ST+ 31 109 GTO 08 158 ST+ IND 015 2 064 ST+ 31 109	002 "	051	ONCE "	145 R-D
003 AVIEW 052 PROMPT :" 147 R-D 004 ,037 053 FC? 22 099 AON 148 FRC 005 CLRGX 054 GTO 07 100 PROMPT 149 STO 09 006 RCLFLAG 055 INT 101 AOFF 150 E5 008 RCI 057 GTO 07 103 GTO 17 152 INT 009 RCI 058 3 104 74 153 RCI 34 010 STO d 059 X<>Y? 105 ATOX 154 MOD 011 , 061 GTO 07 107 SF 01 155 ST 10 012 SETSW 061 GTO 07 107 SF 01 156 GTO 03 014 STO 12 063 ST 431 109 GTO 08 158 ST 1 MD 016 STO 13 065 DSX 111 ISG	MASTERMIND"	"POSITIONS ?"	098 " ? Y/N	146 FRC
004 ,037 053 FC? 22 099 AON 148 FRC 005 CLRGX 054 GTO 07 100 PROMPT 149 STO 09 006 RCLFLAG 055 INT 101 AOFF 150 E5 007 STO 08 056 X-Y? 102 FC? 23 151 * 009 RCL (058 3 104 74 153 RCL 34 MOD 011 , 060 X<-Y?	003 AVIEW	052 PROMPT	: "	147 R-D
005 CLRCX 054 GTO 07 100 PROMPT 149 STO 09 006 RCLFLAG 055 INT 101 AOFF 150 E5 007 STO 08 056 X>Y 102 FC? 2.3 151 * 008 RCL 058 3 104 74 153 RCL 34 010 STO d 059 X<>Y? 105 ATOX 154 MOD 011 , 061 GTO 07 107 SF 01 155 FS? 01 012 SETSW 061 GTO 07 107 SF 01 157 LED 05 014 STO 12 063 ST + 31 109 GTO 08 158 ST + IND 015 2 064 ST + 32 110 RCL 33 161 ISG 37 018 STO 13 065 DSE X 111 ISG 05 163 GTO 01 020 STO 15 069 LE 06	004 ,037	053 FC? 22	099 AON	148 FRC
006 RCLFLAG 055 INT 101 AOFF 150 E5 007 STO 08 056 XY? 102 FC? 23 151 * 008 " 057 GTO 07 103 GTO 17 152 INT 009 RCL [058 3 104 74 153 RCL 34 001 STO 0 059 X<>Y? 105 ATOX 154 MOD 011 , 060 X<=Y?	005 CLRGX	054 GTO 07	100 PROMPT	149 STO 09
007 STO 08 056 X>Y? 102 FC? 23 151 * 008 "" 057 GTO 07 103 GTO 17 152 INT 009 RCL [058 3 104 74 153 RCL 34 010 STO d 059 X<>Y? 105 ATOX 154 MOD 011 , 060 X<=Y?	006 RCLFLAG	055 INT	101 AOFF	150 E5
008 "" 057 GTO 07 103 GTO 17 152 INT 009 RCL [058 3 104 74 153 RCL 34 010 STO d 059 X<>Y? 105 ATOX 154 MOD 011 , 060 X<=Y?	007 STO 08	0.56 X>Y?	102 FC? 23	1.51 *
009RCL [058310474153RCL 34010STO d059X<>Y?105ATOX154MOD011,60X< <y?< td="">106ATOX154MOD012SETSW061GTO 07107SF 01156GTO 03013SIGN062STO 33108FS? 01157LBL 05014STO 12063ST + 31109GTO 08158ST + IND0152064ST + 32110RCL 3610016STO 13065DSE X111ISG X159ISG 100173066E3112""160""018STO 14067/113RCL 33161ISG 370194068STO 37114Y^X162GTO 04020STO 15069LBL 06115GTO 10163GTO 040215070CF 22116LBL 08166+024STO 01072"FROM 0-119RCL 361655023STO 14071"117ISG 36165TD X024STO 10072"FROM 0-119RCL 36177ND X025169"120RCL 33168GTO 10ST ND X026STO 32073AVIEW121-169SF IND X02717074<td< td=""><td>008 " "</td><td>0.57 GTO 07</td><td>103 GTO 17</td><td>152 INT</td></td<></y?<>	008 " "	0.57 GTO 07	103 GTO 17	152 INT
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027 17 074 PSE 122 $E3$ 170 5 028 STO 31 075 9 123 / 171 $ 029$ 23 076 " $$?" 124 $ST+36$ 172 $GT0$ 05 030 STO 10 077 PROMPT 125 E 173 LBL 40 031 48 078 FC? 22 126 LBL 09 174 $STOPSW$ 032 STO 23 079 GTO 06 127 RCL 36 175 CLA 033 STO 24 080 INT 128 INT 176 AON 034 STO 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOPSW 035 STO 26 082 $X > Y?$ 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 $X < > Y?$ 133 " 181 $X # Y?$ 039 CF 22 086 $X < = Y?$ $POSSIBLE$ " 182 GTO 41 040 "RNG- 087 GTO 06 134 " 183 $ATOX$ SEED :"088STO 36PERMUTATIONS:" 184 48 041 PROMPT 089 ISG X 135 AVIEW 185 $-$	026 STO 32	073 AVIEW	121 -	169 SF IND X
028 STO 31 075 9 123 / 171 - 029 23 076 "0?" 124 ST+ 36 172 GTO 05 030 STO 10 077 PROMPT 125 E 173 LBL 40 031 48 078 FC? 22 126 LBL 09 174 STOPSW 032 STO 23 079 GTO 06 127 RCL 36 175 CLA 033 STO 24 080 INT 128 INT 176 AON 034 STO 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOP 035 STO 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	027 17	074 PSE	122 E3	170 5
029 23 076 " 0?" 124 ST+ 36 172 GT0 05 030 ST0 10 077 PROMPT 125 E 173 LBL 40 031 48 078 FC? 22 126 LBL 09 174 STOPSW 032 ST0 23 079 GT0 06 127 RCL 36 175 CLA 033 ST0 24 080 INT 128 INT 176 AON 034 ST0 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOP 035 ST0 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 ST0 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 ST0 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	028 STO 31	075 9	123 /	171 -
030 STO 10 077 PROMPT 125 E 173 LBL 40 031 48 078 FC? 22 126 LBL 09 174 STOPSW 032 STO 23 079 GTO 06 127 RCL 36 175 CLA 033 STO 24 080 INT 128 INT 176 AON 034 STO 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOP 035 STO 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	029 23	076 " 0 ?"	124 ST+ 36	172 GTO 05
031 48 078 FC? 22 126 LBL 09 174 STOPSW 032 STO 23 079 GTO 06 127 RCL 36 175 CLA 033 STO 24 080 INT 128 INT 176 AON 034 STO 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOP 035 STO 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	030 STO 10	077 PROMPT	125 E	173 LBL 40
032 STO 23 079 GTO 06 127 RCL 36 175 CLA 033 STO 24 080 INT 128 INT 176 AON 034 STO 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOP 035 STO 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	031 48	078 FC? 22	126 LBL 09	174 STOPSW
033 STO 24 080 INT 128 INT 176 AON 034 STO 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOP 035 STO 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	032 STO 23	079 GTO 06	127 RCL 36	175 CLA
034 STO 25 081 ABS 129 * 177 STOP 035 STO 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	033 STO 24	080 INT	128 INT	176 AON
035 STO 26 082 X>Y? 130 DSE 36 178 AOFF 036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	034 STO 25	081 ABS	129 *	177 STOP
036 STO 27 083 GTO 06 131 GTO 09 179 6 037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	035 STO 26	082 X>Y?	130 DSE 36	178 AOFF
037 STO 28 084 2 132 LBL 10 180 ALENG 038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	036 STO 27	083 GTO 06	131 GTO 09	179 6
038 LBL 18 085 X<>Y? 133 " 181 X#Y? 039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	037 STO 28	084 2	132 LBL 10	180 ALENG
039 CF 22 086 X<=Y?	038 LBL 18	085 X<>Y?	133 "	181 X#Y?
040 " RNG- 087 GTO 06 134 " h 183 ATOX SEED :" 088 STO 36 PERMUTATIONS:" 184 48 041 PROMPT 089 ISG X 135 AVIEW 185 - 042 FC? 22 090 "" 136 PSE 186 DATE 043 GTO 18 091 STO 34 137 VIEW X 187 DOW 044 STO 09 092 LBL 17 138 PSE 188 XY? 045 LBL 07 093 CF 23 139 PSE not equal 046 CF 22 094 " 140 LBL 00 189 GTO 41 047 " 4-6 FIGURES" 141 " 190 SF 00 POS." 095 AVIEW 096 PSE 142 AVIEW 192 23 049 PSE 143 LBL	039 CF 22	086 X<=Y?	POSSIBLE "	182 GTO 41
SEED :" 088 STO 36 PERMUTATIONS:" 184 48 041 PROMPT 089 ISG X 135 AVIEW 185 - 042 FC? 22 090 "" 136 PSE 186 DATE 043 GTO 18 091 STO 34 137 VIEW X 187 DOW 044 STO 09 092 LBL 17 138 PSE 188 XY? 045 LBL 07 093 CF 23 139 PSE not equal 046 CF 22 094 " 140 LBL 00 189 GTO 41 047 " 4-6 FIGURES" 141 " 190 SF 00 POS." 095 AVIEW MIXING" 191 "CODE : " 048 AVIEW 096 PSE 142 AVIEW 192 23 049 PSE 143 LBL 01 193 STO 35	040 " BNG-	087 GTO 06	134 " F	183 ATOX
041 PROMPT 089 ISG X 135 AVIEW 185 - 042 FC? 22 090 "" 136 PSE 186 DATE 043 GTO 18 091 STO 34 137 VIEW X 187 DOW 044 STO 09 092 LBL 17 138 PSE 188 XY? 045 LBL 07 093 CF 23 139 PSE not equal 046 CF 22 094 " 140 LBL 00 189 GTO 41 047 " 4-6 FIGURES" 141 " 190 SF 00 POS." 095 AVIEW 096 PSE 142 AVIEW 192 23 049 PSE 143 LBL 01 193 STO 35	SEED ·"	088 STO 36	PERMITATIONS · "	184 48
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042 FC: 22 050 130 131 160 DATE 043 GTO 18 091 STO 34 137 VIEW X 187 DOW 044 STO 09 092 LBL 17 138 PSE 188 XY? 045 LBL 07 093 CF 23 139 PSE not equal 046 CF 22 094 " 140 LBL 00 189 GTO 41 047 " 4-6 FIGURES" 141 " 190 SF 00 POS." 095 AVIEW MIXING" 191 "CODE : " " 048 AVIEW 096 PSE 142 AVIEW 192 23 049 PSE 143 LBL 01 193 STO 35	0.12 EC2 22		136 DGE	186 DATE
043 043 041 041 137 137 137 137 107 DOW 044 STO 09 092 LBL 17 138 PSE 188 XY? 045 LBL 07 093 CF 23 139 PSE not equal 046 CF 22 094 " 140 LBL 00 189 GTO 41 047 " 4-6 FIGURES" 141 " 190 SF 00 POS." 095 AVIEW MIXING" 191 "CODE : " " 048 AVIEW 096 PSE 142 AVIEW 192 23 049 PSE 143 LBL 01 193 STO 35	042 FC: 22 043 CTO 18	0.01 500 34	137 VIEW V	187 DOW
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043 LBL 07 093 CF 23 139 PSE not equal 046 CF 22 094 " 140 LBL 00 189 GTO 41 047 " 4-6 FIGURES" 141 " 190 SF 00 POS." 095 AVIEW MIXING" 191 "CODE : " 048 AVIEW 096 PSE 142 AVIEW 192 23 049 PSE 143 LBL 01 193 STO 35	045 TRT 07	003 CE 33	130 FOE	
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047 4-6 FIGORES" 141 190 SF 00 POS." 095 AVIEW MIXING" 191 "CODE : " 048 AVIEW 096 PSE 142 AVIEW 192 23 049 PSE 143 LBL 01 193 STO 35			140 LBL 00	100 GTU 41
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	U49 PSE		143 LBL Ul	193 STO 35

194 STO 31 248 STO 07 300 RCL 33 355 DEEP 195 RCL 33 249 RCL IND 301 SV- 05 356 " RESULT 196 ST+ 31 01 302 RTN :" " 197 GTO 42 250 AGOT 303 LEL 20 357 AVIEW 199 AVIEW 00 305 ST+ 30 359 FIX 0 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL IND 361 "BLACK : 202 STO 7 255 GTO 14 368 POSA 362 ARCL 02 204 "CODE 256 X=07 309 STO 06 363 AVIEW 205 AVIEW 258 RCL 00 314 ST+ 40 366 "RHTTE : 206 PSE 259 STO 30 312 RCL 03 "HTTE : 206 RADC 373 RECL 03 "HTTE : 206	Retro Games for the HP-4	1 Users Ma	nual A (Compendium Collection
194 STO 31 248 STO 07 300 RCL 33 355 BEKP 195 RCL 33 01 302 RTN "" 196 ST+ 31 01 302 RTN "" 197 GTO 42 250 AROT 303 LBL 20 357 AVIEW 199 AVIEW 00 305 ST+ 30 359 FIX 0 200 STOP 252 PGRA 306 AROT 359 FIX 0 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL 1ND 361 "HEACK : 202 LGTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL 03 366 ARCI 02 204 "CODE 256 K-07 309 STO 06 363 AVIEW READY" 257 GTO 14 308 FROA 366 ARCI 02 205 AVIEW 258 RCL 04 314 "" (NOP) 367 AVIEW 206 STO 00 261 RCL 00 314 "" (NOP) 366 ARCI 03				
195 RCL 33 249 RCL IND 301 ST- 05 356 " RESULT 196 StH 31 01 302 RUN :" 197 GTO 42 250 AROT 303 LBL 20 357 AVIEW 199 LAL 43 251 RCL IND 304 E 358 STOP 199 AVIEW 00 305 STH 30 359 STK 0 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL 1ND 364 FCL 02 202 LDL 04 254 X<07	194 STO 31	248 STO 07	300 RCL 33	355 BEEP
196 ST - 31 01 302 RTN :" 197 GT 042 250 AKOT 303 LBL 20 357 AVTEW 198 ALTEN 00 305 ST + 30 359 FTX 0 200 STOP 252 POSA 306 AKOT 360 CP 29 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL IND 361 "HLACK : 202 LEL 04 254 XCO 7 00 " " 203 GF 27 255 GTO 14 308 POSA 362 ARCL 02 204 "CODE 256 XCO 7 309 STO 40 364 PSE 205 AVTEW 256 RCL 04 311 ST+ 404 366 FRUITZE : 206 PACE ARCL 04 314 "" (NOP) 367 ARCL 03 208 RCL 08 262 RCL 04 314 RCL 03 312 RCL 03 312	195 RCL 33	249 RCL IND	301 ST- 05	356 " RESULT
19 200 200 AROT 303 BEL 20 357 AVIEW 199 LEL 43 251 RCL IND 304 E 358 STOP 199 AVIEW 00 305 ST+ 30 359 FTX 0 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL IND 361 "BLACK : 202 LEL 04 254 X<07	196 ST+ 31	01	302 RTN	:"
196 AVEW 00 304 E 358 SPOP 196 AVEW 00 305 ST + 30 359 FIX 0 200 STOP 252 POSA 306 AROT 360 CT 29 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL IND 361 "BLACK : 202 LBL 04 254 XC07 00 " " 203 CF 27 255 GTO 15 310 ST+ 00 364 PSE 205 AVIEW 255 RCL 04 311 ST+ 04 365 "WHTE: 206 PSE 259 STO 30 312 RCL 30 366 ARCL 03 208 STO 00 261 RCL 04 314 "(NOP) 367 ARCL 03 209 RCL 08 263 RCL 32 318 RCL 06 371 RCL 03 211 LBL 31 264 RCL 05 319 ARCT 373 </td <td>197 GTO 42</td> <td>250 AROT</td> <td>303 LBL 20</td> <td>357 AVIEW</td>	197 GTO 42	250 AROT	303 LBL 20	357 AVIEW
199 AVLEW 00 252 FOSA 306 AKOT 360 CF 29 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL IND 361 "ELACK : 202 LEL 04 254 KX07 00 " "ELACK : 203 GTO 41 253 STO 04 309 STO 06 363 AVLEW 204 "CODE 256 X=0? 309 STO 06 363 AVLEW 205 AVLEW 258 RCL 04 311 STH 04 365<"WHITE :	198 LBL 43	251 RCL IND	304 E	358 STOP
200 SIOP 232 FOSA 300 ARO1 360 "ELACK : 201 GTO 41 253 STO 04 307 RCL IND 361 "ELACK : 202 LEL 04 254 KC0? 00 " " 203 CF 27 255 GTO 15 309 STO 06 363 ARCL 02 204 "CODE 256 KC0 14 311 STF 40 364 PSE 205 STO 10 261 RCL 00 314 WT (NOP) 366 ARCL 03 208 STO 00 261 RCL 00 314 "" (NOP) 367 ARCL 33 210 STO FLAG 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 33 211 LBL 31 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 33 2121 DNN 7 266 RCL 05 319 AROT 373 GTO 10 213 TONN 7 266	199 AVIEW		305 ST+ 30	359 FIX U
201 210 211 211 214 210 211 <td>200 STOP 201 CTO 41</td> <td>252 POSA 253 gmo 04</td> <td>207 DCL IND</td> <td>360 CF 29 261 "DIACK.</td>	200 STOP 201 CTO 41	252 POSA 253 gmo 04	207 DCL IND	360 CF 29 261 "DIACK.
Line of the second se	201 GIO 41 202 IBI 04	253 510 04 254×02	00 KCL IND	JUI BLACK .
Los C. L. Los C. L. Store Los C. L. Los C. Los C. <thlos c.<="" th=""> Los C. <thlos c.<="" th=""> Los C. Los C.<td>202 LBL 04 203 CF 27</td><td>254×10</td><td>308 POSA</td><td>362 ARCI 02</td></thlos></thlos>	202 LBL 04 203 CF 27	254×10	308 POSA	362 ARCI 02
READY" 257 GTO 15 310 ST+ 30 364 FEE 205 AVIEW 258 RCL 04 311 ST+ 404 365 "WHITE : 206 FSE 259 STO 30 312 RCL 33 " 207 17 260 ARC 313 DSE X 366 ARCL 03 208 STO 00 261 RCL 00 314<"" (NOP)	203 CI 27 204 " CODE	$256 \times = 0^{2}$	309 STO 06	363 AVIEW
205 AVIEW 258 RCL 04 311 ST+ 04 365 "HITE : 206 PSE 259 STO 30 312 RCL 33 " 207 17 260 ARCT 313 DSE X 366 ARCL 03 208 STO 00 261 RCL 00 314 "" (NOP) 367 AVIEW 209 RCL 08 262 RCL 04 315 RCL 30 368 PSE 210 STOFLAG 263 + 316 X>Y? 369 CLA 211 LBL 31 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 32 212 AON 265 RCL 32 318 RCL 04 374 2,003 211 INTMUT 268 KEQ 12 321 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST - 31 216 PCOMPT 05 323 RCL 05 </td <td>READY"</td> <td>257 GTO 15</td> <td>310 ST + 30</td> <td>364 PSE</td>	READY"	257 GTO 15	310 ST + 30	364 PSE
206 PSE 259 STO 30 312 RCL 33 " ALL 207 17 260 ACT 313 DSE X 366 ARCL 03 208 STO 00 261 RCL 00 314<"" (NOP)	205 AVIEW	258 RCL 04	311 ST+ 04	365 "WHITE :
207 17 260 AROT 313 DSE X 366 ARCL 03 208 STO 00 261 RCL 00 314 "" (NOP) 367 AVIEW 209 RCL 08 262 RCL 04 315 RCL 30 368 PSE 210 STOTLAG 263 + 316 X>Y? 369 CLA 211 LBL 31 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 02 213 TONE 7 266 RCL 05 319 AROT 373 GTO 10 215 " INPUT 268 XEQ 12 321 RCL 04 374 2,003 216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOFSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST- 31 218 AOFF 711 X=0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 31 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327	206 PSE	259 STO 30	312 RCL 33	"
208 STO 00 261 RCL 00 314 "" (NOP) 367 AVIEW 209 RCL 08 262 RCL 04 315 RCL 30 368 PSE 210 STOFLAG 263 + 316 X>Y7 369 CLA 211 LBL 31 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 02 213 TONE 7 266 RCL 05 319 AROT 372 X=Y? 214 RUNSW 267 X-Y? 320 RCL 00 373 GTO 10 215 " INPUT 268 RCL IND 322 + 375 CLRGX 216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 10 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 STO 31 12 218 NOFF 271 X=0? 325 STO 05 380 RCL 10 380 RTRES : 22 ATOX	207 17	260 AROT	313 DSE X	366 ARCL 03
209 RCL 08 262 RCL 04 315 RCL 30 368 PSE 210 STOFLAG 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 33 211 LBL 31 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 33 212 AON 265 RCL 32 318 RCL 06 371 RCL 02 213 TONE 7 266 RCL 105 319 AROT 372 X=Y? 214 RUNSW 267 X>Y? 320 RCL 00 373 GTO 10 215 "INPUT 268 RCL 12 321 RCL 04 375 GTO 31 216 FROMPT 05 323 RCL 05 376 GTO 31 219 NT 722 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 32 383 PSE 221 LBL 13 274 12	208 STO 00	261 RCL 00	314 "" (NOP)	367 AVIEW
210 STOFLAG 263 + 316 X-Y? 369 CLA 211 LBL 31 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 33 212 AON 265 RCL 05 319 AROT 372 X=Y? 214 RUNSW 267 X-Y? 320 RCL 00 373 GTO 10 215 "INPUT 268 KEQ 12 321 RCL 04 374 2,003 :" 269 RCL IND 322 + 375 CLRCK 216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST- 31 218 AOFF 271 X=0? 325 STO 05 380 0"TRIES : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 361 ARCL 29 233 STO IND 276 STO 05 333 ROA	209 RCL 08	262 RCL 04	315 RCL 30	368 PSE
211 LBL 31 264 STO 05 317 GTO 14 370 RCL 33 212 AON 265 RCL 32 318 RCL 06 371 RCL 02 213 TONE 7 266 RCL 05 319 AROT 372 X=Y? 214 RUNSW 267 X>Y? 320 RCL 00 373 GTO 10 215 "INPUT 268 XEQ 12 321 RCL 04 374 2,003 21" COPOSA 324 + 375 CLRCK 216 FROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST- 31 218 AOFF 271 X-O? 325 STO 05 380 "TRIES : : 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 32 384 PIX : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " " 222 ATOX 275 - 329<	210 STOFLAG	263 +	316 X>Y?	369 CLA
212 AON 265 RCL 32 318 RCL 06 371 RCL 02 213 TONE 7 266 RCL 05 319 AROT 372 X=Y? 214 RUNSW 267 X>Y? 320 RCL 00 373 GTO 10 215 "INPUT 268 KEQ 12 321 RCL 04 374 2,003 :" 269 RCL IND 322 + 375 CLGX 216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST-31 218 AOFF 271 X=27 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 05 383 PSE 221 LBL 13 274 FS7 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 20 332 X=0? 383 PSE 224 ISG 35 05 331	211 LBL 31	264 STO 05	317 GTO 14	370 RCL 33
213 TONE 7 266 RCL 05 319 AROT 372 X=Y? 214 RUNSW 267 X>Y? 320 RCL 00 373 GTO 10 215 "INPUT 268 KEQ 12 321 RCL 04 374 2,003 216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST-31 218 AOFF 271 X=0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 31 219 17 272 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 05 380 "THES : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 PSE 224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA	212 AON	265 RCL 32	318 RCL 06	371 RCL 02
214 RUNSW 267 X>Y? 320 RCL 00 373 GTO 10 215 "INPUT 268 XEQ 12 321 RCL 04 374 2,003 216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST-31 218 AOFF 271 X=0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 31 219 17 272 GTO 20 326 RCL 132 379 LEL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 320 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 XY? " " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL 1ND 382 AVIEW 224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332	213 TONE 7	266 RCL 05	319 AROT	372 X=Y?
215 " INPUT 268 XEQ 12 321 RCL 04 374 2,003 1" 269 RCL IND 322 + 375 CLRGX 216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST- 31 218 AOFF 271 X=0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 31 219 17 272 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 05 380 "TRIES : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 X-IEW 224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 16 333 GTO 21	214 RUNSW	267 X>Y?	320 RCL 00	373 GTO 10
:"269RCL IND $322 + $ 375 CLRGX216PROMPT05 323 RCL 07 376 6217STOPSW270POSA $324 + $ 377 ST-31218AOFF271X-0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 3121917272GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10220STO 35273RCL 05 327 RCL 05 380 "TRIES :221LBL 13 274 12 328 $X > Y?$ "222ATOX275- 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29223STO IND276STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 AVIEW35277FS? IND05 383 PSE 226 RCL 31279SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 "226RCL 31279SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 ""227RCL 35280GTO 16 334 RCL 05REQUIRED"228X ?</td 281LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW229GTO 13282ISG 0105 390 AVIEW231ST+ 31(NOP) 338 FS? INDH.:""23323285""<(NOP)	215 " INPUT	268 XEQ 12	321 RCL 04	374 2,003
216 PROMPT 05 323 RCL 07 376 6 217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST- 31 218 AOFF 271 X=0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 31 219 17 272 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 05 380 "TRIES : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL 1ND 382 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 383 PSE 324 ISG 35 ST 29 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 385 SF 29 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14</y?<>	: "	269 RCL IND	322 +	375 CLRGX
217 STOPSW 270 POSA 324 + 377 ST-31 218 AOFF 271 X=0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 31 219 17 272 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LEL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 05 380 "TRIES : 221 LEL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 383 PSE 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X=0? 385 SF 29 226 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 ReQUIRED" 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 ReQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14</y?<>	216 PROMPT	05	323 RCL 07	376 6
218 AOFF 271 x=0? 325 STO 05 378 GTO 31 219 17 272 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 05 380 "RIES : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 383 PSE 324 FISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 255 ""(NOP) 278 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 336 GTO 21 386 FSE 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 "" 339 GTO 21 391 PSE <tr< td=""><td>217 STOPSW</td><td>270 POSA</td><td>324 +</td><td>377 ST- 31</td></tr<>	217 STOPSW	270 POSA	324 +	377 ST- 31
219 17 272 GTO 20 326 RCL 32 379 LBL 10 220 STO 35 273 RCL 05 327 RCL 05 380 "TRIES : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 383 PSE 224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X=0? 385 SF 29 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND 05 390 AVIEW</y?<>	218 AOFF	271 X=0?	325 STO 05	378 GTO 31
220 STO 35 2/3 RCL 05 32/7 RCL 05 380 "TRLES : 221 LBL 13 274 12 328 X>Y? " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 383 PSE 224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 225 "(NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X=0? 386 " 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283<""	219 17	272 GTO 20	326 RCL 32	379 LBL 10
221 LBL 13 2/4 12 328 X>Y? " 222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 383 PSE 224 ISG 35 05 331 FOSA 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X=O? 385 SF 29 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H::" "" 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233<td>220 STO 35</td><td>273 RCL 05</td><td>327 RCL 05</td><td>380 "TRIES :</td></y?<>	220 STO 35	273 RCL 05	327 RCL 05	380 "TRIES :
222 ATOX 275 - 329 XEQ 12 381 ARCL 29 223 STO IND 276 STO 05 330 RCL IND 382 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 381 PSE 224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X =0? 385 SF 29 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" " 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 236 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW <td>221 LBL 13</td><td>274 12</td><td>328 X>Y?</td><td></td></y?<>	221 LBL 13	274 12	328 X>Y?	
223 S10 IND 276 S10 03 330 KCI IND 362 AVIEW 35 277 FS? IND 05 383 PSE 224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X=0? 385 SF 29 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" 233 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 XY? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15<</y?<>	222 ATUX	275 - 276 gmo 05	329 XEQ IZ	381 ARCL 29
224 ISG 35 05 331 POSA 384 FIX 4 225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X=0? 385 SF 29 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "IME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" " 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16</y?<>	225 510 IND	270 SIU US 277 ES2 IND	05 RCL IND	JOZ AVIEW
225 "" (NOP) 278 GTO 20 332 X=0? 386 "" 226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 355 12 387 AVIEW 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" " 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 XY? 342 L</y?<>	224 TCC 35	277 FS: IND 05	331 DOGA	384 EIA V
226 RCL 31 279 SF IND 05 333 GTO 21 386 " 227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 " 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 <t< td=""><td>224 ISG 33 225 "" (NOP)</td><td>278 GTO 20</td><td>332 X=02</td><td>385 SF 29</td></t<></y?<>	224 ISG 33 225 "" (NOP)	278 GTO 20	332 X=02	385 SF 29
227 RCL 35 280 GTO 16 334 RCL 05 REQUIRED" 228 X <y?< td=""> 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 , 037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL</y?<>	226 RCL 31	279 SF IND 05	333 GTO 21	386 "
228 X-Y? 281 LBL 14 335 12 387 AVIEW 229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20	227 RCL 35	280 GTO 16	334 BCL 05	BEOUIRED"
229 GTO 13 282 ISG 00 336 - 388 PSE 230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30	228 X <y?< td=""><td>281 LBL 14</td><td>335 12</td><td>387 AVIEW</td></y?<>	281 LBL 14	335 12	387 AVIEW
230 6 283 "" 337 STO 05 389 "TIME IN 231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29	229 GTO 13	282 ISG 00	336 -	388 PSE
231 ST+ 31 (NOP) 338 FS? IND H.:" 232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) <	230 6	283 ""	337 STO 05	389 "TIME IN
232 LBL 11 284 ISG 01 05 390 AVIEW 233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293<""	231 ST+ 31	(NOP)	338 FS? IND	Н.:"
233 23 285 "" (NOP) 339 GTO 21 391 PSE 234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 <t< td=""><td>232 LBL 11</td><td>284 ISG 01</td><td>05</td><td>390 AVIEW</td></t<></y?<>	232 LBL 11	284 ISG 01	05	390 AVIEW
234 STO 35 286 RCL 32 340 SF IND 05 392 RCLSW 235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 <td< td=""><td>233 23</td><td>285 "" (NOP)</td><td>339 GTO 21</td><td>391 PSE</td></td<></y?<>	233 23	285 "" (NOP)	339 GTO 21	391 PSE
235 CLA 287 RCL 00 341 GTO 16 393 VIEW X 236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00</y?<>	234 STO 35	286 RCL 32	340 SF IND 05	392 RCLSW
236 LBL 42 288 X>Y? 342 LBL 21 394 LBL 41 237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01 354 STO 01 354 STO 01</y?<>	235 CLA	287 RCL 00	341 GTO 16	393 VIEW X
237 RCL IND 289 GTO 30 343 ISG 07 395 RCL 08 35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01 14 </y?<>	236 LBL 42	288 X>Y?	342 LBL 21	394 LBL 41
35 290 GTO 11 344 "" (NOP) 396 STOFLAG 238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01 354 STO 01 354 STO 01</y?<>	237 RCL IND	289 GTO 30	343 ISG 07	395 RCL 08
238 XTOA 291 LBL 15 345 GTO 20 397 ,037 239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01</y?<>	35	290 GTO 11	344 "" (NOP)	396 STOFLAG
239 ISG 35 292 ISG 02 346 LBL 30 398 CLRGX 240 "" (NOP) 293 "" 347 ISG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01</y?<>	238 XTOA	291 LBL 15	345 GTO 20	397,037
240 (NOP) 293 347 1SG 29 399 CLST 241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 "" (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 245 FS? 00 297 ""<(NOP)</y?<>	239 ISG 35	292 ISG 02	346 LBL 30	398 CLRGX
241 RCL 31 (NOP) 348 (NOP) 400 SETSW 242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01</y?<>	240 "" (NOP)	۲۶۵ (NOD)	34/ ISG 29	399 CLST
242 RCL 35 294 GTO 14 349 RCL 08 401 CLA 243 X <y?< td=""> 295 LBL 16 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01</y?<>	241 KCL 31	(NOP) 204 CTTO 14	348 "" (NOP)	400 SETSW
243 X 1: 295 LBL 10 350 STOFLAG 402 END 244 GTO 42 296 ISG 03 351 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01	242 KCL 35	294 GTU 14	349 KCL UX	4UI CLA
244 G10 42 250 156 05 551 17 245 FS? 00 297 "" (NOP) 352 STO 00 246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01	243 ANI: 244 CTO 42	797 TGT TQ 797 TGT TQ	350 STUFLAG 351 17	4UZ END
246 GTO 43 298 GTO 14 353 11 247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01	244 GIU 42 245 FS2 00	290 ISG US 297 "" (NOD)	352 STO 00	
247 SIGN 299 LBL 12 354 STO 01	246 GTO 43	298 GTO 14	353 11	
	247 SIGN	299 LBL 12	354 STO 01	

Inverse MasterMind, for HP-41CX

Kai Schröder, http://www.achim-und-kai.de/kai/hp41cx/superhirn var1 e.html

MasterMind again - but in this variant the HP-41CX guesses the hidden code provided by the player! The code must consist of four characters out of a range from "A" through "F" (inclusive). (Of course, it's from a programming point of view no problem to extend the number of positions, but this would last too long!) Every character is allowed to appear **only once** in the code. The several time appearances of characters is no real problem, but in this case the number of permutations increases very quickly and - believe me :-) - it would be no fun to wait for the next proposed code! Therefore, in this program version these features have not been implemented.

Computing time is up to 20 min, if you have the TURBO alteration it's up to about 10 min, until the HP-41CX proposes the next code. To prevent battery voltage from decreasing too much, flag 49, battery voltage flag, is checked during program execution. If this happens program execution is terminated and the HP-41CX powers off itself. On power on "BATTERY" is displayed to indicate the low battery voltage. Program execution can't be continued.

Course of Game :

On starting the program, a seed for the random number generator has to be entered. Now the HP-41CX calculates a first guess. After the sound it is shown in the display. Pressing R/S, now "B,W :" appears in the display and the number of black and white markers, separated by decimal comma must be entered. Again, pressing R/S starts the computation of the next sequence. When the correct code is determined, the HP-41CX displays the number of tries.

Program listing:

001 LBL	024	MOD FS2 IND X	049	RCL 01 FS2 IND X	074	/ STO 05
002	025	CTO 00	051	CTO 17	076	TRT 18
"MASTERMIND 2"	020	SF IND X	052	SF IND X	070	FG2 10
003 AVIEW	027	65	052	BCL 02	078	GTO 23
001 DSE	020	+	050	FG2 TND Y	070	BCL 05
005 034	020	, 又亚〇ス	055	CTO 17	075	ХСШ 05 21
	020	TRC 01	055	GIU I/	000	
000 CLKGA	037		050	DCI 02	001	
	032	GTO 00	057	RCL US	082	RCL IND X
008 X<>F	033		058	FS? IND X	083	STO 06
009 E	034	STO 04	059	GTO I/	084	CLA
010 " RNG-	035	ASTO IND	060 :	LBL 05	085	RCL 05
SEED :"	Х		061	RCL 08	086	11
011 PROMPT	036	,005	062	31	087	+
012 STO 00	037	STO 00	063	-	088	ARCL IND
013 ,003	038	STO 01	064	RCL IND X	Х	
014 STO 01	039	STO 02	065	65	089	XEQ 22
015 CLA	040	STO 03	066	+	090	LBL 01
016 LBL 00	041	XEO 22	067	STO IND	091	RCL IND
017 RCL 00	042	GTO 16	08		08	
018 R-D	043 1	LBL 15	068	ISG 08	092	POSA
019 FRC	044	XEO 22	069	GTO 05	093	RCL 08
020 5TO 00	045	CLX	070	RCI. 04	094	31
021 E5	046	X<>F	071	11	095	-
022 *	047	RCT 00	072	- · ·	095	т мт
022 6	010	CE IND V	072	гЭ	000	 V#V0
023 0	040	ST IND X	075	с.)	091	V#I:

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Mar	nual	A Compendium Collection
098 GTO 02	138 CLA	176 BEEP	216 LBL 22
099 ISG 07	139 LBL 04	177 AVIEW	217 31,034
100 ""	140 RCL IND	178 STOP	218 STO 08
101 LBL 02	08	179 LBL 06	219 CLX
102 ISG 08	141 XTOA	180 TONE 8	220 STO 07
103 GTO 01	142 ISG 08	181 CF 22	221 RTN
104 RCL 06	143 GTO 04	182 " B,W :"	222 LBL 23
105 INT	144 ASTO IND	183 PROMPT	223 SF 11
106 RCL 07	04	184 FC? 22	224 OFF
107 X#Y?	145 GTO 16	185 GTO 06	225 "
108 GTO 17	146 LBL 17	186 STO 06	BATTERY"
109 XEQ 22	147 ISG 00	187 FRC	226 AVIEW
110 LBL 03	148 GTO 15	188 El	227 STOP
111 RCL IND	149 FS? 49	189 *	228 LBL 19
08	150 GTO 23	190 RCL 06	229 E
112 POSA	151 ,005	191 +	230 RCL 04
113 X<0?	152 STO 00	192 INT	231 E1
114 GTO 02	153 ISG 01	193 2	232 -
115 RCL 08	154 GTO 15	194 X>Y?	233 CLA
116 31	155 ,005	195 GTO 07	234 FIX 0
117 -	156 STO 00	196 4	235 CF 29
118 INT	157 STO 01	197 RCL Z	236 ARCL X
119 X=Y?	158 ISG 02	198 X>Y?	237 " TR"
120 GTO 02	159 GTO 15	199 GTO 07	238 X>Y?
121 ISG 07	160 ,005	200 RCL 06	239 GTO 08
122 ""	161 STO 00	201 4	240 " F Y"
123 LBL 02	162 STO 01	202 X=Y?	241 GTO 09
124 ISG 08	163 STO 02	203 GTO 19	242 LBL 08
125 GTO 03	164 ISG 03	204 RCL 04	243 " IES"
126 RCL 06	165 GTO 15	205 E1	244 LBL 09
127 FRC	166 LBL 16	206 +	245 AVIEW
128 E1	167 CLA	207 RCL Z	246 CLA
129 *	168 ARCL IND	208 STO IND Y	247 FIX 4
130 RCL 07	04	209 GTO 15	248 SF 29
131 X#Y?	169 32	210 LBL 07	249 ,034
132 GTO 17	170 XTOA	211 TONE 5	250 CLRGX
133 ISG 05	171 XTOA	212 "WRONG	251 CLX
134 GTO 18	172 XTOA	INPUT"	252 X<>F
135 ISG 04	173 XTOA	213 AVIEW	253 CLST
136 ""	174 4	214 PSE	254 END
137 XEQ 22	175 AROT	215 GTO 06	

Grand MasterMind (at last)

Tom Rice - PPCCJ V12N3 p10 (March 1985)

Here is an HP-41 program that plays the part of the codemaker for Grand Master Mind. The program is 1,048 bytes long, and does not contain synthetic instructions.

To play the game, execute GMM and enter a seed from 0 to 1 when prompted. The 41 will then find a four-position random code, with each position containing a one digit integer and one digit decimal.

Numbers 1 to 5 are used, but 0 can be used by deleting lines 84-85; you can also make the game more difficult (or easier) by increasing (or decreasing) the value in line 71. As the 41 prompts for each guess position, supply it with a number in the form X.Y.

The 41 will display "CLUE: ABC", where A is the number of correct integer-decimal pairs in the right position, B is the number of correct pairs in the wrong position, and C is the number of integers or decimals (only) in the right position. If a printer is used, each set of guesses along with its clue will be printed.

If you want this program recorded on magnetic cards, send five (5) cards (or \$2.59) and an SASE (or \$1.00) to:

Tom Rice (10921) N. 6505 Suther 1 in Spokane, WA 99208

Program Description:

This version of the popular game Master Mind has the complication of using pairs of colors and shapes. The object of the game is to correctly guess the four pairs in the hidden code in as few guesses as possible, using the clues given by the computer.

The computer gives three types of clues. A black (1, or multiple of 100) is given for a correct pair in the right position. A white (*, or a multiple of 10) is given for a correct pair in the wrong position. A blue (+, or a multiple of 1) is given for a correct integer or decimal (only) in the correct position. The omputer compares in such a way that a maximum number of clues is given, following a strict one-to-one correspondence.

Necessary Accessories: 2 Memory modules, or CV/CX. Limits and Warnings: Flags 05-29 are used, but flags 11, 14, 23-25 will be cleared and 26 set if the program is aborted immediately after a clue is given. If a printer is used, you must execute (R/S) immediately after printing.

References:

The Official Master Mind Handbook, Ault, Leslie H., New York:Signet, 1976. The Official Master Mind Puzzle Book, Ault, Leslie H., Ph.D., NewYork: Signet, 1978.

Further Discussion:

Only the digits 0 - 5 are valid for either the integer or decimal part of each guess position; the computer will not check for invalid guesses.

With 5 possible integer and decimal values, there are $(5 \times 5)4 = 390,625$ permutations. If you wish to use zeros as blanks, delete lines 84 and 85. This will give $(6 \times 6) = 1,679,616$ permutations. If you do not value your sanity, you may increase the value of the number in line 71 to further increase the number of permutations.

If you do not have a printer available, you will want to keep track of your guesses and clues on paper or on a Grand Master Mind game board. Any value can correspond to any color or shape, but one possible combination is given below.

Number	Corresponding Color	Corresponding Shape
1	Yellow	Triangle
2	Red	Square
3	Blue	Rectangle
4	Green	Hexagon
5	Black	Star

The computer goes through a rather involved routine in order to make the comparisons. First, the computer searches for blacks then possible blues, then doubles in both the code and the guess. The blue flag must be set in order for the double flag to be set. The double flag may actually be for a triple, quadruple, or two doubles. The computer will give as many blues as possible by making the comparisons for whites in the following order:



Comparisons 5 - 8 have sub-parts as shown below for comparisons 5 and 6 (subpart a matches to guess (or code) positions in which the corresponding code (or guess) position already has a white flag).



Comparison # 9 matches for whites in any combination not yet checked.

Keystroke Solution:

<u>Display</u>	Input	Function (XEQ) SIZE 018 (XEQ) "GMM"	Comments
SEED ?	0.5	(R/Ś)	Generate random code
POSITION 1	1.2	(R/S)	Guess A. Position 1
POSITION 2	4.1	(R/S)	Guess A. Position 2
POSITION 3	5.4	(R/S)	Guess A. Position 3
POSITION 4	5.3	(R/S)	Guess A. Position 4
CLUE:111		(R/S)	1 black, 1 white, 1 blue
POSITION 1	4.1	(R/S)	Guess B. Position 1
POSITION 2	3.4	(R/S)	Guess B. Position 2
POSITION 3	4.1	(R/S)	Guess B. Position 3
POSITION 4	2.4	(R/S)	Guess B, Position 4
CLUE:11		(R/S)	l white, I blue
POSITION 1	5.1	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 1
POSITION 2	5.1	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 2
POSITION 3	3,3	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 3
POSITION 4	4.2	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 4
CLUE:11		(R/S)	1 white, 1 blue
POSITION 1	5.1	(R/S)	Guess D. Position 1
POSITION 2	4.1	(R/S)	Guess D, Position 2
POSITION 3	5.3	(R/S)	Guess D, Position 3
POSITION 4	1.3	(R/S)	Guess D, Position 4
CLUE:121		(R/S)	I black, 2 whites, 1 blue
POSITION 1	5.3	(R/S)	Guess E, Position 1
POSITION 2	4.1	(R/S)	Guess E, Position 2
POSITION 3	5.1	(R/S)	Guess E, Position 3
POSITION 4	1.5	(R/S)	Guess E, Position 4
CLUE:400		(R/S)	4 blacks; you got it!

Same problem with Printer (in MAN position)

Code:	1.1	1.3	1.1	2.5	<u>Clue</u>	Reason
Guess A:	2.î	4.3	î.3	1.1	**+	The 1.1 in position 3 of the
						guess, thus allowing a blue for
Guara B:	25	1 1	A 1	1 1	***	position 1.
00033 0.	c.,	1.1	4.1	1.1		cna be matched in any order,
Succe Cr	2 E	1 1	6 1	1 2	***	The 2.5 gets the other white.
duess c.	6.9	1.1	0.1	1,3	···· ·	in position 1 of the code
						matches the 1.1 in the guess, so
						position 3 can get a blue. Note
						the 6.1.
Guess D:	1.1	1.3	1.1	2.5	****	Perfect match; four blacks.

Keystroke Solution:

Display	Input	Function (XEQ) SIZE 018 (XEQ) "GMM"	Comments
SEED ?	0.7	(R/S)	Generate random code
POSITION 1	2.1	(R/S)	Guess A. Position 1
POSITION 2	4.3	(R/S)	Guess A. Position 2
POSITION 3	1.3	(R/S)	Guess A, Position 3
POSITION 4	1.1	(R/S)	Guess A, Position 4
			Printout: 2.1 4.3 1.3 1.1 **+
POSITION 1	2.5	(R/S)	Guess B, Position 1
POSITION 2	1.1	(R/S)	Guess B, Position 2
POSITION 3	4.1	(R/S)	Guess B, Position 3
POSITION 4	1.1	(R/S)	Guess B, Position 4
			Printout: 2.5 1.1 4.1 1.1 ***
POSITION 1	2.5	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 1
POSITION 2	1.1	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 2
POSITION 3	6.1	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 3
POSITION 4	1.3	(R/S)	Guess C, Position 4
			Printout: 2.5 1.1 6.1 1.3 ***+
POSITION 1	1.1	(R/S)	Guess D, Position 1
POSITION 2	1.3	(R/S)	Guess D, Position 2
POSITION 3	1.1	(R/S)	Guess D, Position 3
POSITION 4	2.5	(R/S)	Guess D, Position 4
			Printout: 1.1 1.3 1.1 2.5 ####

Users Manual

Data Registers used:

00	Flag clearing counter
	Double flag setting counter
	Primary position counter
01	Double flag setting counter
	Secondary position counter
02	Tertiary position counter
03	4 Or -4 code-guess register
	conversion
04	14 (or 18) guess (or code)
	to blue flag conversion
05	Code position 1
06	Code position 2

07 Code position 3

Flags Used

05 Black or white for code pos. #1 06 Black or white for code pos. #2 07 Black or white for code pos. #3 08 Black or white for code pos.#4 09 Black or white for guess pos. #1 10 Black or white for guess pos. #2 11 Black or white for guess pos. #3 12 Black or white for guess pos. #4 13 Double and blue for code pos. #1 14 Double and blue for code pos. #2 15 Double and blue for code pos. #3 16 Double and blue for code pos. #4

- 80 Code position 4
- 09 Guess position 1
- 10 Guess position 2
- 11 Guess position 3
- 12 Guess position 4
- 13 Clue value
- 5.008 or 9.012 position 14 counter value
- 15 9.012 or 5.008 position counter value
- 16 10, 11, 10, 11, 10, 11, 32 test label value
- 17 3, 4, 3, 4 test label value
- 17 Double and blue for guess pos. #1 18 Double and blue for guess pos. #2 19 Double and blue for guess pos. #3 20 Double and blue for guess pos. #4 21 Changed to set if printer is present 22 (not used) 23 Blue might be given for pos. #1 24 Blue might be given for pos. #2 25 Blue might be given for pos. #3 26 Blue might be given for pos. #4 27 (not used)
- 28 Used primarily in test subroutines

Program listing:

29 Jump if no doubles are flagged (17-20) in guess

01 LBL "GMM"	11 ISG 00	21 GTO 16	31 STO 00
)2 "SEED ?"	12 GTO 15	22 LBL 17	32 FIX 0
03 PROMPT	13 RCL 15	23 18	33 LBL 18
04 STO 04	14 STO 00	24 STO 03	34 CF IND 00
)5 5.008	15 LBL 16	25 0	35 ISG 00
06 STO 15	16 XEQ 00	26 STO 13	36 GTO 18
07 STO 00	17 10	27 9.012	37 RCL 15
08 LBL 15	18/	28 X<> 15	38 STO 00
09 XEQ 00	19 ST+ IND 00	29 STO 14	39 LBL 19
LO STO IND 00	20 ISG 00	30 5.029	40 RCL 00

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41 8	93 E2	145 RCL 01	197 FS? IND 00	
42 -	94 ST+ 13	146 8	198 GTO 31	
43 "POSITION "	95 GTO 22	147 +	199 XEQ IND 16	
44 ARCL X	96 LBL 01	148 SF IND X	200 FS?C 28	
45 PROMPT	97 RCL 00	149 14	201 GTO 31	
46 STO IND 00	98 RCL 03	150 RCL 03	202 RCL 15	
47 ISG 00	99 +	151 X=Y?	203 STO 01	
48 GTO 19	100 SF IND X	152 SF 29	204 LBL 29	
49 RCL 14	101 LBL 22	153 GTO 25	205 RCL IND 00	
50 STO 00	102 ISG 00	154 LBL 27	206 RCL IND 01	
51 LBL 20	103 GTO 20	155 -4	207 X#Y?	
52 RCL 00	104 5.007	156 STO 04	208 GTO 30	
53 4	105 STO 00	157 10	209 FS? IND 01	
54 +	106 XEO 02	158 STO 16	210 GTO 30	
55 RCL IND X	107 9.011	159 3	211 XEQ IND 17	
56 RCL IND 00	108 STO 00	160 STO 17	212 FS?C 28	
57 X=Y?	109 14	161 XEO 05	213 GTO 30	
58 GTO 21	110 STO 03	162.4	214 XFO 08	
59 -	111 XFO 02	163 STO 17	215 GTO 31	
60 FRC	112 GTO 27	164 XEO 05	216 B 30	
61 X=0?	113 BL 02	165 11	217 ISG 01	
62 GTO 01	114 RCI 00	166 STO 16	218 GTO 29	
	115 RCL 03	167 3	219 BL 31	
64 INT	116 +	167 S 168 STO 17	220 ISG 00	
65 RCL IND 00	117 FC2 IND X	169 XEO 05	220 ISO 00 221 GTO 28	
66 INT	118 GTO 25	170 4	222 GTO 20	
67 X=Y?	119 RCL 00	170 4 171 STO 17	223 BL 32	
68 GTO 01	120 1 001	172 XEO 05	223 EBL 32	
69 GTO 22	120 1.001	172 ALQ 00	225 BL 33	
70 I BL 00	122 STO 01	174 BL 03	226 EC2 29	
71 5	122 510 61 123 BL 23	175 BCL 01	227 GTO 34	
72 RCI 04	123 EDE 23	176 RCL 01	228 -4	
73 9821	125 RCL IND 01	177 +	229 STO 04	
73 5021	126 X#V?	178 FS? IND X	230 10	
75 21137	127 GTO 24	179 SE 28	231 STO 16	
76 +	128 BCI 01	180 RTN	232 XEO 35	
77 FRC	120 RCL 01	181 I BL 04	232 /10 33	
77 TRC 78 STO 04	120 ±		233 II 234 STO 16	
70 10	131 ES2 IND X	182 8	234 310 10 235 XEO 35	
20 *	122 GTO 26	183 8	235 / EQ 35	
00 01 INIT			230 LDL 34	
	133 LBL 24		237 14	
92 GTO 00	135 CTO 22	100 JF 20	230 222 12	
84 Y-02	126 UU 23		207 ASA 14 010 10	
04 A-U: 85 GTO 00	127 ICC 00	100 RUL U3	240 IO 241 STO 02	
	120 CTO 02	100 EC3 IND V	241 310 03	
			242 4 242 STO 04	
	139 KTN		243 510 04	
	140 LBL 20		244 IU 245 STO 46	
89 KUL UU	141 KCL 00	193 LBL 05	245 STU 16	
90 4	142.8	194 KCL 14	246 XEQ 35	
91 +	143 +	195 \$10 00	24/11	
92 SF IND X	144 SF IND X	196 LBL 28	248 \$10 16	

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249 XEO 35	301 FS?C 28	353 SE INI	0 00 405 SE IND 00
250 32	302 GTO 44	354 SE INI	01 406 BCL 15
250 52 251 STO 16	303 SE IND 00	355 10	407 STO 01
252 STO 17	304 RCI 15	356 ST+ 1	3 408 BL 45
252 XFO 05	305 STO 01	357 RTN	409 BCL IND 00
253 AEQ 05	306 I BL 39	358 I BL 0	410 BCL IND 01
255 STO 00	307 BCL IND 00	359 SE INI	2 00 411 X#V?
255 510 50 256 GTO 51	308 RCL IND 01	360 SE INI	01 412 GTO 49
250 GTO 51 257 I BL 35	300 X#V3	361 BCL 0	1 413 FS? IND 01
257 EDE 55 258 RCI 14	310 GTO 43	362 RCL 0	413 13: 110 01 4 414 GTO 49
250 NCL 14 259 STO 00	311 ES2 IND 01	363 +	415 XEO 12
255 510 00 260 XEO 06	312 GTO //3	364 SE INI	415 7.60 12
261 PCL 14	212 VEO 12	265 SE INI	A 410131C 28
201 NCL 14 262 STO 00	211 ES2C 28	366 20	417 GTO 49
202 310 00 262 VEO 07	215 GTO 42	267 ST+ 1	418 KCL 13 2 410 STO 02
203 AEQ 07	216 DCL 15	260 DTN	419 310 02
204 NCL 14	217 STO 02	260 L DI 1	
205 STO 00	317 310 02 319 I DI 40	209 LDL 1	0 421 F31 IND 02
200 XEQ 13		370 RCL 0	0 422 GTO 48
	319 FS? IND UZ	371 KCL U	3 423 RCL 01
	320 GTO 42	372 +	424 RCL 04
269 FS? IND 00	321 RCL 01	373 KCL U	4 425 +
270 GTU 38	322 RCL 04	374 -	
271 XEQ IND 16	323 +	375 FS? IN	1D X 427 RCL IND 02
272 FS?C 28	324 RCL IND X	376 SF 28	428 X#Y?
273 GTU 38	325 RCL IND 02	377 KIN	429 GTU 48
274 KUL 15	326 X#Y?	378 LBL 1	1 430 RCL 02
275 510 01	327 GTU 42	379 RCL 0	U 4318
276 LBL 36	328 RCL 02	380.8	432 +
277 RCL IND 00	329 RCL 03	381 +	433 FU? IND X
278 KCL IND 01	330 +	382 FS? IN	1D X 434 GTU 47
279 X#Y?	331 FC? IND X	383 SF 28	435 RCL 02
280 GTU 37	332 GTU 41	384 RCL 0	U 436 RCL 04
281 FS? IND 01	333 RCL 02	385 RCL 0	3 437 +
282 GTO 37	334 RCL 04	386 +	438 FC? IND X
283 RCL 01	335 +	387 RCL 0	4 439 GTO 50
284 RCL 04	336 FC? IND X	388 -	440 LBL 47
285 +	337 GTO 42	389 FC? IN	ND X 441 XEQ 09
286 FC? IND X	338 LBL 41	390 SF 28	442 GTO 50
287 GTO 37	339 XEQ 09	391 RTN	443 LBL 48
288 XEQ 08	340 GTO 44	392 LBL 1	2 444 ISG 02
289 GTO 38	341 LBL 42	393 RCL 0	1 445 GTO 46
290 LBL 37	342 ISG 02	394 8	446 LBL 49
291 ISG 01	343 GTO 40	395 +	447 ISG 01
292 GTO 36	344 LBL 43	396 FC? IN	ND X 448 GTO 45
293 LBL 38	345 ISG 01	397 SF 28	449 CF IND 00
294 ISG 00	346 GTO 39	398 RTN	450 LBL 50
295 GTO 06	347 CF IND 00	399 LBL 1	3 451 ISG 00
296 RTN	348 LBL 44	400 FS? IN	ID 00 452 GTO 13
297 LBL 07	349 ISG 00	401 GTO 5	50 453 RTN
298 FS? IND 00	350 GTO 07	402 XEQ I	ND 16 454 LBL 51
299 GTO 44	351 RTN	403 FS?C	28 455 FS? IND 00
300 XEQ IND 16	352 LBL 08	404 GTO 5	50 456 XEQ 61
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457 ISG 00	482 FIX 1	507 XEQ 63	532 E	
458 GTO 51	483 CF 12	508 LBL 57	533 ST+ 13	
459 RCL 14	484 SF 21	509 DSE 02	534 RTN	
460 STO 00	485 SF 28	510 GTO 60	535 LBL 63	
461 14	486 LBL 54	511 PRBUF	536 RCL 13	
462 STO 03	487 RCL IND 00	512 GTO 17	537 RCL 04	
463 LBL 52	488 ACX	513 LBL 58	538 /	
464 FS? IND 00	489 1	514 35	539 FRC	
465 XEQ 61	490 SKPCHR	515 ACCHR	540 STO 13	
466 ISG 00	491 ISG 00	516 GTO 55	541 LASTX	
467 GTO 52	492 GTO 54	517 LBL 59	542 INT	
468 23.026	493 111	518 42	543 STO 02	
469 STO 00	494 ST+ 13	519 ACCHR	544 RTN	
470 LBL 53	495 100	520 GTO 56	545 LBL 64	
471 FS?C IND 00	496 STO 04	521 LBL 60	546 RCL 13	
472 XEQ 62	497 XEQ 63	522 43	547 "CLUE:"	
473 ISG 00	498 LBL 55	523 ACCHR	548 ARCL X	
474 GTO 53	499 DSE 02	524 GTO 57	549 AVIEW	
475 RCL 14	500 GTO 58	525 LBL 61	550 TONE 0	
476 STO 00	1, 501	526 RCL 00	551 STOP	
477 CF 11	502 STO 04	527 RCL 03	552 GTO 17	
478 CF 14	503 XEQ 63	528 +	553 END	
479 SF 26	504 LBL 56	529 CF IND X	;1048 BYTES	
480 FC? 55	505 DSE 02	530 RTN		
481 GTO 64	506 GTO 59	531 LBL 62		



Sudoku Grid Generator

JM Baillard - – <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/sudoku.php</u>

The HP-41 strikes back! Program "**GRID**" will prepare a Sudoku grid by randomly clearing some of the elements in a solved Sudoku pre-loaded for this purpose. The number of zeroed elements is defined in X before calling **GRID**. The final grid will be place in compact mode (each element a nibble of the mantissa) in registers R1-R9, ready for "**SUDOKU**" in case you have given in.

GRID uses a random-number generator **RNG** to determine which elements within each row will be cleared. RNG uses the TIME Module – so this function will fail if the timer is not present. When the execution ends the message "GRID MADE" is shown in the display.

=

5RII	MRJE	
USER	01	



User Instructions:

STACK	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
Y	/	/
X	N	/

where N is an integer between 1 and 81 to get a puzzle with N non-empty cells

Example: You want to get a sudoku with 28 non-empty cells, and you choose 1 as random seed.

28 XEQ "GRID" (attention: you need to stop the program after the call to RNG and replace the value with ``1'')

and we get the grid in registers R01 thru R09 (the integer part doesn't really matter):

R01 = 1.800600130	8 0 0 6 0 0 1 3 0
R02 = 1.003050004	0 0 3 0 5 0 0 0 4
R03 = 1.000900068	0 0 0 9 0 0 0 6 8
R04 = 1.008016000	
R05 = 1.005003800	0 0 8 0 1 6 0 0 0
R06 = 1.006500003	0 0 5 0 0 3 8 0 0
R07 = 1.000361000	0 0 6 5 0 0 0 0 3
R08 = 1.600000307	
R09 = 1.000005601	0 0 0 3 6 1 0 0 0
	6 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 7
-So, the puzzle is:	0 0 0 0 0 5 6 0 1

If you don't solve the grid, one solution is in registers R19 thru R27 In this example, "SDK" gives another solution.

Notes:

Replace the value (5) in line 28 by a larger integer if you think that the original grid is not shuffled enough.

This routine does not always return a proper sudoku (i-e with a unique solution), especially if N is small. If it happens \dots it's only by chance !

Behold: A left Goose on your LCD, and moving backwards !

Observant users will no doubt note that **GRID** is a lefthanded program. The 41 knows that, and instructs the goose to behave accordingly – flipping left and running backwards! – all thanks to functions **LEFT** and GOOSE, written by Nelson F. Crowle, one of the authors of the AECROM module among other landmarks.

	-{	
USER	01 8	PRGM
	-4	
	-{	

The usage of these functions is shown in the following code snippets. First GOOSE puts up the left goose on the display, and LEFT then should be called at every iteration of a loop, so that the display contents is shifted one position to the left. Note also the other combinations to amuse your friends, such as SF 25, SF 99 and AVIEW to rotate the contents of ALPHA right.

LBL 10	Left Goose flies left
GOOSE	
LBL 01	
LEFT	
0	
GTO 01	
LBL 11	Alpha Rotates Left
AVIEW	
LBL 02	
LEFT	
0	
GTO 02	
LBL 12	Right Goose Flies LEFT
50	
TOGF	
LBL 03	
LEFT	
0	
GTO O3	
LBL 13	Left Goose Flies RIGHT
LBL 13 GOOSE	Left Goose Flies RIGHT
LBL 13 GOOSE 50	Left Goose Flies RIGHT
LBL 13 GOOSE 50 TOGF	Left Goose Flies RIGHT
LBL 13 GOOSE 50 TOGF LBL 04	Left Goose Flies RIGHT
LBL 13 GOOSE 50 TOGF LBL 04 0	Left Goose Flies RIGHT

TOFG toggles flag status, also used in other programs (like Sea Battle, etc.)

<u>00 LBL "GRID"</u>	12 STO 01	24 STO 07
01 SIZE?	13 1.415973628	25 1.186294537
02 28	14 STO 02	26 STO 08
03 X>Y?	15 1.362185974	27 1.257316849
04 PSIZE	16 STO 03	28 STO 09
05 -SUDOKU 1C	17 1.674528193	29 7.00003
06 81	18 STO 04	30 STO 15
07 R^	19 1.521739486	31 5
08 -	20 STO 05	32 STO 16
09 INT	21 1.839461752	33 CLD
10 STO 00	22 STO 06	34 GOOSE
11 1.798642315	23 1.943857261	35*LBL 01

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36 LEFT	82 RCL 10	128 +
37 RCL 15	83 +	129 E3/E+
38 STO 10	84 INT	130 REGMOVE
39*LBL 02	85 10^X	131*LBL 07
40 RNG	86 STO 12	132 LEFT
41 3	8/9	133 9
42 *	88 STO 14	134 STO 11
43 INI	89*LBL 06	135*LBL 08
44*LBL 03	90 LEFT	136 LEFT
45 LEFT	91 RCL IND 14	137 RNG
46 KNG	92 RCL 11	138 9
47 3 49 *	93 * 04 STO V	139 * 140 INT
48 ** 40 INT	94 510 1	140 INI 141 E
49 INT 50 X-X2	95 EI 06 MOD	141 E 142 -
50 = 1		142 +
51 GTO 05	97 INT 08 STO 13	143 10° X 144 STO 12
52 KCL 10	90 JO 15	145 PCL IND 11
55 51 + Z 54 +	100 PCL 12	145 KCL IND 11 146 F
	100 RCL 12	147 X-V2
55 KCL IND T	101 (CE 11	148 GTO 09
57 STO IND 7	102 / 103 STO 17	149 RDN
58 DSE 10	104 *	150 *
59 GTO 02	105 STO Y	151 STO Y
60 RCL 15	106 F1	152 F1
61 STO 10	107 MOD	153 MOD
62*LBL 04	108 INT	154 INT
63 LEFT	109 ST- Y	155 X=0?
64 RNG	110 X<> 13	156 GTO 08
65 3	111 +	157 -
66 *	112 RCL 17	158 RCL 12
67 INT	113 /	159 /
68*LBL 05	114 RCL 13	160 STO IND 11
69 LEFT	115 +	161 DSE 00
70 RNG	116 RCL 11	162 X=0?
71 3	117 /	163 GTO 10
72 *	118 STO IND 14	164*LBL 09
73 INT	119 DSE 14	165 DSE 11
74 X=Y?	120 GTO 06	166 GTO 08
75 GTO 05	121 DSE 10	167 GTO 07
76 RCL 10	122 GTO 04	168*LBL 10
77 +	123 DSE 16	169 RASP
78 INT	124 GTO 01	170 "GRID MADE"
79 10^X	125 9	171 AVIEW
80 STO 11	126 E3/E+	172 END
81 CLX	127 18	

Sudoku Solver (FOCAL version)

JM Baillard – <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/sudoku.php</u>

This version is the "slow" brother of the MCODE implementation reviewed in the MCODE section. A main driver program "**SUDRPN**" orchestrates the execution of the data entry "SDKIN", puzzle resolution "SLSDK", and output of the results "SDKOUT". Note that some of these modules are shared by the MCODE implementation as well, saving space and providing more consistency to the games.

Thus the grid entry also employes the MCODE function ^SROW, although now each of the digits will be stored into an individual data register, from R01 to R81 0 which is remarkably inefficient since tall values are integers less than 10, but that's another story. The good news is that storing 81 values one at a time would be close to unbearable if it weren't for ^SROW of course...

You can use the same examples as shown the MCODE section, but bear in mind that the execution times on a plain HP-41C are very long: about 1 hour for SDK1 and close to 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ hours for SDK2. Obviously using TURBO mode on V41 (or the CL) is a must if you want to use the FOCAL slow counterparts.

Example1: Solve the following sudoku:	<u>A more difficult example:</u> With the grid:
0 0 0 3 0 0 0 5 0	0 9 0 0 4 2 0 1 0
0 0 5 4 0 6 0 0 2	0 0 5 0 0 0 0 0 0
2 7 0 0 1 0 3 6 0	3 0 0 0 0 0 9 0 4
7 0 4 2 3 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 9 3
5 1 0 0 0 0 0 3 7	5 2 0 7 0 0 0 0 6
0 0 0 0 4 7 9 0 1	0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0
0 4 6 0 9 0 0 1 5	9 0 0 0 5 0 0 6 0
1 0 0 6 0 8 7 0 0	0 0 0 2 0 4 0 0 7
0 5 0 0 0 4 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 6 8 0 0

The same back-tracking technique is used, in fact the FOCAL programs are an excellent "practice pad" before attempting the MCODE programming, to check the algorithms and verify the proof of concepts.

To provide some background to the user the addresses of the current registers are displayed during the execution (so at least you know what's going on...)

The programs use R01 to R81 to store the grid values, plus R00 and R89 for scratch.

01*LBL "SUDRPN"	05 -SOUND FX	09 CLAXON
02*LBL 00	06 XROM "SLSDK"	10 "NO SOLUTION"
03 -SUDOKU 1C	07 X=0?	11 GTO 00
04 XROM "SDKIN"	08 GTO 01	12*LBL 01
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13 RASD	15 AV/IEW/	
14 " ** DONE **"	16 PSE	18 END
	10 100	00.070.04
00 LBL "SLSDK"		98 GTO 01
	50 RCL 82	99° LBL 05
02 510 86	51 X=Y?	100 DSE 82
	52 GTO 05	101 GTO 02
04 510 87	53 RCL IND 85	102*LBL 06
05.9	54 ABS	103 RCL 00
06 510 88	55 X=Y?	104 RCL 94
0/ /	56 G10 05	105 +
08 510 89	57 DSE 93	106 \$10 00
09 73,00009	58 CLX	107 RCL 91
10 STO 90	59 DSE 85	108 X=Y?
11 82	60 GTO 03	109 SF 41
12 STO 91	61 RCL 86	110 RCL IND 00
13 STO 00	62 X<> 83	111 X>0?
14 E3	63 RCL 86	112 GTO 06
15 STO 92	64 /	113 CHS
16 SIGN	65 INT	114 ST+ IND 00
17 STO 94	66 RCL 84	115 STO 82
18*LBL 01	67 RCL 86	116 VIEW 00
19 DSE 00	68 /	117 DSE 82
20 X=0?	69 INT	118 GTO 02
21 RTN	70 RCL 88	119 GTO 06
22 RCL IND 00	71 *	120 END
23 X#0?	72 +	
24 GTO 01	73 RCL 89	00 LBL "SDKOUT"
25 VIEW 00	74 +	01 82
26 RCL 88	75 RCL 86	02 E3/E+
27 STO 82	76 *	03 9
28*LBL 02	77 STO 85	04 E3/E+
29 RCL 00	78 RCL 86	05*LBL 01
30 RCL 94	79 -	06 "C"
31 -	80 RCL 92	07 AINT
32 STO 85	81/	08>": "
33 RCL 88	82 ST+ 85	09 9
34 ST/ 85	83*LBL 04	10 E3/E+
35 MOD	84 RCL IND 85	11*LBL 00
36 STO 83	85 ABS	12 RCL IND Z
37 RCL 90	86 RCL 82	13 AINT
38 +	87 X=Y?	14 >":"
39 X<> 85	88 GTO 05	15 RDN
40 INT	89 DSE 85	16 ISG Z
41 STO 84	90 GTO 04	17 ISG X
42 RCL 94	91 RCL 87	18 GTO 00
43 +	92 ST- 85	19 AVIEW
44 RCL 88	93 DSE 83	20 RDN
45 *	94 GTO 04	21 ISG X
46 STO 93	95 X<>Y	22 GTO 01
47*LBL 03	96 CHS	23 END
48 RCL IND 93	97 STO IND 00	
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Kibur, or the "alphabetical disorder"

Robert Pulluard – L'Ordinateur de Poche N3 p43

If your handheld computer can display letters, the game offered here should fascinate you with its numerous reversals.

The Rubik cube is already a great classic among the games, as evidenced by the vast epidemic of acute "Rubikitis" that has been raging for some time in a large part of the world. Micro-pocket users may have been touched by the idea of adapting this game on their machine, but they have given up on it, because the means are clearly insufficient. What we can do, however, it is to adapt a game of the same kind, based on the Rubik cube principle.

The program described here allows precisely to toy such a game, called "jeu da Kibur" (the origin of the name should no longer have any mystery anymore), but which of course is far from having the complexity of the original cube. It does offer a certain interest, especially if you play it together.

The microcomputer here, an HP-41C, has ten letters (A to J) in an arbitrary order: the goal of the game is to find the normal alphabetical order in a minimum of moves. Each move is defined by the inversion of two letters, one fixed, being the first on the left, in position "0", the other being at the choice of the player among all ten letters (from 0 to 9: it is enough to introduce the rank of the desired letter). If there were only that, it would be far too easy and of little interest, which is why a "side effect" has been added to this inversion: it is the inversion of the two letters located on either side of the one chosen to be inverted with the letter in position zero.

Consider for example, the combination: "BFJHHACDIGE". By choosing "2" (position of the letter J) for insertion we have: "JHBFACDIGE" - i.e. "B"



(position 0) has been reversed with "J" (position 2, chosen), but in addition, the letters "F" and "H", on either side of "J", are also reversed.

Let us also note that this line of letters is looped, i.e. if we play the position "0" it has the effect of inverting the letters in position 1 and 9, while playing "9" results in the letter "0" changing to "9", the letter "9" changing to "8", and the letter "8" changing to "0"! Finally, in a similar way, playing "1" is like making a circular permutation of the three letters in positions "0", "1", and "2". Thus, taking again the previous example where we left it if we play "1" we will obtain: "BJHFACDIGE" (the B took the place of the J who himself took the place of the H, who, in turn, came to occupy the position of the B).

These features complicate certainly the game, but they contribute also, by its own interest, by sometimes making the solution much less obvious than it seems.

The program as it is presented offers three different entry options. The first, by doing XEQ "KIBUR", asks the calculator to generate itself a starting combination, which it starts from the normal alphabet order, by applying ten successive random operations (but identical to resolution operations): that is, theoretically on average we should be able to solve all the problems posed by the calculator in about ten moves. It is "enough" to repeat the same operations, but in the opposite order. However, this is not entirely true for operations "1" and "9", which are not reversible, but cyclical of period 3: so if the calculator has performed one of these two other operations once between two other operations, the reverse operation is obtained by performing said operation two times in a row, whereas if one of these two operations has been performed twice in a row, performing this operation only once is enough to give its reverse. Unfortunately, or fortunately, depending on the point of view from which we are placed, there is no way to know the random sequence (and to remove from the program the - classical - generator function used).

In any case, it is not always necessarily the most efficient solution (in particular this random sequence can include twice in a row the same operation, which is therefore cancelled, except for operations "1" and "9" mentioned above).

The second possibility of access by means of XEQ "KIBIN", allows the player, or his colleague, to introduce a combination of his choice, for example an interesting combination, or a particularly thorny one and known as such.

The third access mode, with XEQ "KIBIS", allows to start a game again with the combination of the beginning of the previous game played: this combination is automatically put back into play by the calculator, and it is thus very easy to enjoy several successive games from the same combination, which is particularly interesting when playing with several players, the problem being then identical for all the competitors, each trying to reach the correct alphabetical order in a minimum number of moves.

The calculator displays after each ten-letter combination the number of strokes already played. This allows you to know where you stand at any time. If more than 99 moves have already been played, the calculator displays "LOST" and automatically makes an entry in "KIBIS", i. e. it resumes the start combination for a new attempt.

When you have made your choice of operation on the keyboard and have pressed a numeric key, the displayed situation (current combination and number of strokes) disappears, but it is kept in the machine's alpha register until you press the R/S key; it is therefore possible, if there is a doubt at the very last second, to check this situation again, but do not forget to switch back to digital mode once this check has been made, otherwise the machine will report an "ALPHA DATA" error.



Use of the program:

A: KIBUR variant, the calculator itself generates a combination,

1. do XEQ "KIBUR"

2. enter the position number of the letter you want to switch with the first one and press R/S. Warning: the first letter is in the zero position, the next letter in 1, then 2, etc.

3. return to 2

B: KIBIN variant: the player or one of his partners introduces the starting combination.

1. do XEQ "KIBIN". The display shows "COMBINATION", and you enter the first ten letters of the alphabet in the order you want. Pressing R/S wt l; you will find yourself at step 2 of KIBUR.

C: KIBIS variant: the calculator uses the last combination of start used (from which you can re-start the same game by trying to improve your score). Do XEQ "KIBIS", then proceed as in step 2 of KIBUR.

Exemple de partie nº 1												
joué		2	5	4	7	çı	ége	14	4			
-	A	В	E	D	G	F	H	J	1	С		Ø
8	1	в	E	D	G	F	H	C	A	J	:	1
6	Н	в	E	D	G	C	1	F	A	J		2
7	F	в	E	D	G	C	A	н	1	J	4	3
5	С	в	E	D	A	F	G	H	1	J.,	:	4
3	D	в	A	C	E	F	G	H	1	J	1	5
1	A	D	в	С	E	F	G	H	1	J	1	6
2	В	C	A	D	E	F	G	н	1	J	:	7
1	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	1	J	+	8

Exemple de partie nº 2				
joué	2290 e résultat			
	CBIFEDGAHJ	•	Ø	
2	IFCBEDGAHJ	\$	1	
6	GFCBEAIDHJ	:	2	
7	DFCBEAHGIJ	:	3	
- 6	HFCBEGDAIJ	1	4	
5	GFCBDHEAIJ	2	5	
6	EFCBDAGHIJ	1	6	
1	CEFBDAGHIJ	1	7	
2	FBCEDAGHIJ	÷	8	
3	EBDFCAGHIJ	*	9	
4	CBDAEFGHIJ	1	10	
2	DACBEFGHIJ	-	11	
1	CDABEFGHIJ	;	12	
2	ABCDEFGHIJ	:	13	

Program listing:

<see next page>

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A Compendium Collection

01*LBL "KIBUR" 02 "ABCDEFGHIJ" 03 SF 01 04 XEQ 03 05 E1 06 STO 11 07*LBL A 08 RCL 00 09 PI 10 + 115 12 Y^X 13 FRC 14 STO 00 15 E1 16 * 17 INT 18 XEQ 02 19 DSE 11 20 GTO A 21 XEQ 01 22 ASTO 12 23 ASHF 24 ASTO 13 25*LBL B 26 FIX 0 270 28 STO 16 29*LBL C 30 XEQ 01 31 >""" 32 ARCL 16 33 PROMPT 34 XEQ 02 35 99 36 RCL 16 37 E 38 +39 STO 16 40 X<=Y? 41 GTO C

43 PROMPT 44 GTO 10 45*LBL "KIBIN" 46 "COMBINAISON?" 47 AON **48 PROMPT 49 AOFF** 50*LBL 03 51 ASTO 12 52 ASHF 53 ASTO 13 54*LBL "KIBIS" 55*LBL 10 56 1,01 57 STO 11 58 CLA 59 ARCL 12 60 ARCL 13 61 ASTO 14 62 ASHF 63 ASTO 15 64*LBL D 65 " " 66 ARCL 14 67 ARCL 15 68 ASTO IND 11 69 ASHF 70 ASTO 14 71 ASHF 72 ASTO 15 73 " " 74 ARCL IND 11 75 ASHF 76 ASTO IND 11 77 ISG 11 78 GTO D 79 FS?C 01 80 RTN 81 GTO B 82*LBL 01

83 CLA 84 1,01 85 STO 11 86*LBL a 87 ARCL IND 11 88 ISG 11 89 GTO a 90 RTN 91*LBL 02 92 E 93 + 94 10 95 X<>Y 96 X>Y? 97 X<>Y 98 STO 17 99 E 100 +101 STO 18 102 RCL 01 103 RCL IND 17 104 STO 01 105 RDN 106 STO IND 17 107 RCL 17 108 1 109 -110 X=0? 111 E1 112 STO 17 113 11 114 RCL 18 115 X=Y? 116 E 117 STO 18 118 RCL IND 17 119 RCL IND 18 120 STO IND 17 121 RDN 122 STO IND 18 123 END

Petals around the Rose

Edward E. Keefe – UPL #00479C

The Story behind "Petals around the rose"

(Apocryphal anecdote to acquaint you with the puzzle).

Once upon a time... during WWII, General Montgomery called his staff together and declared that he would grant a week-end pass to any and all officers who could come up with the correct answer to a simple guessing game.

He produced four dice and proceded to roll them. Each time he queried: "how many petals are there around the rose?" He assumed that all his officers, being highly educated men, would "crack the puzzle" in short order. But, as the story goes, at the end of an entire weekend of tiring dice rolling, no one had cracked the puzzle (except for several hundred precocious children, a handful of mathematical geniuses and some adults who claim to have psychic powers). Those who have successfully solved the puzzle have since bonded together in a society known as the Order of the Rose. There is only one rule for this noble society and that is the rule of OMERTA – silence! – secrecy! No one may reveal the significance of the phrase "Petals around the rose".

I, personally, have seen old men and women driven to much drunk after many hours of trying to get the significance of the five, frustrating die and the cabalistic and oft-repeated phrase.

I have also since realized that, for those who tend to be introspective and like to "watch" their brain at work, this little puzzle an interesting but somewhat erstwhile, illustration of the rudiments of the scientific method in process.

Game description:

The HP-41 requests your name and gender (it's more chivalrous that sexist). It then proceeds to "roll: 5 dice across the display. You are to enter a guess for the number of "petals" around the rose".

After 10 incorrect guesses you will receive 1 hint.

After three successive correct guesses you will be declared a knight or lady of the Order of the Rose.

Program re-cycles, rolls dice anew and calls for new guess. Note that you don't need to press the R/S key after entering your guess value.

The program ends with a dubbing and announcement of number of guesses.

The unique feature of the program is the use of the ALPHA display to "show" the 5 dice as they are "rolled" by the HP-41C (a sort of "visual braille, so to speak):

	,			-	-			
	٠	•	••	•	•	•	•	•
•	•	• •	••	••	•	٠	٠	٠
1	2	3	4	5	5		φ	

If you can crack the code, the significance of the phrase "petals around the rose" should become less obscure. (Examining the "faces" of actial dice may also be of some help).

Example:

Input	Display	Comments
0, STO 10	Ø	
XEQ "PAR"	NAMEZ	
ED, R/S	SEX7 M/F	key in M or F
M	ROLL·	
	· · · · · ·	pseudo-dice
	827 24 (B (blinking display

calls for guess. Numbers are given in case you misread the pseudo-dice remember not to press RS !

24	SORRY, E1 THERE ARE 2	T 1 (5	
	ROLL	INE	<i>KUSE</i>
	: :: . ::	pseud	lo-dice
2	BEV 29919 SORRY, ED THERE ARE 2		
	PETRLS AROUNI Roll	тне	ROSE
	: ::: : .: PETRLS7 (3623)		
2	SORRY, EJ``	etc	

01*LBL "PETALS"	48 >" :"	95 PSE
02 13	49 FS?C 03	96 ,002
03 XROM "INIT"	50 >" .:"	97 STO 07
04,	51 FS?C 04	98 E
05 X<>F	52>" ::"	99 ST+ 06
06 "NAME?"	53 FS?C 05	100 RCL 06
07 AON	54 >" :::"	101 E1
08 PROMPT	55 FS?C 06	102 X=Y?
09 AOFF	56 >" :::"	103 XEQ 03
10 ASTO 08	57 AVIEW	104 GTO 00
11 ASHF	58 2	105*LBL 03
12 ASTO 09	59 /	106 "HINT:"
13 "SEX? M/F"	60 FRC	107 AVIEW
14 AVIEW	61 X=0?	108 PSE
15*LBL 08	62 GTO 02	109 "EVEN # <=20"
16 GETKEY	63 LASTX	110 AVIEW
17 34	64 ST+ X	111 PSE
18 X=Y?	65 E	112 RTN
19 GTO 09	66 -	113*LBL 04
20 13	67 ST+ 12	114 AVIEW
21 -	68*LBL 02	115 PSE
22 X#Y?	69 DSE 00	116 PSE
23 GTO 08	70 GTO 01	117 FC? 22
24 SF 00	71 PSE	118 GTO 04
25*LBL 09	72 CLA	119 RTN
26,002	73 CF 22	120*LBL 06
27 STO 07	74 "#=? "	121 ISG 07
28*LBL 00	75 ARCL 05	122 GTO 00
29 E	76 ARCL 04	123 "I DUB THEE, "
30 ST+ 11	77 ARCL 03	124 ARCL 08
31 "ROLL"	78 ARCL 02	125 ARCL 09
32 AVIEW	79 ARCL 01	126 AVIEW
33 CLA	80 XEQ 04	127 PSE
34 5	810	128 "A LADY"
35 STO 00	82 X<> 12	129 FS?C 00
36*LBL 01	83 "SORRY, "	130 "A KNIGHT"
37 RNG	84 ARCL 08	131 AVIEW
38 6	85 ARCL 09	132 BEEP
39 *	86 X=Y?	133 PSE
40 E	87 " RIGHT."	134 CLA
41 +	88 AVIEW	135 ARCL 11
42 INT	89 PSE	136 " GUESSES"
43 STO IND 00	90 X=Y?	137 AVIEW
44 SF IND X	91 GTO 06	138 FIX 3
45 FS?C 01	92 "#PETALS="	139 SF 29
46 >" ."	93 ARCL X	140 END
47 FS?C 02	94 AVIEW	

Snakes & Ladders

JM Baillard-<u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/snld.php</u>

Overview

You and the HP-41 are on square #0

The 2 players alternately roll 2 dice. (Flag F01 is set if it's your turn to play) If the dice are D1 D2, the player on square S moves forward on square S+D1+D2

The snakes and the ladders may appear at random on every square #S provided that $1\,<\,S\,<\,100$

When a snake appears, you move back. If a ladder appears, you move forward.

Ladders are long near square#1, short near square#99 Snakes are short near square#1, long near square#99

The winner is the first one who reaches (or exceeds) square#100

Example: 5, STO 00, XEQ "SNLD"

" 2 2 / 2 2 "	and flag F01 is set: it's your turn to play, press any key "
"04/00 3+/"	the dice are 3 & 1 so you move on square#04. Flag F01
	is cleared so the HP-41 roll the dice
"Ø4/07== 6÷("	the dice are 6 & 1 the HP-41 move on square#07
"SNAKE"	but there is a snake, the calculator moves back
"Ø4/Ø477 6÷("	on square #04
"LAJJER"	a ladder! HP-41 moves forward
"Ø4/(97 6+("	on square#19 and flag F01 is set again: you press a key
" (3/ (97 3+6"	the dice are 3 & 6 so you move on square#13

 \ldots and so forth \ldots

Notes:

The HP-41 displays "S1/S2 D1+D2" where S1 is your square, S2 is HP-41's square, D1+D2 are the 2 dice.

Actually, the game is completely determined by the seed you've stored in register R00 If you want to influence the chance, add FS? 01 ST+ 00 after line 16: the keys you'll press will modify the random numbers in register R00.

Do not store a number like PI in R00: the sequence of "random" numbers would be 0 0 0 0 \dots (or change the random number generator lines 94 to 97)

There is a snake if r > 0.8; where r is the content of register R00 There is a ladder if r < 0.8/6Change lines 59-62-63 if you prefer more (or less) snakes and/or ladders.

01*LBL "SNLD"	39 RCL 02
02 6	40 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
03 XROM "INIT"	41 >"0"
04 " 00/00"	42 ARCL 02
05 AVIEW	43 >" "
06 RNG	44 ARCL 03
07 STO 00	45 >"+"
08 CLX	46 ARCL 04
09 STO 01	47 AVIEW
10 STO 02	48 FS? 01
11 CF 01	49 RCL 01
12 XEQ 06	50 STO 05
13 4	51 99
14 X>Y?	52 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
15 SF 01	53 GTO 07
16*LBL 01	54 SIGN
17 FS? 01	55 X=Y?
18 GETKEY	56 GTO 03
19 XEQ 06	57 RCL 00
20 STO 03	58 R-D
21 XEQ 06	59 FRC
22 STO 04	60 STO 00
23 +	61.8
24*LBL 16	62 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
25 FS? 01	63 GTO 04
26 ST+ 01	64 6
27 FC? 01	65 /
28 ST+ 02	66 X>Y?
29 COS	67 GTO 05
30 COS	68*LBL 03
31 COS	69 FC?C 01
32 RCL 01	70 SF 01
33 E1	71 GTO 01
34 " "	72*LBL 04
35 X>Y?	73 RCL 05
36 >" <mark>0</mark> "	74 3
37 ARCL 01	75 /
38 >"/"	76 E

Sphynx for the HP-41

JM Baillard - <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/sphynx.php</u>

Overview

"Sphynx" is a number guessing game in which you have to find a mystery-number X After you've keyed in a guess N, the HP-41 displays "N / d" where d = the sum of the digits of | X - N |

For example, with N = 456789 and X = 259191, the HP-41 displays "456789 / 39" because | 259191 - 456789 | = 197598 and 1+9+7+5+9+8 = 39

Exception: if d = 0 (ie. if X = N), the calculator displays: "X // G" where G is the number of your guesses.

In the following program, X is always a 6-digit number. It uses ATOX, ALENG and the CX-Function GETKEYX

The program only stops when you've found the solution! After keying in your guess, press any key (for instance ENTER^) except the numeric keys, CHS and the decimal point.

Data Registers:	• R00 = r	(random numbers)		
	R01 = X	R02 = 0, 1, 2,, G		

Register R00 is to be initialized before executing "SPHYNX"

01 LBL "SPHYNX"	23 -	45 CLX
02 RCL 00	24 ABS	46 LBL 03
03 R-D	25 ARCL X	47 48
04 FRC	26 CLX	48 GETKEYX
05 STO 00	27 ALENG	49 X=0?
06 9 E5	28 CHS	50 GTO 01
07 *	29 48	51 X<>Y
08 INT	30 *	52 X<>L
09 E5	31 ENTER [^]	53 -
10 +	32 LBL 02	54 X<>Y
11 STO 01	33 STO Y	55 10
12 0	34 ATOX	56 *
13 STO 02	35 +	57 +
14 FIX 0	36 X#Y?	58 GTO 03
15 CF 29	37 GTO 02	59 LBL 04
16 LBL 01	38 " "	60 "~/"
17 X<>Z	39 ARCLZ	61 ARCL 02
18 ISG 02	40 "~/"	62 FIX 4
19 CLX	41 X=0?	63 SF 29
20 ENTER [^]	42 GTO 04	64 AVIEW
21 CLA	43 ARCL X	65 END
22 RCL 01	44 AVIEW	

NIM-41

Bob Laughton - Australian Tech Notes V6p11

Reviewed by Mark Power. DataFile V8N8p2 ; (December 1989)

Whilst perusing HP41 material taken from SWAP_07, I came across a program called "NIM41". After further investigation I found it to be an excellent implementation of that wellknown game. Without the need for any extension modules whatsoever, the author has produced a fast and efficient game which allows just about every conceivable option.

For those of you who don't know how to play NIM, the idea is to remove sticks or counters from a number of piles. Each player takes it in turn to remove any number from the pile. The winner is simply the player who takes the last stick. This is not as easy as it sounds.

A strategy exists to play the game "perfectly". That is, given a "winning" position from the outset, you can guarantee that you win. However, to ensure then NIM41 is played I shall not give any clues.

The features available in the program are:

- 1. You can play against the calculator, or against another opponent.
- 2. You may select who goes first
- 3. You may have 3, 4, or 5 piles of sticks
- 4. The piles may be automatically set up (with a maximum which you specify), or you may set up the piles manually to replay a previous game (in an attempt to beat the machine?)
- 5. All input follows prompts ending with a question mark, and terminated by pressing $\ensuremath{\mathsf{R/S}}$
- 6. Any errors in input are indicated as such by a message (either `ERROR" or `Y/N" as necessary). The message is shown for a short period and the prompt redisplayed.

To best describe operation of the program, I will go through a sample game:

Output	Keys Pressed	Comment
	XEQ "NIM"	needs SIZE 015
R.N. 56617	1, R/S	Random number seed
12 PLAYERS7	1, R/S	play against HP41
R FIRST?	Y, R/S	Me first (could be N)
3, 4, 5 PILE57	3, R/S	Simple game
RUTO SETUP?	Y, R/S	I'll do the work
MAX. SIZE7	9, R/S	Could do it manually
(: <u>5</u> : <u>3</u> : R		initial piles
	R/S	when ready to carry on
PILET	2, R/S	from middle pile
TRKEP	5, R/S	take 5 sticks
PILE 2:TAKE S		Summary of your move

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Output	Keys Pressed	Comment
0 : 0 : HP THINKING		HP41s state of piles Its turn now
PILE 3:TRKE 2 : 0 : R PILE7 TRKE7 PILE: TRKE 0 : : HP THINKING PILE 3:TRKE HP WINS	R/S 1, R/S 1, R/S	Its move When ready From pile 1 Take a stick Summary of your move HP41s state of piles Its going to win! Told you so!
RNOTHER7	N, R/S	

If you play a two-player game the program follows much the same path but rather than THINKING itself it prompts the other player. Similarly if you answer "N" to "A FIRST?", your opponent goes first.

For automatic setup you are prompted for the number of sticks in each pile. Typing "Y" at the "ANOTHER?" prompt takes you back to the initial prompts for another game.

Have fun playing the game (and trying to see how it works if you want). FOCAL programs don't come more clean than this one! Finally, many thanks to whoever wrote it - I think it is brilliant!

Ed's note: The program was written by Bob Laughton, published in the Australian "*Technical Notes*" *TN V6p11 issue*



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01*LBL "NIM"	49 /	97*LBL 18	146 FS? 10
02 SIZE?	50 STO 00	98 FC?C 05	147 GTO 08
03 15	51*LBL 04	99 SF 05	148 RCL 10
04 X>Y?	52 "AUTO SET	100 " B"	149 X<>Y
05 PSIZE	UP?"	101 FS? 01	150*LBL 19
06 RNG	53 XEQ 22	102 "HP"	151 BEEP
07 STO 13	54 FS? 10	103 FC? 05	152 "PILE:"
08*LBL 50	55 GTO 04	104 " <mark>A</mark> "	153 ARCL Y
09 CF 00	56 FS? 09	105 FS? 00	154 "` TAKE:"
10 CF 01	57 GTO 06	106 "HP"	155 ARCL X
11 CF 02	58 XEQ 23	107 ASTO 14	156 AVIEW
12 CF 03	59*LBL 05	108*LBL 08	157 PSE
13 CF 04	60 "PILE "	109 CLA	158 ST- IND Y
14 CF 29	61 ARCL 00	110 XEQ 23	159 XEQ 23
15 FIX 0	62 "`?"	111*LBL 09	160 0
16*LBL 01	63 CLST	112 9	161*LBL 10
17 <mark>"1, 2</mark>	64 PROMPT	113 RCL IND 00	162 RCL IND 00
PLAYERS?"	65 1	114 X<=Y?	163 +
18 CLST	66 ENTER^	115 "`"	164 ISG 00
19 PROMPT	67 99	116 ARCL X	165 GTO 10
20 0	68 XEQ 21	117 "`:"	166 X=0?
21 ENTER^	69 FS? 10	118 ISG 00	167 GTO 25
22 2	70 GTO 05	119 GTO 09	168 GTO 18
23 XEQ 21	71 STO IND 00	120 ARCL 14	169*LBL 00
24 FS? 10	72 ISG 00	121 AVIEW	170 PSE
25 GTO 01	73 GTO 05	122 "HP"	171 PSE
26 SF IND X	74 GTO 18	123 ASTO X	172 "THINKING"
27 FS? 00	75*LBL 06	124 RCL 14	173 AVIEW
28 GTO 03	76 "MAX. SIZE?"	125 X=Y?	174 XEQ 23
29 CF 05	77 CLST	126 GTO 00	175 6,9
30*LBL 02	78 PROMPT	127 STOP	176 STO 11
31 "A FIRST?"	79 E	128 "PILE?"	177*LBL 11
32 XEQ 22	80 ENTER^	129 CLST	178 RCL IND 00
33 FS? 10	81 99	130 PROMPT	179 STO IND 11
34 GTO 02	82 XEQ 21	131 E	180 ISG 11
35 CF 05	83 FS? 10	132 RCL 00	181 ISG 00
36 FS? 09	84 GTO 06	133 FRC	182 GTO 11
37 SF 05	85 STO 10	134 E3	183 CF 10
38*LBL 03	86 XEQ 23	135 *	184 0
39 "3, 4, 5 PILES?"	87*LBL 07	136 XEQ 21	185 STO 12
40 CLST	88 XEQ 24	137 FS? 10	186 64
41 PROMPT	89 RCL 10	138 GTO 08	187*LBL 12
42 3	90 *	139 STO 10	188 XEQ 20
43 ENTER^	91 E	140 "TAKE?"	189 LASTX
44 5	92 +	141 CLST	190 2
45 XEQ 21	93 INT	142 PROMPT	191 /
46 FS? 10	94 STO IND 00	143 E	192 INT
47 GTO 03	95 ISG 00	144 RCL IND 10	193 X#0?
48 E3	96 GTO 07	145 XEQ 21	194 GTO 12
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195 RCL 12	228 5,005	261 X<> Z	294 "Y/N"
196 X=0?	229 ST+ 00	262 ABS	295 AVIEW
197 GTO 13	230 CF 08	263 INT	296 PSE
198 RCL 11	231 CF 09	264 X <y?< td=""><td>297 RTN</td></y?<>	297 RTN
199 5	232*LBL 14	265 SF 10	298*LBL 23
200 -	233 RCL IND 00	266 RCL Z	299 RCL 00
201 X<>Y	234 LASTX	267 X<>Y	300 FRC
202 GTO 19	235 X>Y?	268 X>Y?	301 E
203*LBL 13	236 GTO 00	269 SF 10	302 +
204 XEQ 24	237 ST- IND 00	270 FC? 10	303 STO 00
205 RCL 00	238 FC?C 08	271 RTN	304 RTN
206 FRC	239 SF 08	272 "ERROR"	305*LBL 24
207 E3	240 RCL 00	273 AVIEW	306 RCL 13
208 *	241 FC? 10	274 PSE	307 997
209 *	242 STO 11	275 RTN	308 *
210 1	243 RCL 11	276*LBL 22	309 FRC
211 +	244 X=Y?	277 CF 09	310 STO 13
212 INT	245 SF 09	278 CF 10	311 RTN
213 RCL IND X	246*LBL 00	279 AON	312*LBL 25
214 X=0?	247 ISG 00	280 PROMPT	313 CLA
215 GTO 13	248 GTO 14	281 AOFF	314 ARCL 14
216 XEQ 24	249 5 E-3	282 ASTO X	315 "` WINS"
217 *	250 ST- 00	283 "Y"	316 AVIEW
218 ,8	251 FC? 08	284 ASTO Y	317 PSE
219 *	252 RTN	285 X=Y?	318 "ANOTHER?"
220 1	253 LASTX	286 SF 09	319 XEQ 22
221 +	254 SF 10	287 X=Y?	320 FS? 10
222 INT	255 FC? 09	288 RTN	321 GTO 25
223 GTO 19	256 CHS	289 "N"	322 FS? 09
224*LBL 20	257 ST+ 12	290 ASTO Y	323 GTO 50
225 XEQ 23	258 RTN	291 X=Y?	324 CLST
226 RDN	259*LBL 21	292 RTN	325 END
227 SIGN	260 CF 10	293 SF 10	

Craps

HP Co. – Games Pac



The calculator plays the part of a casino operator in the game of craps. The rules for craps are as follows :

- Place a bet.
- Roll 2 die: if they total 7 or 11 on the first roll, you win. If they total 2, 3 or 12 on the first roll, you lose. Any other total on the first roll becomes your " point."
- Continue rolling the die until you either roll your "point," (you win) or you roll a 7, (you lose).

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23 RDN	46 XROM "SIZE?"	69 CF 05
22 GTO 04	45 6	68 ST- 04
21 X=Y?	44*LBL "CRAPS"	67 RCL 05
20 7	43 GTO 06	66 XROM "P"
19 STO 02	42 SF 05	65 TONE 4
18 GTO 01	41 XROM "P"	64 "YOU LOSE"
17 FS? 05	40 ARCL Y	63*LBL 02
16 +	39 "POINT="	62 GTO 03
15 RCL 01	38 GTO 02	61 ST+ 04
14 XROM "P"	37 X=Y?	60 RCL 05
13 ARCL X	36 12	59 CF 05
12 AVIEW	35 RDN	58 XROM "P"
11 "` "	34 GTO 02	57 BEEP
10 XEQ 00	33 X=Y?	56 " YOU WIN"
09 ARCL X	32 3	55*LBL 04
08 " "	31 RDN	54 GTO 03
07 STO 01	30 GTO 02	53 STO 00
06 XEQ 00	29 X=Y?	52 XROM "INI"
05 AVIEW	28 2	51 SF 27
04 CF 21	27 RDN	50 CLRG
03 "` "	26 GTO 04	49 CF 05
02 " ROLLING "	25 X=Y?	48 PROMPT
01*LBLA	24 11	47 FC?C 25

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
70*LBL 03	84 ARCL 02	98 7
71 SF 29	85 XROM "P"	99 X=Y?
72 FIX 2	86 PSE	100 GTO 02
73 " PLACE BET"	87 GTO 06	101 GTO 06
74 PROMPT	88*LBL C	102*LBL 00
75 CF 29	89 <mark>"\$</mark> "	103 XROM "RNDM"
76 FIX 0	90 ARCL 04	104 6
77 STO 05	91 XROM "P"	105 *
78*LBL 06	92 GTO 03	106 1
79 "ROLL"	93*LBL 01	107 +
80 AVIEW	94 RCL 02	108 INT
81 STOP	95 X=Y?	109 END
82*LBL B	96 GTO 04	
83 "POINT="	97 RDN	

Craps, v2

Samuel & Spencer Hartman – PPCCJ V14N3 p27 (March 1987)

Updated version of "Craps" A Game, with some new text, a new listing and barcode added. Original article published last Issue, V14N2 pages 16 and 17.

Craps, or dice as it sometimes called is a game with simple rules but it has caused much woe in the land. The game is played by rolling two dice each of which has six sides. Dots numbering from 1 to 6 are printed on the sides. After a roll, the sums of the dots facing upwards are added; the total is called the "POINT". If on the first roll, the sum is 7 or 11, the player wins. If the sum is 2, (SNAKE-EYES) 3, (CRAPS) or 12, (BOX-CARS) the player loses.

If none of the above numbers appears, the player tries to make his POINT by making successive rolls. If a 7 is rolled before making the POINT, the player loses. The point must be rolled before rolling a 7 to win. Any number of rolls can be made until either a 7 or the point appears.

Bets are made on the expected outcome. The pay-off equals the amount or the bet as does the loss.

To run the program, XEQ "CRAPS" and answer prompt for "AUTO-PLAY Y/N?". If auto-play, press Y. If manual play is desired, press any other key.

Answer prompts for "TIME", "BEGINNING BANK AMOUNT" and "BET \$\$". Press R/S after each entry.

If in auto-play, the program will run until the bunk goes broke, or play is ended by R/S.

If manual play, the option of changing the bet amount is allowed. Key in the amount at the prompt for "BET SS".

Entering "TIME" insures a new set of random numbers for each start.

The bank automatically keeps tab of the winnings or losses. A message is printed when the amount reaches zero. "Bank - 0.00 "YOU'RE BROKE I " Then, "BGN BANK AMT" . Key in new bank amount, press R/S and continue the game.

Watch the display as the program searches for numbers other than 7, 11, 3, 2, or 12. These numbers are displayed and then printed representing successive rolls of the dice.

By SamueI.J. Hartman #12558 5954 Colfax Avenue Apt is N. Hollywood, CA 91681 Spencer J. Hartman #9541 2432 Stow Street Simi, CA 93063

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49 ACA	98 X=Y?	147 "SNAKE-EYES"
48 "BNK= "	97 7	146*LBL 07
47 FIX 2	96 X<>Y	145 GTO 03
46*LBL 02	95 GTO 03	144 "CRAPS"
45 GTO 03	94 X=Y?	143*LBL 06
44 STO 01	93 11	142 GTO 03
43 XEQ 11	92 STO 04	141 "BOX-CARS"
42 "BGN BNK AMT"	91 PRBUF	140*LBL 05
41 FIX 2	90 XEQ 13	139 GTO 09
40*LBL 01	89 ARCL X	138 BEEP
39 STO 00	88 ACX	137 BEEP
38 /	87 ACA	136 "YOU WIN!"
37 E1	86 "POINT IS "	135 CHS
36 XROM "MT"	85 ACA	134 RCL 03
35 ⁺	84 "YOUR "	133*LBL 03
34 YI		
32 HIVE		
	80 FS?C 19	129 KUL 04
		128 X<>Y
	/ð X <y?< td=""><td></td></y?<>	
2/ 1E3 29 ENT		125 / 126 V-V2
20 A=1 :	75 STU UZ 76 STO 02	124 AUA
25 INU 26 V-V2	74 F3 (13 75 STO 03	123 X<>1
24 JI 13 25 "NO"	73 AEQ II 74 ES2 10	122 ACA 172 V/SV
23 A-T: 24 SE 10	72 DET 22 73 XEO 11	121 ACI:
22 7 1	71 LDL 05 72 "RFT ¢¢"	120 L1 121 X-V2
22 71	71*I BL 03	120 F1
21 GTO 00	70 X<>Y	119 SF 21
20 X=0?	69 X>Y?	118 VIFW X
19 GETKEY	68 RCL 02	117 TONE 8
18 XEO 13	67 GTO 03	116 CF 21
17*LBL 00	66 FC? 20	115 XEO 10
16 "`.Y/N?"	65*LBL 03	114*LBL 04
15 ACA	64 GTO 01	113 " "
14 "AUTOPLAY"	63 SF 19	112 CF 29
13 CF 12	62 FS?C 20	111 GTO 07
12 ADV	61 ADV	110 X=Y?
11 FMT	60 PRA	109 2
10 ACA	59 "YOU'RE BROKE!"	108 X<>Y
09 SF 12	58 GTO 03	107 GTO 06
08 "CRAPS"	57 X#0?	106 X=Y?
07 ADV	56 ADV	105 3
06 PWRUP	55 " "	104 X<>Y
05 PWRDN	54 FC? 20	103 GTO 05
04 CF 20	53 XFO 13	102 X=Y?
03 CF 19	52 ARCL X	101 12

Program listing:

01*LBL "CRAPS"

02 CF 27

Users Manual

50 FMT

51 ACX

99 GTO 03

100 X<>Y

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
148*LBL 03	168 FMT	188 X=0?
149 "`!"	169 ADV	189 RDN
150 CF 21	170 ADV	190 FS? 20
151 AVIEW	171 ST- 01	191 GTO 03
152 SF 21	172 RCL 01	192 BEEP
153 ACA	173 GTO 02	193 PROMPT
154 FMT	174*LBL 10	194 X=0?
155*LBL 08	175 CLX	195 GTO 12
156 PRBUF	176 XROM "RN"	196 FC?C 22
157 RCL 03	177 11	197 GTO 12
158 "YOU LOSE"	178 *	198*LBL 03
159 TONE 8	179 2	199 ACX
160 TONE 8	180 +	200 ADV
161 TONE 6	181 INT	201 RTN
162*LBL 09	182 RTN	202*LBL 13
163 SF 29	183*LBL 11	203 CF 21
164 CF 21	184 ACA	204 TONE 8
165 AVIEW	185 FMT	205 AVIEW
166 SF 21	186 "`?"	206 SF 21
167 ACA	187*LBL 12	207 END

Gambler

Neil G. Jarman - DataFile V3N2 p20 ; (Mar/Apr 1983)

A game for any number of people, SIZE being set to 8+2*n (n = no. of players) if it isn't large enough already. Each player is given an initial Bank of \$100, and at each go the player types in his/her bet.

The '41 picks two numbers within a specified range, showing you (the player) only one of these. You must decide whether the second number is Higher or Lower. If you are correct, you can either stop or gamble. If you stop your winnings (twice your bet) are added to your Bank, and the '41 moves on to the next player. If you gamble, the range of the two numbers is changed (an extra \$10 for each gamble), and you repeat the guessing process. If you lose a guess, the '41 moves on to the next player. A Bank statement is issued before and after each player plays. If everyone is out, the '41 will cycle until stopped manually.

NOTES

- i) remember names max 6 chrs...
- ii) don't bet more than your Bank.
- iii) as the only likely place to stop play is at the "FRED, BET ?" prompt, you can get back here by XEQ 01.

Happy gambling!

Neil G. Jarman (43M – 11052)

01*LBL "GAMBLR"	22 /	43 GTO 00
02 FIX 0	23 8	44 AOFF
03 CF 05	24 +	45 RCL IND 01
04 CF 06	25 STO 01	46 STO 03
05 SF 28	26 STO 02	47 1
06 CF 29	27 AON	48 ST+ 01
07 "#PLAYERS=?"	28 1	49*LBL 01
08 E	29*LBL 00	50 RCL IND 01
09 PROMPT	30 "PLAYER "	51 CLA
10 X=Y?	31 FC? 06	52 ARCL 03
11 SF 06	32 ARCL X	53 "`, BET=?"
12 ST+ X	33 "` ?"	54 PROMPT
13 8	34 STOP	55 X<=Y?
14 +	35 ASTO IND Y	56 GTO 02
15 SIZE?	36 ISG Y	57 "NO CREDIT"
16 X<>Y	37 E1	58 AVIEW
17 X>Y?	38 STO IND Z	59 PSE
18 PSIZE	39 RDN	60 GTO 01
19 E	40 E	61*LBL 02
20 -	41 +	62 STO 04
21 E3	42 ISG Y	63 ST- IND 01

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
64.0	104 "NO"	
	104 NO 105 XEO 12	
65 STU 05	105 XEQ 13	
66*LBL 03	106 0	146 510 00
67 XEQ 12	107 510 04	147 * 440 INIT
68*LBL 04	108*LBL 06	148 IN I
69 RCL 05	109 RCL 04	149 1
70 XEQ 11	110 ST+ IND 01	150 +
71 STO 06	111 XEQ 08	151 RTN
72 RCL 05	112*LBL 07	152*LBL 12
73 XEQ 11	113 PSE	153 10
74 X=Y?	114 ISG 01	154 ST+ 05
75 GTO 04	115 X<0?	155 "RANGE: 1 , "
76 STO 07	116 XEQ 09	156 ARCL 05
77 CLA	117 RCL IND 01	157 AVIEW
78 ARCL 06	118 STO 03	158 RTN
79 "`? (H/L)"	119 ISG 01	159*LBL 13
80 AVIEW	120 RCL IND 01	160 "`, I CHOSE "
81 23	121 X<=0?	161 ARCL 07
82 33	122 GTO 10	162 AVIEW
83 XEQ 14	123 FC? 06	163 PSE
84 RCL 06	124 XEQ 08	164 RTN
85 RCL 07	125 GTO 01	165*LBL 14
86 -	126*LBL 08	166 GETKEY
87 FS?C 05	127 CLA	167 X#0?
88 CHS	128 ARCL 03	168 GTO 15
89 X<0?	129 "`'S BANK IS \$"	169 RDN
90 GTO 05	130 ARCL IND 01	170 GTO 14
91 2	131 AVIEW	171*LBL 15
92 ST* 04	132 RTN	172 X=Y?
93 "YES"	133*IBL 09	173 RTN
94 XFO 13	134 RCL 02	174 X<>Y
95 "GAMBLE (Y/N)"	135 STO 01	175 RDN
96 AVIEW	136 RTN	176 X=Y?
97 71	137*IBI 10	177 SE 05
98.41	138 CLA	178 X=Y?
99 XEO 14	139 ARCI 03	179 BTN
100 FS2C 05		180 CLX
101 GTO 03	1/1 0	
102 GTO 06		192 GTO 14
		102 CI O 14 102 END

Catch the Goufers

Thomas Fange – PPCCJ V8N6 p44 (Aug/Dec 1981)

Goufers are small, disagreeable furious, fluffy, ugly animals. They live in a 9 room cave (see diagram below). Your mission is to kill all goufers. You have 10 shots, The goufers position will be shown to you in the form of a quick R-C-N prompt, with R being the ROW, C being the column, and N being the number of goufers remaining.



When this is shown, you have about 1 second during a pause to enter the right key to soot the goufer. When you shoot (or if you are too slow and don't get to shoot), a message will scroll around the screen indicating whether you got the goufer or missed him. At the end, you will be told how many you killed. Short but fun, Let the hunt begin!

Operating Limits and Warnings:

Don't touch the animals: they bite.

The program material contain herein is supplied without representation or warranty of any kind. The author therefore assumes no responsibility, and shall have no liability if the user of the program is bitten by a goufer of any kind, or gets hurt in one or another way using this program material or any part thereof.

THOMAS FANGE [17397) PPC-GOTHENBURG STORANGSGATAN 24 S-413 19 GOTEBORG SWEDEN

Program listing:

<see next page>

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
01*LBL "GOUF"	319	61 FRC
02 9	32 +	62 STO 00
03 XROM "INIT"	33 INT	63 RTN
04 CF 21	34 STO 03	64*LBL 01
05 SF 27	35*LBL 10	65 " <mark>1-1</mark> "
06 RNG	36 DSE 03	66 RTN
07 STO 00	37 GTO 10	67*LBL 02
08*LBL A	38 AVIEW	68 "1-2"
09 E1	39 PSE	69 RTN
10 STO 01	40 RCL 02	70*LBL 03
11 CLX	41 X#Y?	71 "1-3"
12 STO 04	42 GTO 11	72 RTN
13 ""	43 "GOT HIM"	73*LBL 04
14*LBL 13	44 E	74 "2-1"
15 SF 25	45 ST+ 04	75 RTN
16 AVIEW	46 GTO 12	76*LBL 05
17 SF 99	47*LBL 11	77 "2-2"
18 XEQ 00	48 "MISSED"	78 RTN
19 9	49*LBL 12	79*LBL 06
20 *	50 DSE 01	80 "2-3"
21 E	51 GTO 13	81 RTN
22 +	52 AVIEW	82*LBL 07
23 INT	53 PSE	83 "3-1"
24 STO 02	54 "GOT "	84 RTN
25 XEQ IND 02	55 ARCL 04	85*LBL 08
26 >"-L:"	56 PROMPT	86 "3-2"
27 ARCL 01	57*LBL 00	87 RTN
28 XEQ 00	58 RCL 00	88*LBL 09
29 37	59 997	89 "3-3"

60 *

30 *

90 END

XOR Game

Dejan Ristanovic - DataFileV2N1 p18 ; (Jan/Feb 1983)

а		от ХО—	a /	AND &)	a b	0R +	<u>)</u>	a b	XOF	· / ·
	а	У	a	b	У	а	b	У	а	b	У
	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1
			1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1
			1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0

First of all, you must be familiar with the logic functions of: .OR. & .XOR.

THE GAME

The goal of the game is to score five points before the HP-4I does the same. To score a point, you must reach a 1111 combination. You will start with a 0000 combination. The machine will offer you a number - which you may take or reject. If you take the number, it will be summed (or rather XOR'ed) with the number that you already have, bit by bit. For example; let's say that you have 1011 The machine offers you 0110 - which you do decide to accept. Your new number is now 1101. If you reject the offered number, then the machine will take this number. It will be summed with that that the machine already has, BUT, by using the .OR. function instead of "XOR. So, as you can see the machine has an advantage (it cannot lose bits once scored) but you have the advantage of having a choice.

It is very simple to use the program. Enter any seed between 0 and 1 and then XEQ "XOR". The 41 will display the number on offer. If you want to accept, just press any number key during the next 2 seconds (it's quite short so you have to think very fast). The 41 will then display NNNN PLAYER - where NNNN is the number that you as the PLAYER have currently. If you decide not to take the number on offer, then DO NOTHING. The machine will then display NNNN HP41C - this being the number that the 41 now has.

Once you manage to score a point against the machine, the display will show POINT PLAYER - and should the machine score a point then POINT HP41C is displayed. After five points are scored, the name of the winner is displayed in the same way.

To restart the game" just enter a new seed and XEQ "XOR". You will find the game quite hard to win. To do so, you must think and react as fast as possible - PLUS, of course have some good luck on your side. Have fun,

Dejan Ristanovic, Belgrade 15.7.82

	_	
<u>01*LBL "XOR"</u>	41 FS? 22	81*LBL 11
02 CLRG	42 "PLAYER"	82 RCL 05
03 STO 09	43 ASTO 08	83 4
04 5	44 14	84 -
05 STO 10	45 FC? 22	85 DSE IND X
06 STO 15	46 19	86 GTO 13
07*LBL 01	47 STO 00	87 "WINNER "
08 4	48 STO 05	88 ARCL 08
09 STO 00	49 4	89 AVIEW
10 RCL 09	50 STO 06	90 STOP
11 PI	51*LBL 04	91*LBL 13
12 +	52 2	92 "POINT"
13 ENTER^	53 RCL IND 06	93 E3
14 X^2	54 RCL IND 00	94 /
15 *	55 +	95 RCL 05
16 FRC	56 X#Y?	96 +
17 STO 09	57 GTO 05	97 STO 00
18 FIX 0	58 E	98.
19 16	59 FS? 22	99*LBL 14
20 *	60.	100 STO IND 00
21 INT	61*LBL 05	101 DSE 00
22*LBL 02	62 STO IND 00	102 GTO 14
23 2	63 E	103 GTO 12
24 /	64 ST- 00	104*LBL 99
25 ENTER^	65 DSE 06	105 CLA
26 FRC	66 GTO 04	106 ENTER^
27 2	67 RCL 05	107 ENTER^
28 *	68 XEQ 99	108 4
29 STO IND 00	69 ASTO Y	109 -
30 RDN	70 "1111"	110 E3
31 INT	71 ASTO X	111 /
32 DSE 00	72 X=Y?	112 +
33 GTO 02	73 GTO 11	113 STO 07
34 4	74 CLA	114*LBL 98
35 XEQ 99	75 ARCL Y	115 ARCL IND 07
36 CF 22	76*LBL 12	116 DSE 07
37 AVIEW	77 "` "	117 GTO 98
38 PSE	78 ARCL 08	118 END
39 PSE	79 AVIEW	
40 "HP41C"	80 GTO 01	

Lunar Lander

Mark Gessner - PPCCJ V12N3 p26 ; (March 1985)

You are the pilot of the Lunar Excursion Module on a descent to the surface of the moon. You have a limited store of fuel, and you must decide how much fuel to burn based on information about your vertical velocity, and your altitude above the surface. The objective is to land the craft without inflicting serious damage to either the module or the crew. Mission control in Houston has guided your craft to a position directly over the place where you need to land, and they are leaving the rest up to you.

There are two ways to play this game. Option one is the beginner's mode, and will give you more time to see ship status, such as velocity, height, and fuel remaining. To start this beginner mode, XEQ "LOONER" and enter a number 1 at the "^1 BEGINNER" prompt. You will see two number display simultaneously. The left-hand number is your vertical velocity. If it is negative, you're travelling downward. The right-hand number is your altitude. Try to bring both values to zero at the same time, by supplying the proper amount of fuel when asked to do so by the on-board computer.

When you become good at the beginner game, XEQ "LOONER" and press R/S at the "^BEGINNER" prompt or simply XEQ "LL". You will have a three-number display, which is identical in meaning to the two-number display described above. Except that the fuel remaining is now displayed along with your velocity and height. This mode permits faster playing of the game.

Global key [A] will restart the landing if you should run into trouble, so long as it is pressed before the 'CRASHED" or "EXCELLENT..." processing is completed; this is an option the APOLLO astronauts wished for, no doubt.

The original form of this game was written by Shawn D. Johnson, a non-PPC member who also wrote the original TARG game. The beginner/advanced display routines were written by Pail G. Mitchell (7497), and I have made countless trivial changes to it over the course of the last year.

Mark D. Gessner (11922) 401 Stasney 107 College Station, TX 77840 USA

Program listing:

<See next page.>



Retro Games for the HP-41		Users Manual	A Compendium Collection	
01*LBL "LOONER"	53 STO 01	105.	157 TONE 0	
02 CF 22	54 CLA	106 "FUEL? "	158 "CRASHED"	
03 "^1 BEGINNER"	55 ARCL 01	107 ARCL 02	159 AVIEW	
04 PROMPT	56 "" "	108*LBL 12	160 PSE	
05 FS?C 22	57 FS? 02	109 CLST	161 "VEL= "	
06 SF 02	58 GTO 13	110 PROMPT	162 ARCL 07	
07*LBL A	59 RCL 00	111 ABS	163 AVIEW	
08*LBL 00	60 99	112 RND	164 PSE	
09 CF 08	61 X <y?< td=""><td>113 RCL 02</td><td>165 5 E1</td></y?<>	113 RCL 02	165 5 E1	
10 FIX 0	62 FIX 0	114 X<>Y	166 RCL 07	
11 2	63*LBL 13	115 X>Y?	167 ABS	
12 STO 04	64 ARCL 00	116 GTO 05	168 +	
13 -5	65 FS? 02	117 ST- 02	169 CHS	
14 STO 05	66 GTO 11	118 RCL 04	170 ST+ 10	
15 RCL 10	67 "`"	119 *	171 CLA	
16 SIN	68 FIX 1	120 RCL 05	172 FIX 0	
175	69 12	121 +	173 " "	
18 /	70 ALENG	122 STO 03	174 ARCL X	
19 ST+ 05	71 X <y?< td=""><td>123.5</td><td>175 "` PTS"</td></y?<>	123.5	175 "` PTS"	
20 2	72 SF 01	124 *	176 AVIEW	
21/	73 FS? 01	125 RCL 07	177 PSE	
22 ST+ 04	74 ARCL 02	126 +	178 GTO 10	
23 E	75 FS?C 01	127 ST+ 06	179*LBL 03	
24 ST+ 11	76 GTO 12	128 RCL 06	180 RCL 03	
25 RCL 10	77 FIX 0	129 INT	181 ST+ 07	
26 SIN	78 11	130 X>0?	182 GTO 01	
27 E^X	79 X=Y?	131 GTO 03	183*LBL 04	
28 2 E2	80 SF 01	132 X<0?	184 RCL 03	
29 *	81 FS? 01	133 GTO 07	185 .5	
30 5 E1	82 ARCL 02	134 RCL 03	186 *	
31 +	83 FS?C 01	135 ST+ 07	187 RCL 07	
32 STO 06	84 GTO 12	136 RCL 07	188 +	
33 FIX 4	85 RCL 02	137 X>0?	189 ST+ 06	
34 .85	86 E2	138 GTO 01	190 RTN	
35 Y^X	87 X<=Y?	139*LBL 02	191*LBL 05	
36 CHS	88 SF 01	140 RCL 07	192 TONE 1	
37 STO 07	89 FS? 01	141 -5	193 TONE 1	
38 CHS	90 -	142 X<=Y?	194 TONE 1	
39 SQRT	91 FS? 01	143 GTO 09	195 TONE 0	
40 12.5	92 "`:"	144 RCL 07	196 TONE 0	
41 *	93 FC?C 01	145 - E1	197 "OUT OF	
42 3 E1	94 RDN	146 X<=Y?	FUEL"	
43 -	95 9	147 GTO 08	198 AVIEW	
44 INT	96 X<>Y	148 TONE 9	199 PSE	
45 STO 02	97 X<=Y?	149 TONE 8	200 RCL 02	
46*LBL 01	98 "`0"	150 TONE 7	201 RCL 04	
47 FIX 1	99 ARCL X	151 TONE 6	202 *	
48 RCL 06	100 GTO 12	152 TONE 5	203 RCL 05	
49 RND	101*LBL 11	153 TONE 4	204 +	
50 STO 00	102 AVIEW	154 TONE 3	205 STO 03	
51 RCL 07	103 PSE	155 TONE 2	206 XEQ 04	
52 RND	104 PSE	156 TONE 1	207 RCL 06	
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Retro Games for the HP-41		Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
208 X<0?	246 -	283 ST- 10	320 "SOFT
209 GTO 07	247 SQRT	284 "-20 PTS"	LANDING"
210 RCL 01	248 CHS	285 AVIEW	321 AVIEW
211 X>Y?	249 STO 07	286 PSE	322 PSE
212 GTO 06	250 GTO 02	287 GTO 10	323 "VELOCITY: "
213 RCL 03	251*LBL 07	288*LBL 09	324 ARCL 07
214 ST+ 07	252 RCL 01	289 TONE 1	325 AVIEW
215 RCL 07	253 X^2	290 TONE 3	326 PSE
216 X^2	254 RCL 00	291 TONE 4	327 "BONUS:"
2175	255 RCL 03	292 TONE 5	328 AVIEW
218 *	256 *	293 TONE 7	329 PSE
219 RCL 05	257 2	294 TONE 9	330 50
220 /	258 *	295 "EXCELLENT,"	331 RCL 07
221 ST+ 06	259 -	296 AVIEW	332 30
222 "HT= "	260 SQRT	297 PSE	333 *
223 ARCL 06	261 CHS	298 " CAPTAIN!"	334 +
224 "` FT"	262 STO 07	299 AVIEW	335 ST+ 10
225 AVIEW	263 GTO 02	300 PSE	336 FIX 0
226 PSE	264*LBL 08	301 RCL 02	337 +
227 RCL 06	265 TONE 9	302 3	338 ARCL X
228 -2	266 TONE 0	303 *	339 ALENG
229 *	267 TONE 9	304 5 E1	340 9
230 RCL 05	268 TONE 0	305 +	341 X<=Y?
231 *	269 TONE 9	306 STO 10	342 "` PTS"
232 SQRT	270 TONE 0	307 +	343 AVIEW
233 CHS	271 TONE 9	308 CLA	344 PSE
234 STO 07	272 TONE 0	309 ARCL X	345*LBL 10
235 GTO 02	273 TONE 0	310 "` PTS"	346 FIX 0
236*LBL 06	274 TONE 0	311 AVIEW	347 "SCORE= "
237 RCL 03	275 "HEAVY	312 PSE	348 ARCL 10
238 ST+ 07	DAMAGE"	313 FIX 1	349 AVIEW
239 RCL 07	276 AVIEW	314 RCL 07	350 CLA
240 X^2	277 PSE	315 ABS	351 STOP
241 RCL 06	278 "VEL= "	316 1.1	352 GTO 00
242 RCL 05	279 ARCL 07	317 X>Y?	<u>353*LBL "LL"</u>
243 *	280 AVIEW	318 GTO 10	354 CLRG
244 2	281 PSE	319 TONE 9	355 GTO 00
245 *	282 2 E2		356 END

Planet Lander for the HP-41C/CV/CX

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Overview

The object here is to perform a vertical descent ending in soft landing on the planet of your choosing. You select the planet before you begin by specifying the acceleration of gravity in feet per second per second. Some values are given below:

Body	g(f/s²)
Earth	32.2
Moon	5.32
Mars	12.3
Ganymede	5.25
Pluto	7.25
Icarus (asteroid)	0.394

For interest, zero and negative values of g are allowed. The fuel allocated, as calculated from g, is more than adequate for a minimum use landing. At least twice as much fuel as needed is given. Although it takes longer to calculate, 3 seconds is the time your burn is stretched over. You can only key a burn in during the zero of each three second count down.

Note that if zero or negative g is selected and you run out of fuel, you may not impact. In this case you will see "DEEP SPACE. . ." instead of the normal "VF=" for final velocity.

Instructions

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Key in gravity.	g(f/s²)	[XEQ] GRAVITY	G=
3				FUEL=
				*V=
				A=
				THREE
				TWO
				ONE
				ZERO
Ánge	Ángel M. Martin P a g e 101 June 2019			

4	You have one second during the "ZERO" prompt to key in a fuel burn.	burn		
5	Go to 3 for next status.			
6	For a new game with the same g go to step 3.		[A]	G=
7	For a new game with a different g go to step 2.			
*	When you see "VF= ", this is your landing or crash velocity.			

Example

Try a landing on the moon ($g = 5.32 \text{ f/s}^2$).

Display:
~
G=5.32
FUEL=5456
V=-500 F/S
A=5000 V
THREE
TWO
ONE
ZERO
nothing)
FUEL=5456
V=-516 F/S
V- JIO F/S
A-3470 P
THREE
TWO
ONE
ZERO
FUEL=5436
V=-512 F/S
A=1 934 F
THREE
ТWО
ONE

Program listing:

<See next page.>

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
01 LBL "GRAVITY"	54 "TWO"	107 RCL 04
02 SF 27	55 AVIEW	108 *
03 STO 01	56 PSE	109 RCL 02
04 ABS	57 "ONE"	110 +
05 800	58 AVIEW	111 X<> 02
06 *	59 PSE	112 RCL 00
07 1200	60 CLX	113 X^2
08 +	61 "ZERO"	114 RCL 04
09 STO 05	62 AVIEW	115 *
10 LBL A	63 PSE	116 2
11 5000	64 CLD	117 /
12 STO 06	65 STO 00	118 X<>Y
13 -500	66 ABS	119 RCL 00
14 STO 02	67 RCL 03	120 *
15 RCL 05	68 X>Y?	121 +
16 STO 03	69 RDN	122 ST+ 06
17 "G="	70 ST- 03	123 GTO 09
18 FIX 02	71 RCL 00	124 LBL 02
19 CF 29	72 SIGN	125 "DEEP SPACE"
20 ARCL 01	73 *	126 RCL 01
21 AVIEW	74 3	127 X#0?
22 PSE	75 /	128 GTO 03
23 FIX 00	76 RCL 01	129 0
24 I.BL 09	77 -	130 STO 06
25 "FUEL="	78 STO 04	131 RCL 02
26 ARCL 03	79 RCL 06	132 X<0?
27 AVIEW	80 *	133 GTO 09
28 PSE	81 2	1.34 PROMPT
29 RCL 02	82 *	135 T.BT. 03
30 RND	83 BCL 02	136 RCL 01
31 RCL 0.6	84 X^2	137 RCL 06
32 5	85 X<>Y	138 *
32 · 3 33 "V"	86 -	139 2
34 X>V?	87 SF 00	140 *
35 "+F"	88 X<02	141 RCL 02
36 "F="	89 GTO 01	142 X^2
37 ARCL Z	90 SOBT	143 +
38 "F F/S"	91 BCL 02	144 X<0?
39 AVTEW	92 +	145 PROMPT
40 PSE	93 CHS	146 SORT
41 X>Y?	94 BCI. 04	147 RCL 02
42 RTN	95 X = 02	148 +
43 "A="	96 GTO 01	149 RCI. 01
44 ARCI. 06	97 CF 00	150 /
45 "F F"	98 /	151 X<0?
46 AVIEW	99 3	152 PROMPT
47 PSE	100 X<>Y	153 RCL 01
48 RCI. 03	101 X>Y?	154 *
49 X=02	102 RDN	155 ST- 02
50 GTO 02	103 I.BT. 01	156 0
50 GIO 02 51 "THDEE "	107 ES2C 00	157 STA 06
51 IIIREE 52 AVITEW	105 3	158 CTO 00
52 AVILIN 53 DQF	106 STO 00	159 END
JJ EDE	100 210 00	

Orbital Lander for the HP-41C/CV/CX

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Overview

This program simulates a Lunar Excursion Module in orbit 100 km above the surface of the moon. The object is to execute a soft landing (velocity less than 5m/sec, at an angle not more than 5° from vertical) given a limited supply of fuel. On each move, you have the option of either free-falling for a specified period of time, or applying a specified thrust during a specified time period. Thrust is calculated and applied from your input of change in velocity over a given amount of time in a given direction from 0° to +/-180°. Your velocity will not actually change by this amount, of course, since gravity is also acting.

You are not allowed to apply a thrust of greater than 7 Gees (69m/sec/sec of time period). If you run out of fuel, your thrust will be reduced to the fuel supply on hand. Thereafter, any thrust value you provide will be automatically changed to zero. When you pass zero altitude (i.e., land or crash), the program will calculate and display your velocity at impact. (Note to skilled pilots: try also to land at 0° longitude.)

Because the orbital equations are time-independent, the program has to convert the desired "delta-t" into a variable the equations can work with. This conversion process is not completely accurate, but the only error it introduces is that the actual duration of the jump may be slightly different from the one you specify. No positional error is introduced--you will still be on exactly the correct orbit--but you will find yourself at a slightly different point along that orbit.

For example, a 2000 second jump along the initial orbit will take you almost a third of the way around the moon, but the conversion approximation will be about 10 percent shorter than an actual 2000 second jump.

Variable Conventions:

Angle of Velocity $\sqrt{4}$



Important: The altitude (A) is from the surface of the moon, not the center.

The angle of velocity (V**L**) is given from horizontal, with 0° being forward and 90° straight up. Thrust angles also follow V**L** conventions. 180° is a retrofire.

Note: Requires 1 Memory Module on HP-41C

Instructions

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize		[XEQ] ORBIT	
3	*Mission status: altitude			A=
	longitude		[R/S]	<)=
	velocity		[R/S]	V=
	angle of flight		[R/S]	V<)=
	fuel remaining		[R/S]	F=
4	To free fall: key in number of seconds. Go to step 3 for outputs.	n	[A]	
	Go to step 3 for outputs.			
5	To fire rockets: key in total change in V	dV(m/s)	[ENTER]	
	key in angle of thrust	θ (deg)	[ENTER]	
	key in number of seconds for total burn	n (sec)	[B]	
	Go to step 3 for outputs.			

	When A=0.00, you are down.		
*	Continuing [R/S]will repeat status.		

Example

Keystrokes: Display: [XEQ] [ALPHA] SIZE [ALPHA] 015 [XEQ] [ALPHA] A=100000.00 M (altitude) ORBIT [ALPHA] [R/S] <)=0.00 (longitude) V=1631.77 M/S (velocity) [R/S] V<)=0.00 [R/S] (angle from horizontal) [R/S] F=2,000.00 (fuel) 1000 [A] A=99,957.06 M [R/S] <) = 55.65 [R/S] V=1,631.80 M/S [R/S] V <) = 0.00F=2,000.00 [R/S] For 10 seconds apply 7 gravities as retrofire 69 [ENTER] 10 [X] 180 [ENTER] 10 [B] A=99,908.77 M [R/S] <)=55.95 V=941.88 M/S [R/S] V<)=-0.59 [R/S] F=1,310.00 [R/S] 200 [A] A=78,392.28 M [R/S] <)=61.89 V=974.77 M/S [R/S]V<)=-12.14 [R/S]F=1,310.00 [R/S]. . . .

Program listing:

01 LBL "ORBIT"	15 0	31 ST+ 05	47 RCL 01
02 SF 27	16 GTO 01	32 RCL 05	48 /
03 CLRG	17 LBL B	33 9	49 -
04 CF 05	18 STO 12	34 X>Y?	50 STO 06
05 2000	19 69	35 GTO 21	51 RCL 01
06 STO 00	20 *	36 R^	52 RCL 05
07 1839000	21 R^	37 ST+ 04	53 *
08 STO 01	22 RCL 00	38 LBL 01	54 STO 07
09 4.89663	23 X<=Y?	39 RCL 04	55 X^2
E12	24 X<>Y	40 X^2	56 RCL 03
10 STO 03	25 RDN	41 RCL 05	57 /
11	26 X<=Y?	42 X^2	58 STO 08
1631.765625	27 X<>Y	43 +	59 *
12 STO 05	28 RDN	44 2	60 2
13 1739000	29 ST- 00	45 /	61 *
14 STO 11	30 P-R	46 RCL 03	62 RCL 03

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Retro Games for the HP-4	11	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
63 /	113 X<>Y	163 RCL 13	212 /
64 1	114 -	164 P-R	213 CHS
65 +	115 RCL 12	165 STO 05	214 RCL 05
66 SQRT	116 *	166 RDN	215 +
67 STO 09	117 RCL 01	167 STO 04	216 RCL 12
68 RCL 08	118 +	168 RCL 01	217 *
69 RCL 01	119 R-P	169 RCL 11	218 X<>Y
70 /	120 RDN	170 -	219 RCL 03
71 1	121 ST+ 02	171 X<0?	220 RCL 01
72 -	122 RCL 08	172 GTO 22	221 X^2
73 RCL 09	123 RCL 09	173 LBL 10	222 /
74 /	124 RCL 02	174 FIX 02	223 RCL 12
75 FIX 07	125 RCL 10	175 ADV	224 *
76 RND	126 -	176 "A="	225 -
77 ACOS	127 COS	177 RCL 01	226 ST+ 04
78 RCL 04	128 *	178 RCL 11	227 2
79 RCL 05	129 1	179 -	228 /
80 *	130 +	180 X<0?	229 CHS
81 X>0?	131 /	181 CLX	230 RCL 04
82 SF 05	132 STO 01	182 ARCL X	231 +
83 RDN	133 RCL 03	183 " h M"	232 RCL 12
84 FS?C 05	134 X<>Y	184 AVIEW	233 *
85 CHS	135 /	185 STOP	234 RCL 01
86 RCL 02	136 RCL 06	186 "<)="	235 +
87 +	137 +	;"\0D="	236 R-P
88 360	138 2	187 RCL 02	237 STO 01
89 MOD	139 *	188 1	238 X<>Y
90 STO 10	140 SQRT	189 P-R	239 ST+ 02
91 RCL 12	141 STO 13	190 R-P	240 LBL 00
92 LBL A	142 RCL 01	191 ARCL Y	241 RCL 04
93 STO 12	143 *	192 AVIEW	242 RCL 05
94 0	144 RCL 07	193 STOP	243 R-P
95 ENTER	145 X<>Y	194 "V="	244 STO 13
96 ENTER	146 /	195 ARCL 13	245 X<>Y
97 RCL 05	147 FIX 07	196 "H M/S"	246 GTO 20
98 9	148 RND	197 AVIEW	247 LBL 22
99 X>Y?	149 ACOS	198 STOP	248 ST- 01
100 GTO 21	150 RCL 07	199 "V<)="	249 3
101 RDN	151 RCL 02	200 ARCL 14	250 *
102 RCL 12	152 RCL 10	201 AVIEW	251 RCL 04
103 *	153 -	202 STOP	252 X^2
104 RCL 03	154 SIN	203 "F="	253 +
105 RCL 01	155 *	204 ARCL 00	254 ABS
106 X^2	156 X<0?	205 AVIEW	255 SQRT
107 /	157 SF 05	206 STOP	256 CHS
108 RCL 12	158 RDN	207 GTO 10	257 STO 04
109 *	159 FS?C 05	208 LBL 21	258 GTO 00
110 2	160 CHS	209 RDN	259 END
111 /	161 LBL 20	210 RDN	
112 RCL 04	162 STO 14	211 2	

Planet Lander v2

Mark Gesner- PPCCJ V11N9 p39 ; (Nov/Dec 1984)

This game allows you to land on a planet of your choice, in a planetery lander craft of your own imagining. The program was written mostly by the firned of an old college roomate, so I don't have any comments on the individual program lines, except lines 03 and 06, which are not designed to be AVIEWed, but are only comment lines. This was the first time I had ever seen ALPHA strings used as in-program comment lines. I like the idea, so long as space is plentiful

Firing diagram: Rocket at H

A boost boost here S or υ Makes or V More more negative positive 6 + 3 boost here makes velocity U more positive. U (-) pad at S=0. H=0 (+5) U=Vertical Velocity, H=Height above surface V=Horizontal Velocity S=Horizontal postion

Use the firing diagram to interpret the nformation the computer gives you. Send fuel to the appropriate booster rockets to adjust position, velocity and height. When you get sick of landing on the moon, change the value of gravity in line 07 to suit your interplanetary tastes. The fuel factor in line 04 determines the potency of the fuel mixture in your tanks. When you develop expertise in landing on different planets, try some weaker or stronger fuel. The higher the fuel factor, the more potent the mix.

I would like to see other PPC lander games. This one is pretty basic but the program is badly in need of streamlining. The time module should be employed to make a real-time simulator. Is there anyone out there who has a game which simulates the APOLLO missions precisely? That would be fun.

Happy landing!

Mark D. Gessner (11922) 401 Stashey 107 College Station, TX 77840 USA
01 LBL "LANDER"	51 170	101 " ^"	151 RCL 08
02 CF 27	52 +	102 PROMPT	152 ST+ 17
03 "FUEL FACTOR:"	53 INT	103 STO 42	153 RCL 07
04 3	54 STO 02	104 CLX	154 X>0?
05 STO 04	55 GTO 01	105 " <"	155 GTO 01
06 "GRAVITY:"	56 LBL 27	106 PROMPT	156 LBL 10
07 -5.3667	57 E	107 STO 43	157 RCL 16
08 STO 05	58 STO 48	108 RCL 42	158 ABS
09 "PLAYER?"	59 RTN	109 +	159 5
10 PROMPT	60 LBL 01	110 RCL 41	160 X<>Y
11 20	61.	111 +	161 X>Y?
12 +	62 STO 48	112 STO 14	162 XEQ 15
13 STO 10	63 RCL 06	113 RCL 42	163 RCL 07
14 10	64 E2	114 X=0?	164 -5
15 +	65 X>Y?	115 GTO 22	165 X<>Y
16 STO 11	66 XEQ 27	116 RCL 41	166 X>Y?
17 LBL 00	67 FIX IND 48	117 RCL 43	167 GTO 06
18 1	68 RCL 06	118 -	168 -10
19 CF 02	69 RND	119 RCL 42	169 X<>Y
20 ST+ IND 11	70 STO 00	120 /	170 X>Y?
21 RCL IND 10	71 RCL 07	121 CHS	171 GTO 07
22 RAD	72 RND	122 ATAN	172 LBL 19
23 SIN	73 STO 01	123 STO 15	173 3
24 DFG	74 RCL 16	124 GTO 23	174 SORT
25 F^X	75 RND	125 I BL 22	175 ABS
26.2.F2	76 STO 16	126 BCL 41	176106
20 2 22	77 BCI 17	127 RCL 43	177 3
2, 28 5 F1	78 RND	127 102 -	178 SORT
29 +	79 STO 17	129 X>0?	179106
30 STO 06	80 CLA	130 GTO 24	180 3
31 3 F2	81 I BI C	131 90	181 ABS
32 -	82 " ="	132 STO 15	182 5
33 STO 16	83 ABCI 01	133 GTO 23	183 +
34 RCI 06	84 >" H="	134 BI 24	184 "CRASHED"
35 85	85 ARCI 00	135 -90	
36 YAX	86 PROMPT	136 STO 15	186 PSF
37 CHS	87 "S="	137 BL 23	187 "\/FI ="
38 STO 07	88 ARCI 16	138 RCL 1/	
20 505	80 XIV-"	139 RCL 02	180 ANCE 07
40 *		140 X<>V	
40 41 STO 17		141 X-X2	
41 510 17 12 PCI 07			191 ANCL 10
42 ABS		142 010 02 142 ST 02	
45 AB5		143 31- 02 144 VEO 02	193 F3E
44 2.0 15 VAY		144 AEQ 05	194 J EI 195 RCI 07
		146 GTO 04	
		140 010 04 147 V202	107 ±
47 NUL UU 10 2 1			109 DCI 16
40 J.L			100 ADC
50 *	100 CLX	149 KCL 05 150 ST+ 07	200 +
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201 ST- IND 10	253 RCL 05	305 /	357 FS? 02	
202 CHS	254 /	306 RCL 07	358 GTO 19	
203 CLA	2555	307 +	359 "NICE TOUCH"	
204 " "	256 *	308 ST+ 06	360 AVIEW	
205 ARCL X	257 ST+ 06	309 RCL 06	361 RCL 02	
206 >" PTS"	258 "HT="	310 RTN	362 3	
207 AVIEW	259 ARCL 06	311 LBL 04	363 *	
208 PSE	260 AVIEW	312 RCL 03	364 5 E1	
209 LBL 11	261 PSE	313 ST+ 07	365 +	
210 "SCORE="	262 RCL 06	314 RCL 08	366 ST+ IND 10	
211 ARCL IND 10	263 RCL 05	315 ST+ 17	367 +	
212 AVIEW	264 -2	316 GTO 01	368 PSF	
213 PSF	265 *	317 I BL 05	369 ARCI X	
213 F 5L 214 RCL IND 10	266 *	318 RCI 01	370 >" PTS"	
215 RCL IND 11	267 SORT	319 X^2	371 AV/FW/	
215 (CE IND 11	267 5011	320 RCL 00	372 DSF	
2107	200 013	221 PCL 02	272 PCL 07	
	209 310 07	521 RCL 05	373 KCL U7	
	270 GTO 10	322	374 ABS	
	271 LBL 03	323 2	375 1.1	
	272 RCL 41	324 **	376 X<=Y?	
221 "VEL="	273 RCL 43	325 -	377 GTO 11	
222 ARCL 07	2/4 +	326 SQR1	378 "SOFT "	
223 AVIEW	275 X^2	327 CHS	379 AVIEW	
224 PSE	276 RCL 42	328 STO 07	380 PSE	
225 PSE	277 X^2	329 RCL 01	381 "BONUS+ 100"	
226 " <mark>S=</mark> "	278 +	330 X^2	382 AVIEW	
227 ARCL 16	279 SQRT	331 2	383 PSE	
228 AVIEW	280 STO 14	332 RCL 03	384 E2	
229 PSE	281 RCL 14	333 *	385 ST+ IND 10	
230 PSE	282 RCL 15	334 RCL 00	386 GTO 11	
231 CLA	283 COS	335 *	387 LBL 07	
232 FIX 4	284 *	336 -	388 FS? 02	
233 STOP	285 RCL 04	337 SQRT	389 GTO 19	
234 GTO 00	286 *	338 CHS	390 "HEAVY	
235 LBL 02	287 RCL 05	339 RCL 01	DAMAGE"	
236 RCL 02	288 +	340 CHS	391 AVIEW	
237 STO 14	289 STO 03	341 +	392 PSE	
238 XEO 03	290 RCL 14	342 RCL 03	393 "VEL="	
239 X<0?	291 RCL 15	343 /	394 ARCL 07	
240 GTO 05	292 SIN	344 STO 09	395 AVIEW	
241 X=0?	293 RCI 04	345 X^2	396 2 F1	
242 GTO 05	293 1102 0 1	346 BCL 08	397 ST- IND 10	
242 010 05	205 *	347 *	398 GTO 11	
2 13 NOL 00 244 X<>V	295 296 CHS	342 2		
215 X < V?	200 013	2/0 /		
273 ANT: 246 GTO 02	207 310 00	250 DCI 00	400 NCL 03 401 CT+ 07	
	2302	220 ACL 03		
24/ RUL U3	233 / 200 DCL 17	331 KUL 17	402 KUL U8	
248 51+07	300 KCL 17	352 *	403 51+17	
249 KUL U8	301 +	353 +	404 KCL 07	
250 51+17	302 51+16	354 51+ 16	405 X^2	
251 RCL 07	303 RCL 03	355 GTO 10	406 RCL 06	
252 X^2	304 2	356 LBL 06	407 RCL 05	
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408 *	418 RCL 07	428 RCL 07	438 "NO
409 2	419 X^2	429 CHS	SURVIVORS"
410 *	420 2	430 +	439 AVIEW
411 -	421 RCL 05	431 RCL 05	440 TONE 0
412 SQRT	422 *	432 /	441 CF 02
413 CHS	423 RCL 06	433 RCL 17	442 RTN
414 STO 07	424 *	434 *	443 END
415 XEQ 17	425 -	435 ST+ 16	
416 GTO 10	426 SQRT	436 RTN	
417 LBL 17	427 CHS	437 LBL 15	

And yet another Lander (v4)

Whodunit – MoHP Disks

Obviously there's no shortage of these; here's another lander for you, again with no documentaion or references to the authors. This one comes form the Museum of HP Cals Disks (only the program listing was there).

1	LBL "LANDER"	22	PROMPT	43	SF 01
2	LBL E	23	FC?C 22	44	ST/ Y
3	1737720	24	700	45	ST/ Z
4	STO 09	25	STO 03	46	LBL 07
5	STO 01	26	ST+ 10	47	"V="
6	E3	27	LBL C	48	ARCL Z
7	STO 10	28	"FUEL="	49	>" H="
8	FIX 1	29	ARCL 03	50	ARCL Y
9	SF 27	30	AVIEW	51	CLX
10	CF 22	31	PSE	52	STO 00
11	"HEIGHT?"	32	LBL 02	53	PROMPT
12	PROMPT	33	RCL 02	54	RCL 09
13	FC?C 22	34	STO 04	55	RCL 09
14	2350	35	RCL 02	56	RCL 03
15	ST+ 01	36	RCL 01	57	-
16	"VEL?"	37	RCL 09	58	SF 05
17	PROMPT	38	-	59	X=Y?
18	FC?C 22	39	E3	60	GTO 08
19	-470	40	CF 01	61	CF 05
20	STO 02	41	X>Y?	62	LASTX
21	"FUEL?"	42	GTO 07	63	RCL T

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
64 X>Y?	95 LBL 08	126 GTO 03
65 GTO C	96 STO 06	127 X>0?
66 ST-03	97 RCL 00	128 GTO 02
67 STO 04	98 CHS	129 "PERFECT LANDING
68 RCL 10	99 4.92 E12	130 ACIEW
69 RCL 04	100 RCL 01	131 GTO 04
70 -	101 STO 07	132 LBL 03
71 STO 05	102 /	133 CF 01
72 RCL 10	103 RCL 06	134 RCL 04
73 /	104 RND	135 X^2
74 LN	105 STO 01	136 RCL 07
75 E3	106 /	137 RCL 09
76 *	107 -	138 -
77 STO 00	108 STO 00	139 2
78 2	109 RND	140 *
79 /	110 RCL 02	141 RCL 00
80 RCL 02	111 STO 04	142 *
81 -	112 +	143 -
82 RCL 01	113 STO 02	144 SQRT
83 -	114 RCL 05	145 CHS
84 2	115 STO 10	146 "** CRASH **"
85 /	116 RCL 01	147 AVIEW
86 STO 06	117 RCL 09	148 PSE
87 X^2	118 -	149 "TERMINAL VEL="
88 2.46 E12	119 X>0?	150 ARCL X
89 RCL 01	120 GTO 02	151 AVIEW
90 /	121 FC?C 05	152 LBL 04
91 -	122 X<0?	153 FIX 3
92 SQRT	123 GTO 03	154 END
93 RCL 06	124 RCL 02	
94 -	125 X<0?	
155		

Moon Lander (French version)

Whodunit - Swap disks

1	LBL "LEM"	47	>" SEC."	93 CLX	135 GTO 24
2	LBL 00	48	AVIEW	94 STO 09	136 X<>Y
3	CLRG	49	PSE	95 GTO 04	137 RCL 03
4	FIX 00	50	"ALT:"	96 LBL 10	138X <y?< td=""></y?<>
5	CF 29	51	RCL 02	97 " DEBIT ?"	139 GTO 04
6	CF 05	52	INT	98 PROMPT	140 STO 04
7	120	53	ARCL X	99 STO 10	141 RCL 13
8	STO 01	54	>","	100 X=0?	142 RCL 10
9	1	55	RCL 01	101 GTO 13	143 RCL 04
10	STO 18	56	1.609	1024	144 *
11	32500	57	*	103 X>Y?	145 RCL 14
12	STO 13	58	RCL 02	104 GTO 11	146+
13	16500	59	-	105 X<>Y	147 X<=Y?
14	STO 14	60	E3	10690	148 GTO 19
15	.001	61	*	107 X<>Y	149 RCL 13
16	STO 07	62	.5	108 X<=Y?	150 RCL 14
17	1.8	63	+	109 GTO 13	151-
18	STO 00	64	INT	110 LBL 11	152 RCL 10
19	LBL 04	65	ARCL X	111 TONE 07	153/
20	1	66	>" KM"	112 TONE 06	154 STO 04
21	ST+ 09	67	AVIEW	113 "DEBIT	155 LBL 19
22	RCL 01	68	PSE	IMPOSSIBL	156 XEQ 55
23	1.609	69	"VIT:"		157 RCL 06
24	*	70	RCL 19	114>"E"	158X<=0?
25	INT	71	INT	115 AVIEW	159 GTO 39
26	STO 02	72	ARCL X	1161	160 RCL 16
27	RCL 18	73	>" KM/H"	117 ST- 09	161X<0?
28	5792.4	74	AVIEW	118 GTO 04	162 GTO 21
29	*	75	PSE	119 LBL 13	163 XEQ 63
30	STO 19	76	"FUEL="	120 "UN	164 GTO 15
31	.36	77	RCL 15	INSTANT	165 LBL 21
32	/	78	INT		166 RCL 18
33	STO 17	79	ARCL X	121 AVIEW	167 X>0?
34	RCL 13	80	>" KG"	12210	168 GTO 43
35	RCL 14	81	AVIEW	123 STO 03	169 XEQ 63
36	-	82	PSE	124 RCL 10	170 GTO 15
37	.45359	83	"d./10 S.="	125 ,45353	171 LBL 24
38	*	84	RCL 17	126/	172 BEEP
39	STO 15	85	INT	127 STO 10	173 SF 05
40	CLX	86	ARCL X	128 LBL 15	174 FIX 03
41	STO 11	87	AVIEW	129 RCL 13	175 "PANNE DE
42	TONE 09	88	PSE	130 RCL 14	CARBUR"
43	"T="	89	RCL 09	131-	176>"ANT
44	RCL 12	90	X#0?	132 ,001	APRES"
45	INT	91	GTO 10	133 X<>Y	177 AVIEW
46	ARCL X	92	XEQ 79	134X <y?< td=""><td>178>" "</td></y?<>	178>" "

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users M	anual	A Compendium Collection	
179 ARCL 12	228 RCL 13	275 PROMPT	322*	
180>" SEC."	229 RCL 14	276 GTO 00	323 STO 04	
181 AVIEW	230-	277 LBL 33	324 XEQ 55	
182 PSE	231 ,45359	278 BEEP	325 XEQ 63	
183 RCL 01	232*	279 BEEP	326 GTO 39	
184 RCL 07	233 ARCL X	280 "ALUNISSA	327 LBL 43	
1852	234>" KG"	GE DOUT"	328 RCL 00	
186*	235 AVIEW	281>"EUX"	329 RCL 10	
187*	236 PSE	282 PROMPT	330*	
188 RCL 18	237 E	283 GTO 00	3311/X	
189X^2	238 RCL 05	284 LBL 34	332 RCL 07	
190+	239 X <y?< td=""><td>285 BEEP</td><td>333 *</td></y?<>	285 BEEP	333 *	
191 SQRT	240 GTO 29	286 "MATERIEL	334 RCL 13	
192 RCL 18	241 E1	ENDOMM"	335 *	
193-	242 X>Y?	287>"AGE."	336 CHS	
194 RCL 07	243 GTO 31	288 AVIEW	3371	
195/	244 X<>Y	289 PSE	338+	
196 STO 04	24525	290 "BONNE	3392	
197 RCL 07	246 X>Y?	CHANCE	340 /	
198*	247 GTO 33	PO"	341 STO 05	
199 ST+ 18	248X<>Y	291 AVIEW	342 X^2	
200 RCL 04	24960	292 >"UR LE	343 RCL 18	
201 ST+ 12	250 X>Y?	RETOUR"	344 +	
2021 BL 27	250 / FT. 251 GTO 34	293 PROMPT	345 SORT	
203 FC?C 05	252 TONE 06	294 GTO 00	346 RCL 05	
204 BEEP	253 TONE 06	2951 BL 39	347+	
205 FIX 03	254 TONE 06	296.005	348 RCI 10	
206 BCI 18	255 TONE 05	297 RCL 04	349 *	
2073600	256 "DESOLE	298 X <y?< td=""><td>350 BCL 00</td></y?<>	350 BCL 00	
208*	AUCUN S"	299 GTO 27	351 *	
209 STO 05	257>"LIRVIVA	300 RCL 00	352 1 /X	
210"SUR LA	NT"	301 RCL 10	353 RCI 18	
LUNE EN "	258 PROMPT	302 *	354 *	
211 AVIEW	259 GTO 00	303 RCI 13	355 BCI 13	
212 ARCI 12	2601 BL 29	304 /	356 *	
212 SEC "	260 EBE 25	305 CHS	357 5	
	262 BEEP	306 RCL 07	358+	
215 PSF	262 BEEP 263 BEEP	307+	359 STO 04	
216"VITESSE	263 BEEP 264 BEEP	308.2	360 XEO 55	
	265 "ALLINISSA	309 *	361 BCL 06	
217>"ACT."	GE PARE"	310 RCI 01	362 X<=0?	
	266 5" ΔΙΤ"	311 *	363 GTO 39	
219 RCL 05	267 PROMPT	312 RCI 18	364 XEO 63	
2201 609	268 GTO 00	313 X^2	365 BCI 18	
220 1.000	269 BI 31	314+	366 X<=0?	
222 ARCI X	270 BFFP	315 SORT	367 GTO 15	
222,	270 BEEP	316 RCI 18	262 RCI 16	
2232 (Μητη 224 Δ\/IF\//	272 BFFP	317+	360 XCL 10	
22770 EVV	272 DELI 273 "ASSF7	3121/Y	270 GTO 12	
226"FUFI	RON	3107/	271 GTO 15	
RECTANT."		320*		
227 FIX 00	274>"SSAGE"	321 RCL 01	372 LBL 33	
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374 RCL 10	400/	426 Y^X	452-
375*	401+	427 20	453 RCL 07
376 RCL 13	402 RCL 08	428/	454 RCL 04
377/	403 X^2	429+	455 X^2
378 STO 08	4042	430 RCL 08	456*
379E-7	405/	4313	4572
380X<=Y?	406+	432 Y^X	458/
381 GTO 57	407 RCL 08	43312	459-
382 CLX	408+	434/	460 RCL 01
383 STO 08	409 CHS	435+	461+
384 LBL 57	410 RCL 00	436 RCL 08	462 STO 06
385 RCL 08	411*	437 X^2	463 RTN
3865	412 RCL 07	4386	464 LBL 63
387 Y^X	413 RCL 04	439/	465 RCL 04
3885	414 *	440+	466 ST+ 12
389/	415+	441 RCL 08	467 ST- 03
390 RCL 08	416 RCL 18	442 2	468 RCL 10
3914	417+	443/	469 *
392 Y^X	418 STO 16	444 +	470 ST- 13
3934	419 RCL 08	445 RCL 04	471 RCL 06
394/	4205	446 RCL 00	472 STO 01
395+	421 Y^X	447 *	473 RCL 16
396 RCL 08	42230	448 *	474 STO 18
3973	423/	449 RCL 04	475 RTN
398 Y^X	424 RCL 08	450 RCL 18	476 END
3993	4254	451*	

Pinball Wizard.

Craig Pearce - Games Solution Book

Welcome to the "Wizard of Pinball" game. This program simulates, as closely as possible, the actual play in a genuine pinball machine. The user interacts with the game through the digit keys 1 and 3 (designated the left and right flippers respectively), and the digit 2, which is the tilt option. Failing to hit the correct flipper will still leave the user the solution of "tilting" the machine and placing the ball back in play (maybe!).

The "Wizard of Pinball" allows from 1 to 4 players, with play alternating from player 1 to player 2 and so on back to player 1. Each player will receive a total of 5 balls for each game. The ability to win a free ball is also possible. In this case, the same player stays until the extra ball is lost, afterwhich the play rotates to the next player (unless another free ball is won).

Shooting the ball is accomplished by pressing any numeric key. As in most genuine pinball games. the "Wizard of Pinball" returns the same ball to the same player to be reshot if no score was made and the ball exits immediately. The game allows up to three free game thresholds that award a credit (free game) when passed. Also. the program cheks for a score that passes the previous "high - score to date". Another free game is awarded if any or all of the players pass this previously stored "HI-SCR".

THE DEVICES

Listed below are the several different scoring devices used in the program. The "device" name is given first as it is displayed on the HP-41. The fullname of the device is given in parentheses after the formatted name, followed by a brief description of the device and of how it scores.

"*STAR-50" (Star Rollovers)

These are stars, like buttons on the playfield. Each time the ball rolls over one of these buttons, the player receives 50 points.

"*LANE-300" (Lane Rollovers)

Lane roll overs are special paths that the ball travels through and scores an immediate 300 points for the player.

"THUMP-x00". (Thumper-Bumpers)

Sometimes called "Jet or Pop Bumpers". In this game 100 points are scored each time the ball strikes the bumpers. At any given time, the ball can bounce 1 to 10 times, scoring 100 to 1000 points. When this display comes up. Thevalue of "x00" is the amount of points scored; x be i ng the number of bumps the ball made.

"SPIN-xy0" (Spinner Gate)

Spinner gates on pinball machines are the devices that spin on a horizontal axis as the ball passes under them. In this game, the spinner gate can spin up to 25 times. scoring 10 points

for each spin, and showing the actual points made (also a tone is heard for each spin). In addition, for each 5 spins of the gate, the Out Bonus is advanced by 1000 points.

"KICK-xOO" (Kick Out Hole)

Kick out holes (or saucers) are those devices that the ball drops into, scores some points and is kicked back out into play. On "Wizard", the points for the kick out hole begins at 2000 and advances by 2000 edch time the ball drops in one, until a point value of 10,000 is reached. This value is held for all additional hits of the hole.

"SLING-IO" (Sling Shot Kickers)

The sling shot kickers are devices that propel the ball away when struck, and score 10 points.

"DROP-X" (Drop Targets)

Drop targets are scoring devices that fall away when struck, and score some points in the process. They are reset with each new ball, or when they are all down, which is a special case. In this game, there are three drop targets. Hitting the first and the second results in an immediate 10 points and a display of "DROP-1"and "DROP-2". When the third is hit, the player receives 100 points and is awarded another ball. The display will show "SHOOT AGAIN". Although the targets are reset and canbe knocked down again, only one extra ball can be earned per ball in play. When the current ball is lost, the same player then plays the "extra ball" (it is possible to win another extra ball with the free ball currently in play).

"*A-" to "*F-" (Alpha Targets)

These are stationary targets that award the player an immediate 500 points each time they are struck. Also, during the play of anyone's ball, the calculator remembers the targets hit (in any order) and provides for higher Out Bonus scoring as follows:

- Hitting A & B displays "BONUS x 2" and the player will eceive twice the Out Bonus when the ball exits.
- Getting A.B.C, & 0 displays "BONUS x 3" with resulting triple Out Bonus score.
- If all 6 targets are hit in one turn the Out Bonus is quintupled.

OUT BONUS.

All of the above devices whose formatted name begins with a""" increase the Out Bonus by IODO points (unless otherwise stated). When the ball exits the OUT HOLE, the player collects all the Out Bonus points accumulated during that play. The maximum limit on Out Bonus points is 29,000. This value is then multiplied by the "BONUS x" factor, allowing for a maximum of 145,000 points when the ball exits. The display shows the total out bonus points and decrements this countby 1000, adding 1000 points to the player's score each time.

FLIPPERS. TILTING. AND OUT

When the ball reaches the left or right flipper the display will show "LEFT:1" or "RGHT:3" (respective ly). At this point the player has approximately ones econd to press the

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appropriate key (1 or 3) in order to put the ball back into play. Failure to hit the proper key will result in the ball exiting through the Out Hole.

Whenever the ball enters the Out Hole, the display shows "OUT" for about one second. During this time the player has the option of TILTING the machine in a last attempt to put the ball back in play. Tilting is accomplished by pressing key "2" while OUT is displayed. The chances are 4 out of 5 that the ball will be placed back in play. However, if that one remaining chance comes up, the display will show "*TILT*" and all bonus paints are lost! Also, any free ball gained during that turn will be lost! The player's score is displayed and the play moves on.

END OF GAME

When the end of the game is reached, and the last player's score is reviewed, the program will select a random number as the MATCH DIGIT. This number is always between 00 & 90 (multiples of 10) and is compared against the last digits of the player(s) score(s}. If any player has a match a free game is awarded. The display will be shown as "MATCHxO", this is the number chosen by the calculator. If any player's score has passed the high score to date. The old HISCR is changed; otherwise it remains the same. The high score will be displayed as "HISCR-xxx,xxO". If any (or all) player score(s) passed the HISCR, a CREDIT is awarded.

Finally. all the player's scored are reviewed a final time and compared against the 3 free game thresholds. For each player who's score passes each of these thresholds, another free game is credited. Finally, the display shows GAMEOVER.

Data Set

To run the program, load the data and then start the program with XEQ "WIZARD".

Ángel N	Л. I	Martin	Page 118
RR023	=	"MATCH-"	RR047 = +0.00000000E+0
RR022	=	"AGAIN"	RR046 = +0.00000000E+0
RR021	=	"SHOOT"	RR045 = +0.00000000E+0
RR020	=	"BONUS "	RR044 = +0.00000000E+0
RR019	=	" OVER"	RR043 = +0.00000000E+0
RR018	=	"GAME "	RR042 = +0.00000000E+0
RR017	=	+0.00000000E+0	RR041 = +0.00000000E+0
RR016	=	"LEFT-1"	RR040 = +1.00000000E+3
RR015	=	"BALL "	RR039 = +1.00000000E+2
RR014	=	"RGHT-3"	RR038 = +5.00000000E+1
RR013	=	"*F-"	RR037 = +1.00000000E+1
RR012	=	"*E-"	RR036 = +0.00000000E+0
RR011	=	"*D-"	RR035 = +0.00000000E+0
RR010	=	"*C-"	RR034 = +0.00000000E+0
RR009	=	"*B-"	RR033 = +0.00000000E+0
RR008	=	"*A-"	RR032 = +0.00000000E+0
RR007	=	"DROP-"	RR031 = "*TILT*"
RR006	=	"SLING-"	RR030 = "PLAYER"
RR005	=	"KICK-"	RR029 = "X 5"
RR004	=	"SPIN-"	RR028 = "CREDIT"
RR003	=	"THUMP-"	RR027 = "X 3"
RR002	=	"*LANE-"	RR026 = "X 2"
RR001	=	"*STAR-"	RR025 = "SCORE-"
RR000	=	"OUT"	RR024 = "HISCR-"

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RR048 = +0.000000 RR049 = +0.000000 RR050 = +0.000000	000E+0 000E+0 000E+0	RR056 = - RR057 = - RR058 = -	+0.000000000E+0 +0.000000000E+0 +0.000000000E+0
RR051 = +0.000000	000E+0	RR059 = -	+0.00000000E+0
RR052 = +0.000000	000E+0	RR060 = ·	+0.00000000E+0
RR053 = +0.000000	000E+0	RR061 =	+0.00000000E+0
RR054 = +0.000000	000E+0	RR062 =	+0.00000000E+0
RR055 = +0.000000	UUUE+0	RRU63 = -	+0.000000000000000000000000000000000000
Program listing	7 :		
	5.		
01*LBL "WIZARD"	41 RCL 53	81 +	121 "` NO. "
02 64	42 E	82 0	122 ARCL 48
03 XROM "INIT"	43 X#Y?	83*LBL 12	123 AVIEW
04 XROM "PDAT"	44 "`S"	84 STO INE	D Y 124 PSE
05 SF 27	45 AVIEW	85 ISG Y	125 CLA
06 " CAP-PINBALL"	46 RTN	86 GTO 12	126 ARCL 15
07 AVIEW	47*LBL B	87 E	127 ARCL 50
08*LBL a	48 RCL 53	88 STO 48	128 CF 22
09 .010	49 X=0?	89 STO 50	129*LBL 15
10*LBL 10	50 GTO D	90 TONE 9	130 AVIEW
11 CF IND X	510	91 TONE 8	131 PSE
12 ISG X	52 FS?C 01	92 TONE 8	132 FC?C 22
13 GTO 10	53 STO 45	93 TONE 8	133 GTO 15
14 SF 01	54 RCL 45	94 TONE 7	134*LBL 16
15 CF 20	55 4	95 TONE 7	135 12
16 CF 21	56 X=Y?	96 BEEP	136 XEQ 09
17 FS? 55	57 GTO 11	97 TONE 8	137 4
18 SF 21	58 E	98 TONE 8	138 -
19 RTN	59 ST+ 45	99 TONE 8	139 X>0?
20*LBL E	60 ST- 53	100 TONE 9	9 140 GTO 17
21 FIX 2	61 TONE 5	101*LBL 13	3 141 FS? 02
22 "\$ "	62 XEQ D	102 41	142 GTO 18
23 ARCL 52	63 PSE	103 STO 58	143 "NO "
24 FIX 0	64*LBL 11	104 E	144 ARCL 25
25 AVIEW	65 CLA	105 STO 48	145 ARCL 21
26 RTN	66 ARCL 30	106*LBL 14	146 ARCL 22
27*LBL C	67 "`S ="	107 E	147 AVIEW
28 .25	68 ARCL 45	108 STO 46	5 148 PSE
29 ST+ 52	69 AVIEW	109 3	149 GTO 14
30 TONE 4	70 RTN	110 E3/E+	150*LBL 17
31 39	71*LBL A	111 STO 51	. 151 SF 02
32 RCL 53	72 RCL 45	112 0	152 CLA
33 X>Y?	73 X=0?	113 STO 47	153 ARCL IND X
34 GTO D	74 RTN	114 25	154 GTO IND X
35 ISG 53	75 40	115 STO 49	155*LBL 18
36*LBL D	76 +	116 XEQ a	156 -2
37 CLA	77 RCL 40	117 SF 01	157 X<>Y
38 ARCL 53	78 /	118 CF 02	158 X=Y?
39 "` "	79 41	119 CLA	159 0
40 ARCL 28	80 STO 58	120 ARCL 3	0 160 X<0?

161 GTO 19 213 AVIEW 265 CLA 317*LBL 09 161 GTO 10 214 FS7 03 266 ARCL 23 318 RNG 163 CLD 215 GTO 14 267 ARCL 35 319 * 164 PSE 216 RCL 45 268 AVIEW 320 E 165 FC7 C22 217 RCL 48 269 PSE 321 + 166 GTO 20 218 X+Y 270 CLA 322 INT 168 XPY 220 E 271 ARCL 24 323 RTN 168 XPY 220 E 272 ARCL 36 324*LBL 21 169 GTO 20 221 ST+ 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 5 222 ST+ 58 274 AFSC 00 326 CLA 171 XFQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XFG 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224 HSL 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 173 AvY 225 S 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 ACL 50 278 40 333 TONE 2 176 HBL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 333 TONE 2 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 PSE 176 HBL 20 233 STONE 2 234 HSL 28 337 ENTER^A 177 ACL <td< th=""><th>Retro Games for the HP-</th><th>-41</th><th>Users Manual</th><th>A Compendium Collection</th></td<>	Retro Games for the HP-	-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
161 GTO 19 213 AVIEW 265 CLA 317*LBL 09 162 RCL 00 214 F57 03 266 ARCL 23 318 RNG 163 CLD 215 GTO 14 267 ARCL 35 319 * 164 PSE 216 RCL 45 269 PSE 321 + 166 GTO 20 218 X~1? 270 CLA 322 RTN 167 Z 219 GTO 25 271 ARCL 74 323 RTN 168 XHY? 200 E 272 ARCL 36 324*LBL 21 169 GTO 20 221 ST+ 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 S 222 ST+ 58 274 FSC 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224*LBL 25 275 FSE 328 AVIEW 173 K-Y7 225 S 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X~1? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 TGU 2 238 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 330 ST SD 282 41 333 PONE 0 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 333 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232*LBL 26 284 STO 57 340 LT 187 SE CAL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29				
152 RCL 00 214 FS7 03 266 ARCL 23 318 RNG 163 CLD 215 GTO 14 267 ARCL 35 319 * 164 PSE 216 RCL 45 268 AVIEW 320 E 165 GTO 20 218 X-Y7 ZTO CLA 322 INT 167 219 GTO 25 271 ARCL 24 323 RTN 168 XHY7 ZO E 272 ARCL 36 324*UBL 21 169 GTO 20 221 ST + 58 277 ARCL 43 327 ARCL 31 170 5 222 ST + 58 274 FS7 C00 326 CLA 171 KEQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XF KQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224*UBL 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 174 GTO 21 225 ST C70 330 TONE 4 333 174 GTO 21 226 SC C16 278 AG 330 TONE 2 176 L20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 43 334 PSE 174 GTO 21 226 S	161 GTO 19	213 AVIEW	265 CLA	317*I BL 09
133 CLD 215 GTO 14 267 ARCL 35 319 * 164 PSE 216 RCL 45 268 AVIEW 320 E 155 C7C 22 217 RCL 48 269 PSE 321 + 166 GTO 20 218 X=Y? 270 CLA 322 INT 167 2 219 GTO 25 271 ARCL 36 324 "LBL 21 169 GTO 20 221 ST+ 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 5 222 ST+ 58 274 FS7C 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224*LBL 25 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 A0 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 277 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176*LBL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 278 241 334 PSE 179 ARCL 100 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232 *LBL 26 284 STO 57 36*LBL 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285 *LBL 28 337 ENTER^A 182 ACL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 399 X=>Y 184 K=Y? 2	162 RCL 00	214 FS? 03	266 ARCL 23	318 RNG
164 PSE 216 RCL 45 268 AVIEW 320 E 165 FC7C 22 217 RCL 48 269 PSE 321 + 166 GT0 20 218 X-Y? 270 CLA 322 INT 167 Z 219 GT0 25 271 ARCL 24 323 RTN 168 X#Y? 200 E 272 ARCL 36 324 + LBL 21 169 GT0 20 221 ST + 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 S 222 ST + 58 274 FS7C 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 223 GT0 14 275 XFC 04 327 DNE 4 173 XAP? 225 S 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GT0 21 226 RCL 50 278 A0 330 TONE 3 175 GT0 16 277 X-Y? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 "LB 20 228 GT0 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST + 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 222 FLB 26 284 STO 57 346 + L19 181 PSE 233 E1 285 "B1 28 337 ENTER^M 182 ACL 46 </td <td>163 CLD</td> <td>215 GTO 14</td> <td>267 ARCL 35</td> <td>319 *</td>	163 CLD	215 GTO 14	267 ARCL 35	319 *
165 FCFC 22 217 RCL 48 269 PSE 321 + 166 GFO 20 218 X=Y? 270 CLA 322 INT 167 2 19 GTO 25 271 ARCL 36 324**LBL 21 168 MAY? 220 E 272 ARCL 36 324**LBL 21 169 GTO 20 221 ST+ 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 5 222 ST+ 58 274 FS2C 00 326 CLA 171 KCQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224*LBL 25 276 SP5E 329 TORL 4 173 KEQ 09 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 2 176 GTO 16 277 X=Y? 279 + 331 <tone 2<="" td=""> 176 100 12 176 LA 229 E 281 332 TONE 1 177 177 CA 229 E 281 333 TONE 2 176 LA 230 STO 13 283 + 335 GTO 5 178 RCL 20 230 <</tone>	164 PSE	216 RCL 45	268 AVIEW	320 E
166 GTO 20 218 X=Y? 270 CLA 322 INT 167 2 219 GTO 25 271 ARCL 24 323 RTN 168 X#Y? 220 F 272 ARCL 36 324 ''LBL 21 196 GTO 20 221 ST+ 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 5 222 ST+ 58 274 FS7C 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224 *LBL 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 173 X=Y? 225 S 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232*LBL 26 284 STO 57 336*LB 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 KCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35	165 FC?C 22	217 RCL 48	269 PSF	321 +
167 2 219 GTO 25 271 ARCL 24 323 RTN 168 XW7 220 E 272 ARCL 36 324*LBL 21 169 GTO 20 221 ST+ 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 5 222 ST+ 58 274 FS7C 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 23 GTO 14 275 KEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224*LBL 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 173 X=Y7 225 S 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 *LBL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL ND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 325 TE 1 287 ARCL 30 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 297 ARCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 46 237 KEI 299 ARCL S7 344 Z 187 744 299 STO 35 291	166 GTO 20	218 X=Y?	270 CLA	322 INT
168 X#Y? 220 E 272 ARCL 36 324*LBL 21 169 GTO 20 221 ST+ 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 5 222 ST+ 58 274 FS7C 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 223 GT 014 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224*LBL 25 276 P5E 328 AVIEW 173 X=Y? 225 5 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 176 'LBL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 P5E 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232 'LBL 26 284 STO 57 336*LBL 19 181 P5E 233 E1 285 'LBL 28 337 ENTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X=Y 184 X=Y? 236 - 288 *''''' 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL S7 341 + 186 RCL 49 235 K 290 INT 342 X=>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240	167 2	219 GTO 25	271 ARCI 24	323 RTN
169 GTO 20 221 ST + 48 273 AVIEW 325 CF 03 170 5 222 ST + 58 274 FS7C 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224 *LBL 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 173 X=77 225 5 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X=Y7 279 + 331 TONE 0 176 *LBL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST + 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232 *LBL 26 284 STO 57 336 *LBL 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285 *LBL 28 337 CNTER^ 182 ACL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X~>Y 184 X <y7< td=""> 236 - 288 "" " 340 17 341 + 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL S7 341 + 185 TSO 46<</y7<>	168 X#Y?	220 F	272 ABCL 36	324*181 21
170 5 222 ST + 58 274 FS7C 00 326 CLA 171 XEQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224 HBL 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 173 X=Y? 225 5 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 TO 16 227 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST + 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232 HBL 26 284 STO 57 336*HB 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285*HBL 28 337 ENTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X=Y 184 X=Y7 236 - 288 *''' 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 CA 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 *	169 GTO 20	221 ST+ 48	273 AVIEW	325 CE 03
171 XEQ 09 223 GTO 14 275 XEQ 24 327 ARCL 31 172 E 224*LBL 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 173 X=Y? 225 S 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 *LBL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 336 *LBL 19 181 PSE 233 EL 285 +LBL 28 337 EVTREA^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X <y?< td=""> 236 - 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 288 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 T* 46 241 40<!--</td--><td>170 5</td><td>222 ST+ 58</td><td>274 FS?C 00</td><td>326 CLA</td></y?<>	170 5	222 ST+ 58	274 FS?C 00	326 CLA
172 E 224*IB 25 276 PSE 328 AVIEW 173 x+? 225 S 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X+? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 rbl 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232*LBL 26 284 STO 57 336*LBL 19 181 PSE 233 EL 285*LBL 28 337 ENTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 388 A85 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X ?</td 236 - 288 """" 340 17 185 STO 46 237 FL 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 346 CLA 187 24 239 STO 35 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 <t< td=""><td>171 XFO 09</td><td>223 GTO 14</td><td>275 XFO 24</td><td>327 ARCI 31</td></t<>	171 XFO 09	223 GTO 14	275 XFO 24	327 ARCI 31
173 X=Y? 225 5 277 RCL 45 329 TONE 4 174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 TBL 20 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 280 RCL 40 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 233 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO 5 180 AVIEW 233 *LBL 26 284 STO 57 336*LBL 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285 *LBL 28 337 EDTER^N 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X <y?< td=""> 236 - 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 RCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 M°" 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RC</y?<>	172 F	223 310 11 224*I BL 25	276 PSF	328 AVIFW
174 GTO 21 226 RCL 50 278 40 330 TONE 3 175 GTO 16 227 X+? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 TCL 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232*LBL 26 284 STO 57 336*LBL 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285*LBL 28 337 ENTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 BS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X+Y? 236 - 288 *''' 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ACL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 M'- " 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40	173 X=Y?	225 5	277 BCL 45	329 TONE 4
175 GTO 16 227 X=Y? 279 + 331 TONE 2 176 GTO 16 228 GTO 26 280 RCL 40 332 TONE 1 177 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232 'LBL 26 284 STO 57 336 'LBL 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285 'LBL 28 337 ENTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 399 X<>Y 184 X=Y? 236 - 288 '''' 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 199 RCL 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC7 C2 Z2 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 191 RCL 46 248 *LB 27 300 *LB 23 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 5	174 GTO 21	225 5 226 RCL 50	278 40	330 TONE 3
List of using the set of th	175 GTO 16	220 XEL 30	279 +	331 TONE 2
1.7 CLA 229 E 281 / 333 TONE 0 178 ARCL 20 230 ST+ 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232*IBL 26 284 STO 57 336*IBL 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285*LBL 28 337 ENTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X <y?< td=""> 236 - 288 "" 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=?? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*IBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*IBL 27 300 *LDK 353 GTO 18 352 CU 197 FCD 249</y?<>	176*I BL 20	227 X 1. 228 GTO 26	280 BCL 40	332 TONE 2
178 ARCL 20 230 ST + 50 282 41 334 PSE 179 ARCL IND 49 231 GTO 13 283 + 335 GTO b 180 AVIEW 232 *LBL 26 284 STO 57 336 *LBL 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285 *LBL 28 337 FNTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X <y?< td=""> 236 - 288 "" " 340 17 185 STO 46 237 F1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "' - " 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 192 * 244 / 266 AVIEW 348 AGTO 29 193 ST + IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28</y?<>	177 CLA	229 F	281 /	333 TONE 0
10 Find the base of the set of the	178 ARCI 20	220 E 230 ST+ 50	282.41	334 PSF
130 AVIEW 232*LB 26 264 STO 57 336*LB 19 181 PSE 233 E1 285*LB 28 337 ENTER^ 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CL A 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X->Y 184 X <y?< td=""> 236 - 288 "` " 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X->Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "`-" 344 ARCL IND Y 198 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46</y?<>	179 ARCL IND 49	230 ST 30	283 +	335 GTO h
131 PSE 233 E1 285*LB1 28 337 ENTER* 182 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<×Y	180 AVIEW	232*IBL 26	284 STO 57	336*LBL 19
122 RCL 46 234 XEQ 09 286 CLA 338 ABS 183 29 235 E 287 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X <y?< td=""> 236 - 288 "" " 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 188 str 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "' - " 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=?? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^A 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248 *LBL 27 300 *LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198 *LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL 1ND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE</y?<>	181 PSF	232 EDE 20	285*I BI 28	337 FNTFR^
133 29 235 E 237 ARCL 30 339 X<>Y 184 X <y?< td=""> 236 - 288 "`" 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 188 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "`-" 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^A 351*IBL 29 196 RCL 46 248 *LB 27 300 XEL 23 352 O 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*IBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?</y?<>	182 RCI 46	234 XFO 09	286 CLA	338 ABS
103 L2 236 - 228 "**" 340 17 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 188 st* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "`- " 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248 *LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354 *LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	183 29	235 F	287 ABCL 30	339 X<>Y
125 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 185 STO 46 237 E1 289 RCL 57 341 + 186 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 188 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "`- " 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198 *LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	184 X <y?< td=""><td>236 -</td><td>288 "`"</td><td>340 17</td></y?<>	236 -	288 "`"	340 17
136 RCL 49 238 * 290 INT 342 X<>Y 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "'-" 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^A 351 TLBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 O 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	185 STO 46	237 F1	289 BCL 57	341 +
100 100 200 100 343 CLA 187 24 239 STO 35 291 40 343 CLA 188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "" 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 O 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198 *LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	186 RCI 49	238 *	290 INT	342 X<>Y
188 - 240 RCL 45 292 - 344 ARCL IND Y 189 ST* 46 241 40 293 ARCL X 345 AVIEW 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 "`-" 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	187 24	239 STO 35	291 40	343 CLA
100 101 102 103 ARCL 10 104 104 190 RCL 40 242 + 294 114	188 -	240 RCL 45	292 -	344 ARCLIND Y
100 RCL 40 242 + 294 "'-" 346 PSE 191 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X=Y? 355 CLX 200 TONE 7 252 STO 36 304 XEQ 24 356 E 201 DSE X 253 X>Y? 305 ISG Z 357 ST+ 53 202 GTO 22 254 SF 00 306 GTO 23 358 CLX 203 FIX 0 255 RCL 39 307 ISG 57 359 RCL 53 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205 *LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	189 ST* 46	241 40	293 ARCL X	345 AVIEW
101 RCL 46 243 RCL 40 295 ARCL IND 57 347 FC?C 22 192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X=Y? 355 CLX 200 TONE 7 252 STO 36 304 XEQ 24 356 E 201 DSE X 253 X>Y? 305 ISG Z 357 ST+ 53 202 GTO 22 254 SF 00 306 GTO 23 358 CLX 203 FIX 0 255 RCL 39 307 ISG 57 359 RCL 53 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205*LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	190 RCI 40	242 +	294 "` - "	346 PSF
192 * 244 / 296 AVIEW 348 GTO 29 193 ST + IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X=Y? 355 CLX 200 TONE 7 252 STO 36 304 XEQ 24 356 E 201 DSE X 253 X>Y? 305 ISG Z 357 ST+ 53 202 GTO 22 254 SF 00 306 GTO 23 358 CLX 203 FIX 0 255 RCL 39 307 ISG 57 359 RCL 53 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205*LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	191 RCI 46	243 RCI 40	295 ARCL IND 57	347 FC?C 22
193 ST+ IND 58 245 41 297 54.056 349 X=Y? 194 FIX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^ 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	192 *	243 KCL 40 244 /	296 AVIEW	348 GTO 29
194 FiX 3 246 + 298 RCL IND 57 350 GTO 16 195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^A 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 O 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	193 ST+ IND 58	245 41	297 54 056	349 X=Y?
195 CF 28 247 STO 57 299 ENTER^A 351*LBL 29 196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	194 FIX 3	246 +	298 BCL IND 57	350 GTO 16
196 RCL 46 248*LBL 27 300*LBL 23 352 0 197 RCL 0 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	195 CF 28	240 · 247 STO 57	299 FNTER^	351*181 29
197 CLD 249 RCL 36 301 CLX 353 GTO 18 198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	196 RCI 46	247 310 37 248*I BI 27	300*I BL 23	352 0
198*LBL 22 250 RCL IND 57 302 RCL IND Z 354*LBL 24 199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	197 CLD	249 RCL 36	301 CLX	352 GTO 18
199 PSE 251 X>Y? 303 X<=Y?	198*I BI 22	250 RCL IND 57	302 BCL IND 7	354*181 24
200 TONE 7 252 STO 36 304 XEQ 24 356 E 201 DSE X 253 X>Y? 305 ISG Z 357 ST + 53 202 GTO 22 254 SF 00 306 GTO 23 358 CLX 203 FIX 0 255 RCL 39 307 ISG 57 359 RCL 53 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205*LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	199 PSF	250 Kee Kee 37	303 X<=Y?	354 LBL 24
201 DSE X 253 X>Y? 305 ISG Z 357 ST+ 53 202 GTO 22 254 SF 00 306 GTO 23 358 CLX 203 FIX 0 255 RCL 39 307 ISG 57 359 RCL 53 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205*LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	200 TONE 7	252 STO 36	304 XEO 24	356 F
202 GTO 22 254 SF 00 306 GTO 23 358 CLX 203 FIX 0 255 RCL 39 307 ISG 57 359 RCL 53 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205*LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	201 DSF X	252 310 30 253 X>Y?	305 ISG 7	357 ST+ 53
203 FIX 0 255 RCL 39 307 ISG 57 359 RCL 53 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205*LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	202 GTO 22	253 XF 11	306 GTO 23	358 CLX
203 Fixed S5 205 Rec 35 307 Rec 35 305 Rec 35 204 SF 28 256 / 308 GTO 28 360 40 205*LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	202 GTO 22	254 51 00 255 RCL 39	307 ISG 57	359 BCL 53
205 * LBL b 257 FRC 309 CLA 361 X<=Y?	204 SF 28	255 (255	308 GTO 28	360 40
205 LDL 5 257 LRC 505 CLA 505 CLA 507 AR L 206 CLA 258 RCL 39 310 ARCL 18 362 STO 53 207 ARCL 30 259 * 311 ARCL 19 363 RDN 208 "`" 260 RCL 35 312 AVIEW 364 TONE 9 209 ARCL 48 261 X=Y? 313 0 365 RTN 210 "`-" 262 XEQ 24 314 STO 45 366*LBL 01 211 ARCL 25 263 ISG 57 315 BEEP 367 E 212 ARCL IND 58 264 GTO 27 316 RTN 368 ST+ 46 Ángel M. Martin	205*IBL b	250 / 257 FRC	309 CLA	361 X<=Y?
207 ARCL 30 259 * 311 ARCL 19 363 RDN 208 "`" 260 RCL 35 312 AVIEW 364 TONE 9 209 ARCL 48 261 X=Y? 313 0 365 RTN 210 "`-" 262 XEQ 24 314 STO 45 366*LBL 01 211 ARCL 25 263 ISG 57 315 BEEP 367 E 212 ARCL IND 58 264 GTO 27 316 RTN 368 ST+ 46 Ángel M. Martin	206 CLA	258 RCI 39	310 ARCI 18	362 STO 53
208 "`" 260 RCL 35 312 AVIEW 364 TONE 9 209 ARCL 48 261 X=Y? 313 0 365 RTN 210 "`-" 262 XEQ 24 314 STO 45 366*LBL 01 211 ARCL 25 263 ISG 57 315 BEEP 367 E 212 ARCL IND 58 264 GTO 27 316 RTN 368 ST+ 46 Ángel M. Martin	207 ARCI 30	250 102 55	311 ARCI 19	363 RDN
209 ARCL 48 261 X=Y? 313 0 365 RTN 210 "`-" 262 XEQ 24 314 STO 45 366*LBL 01 211 ARCL 25 263 ISG 57 315 BEEP 367 E 212 ARCL IND 58 264 GTO 27 316 RTN 368 ST+ 46 Ángel M. Martin P a g e 120 June 2019	208 "` "	260 RCL 35	312 AV/IF/W/	364 TONE 9
210 "'-" 262 XEQ 24 314 STO 45 366*LBL 01 211 ARCL 25 263 ISG 57 315 BEEP 367 E 212 ARCL IND 58 264 GTO 27 316 RTN 368 ST+ 46 Ángel M. Martin	209 ARCI 48	261 X=Y?	313 0	365 RTN
211 ARCL 25 263 ISG 57 315 BEEP 367 E 212 ARCL IND 58 264 GTO 27 316 RTN 368 ST+ 46 Ángel M. Martin P a g e 120 June 2019	210 "`-"	262 XFO 24	314 STO 45	366*LBL 01
212 ARCL IND 58 264 GTO 27 316 RTN 368 ST+ 46 Ángel M. Martin P a g e 120 June 2019	211 ARCI 25	263 ISG 57	315 RFFP	367 F
Ángel M. Martin P a g e 120 June 2019	212 ARCL IND 58	264 GTO 27	316 RTN	368 ST+ 46
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369 RCL 38	411 GTO 16	453*LBL 07	495 ST+ IND 58
370 ST+ IND 58	412*LBL 04	454 ISG 51	496 ARCL X
371 ARCL X	413 RCL 37	455 GTO 33	497 AVIEW
372 AVIEW	414 STO 62	456 3	498 TONE 6
373 TONE 5	415 5	457 E3/E+	499 TONE 6
374 TONE 5	416 ENTER^	458 STO 51	500 TONE 6
375 TONE 5	417 25	459 SF 03	501 TONE 6
376 TONE 5	418 SF 04	460 RCL 39	502 TONE 6
377 TONE 5	419 XEQ 30	461 ST+ IND 58	503 FC? 05
378 GTO 16	420 RCL 61	462 CLA	504 GTO 34
379*LBL 02	421 5	463 ARCL 21	505 FC? 06
380 E	422 /	464 ARCL 22	506 GTO 34
381 ST+ 46	423 INT	465 AVIEW	507 SF 20
382 3 E2	424 ST+ 46	466 TONE 8	508 26
383 ST+ IND 58	425 GTO 16	467 TONE 8	509 STO 49
384 ARCL X	426*LBL 05	468 GTO 16	510 FC? 07
385 AVIEW	427 8	469*LBL 33	511 GTO 34
386 TONE 6	428 RCL 47	470 RCL 51	512 FC? 08
387 TONE 6	429 X>Y?	471 E	513 GTO 34
388 TONE 6	430 X<>Y	472 -	514 27
389 GTO 16	431 2	473 ARCL X	515 STO 49
390*LBL 03	432 +	474 AVIEW	516 FC? 09
391 RCL 39	433 STO 47	475 TONE 5	517 GTO 34
392 STO 62	434 ENTER^	476 E1	518 FC? 10
393 6	435 ENTER^	477 ST+ IND 58	519 GTO 34
394 ENTER^	436 RCL 40	478 GTO 16	520 TONE 9
395 E1	437 *	479*LBL 08	521 TONE 9
396*LBL 30	438 ST+ IND 58	8 480 E	522 29
397 XEQ 09	439 ARCL X	481 ST+ 46	523 STO 49
398 X<> 62	440 AVIEW	482 6	524*LBL 34
399 RCL 62	441*LBL 32	483 XEQ 09	525 FC? 20
400 STO 61	442 TONE 7	484 ENTER^	526 GTO 16
401 *	443 DSE Y	485 ENTER^	527 CLA
402 ST+ IND 58	444 GTO 32	486 4	528 ARCL 20
403 ARCL X	445 GTO 16	487 +	529 ARCL IND 49
404 AVIEW	446*LBL 06	488 X<>Y	530 AVIEW
405*LBL 31	447 E1	489 7	531 PSE
406 TONE IND Z	448 ST+ IND 58	8 490 +	532 GTO 16
407 DSE 62	449 ARCL X	491 CLA	533 END
408 GTO 31	450 AVIEW	492 ARCL IND X	
409 FS?C 04	451 TONE 5	493 SF IND Y	
410 RTN	452 GTO 16	494 5 E2	

Pinball Machine.

HP Co.-Games Pac



This game simulates a pinball machine. Twenty-five cents buys three games, with three balls per game. There are eight types of scoring devices, seven of which. along with appropriate sound effects, advance points immediately upon contact. Standard pinball game features such as specials, extra balls, bonus points, and the possibility of a tilt are included. If you are both skilled and lucky enough to get 50,000 points, you win a free game. So drop in a quarter, start the game and fire a ball, then watch for your chances to flip the flippers.

Scoring Devices

Special

Two roll-over stars are shown all the top of the playing board, either of which scores 10 points. The stars alternate each time one is hit between an ON and OFF state shown by display annunciator flag 0. When the special is on (flag 0 lit in the display) all devices will score 10 times their usual amounts. If the ball goes out of play while the special is lit, the hole bonus scoring is doubled. Flag 0 is reset when a ball goes out of play.

Rollover

The two top roll-overs score 10 points.

Mushrooms

Mushrooms score 100 points each time one is hit. The ball can bounce between them up to ten times, beeping each time.

Kickout

Kickout holes score 50 points.

Spinner

When the spinner gate is hit, it scores 50 points for each spin . Twenty-five spins are possible with a beep sounding with each spin.

Bonus

Bonus advance roll-overs score 10 points when struck and add 1000 hints to the out-hole bonus. Each ball starts with 1000 out-hole bonus points already accumulated.

Flags

There are five flags (numbered I through 5) to knock down. Flags score 10 points, plus an extra ball for the fifth flag. They are reset each time they are all knocked down and before each ball is fired.

Sling Shot

Sling shot bumpers score 10 points.

L Flipper

When "L FLIPPER" appears in the display there is approximately 1 second to hit the left flipper (the 1 key) to get the ball back into play, othenvise the ball is lost out the out-hole .

R Flipper

When " R FLIPPER" appears in the display there is approximately 1 second to hit the right flipper (the 3 key) to get the ball back into play, otherwise the ball is lost out the out-hole.

Out

When OUT appears in the display the ball is just about to go out of play. If the 2 key is pressed within approximately 1 second there is a 50 percent possibility of the ball going back into play. However, the other 50 percentof the time "tilt" will appear in the display; the ball will be lost and so will the bonus points for that ball. Bonus points, if any, will be added to your score when the ball is lost through the out-hole.

14 CF 29	28 RCL 04	42 ARCL 05
13 FIX 0	27 FIX 2	41 "GAMES: "
12 STO 05	26 "\$"	40*LBL 19
11 STO 04	25 ST+ 04	39 ST+ 05
10 0	24 1	38 3
09 STO 00	23 TONE 6	37 TONE 9
08 CF 21	22 TONE 7	36 TONE 6
07 XROM "INI"	21 TONE 6	35 TONE 8
06 SF 27	20*LBL A	34 FIX 0
05 PROMPT	19 PROMPT	33 AVIEW
04 FC?C 25	18 "\$.25=3 GAMES"	32 "` SPENT"
03 XROM "SIZE?"	17 CF 00	31 ARCL X
02 7	16 CF 01	30 /
01*LBL "PINBALL"	15 CF 02	29 4

Ángel M. Martin	Page 124	June 2019
94 X#Y (140 JU	198 5 E4
93 Z	145 "KICKOUT"	19/*LBL 1/
92 GTO 01	144*LBL 05	196 GTO 14
91 X#Y?		195 10
90 PSE	142 GTO 13	194 "ROLLOVER"
89 AVIEW	141 DSE L	193*LBL 10
88*LBL 02	140 TONE 9	192 GTO 14
87 "`FLIPPER"	139*LBL 13	191 10
86*LBL 01	138 *	190 SF 00
85 "R"	137 +	189 FC?C 00
84*LBL 03	136 1	188 "SPECIAL"
83 GTO 01	135 XROM "RNDMW"	187*LBL 09
82 "L"	134 AVIEW	186 GTO 14
81*LBL 01	133*LBL 00	185 10
80 GTO 02	132 25	184 "SLING SHOT"
79 "OUT"	131 ENTER^	183*LBL 08
78*LBL 02	130 50	182 GTO 16
77 GTO IND X	129 "SPINNER"	181 ST+ 06
76 TONE IND X	128*LBL 04	180 PSE
75 SF 25	127 GTO 00	179 CLD
74 XROM "RNDMW"	126 10	178 TONE 6
73 11	125 ENTER^	177 TONE 7
72 RDN	124 100	176 *
71 CLD	123 "MUSHROOMS"	175 FS? 00
70*LBL 16	122*LBL 00	174 X<>Y
69 PROMPT	121 GTO 12	173 10
68 TONE 9	120 TONE 6	172 AVIEW
67 "FIRE"	119 STO 06	171*LBL 14
66 STO 03	118 +	170 100
65 5	117 ST- 01	169 SF IND 02
64 SF IND 02	116 1 E3	168 ST+ 02
63 STO 01	115 RDN	167 1
62 1 E3	114 GTO 15	166 CF IND 02
61 GTO 17	113 X=0?	165 STO 03
60 X<0?	112 RCL 01	164 5
59 DSE 02	111 VIEW X	163 GTO 14
58 CF IND 02	110*LBL 12	162 DSE 03
5/*LBL 15	109 BEEP	161 10
56 STO 06	108 RCL 06	160 CLX
55 0	107 ST* 01	159 ARCL X
54 STO 02	106 FS?C 00	158 -
53 4	105 2	157 RCL 03
52 ST- 05	104*LBL 01	156 6
51 1	103 STO 01	155 "FLAG "
50 RTN	102 0	154*LBL 07
49 X=0?	101 TONE 0	153 GTO 14
48 RCL 05	100 AVIEW	152 10
47 TONE 9	99 "TILT"	151 ST+ 01
46*LBL E	98 GTO 16	150 1 E3
45 RTN	97 X=0?	149 "BONUS"
44 TONE 8	96 XROM "RNDMW"	148*LBL 06
43 AVIEW	95 GTO 16	147 GTO 14
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199 RCL 06	203 ST+ 05	207 GTO 19
200 -	204 X<=Y?	208 END
201 1	205 RTN	
202 X>Y?	206 BEEP	



Fruit Machine.

Brian Ward - DataFile V6N6 p39 ; (September 1986)

A nice little game for all those who can afford to throw money away (let's face it, ifyou can afford HP machines, that means you!). The game consists of 3 programs: Fruit, Nudge and Hold. It is in these three parts because it is the most straightforward way to prevent those tempting little extra holds and nudges when you're losing badly! The main program, Fruit, contains many simplifications, mainly to reduce execution time, such as all 3 of the reels are identical and contain only the ten symbols with no duplication. The main thing is that it plays like the real thing except maybe it doesn't rip you off as badly as some pub machines.

To run the program, you're going to need at least one memory module, Extended Functions and a wee bit of Synthetic programming. (These last two' are not essential and with a little bit ox work you could do without since SP is only used for Tones and the reel symbols and X-Functions to save a few lines and make it more user friendly.)

In operation the top row of keys is used. Uses are as fo11ows:~

[A] -Nudge/Hold reel 1	[B]'- N/H reel 2	[C] – N/H reel 3
[D] - Ho1d Cancel	[E] – SpinSize=018	

SP lines are,-

TONE 89 -Fruit lines 80 & 81; Hold lines 09 & 17; Nudge line 10 Tone 73, line 11 Tone 72 Fruit lines 18, 26 & 30 are SP text-they can also be made with XTOA, or substitute your own symbols. Line 30 is purely to create a boxed star in the display.

To run, load the program, execute, and it should ask you for a seed for the random number generator (don't use pi, it is a simple generator designed for speed).Put in a number from 0-1, R/S and it should show you your winnings, followed by displaying the reels and inviting you to SPIN, press the [LN] key and off you go. If Hold is displayed instead of SPIN if you wish to hold, press the key underneath the reel. The appropriate display flag should come on. To cancel, press the LOG key and reenter your choice.

When you have held all you want press [LN], the Spin key. Your chosen reels will be held. If you get a Nudge it will randomly give you between 2 and 10 nudges. To nudge, press the key underneath the reel you wish, once for each nudge. Note if during a nudge a winning combination is displayed, you will win the appropriate prize and any remaining nudges will be forfeit.



01*LBL "FRUIT"	53 PROMPT	105 ST+ 16
02 17	<u>54*LBL "SPIN"</u>	106 GTO 03
03 XROM "INIT"	55*LBL E	107*LBL 02
04 FIX 2	56 14	108 FIX 0
05 SF 27	57 FC? 01	109 TONE 6
06 0	58 STO 01	110 TONE 5
07 STO 16	59 FC? 02	111 SF 08
08 X<>F	60 STO 02	112 RDN
09 RNG	61 FC? 03	113 3
10 STO 00	62 STO 03	114 -
11 "++"	63 XEQ 17	115 2
12 ASTO 04	64 ,1	116 /
13 "??"	65 ST- 16	117 ,1
14 ASTO 05	66 CF 08	118 +
15 "dP"	67 3	119 RND
16 ASTO 06	68 E3/E+	120 E1
17 "ss"	69 STO 15	121 /
18 ASTO 07	70 AVIEW	122 FIX 2
19 "[,]"	71*LBL 00	123 ARCL X
20 ASTO 08	72 FS?C IND 15	124 AVIEW
21 "**"	73 GTO 01	125 ST+ 16
22 ASTO 09	74 XEQ 16	126*LBL 03
23 "%%"	75 E1	127 XEQ 16
24 ASTO 10	76 *	128.2
25 "\$\$"	77 4	129 X>Y?
26 ASTO 11	78 +	130 GTO "HOLD"
27 "(,)"	79 INT	131 RDN
28 ASTO 12	80 STO IND 15	132 ,9
29 "<,>"	81*LBL 01	133 FS?C 08
30 ASTO 13	82 TONE 9	134 GTO 15
31 ""	83 TONE 9	135 X>Y?
32 ASTO 14	84 XEQ 17	136 GTO 15
33 13	85 AVIEW	137 XEO 16
34 STO 01	86 ISG 15	138 GTO "NUDGE"
35 STO 02	87 GTO 00	139*IBL 16
36 STO 03	88*LBL "WIN"	140 RCL 00
37*LBL 15	89 "WIN \$"	141 R-D
38 TONE 1	90 RCL 01	142 FRC
39 TONE 0	91 RCL 02	143 STO 00
40 CLA	92 X#Y?	144 RTN
41 RCL 16	93 GTO 03	145*I BI 17
42 SIGN	94 BCL 03	146 CLA
43 X<0?	95 X#Y?	147 ARCL IND 01
44 "-"	96 GTO 02	148 ARCL IND 02
45 "`\$"	97 BEEP	149 ARCL IND 03
46 LASTX	98 SF 08	150 FND
47 ABS	99 3	
48 ARCI X	100 -	
	101 5	
50 PSF	102 /	
51 XFO 17	102 / 103 ARCI X	
57 "` SPIN"		

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Retro Games for the HP-41

A Compendium Collection

06 " HOLD" 07 INT 35 STOP 07 PROMPT 08 STO 15 36 GTO 03 08*LBL A 09*LBL00 37*LBL A 09 TONE 9 10 TONE 3 38 E 10 SF 01 11 TONE 2 39 GTO 02 11 PROMPT 12 DSE X 40*LBL B 12*LBL B 13 GTO 00 41 2 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FIX 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 "NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 STH 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+IND 17 21 O 22 FX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 K>F 23 ROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 24 SE C 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SFO8 30 RCL 01 <th>Retro Games for the HP-41</th> <th>Users Manual</th> <th>A Compendium Collection</th>	Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
00 FIGLD 07 INT 35 STOP 007 PROMPT 08 STO 15 36 GTO 03 08*1BLA 09*1BL 00 37*1BLA 09 TONE 9 10 TONE 3 38 E 10 SF 01 11 TONE 2 39 GTO 02 11 PROMPT 12 DSE X 40*1BL B 12*1BL B 13 GTO 00 41 2 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 \$F 02 15 FIX 0 43*1BL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*1BL C 17" NUDGES" 45*1BL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 \$F 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*1BL D 21 FSE 49 ST+IND 17 21 O 22 KX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 Kx 5 23*1BL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 XxY 24*1BL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 02 SP08 30 RCL 01			
OF PROMPT D8 STO 15 36 GTO 03 08*LBL A 09*LBL 00 37*LBL A 09 TONE 9 10 TONE 3 38 E 10 SF 01 11 TONE 2 39 GTO 02 11 PROMPT 12 DSE X 40*LBL B 12*LBL 8 13 GTO 00 41 2 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FK 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 " NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 O 22 FK 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 AvSF 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 WEW 30 RCL 02 59 GTO "WI	U6 HOLD		35 STOP
D8*LBL A D9*LBL D0 37*LBL A 09 TONE 9 10 TONE 3 38 E 10 SF 01 11 TONE 2 39 GTO 02 11 PROMPT 12 DSE X 40*LBL B 12*LBL B 13 GTO 00 41 2 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FIX 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 "NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 O 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X >>F 23 HEL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>? 24*LB E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 24*LB L 23 WIEW 57*LB 03 03 S <sto 13<="" td=""> 39 INT 02 SIZE 30 GTO 10 58 BEEP</sto>		08 510 15	36 GTU U3
09 100 F 9 10 100 F 3 38 E 10 5F 01 11 TONE 2 39 GTO 02 11 PROMPT 12 DSE X 40*LBL B 12*LBL B 13 GTO 00 41 2 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FIX 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 " NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X<>F 23 'LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>'Y' 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 26 END 27 ARCL ND 03 55 STO IND 17 25 F0 8 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 11 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X='Y' 60		09*LBL 00	37*LBL A
11 J PROMPT 12 JOSE X 40°HBL B 12*LBL B 13 GTO 00 41 2 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FIX 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17" NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 O 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X<>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X<>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 27 ARCL IND 03 58 GTO 01 20 STO 13 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 60 FND 05 SIZE 24 KPCOL 43 ACSPEC	09 TONE 9	10 TONE 3	38 E
11 PROMPT 12 DSE X 40°LBL B 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FIX 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 "NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 O 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 x<>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 60 END 05 4 40 SEE 55 05 SUSZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03	10 SF 01	11 TONE 2	39 GTO 02
12-1BL B 13 GTO 00 41 2 13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FIX 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 "NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 Ax>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 24*LBL E 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 04 S>Y? 23 Z 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX		12 DSE X	40*LBL B
13 TONE 9 14 CLA 42 GTO 02 14 SF 02 15 FIX 0 43*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 "NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X <> F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 33 QSU 23 Z 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X=Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 2	12*LBL B	13 GTO 00	41 2
14 SF 02 15 FRO MPT 16 ARCL 15 43 3*LBL C 15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 "NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 ST0 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X 57 ORCL IND 17 21 AC 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 10 01*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 05 2 32 GTO 03 06 + 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 05 CLRG 25 X>Y 44 ISG 15	13 TONE 9	14 CLA	42 GTO 02
15 PROMPT 16 ARCL 15 44 3 16*LBL C 17 "'NUGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X~>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X~Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 28 "NUDGE" 50 2 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 05 2 33 GTO 03 30 INT 02 SF2E 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X~Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ <	14 SF 02	15 FIX 0	43*LBL C
16*LBL C 17 "NUDGES" 45*LBL 02 17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X~SF 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 514 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 39 INT 02 SIZE? 21 *LBL 00 40 43 03 X~SY 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X <y< td=""> 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29<</y<>	15 PROMPT	16 ARCL 15	44 3
17 TONE 9 18 AVIEW 46 TONE 0 18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO 1ND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 50 Store 01 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 30 OS 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 39 INT 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 SIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 05 CG GG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 </td <td>16*LBL C</td> <td>17 "` NUDGES"</td> <td>45*LBL 02</td>	16*LBL C	17 "` NUDGES"	45*LBL 02
18 SF 03 19 E 47 STO 17 19 PROMPT 20 ST+15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+1ND 17 21 O 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X<>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 514 B0 30 20 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 39 INT 02 SIZE? 21 *LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCLIND X 05 SIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "ICADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIE	17 TONE 9	18 AVIEW	46 TONE 0
19 PROMPT 20 ST+ 15 48 E 20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X<>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "'N UDGE" 56 GTO 01 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 55 06 + 34 DSE 15 50 STO IND X 05 SPIZE 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 x<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 "LODING" 28 PRBUF 47 EJ/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 4	18 SF 03	19 E	47 STO 17
20*LBL D 21 PSE 49 ST+ IND 17 21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 21 2 X<>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 TO IND 17 28 "'NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 1*LBL "NUDGE" 99 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 05 4 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 xY? 22 ACCHR 41 + 03 X <y< td=""> 22 ACCHR 41 SG 15 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<y< td=""> 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 IS/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO</y<></y<>	19 PROMPT	20 ST+ 15	48 E
21 0 22 FIX 2 50 RCL IND 17 22 X×F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 WUDGE" 56 GTO 01 01*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 02 SFZ? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 3 X <sy< td=""> 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15<td>20*LBL D</td><td>21 PSE</td><td>49 ST+ IND 17</td></sy<>	20*LBL D	21 PSE	49 ST+ IND 17
22 X<>F 23*LBL 01 51 14 23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 D1*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 Z 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15 49 + 12 RTN 31*LBL 01 50 ST+ 15 13 HEL "CPRT" 3	21 0	22 FIX 2	50 RCL IND 17
23 PROMPT 24 CLA 52 X>Y? 24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 D1*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X=Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15 49 + 12 RTN 31*LBL 01 50 ST+15 13*LBL "CPRT" 32 PR	22 X<>F	23*LBL 01	51 14
24*LBL E 25 ARCL IND 01 53 GTO 01 25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "'NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 01*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03	23 PROMPT	24 CLA	52 X>Y?
25 GTO "SPIN" 26 ARCL IND 02 54 4 26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "'NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 01*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03	24*LBL E	25 ARCL IND 01	53 GTO 01
26 END 27 ARCL IND 03 55 STO IND 17 28 "`NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 D1*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03	25 GTO "SPIN"	26 ARCL IND 02	54 4
28 "`NUDGE" 56 GTO 01 D1*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03	26 END	27 ARCL IND 03	55 STO IND 17
D1*LBL "NUDGE" 29 AVIEW 57*LBL 03 02 SF 08 30 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 05 2 33 GTO 03 40 43 03 9 21*LBL "INIT" 20 STO 13 39 INT 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X <py< td=""> 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 Z 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15 49 + 12 RTN 31*LBL 01 50 ST+ 15 13*LBL "CPRT" 32 PRBUF 51 ISG 13 14 SF 21 33 RCL 13 52 GTO 01 15 ADV</py<>		28 "` NUDGE"	56 GTO 01
D1*LBL "INIT" D3 RCL 01 58 BEEP 03 9 31 RCL 02 59 GTO "WIN" 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 Z 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15 49 + 12 RTN 31*LBL 01 50 ST+ 15 13*LBL "CPRT" 32 PRBUF 51 ISG 13 14 SF 21 33 RCL 13 52 GTO 01 15 ADV	01*LBL "NUDGE"	29 AVIEW	57*LBL 03
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03 5 31 RC102 35 0 10 Wilk 04 * 32 X=Y? 60 END 05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 05 4 34 DSE 15 9 INT 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15 49 + 12 RTN 31*LBL 01 50 ST+ 15 13*LBL "CPRT" 32 PRBUF 51 ISG 13 14 SF 21 33 RCL 13 52 GTO 01 15 ADV 34 ACCHR 53 ADV 16 SF 12 35*LBL 02 54 ADV	03.9	31 RCL 02	59 GTO "W/IN"
05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 34 DSE 15 01*LBL "INIT" 20 STO 13 39 INT 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15 49 + 12 RTN 31*LBL 01 50 ST+ 15 13*LBL "CPRT" 32 PRBUF 51 ISG 13 14 SF 21 33 RCL 13 52 GTO 01 15 ADV 34 ACCHR 53 ADV 16 SF 12 35*LBL 02 54 ADV	04 *	32 X=V?	
05 2 33 GTO 03 06 + 34 DSE 15 01*LBL "INIT" 20 STO 13 39 INT 02 SIZE? 21*LBL 00 40 43 03 X<>Y 22 ACCHR 41 + 04 X>Y? 23 2 42 RCL IND X 05 PSIZE 24 SKPCOL 43 ACSPEC 06 CLRG 25 X<>Y 44 ISG 15 07 FIX 0 26 ISG X 45 GTO 02 08 CF 29 27 GTO 00 46 9 09 "LOADING" 28 PRBUF 47 E3/E+ 10 AVIEW 29 56.06 48 3 11 RASP 30 STO 15 49 + 12 RTN 31*LBL 01 50 ST+ 15 13*LBL "CPRT" 32 PRBUF 51 ISG 13 14 SF 21 33 RCL 13 52 GTO 01 15 ADV 34 ACCHR 53 ADV 16 SF 12 35*LBL 02 54 ADV	05 2	33 GTO 03	
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01*LBL "INIT"20 STO 1339 INT02 SIZE?21*LBL 0040 4303 X<>Y22 ACCHR41 +04 X>Y?23 242 RCL IND X05 PSIZE24 SKPCOL43 ACSPEC06 CLRG25 X<>Y44 ISG 1507 FIX 026 ISG X45 GTO 0208 CF 2927 GTO 0046 909 "LOADING"28 PRBUF47 E3/E+10 AVIEW29 56.0648 311 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 1513*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV			
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05 PSIZE24 SKPCOL43 ACSPEC06 CLRG25 X<>Y44 ISG 1507 FIX 026 ISG X45 GTO 0208 CF 2927 GTO 0046 909 "LOADING"28 PRBUF47 E3/E+10 AVIEW29 56.0648 311 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 1513*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	04 X>Y?	23 2	42 RCL IND X
06 CLRG25 X<>Y44 ISG 1507 FIX 026 ISG X45 GTO 0208 CF 2927 GTO 0046 909 "LOADING"28 PRBUF47 E3/E+10 AVIEW29 56.0648 311 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 1513*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	05 PSIZE	24 SKPCOL	43 ACSPEC
07 FIX 026 ISG X45 GTO 0208 CF 2927 GTO 0046 909 "LOADING"28 PRBUF47 E3/E+10 AVIEW29 56.0648 311 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 15L3*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	06 CLRG	25 X<>Y	44 ISG 15
08 CF 2927 GTO 0046 909 "LOADING"28 PRBUF47 E3/E+10 AVIEW29 56.0648 311 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 1513*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	07 FIX 0	26 ISG X	45 GTO 02
09 "LOADING"28 PRBUF47 E3/E+10 AVIEW29 56.0648 311 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 1513*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	08 CF 29	27 GTO 00	46 9
10 AVIEW29 56.0648 311 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 15L3*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	09 "LOADING"	28 PRBUF	47 E3/E+
11 RASP30 STO 1549 +12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 1513*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	10 AVIEW	29 56.06	48 3
12 RTN31*LBL 0150 ST+ 1513*LBL "CPRT"32 PRBUF51 ISG 1314 SF 2133 RCL 1352 GTO 0115 ADV34 ACCHR53 ADV16 SF 1235*LBL 0254 ADV	11 RASP	30 STO 15	49 +
13*LBL "CPRT" 32 PRBUF 51 ISG 13 14 SF 21 33 RCL 13 52 GTO 01 15 ADV 34 ACCHR 53 ADV 16 SF 12 35*LBL 02 54 ADV	12 RTN	31*LBL 01	50 ST+ 15
14 SF 21 33 RCL 13 52 GTO 01 15 ADV 34 ACCHR 53 ADV 16 SF 12 35*LBL 02 54 ADV	13*LBL "CPRT"	32 PRBUF	51 ISG 13
15 ADV 34 ACCHR 53 ADV 16 SF 12 35*LBL 02 54 ADV	14 SF 21	33 RCL 13	52 GTO 01
16 SF 12 35*LBL 02 54 ADV	15 ADV	34 ACCHR	53 ADV
	16 SE 12	35*I BL 02	54 ADV
17 9 36 2 55 CE 12	17 9	36.2	55 CE 12
18 SKPCOL 37 SKPCOL 56 FND			56 END
10 /0 /053 28 RCL INID 15	19 49 053	38 RCL IND 15	

Fight (Gun duel)

Ruys Dirk - DataFile V1N3 P26 ; (December 1982)

Something about the game :

You are sitting in a saloon when sudden a drunken cowboy steps on your feet.Because you are a famous gunman you challenge him for a fight. So you go outside and you will draw your gun at him.

When the HP 41 says" DRAW", then you have to guess the place of the enemy. There are 12 different places on the display of the HP 41. (1 to 12) eg. this is the fourth position:



When you have shot the enemy 5 times, he dies... but then his friend takes over. Yet, there is one difference: his friend hides between bushes (= strange ALPHA-characters).

You have 2 pistols, each with 6 bullets.

When you want to change your gun (because it is empty), press [1/X] (XEQ B).

When you fear for your life then press $[\Sigma +]$ (XEQ A) and you will run away.

To start a new game, press [LN] (XEQ E).

Have fun !!!

RUYS DIRK Andreas Vesaliuslaan 53 2520 EDEGEM ANTWERP, BELGIUM

Program listing:

01*LBL "FIGHT"	15 " HEY "	29 CF 02
02 SF 26	16 ARCL 07	30 CF 29
03 "WITH TONES ?"	17 AVIEW	31 FIX 0
04 AON	18 PSE	32 CLST
05 PROMPT	19*LBL E	33 STO 02
06 ASTO Y	20 CLST	34 13
07 "N"	21 STO 03	35 STO 01
08 ASTO X	22 CF 05	36 ""
09 X=Y?	23 "LET'S DRAW"	37 ASTO 05
10 CF 26	24*LBL 20	38 "`"
11 "YOUR NAME ?"	25 AVIEW	39 ASTO 04
12 PROMPT	26 TONE 3	40*LBL 21
13 ASTO 07	27 TONE 1	41 CF 22
14 AOFF	28 SF 01	42 SF 27

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		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
40.11		
43 11 44 XEO 00	95 GTU 25	
44 XEQ 99	96°LBL 24	148 PSE
45 510 06	97 FS? UZ	149"LBL 26
46 CLA	98 R^	150 "P_A_NG"
47 FC? 05	99 RCL I	151 AVIEW
48 GTO 22	100 RCL 06	152 SF 25
49 "HE'S HIDING"	101 X#Y?	153 SF 30
50 AVIEW	102 GTO 25	154 24
51 CLA	103 " H I T ""	155*LBL 27
52 XEQ 30	104 1	156 TONE 0
53 ARCL 05	105 ST+ 02	157 DSE X
54 11	106 ARCL 02	158 GTO 27
55 RCL 06	107 "`""	159 AVIEW
56 -	108 AVIEW	160 5
57 X=0?	109 TONE 9	161 XEQ 99
58 GTO 23	110 PSE	162 3
59 XEQ 30	111 " "	163 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
60 GTO 23	112 ARCL 04	164 GTO 21
61*LBL 22	113 ASTO X	165 E
62 "`"	114 ASHF	166 ST+ 03
63 DSE X	115 ASTO 04	167 "A BULLET IN YOU"
64 GTO 22	116 " "	168 "`R "
65 ARCL 05	117 ARCL X	169 XEQ IND 03
66*LBL 23	118 ASHF	170 TONE D
67 TONE ^	119 ASTO 05	171 AVIEW
68 AVIEW	120 RCL 02	172 GTO 21
69 E	121 5	173*LBL 01
70 ST+ 06	122 X#Y?	174 "`ASS"
71 FS? 05	123 GTO 21	175 RTN
72 TONE F	124 "HE'S DEAD"	176*LBL 02
73 " DRAW"	125 AVIEW	177 "`EYE"
74 AVIEW	126 PSE	178 RTN
75 TONE 1	127 "YOU'RE A KILLER"	179*LBL 03
76 PSE	128 AVIEW	180 "`FEET"
77 CF 27	129 PSE	181 RTN
78 FC? 22	130 FC? 05	182*LBL 04
79 GTO 25	131 GTO 00	183 "THERE'S A HOLE "
80 F	132 "THERE'S A REWAR"	184 "`IN YOUR"
81 ST- 01	133 "`D ON YOUR"	185*I BI 28
82.6	134 GTO 28	186 AVIEW
83 FS? 02	135*LBL 00	187 PSF
84 CI X	136 SE 05	188 "` H E A D"
85 BCI 01	137 "NOW HIS ERIEND "	
86 X \ Y ?	138 "\IS ANGRY"	
87 GTO 24	139 GTO 20	101 SE 27
	1/0*LBL 25	102 STOP
	1/1 EC2C 22	
	141 CTO 26	
	142 UIU 20 142 "NO "	194° LDL 30 105 15
		106 SE 10 105 T2
93 PSE	145 , 146 ADOL 26	197 ° LBL 99
94 LF ZZ	146 AKCL Ub	198 KNG
Ángel M. Martin	Page 130	June 2019

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199 STO 00	228 "`**"	257 XEQ 99
200 *	229.	258 3
201 E	230 STO \	259 X>Y?
202 +	231 "` A "	260 "COWARD"
203 INT	232 X<> \	261 X>Y?
204 FC?C 10	233 CLA	262 AVIEW
205 RTN	234 X<> [263 5
206 28	235 ASTO X	264 XEQ 99
207 +	236 RDN	265 3
208 OCT	237 STO [266 X>Y?
209 E3	238 RDN	267 STOP
210 /	239 STO \	268 "HE COMES AFTER "
211 E1	240 ARCL Z	269 "`YOU"
212 +	241 X<>Y	270 AVIEW
213 X<> d	242 DSE X	271 GTO 21
214 FS?C 19	243 GTO 30	272*LBL B
215 SF 20	244 RTN	273 "GUN CHANGED"
216 FS?C 18	245*LBL A	274 AVIEW
217 SF 19	246 CF 27	275 FS?C 01
218 FS?C 17	247 RCL 03	276 2
219 SF 18	248 3	277 FS?C 02
220 FS?C 15	249 "YOUR FEET"	278 E
221 SF 17	250 X>Y?	279 SF IND X
222 FS?C 14	251 "RUNNING"	280 CF 22
223 SF 16	252 AVIEW	281 CF 27
224 X<> d	253 PSE	282 GTO 26
225 RCL \	254 X<=Y?	283 END
226 X<>Y	255 GTO 25	
227 X<> [256 5	

Poker (Against your HP-41)

JM Baillard - <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/poker.php</u>

To simplify the programs, we use a deck of an infinite number of one-suit cards. In other words, the probability of each card is 1/13, and therefore, the order of the combinations is modified like this:

combinations	probability	ranking
high card	41%	0
1 pair	46%	1
2 pairs	7%	2
3 of a kind	4.6%	3
full house	0.4%	4
straight*	0.3%	5
4 of a kind	0.2%	6
5 of a kind	0.004%	7



The HP-41 is always the dealer.

0- A bet of 1000\$ is placed automatically (line 38)

1.- The calculator deals 5 cards one by one to the player and to itself, the player's cards are gradually shown and the HP-41's cards are displayed as starbursts, then the cards are sorted out in increasing order, displayed again, and the program stops.

2.- At this step, key in a stake (of about \$1000 or \$2000 for instance) and press R/S (if the player simply presses R/S the HP-41 wins)

3.- Then, the HP-41 can:

- a) fold (the player wins and the new bank of the player is displayed)
- b) match the player's bet.
- c) make a higher bid (which is displayed as " $\,+\,\ldots\,$ \$)

In this case, the player can, in his turn:

- a) fold (press: 0, R/S)
- b) match the HP-41's bet (press: ENTER, R/S)
- c) make a higher bid (key in a number greater than the HP-41's bid and R/S) .. etc..

4.- At the end of the stakes, the player's cards are displayed again and the program stops.

- To exchange the cards number 1, 2, 5 (if your hand is 45QQA for example) press: 125, $\,$ R/S.

- If you have a complete hand, simply press R/S.
- 5. The HP-41 displays the remaining cards of the player and as many starbursts as its own remaining cards.
- 6. About 12 seconds later, the new hand of the player is displayed (followed by / and 5 starbursts) and the program stops.
- 7. The second round of betting takes place here just like in steps 2 and 3 (To fold immediately, simply press R/S).
- 8. If the final bet or raise is not called, the new bank of the player is displayed, but the calculator's cards remain unknown. Otherwise, the HP-41 displayed its own cards one by one and then it displays the new bank of the player.
- 9. Press R/S to continue the game.

Remarks:

1-If the player exchanges 3; 2; 1; 0 cards, the HP-41 will fold unless it has (at least) one pair; three of a kind; two pairs; a full house (respectively). (lines 183 to 191)

2-This strategy is very simple, so don't play too aggressively against your HP-41 ...

(but remember that the HP-41 can bluff in the second round of betting (lines 177 to 182)).

3-Don't disturb rashly the stack during the raises.

4-Digit entry lines are very slow. Therefore, execution time can be saved by storing these numbers in data registers: for instance replace line 211 by RCL 41 and key in 1.015008 STO 41 just after line 27 ... etc ...

Data Registers:

R00 thru R40 are used. R00 and R12 must be initialized before executing "POKER"

R00 = random numbers

R12 = the bank of the player (the cash)

R01 thru R05 are the HP-41's cards R06 thru R11 are used for temporary data storage R15 thru R19 are the player's cards R20 thru R22 ------

R10 is also used for the HP-41's raises.

R08 and R22 are also used to store the values of both hands.

R21 is also used to store the player's hand.

- R23 = / aaaaaa
- R24 = / aaaa
- R25 = /mmma (max symbolizes the starburst, the hidden cards of the HP-41)
- R26 = / aa
- $R27 = /\alpha$
- R28 = the "2s"
- R29 = the "3s"

..... R39 = the "Ks"

R40 = the "As"

Flags: F06 ; Subroutines: none.

Analysis of the program:

Lines 02 to 27 initialize the registers containing the cards (2, 3, ..., 9, T, J, Q, K, A) and the hidden cards of the calculator (displayed as starbursts). They are executed only once.

Lines 28 to 59 place the initial bet (\$1000, line 38) and deal the cards one by one.

Line 60 (XEQ 09) sorts the cards, calculates the value of the HP-41's hand and stores in R10 the maximum amount of money that the HP-41 will accept.

Lines 61 to 68 modify this sum when the calculator has 4 cards in sequence (like 6789K) which can lead to a straight. In such a case, the HP-41 will raise the bets just as if it had two pairs.

Lines 70 to 94 concern the betting:

- if the player keys in 0 R/S (or simply R/S at the first time) the HP-41 wins the pot.
- if the player keys in ENTER^ R/S the raises are called.

if the player keys in a bet and R/S there are 3 possibilities:

- a) If the total amount of the raises is higher than the number in R10 the player wins the pot.
- b) If the total amount of the raises is smaller than R10 but greater than 0.4*R10, the HP-41 is in.
- c) If the total amount of the raises is smaller than 0.4*R10, the HP-41 makes a higher raise ... etc ... (This raise is chosen randomly but the total amount of the previous bets is also taken into account)

Lines 104 to 112 are the showdown: the calculator displays its cards one by one. Lines 113 to 137 display the player's bank. Line 138 returns to line 28

Lines 139 to 175 display the remaining cards of the player (and as many starbursts as the remaining cards of the HP-41) after discarding.

Line 176 executes the LBL 09 (see below) Lines 177 to 182 are the calculator's bluff (only in the second round of betting): The number in R10 is divided by a random real number r (0 < r < 1).

Lines 183 to 191 are the HP-41's strategy (as explained in the 1st remark above) Lines 192 to 193 return to line 70 (the betting)

Lines 194 to 209 calculate and store in R10 the maximum amount of money that the HP-41 will accept. This number suits to bets of a few thousand (or ten thousand) dollars.

Lines 210 to 222 replace the discarded cards by new ones. Lines 223 to 263 sort out the cards in increasing order (in R01 to R05)

Lines 269 to 288 calculate the value of the hand in R08. The result is also used to obtain the number in R10 which is proportional to the square of R08. The number 37 (line 271) can be changed but must not be too small (not smaller than 16). Otherwise, the order of the different hands could become wrong.

Lines 289 to 300 deal the cards. The random number generator used by this LBL 08 is guite simple: R-D, FRC. It's perhaps not a perfect one but it's good enough for a game.

Lines 301 to 454 concern the evaluation of the hand, the cards to be exchanged ...etc...

The details are somewhat complex, but it works well!

For instance, if the HP-41's hand is 3377K we have:

R01 = R02 = 29 (the "3s"); R03 = R04 = 33 (the "7s"); R05 = 39 (the "K"). R06 = 5 because the HP-41 will exchange its 5th card (the King) after the first round of betting. R07 = 2 = the ranking of the hand: two pairs. R08 = 33 ; R09 = 29 ; R10 = 39 ; R11 = 29

Then, the value of the hand is obtained by:

37⁵*R07+37⁴*R08+37³*R09+37²*R10+37*R11+R01 = 202058657

and stored in R08 (line 287). In this example, R11 and R01 could be replaced by zero in the above formula, but it's not necessary. This number characterizes the hand and allows to compare the HP-41's hand with the player's hand.

 $(R08/E6)^2 = 40827.7$ \$ is then stored in register R10 (line 210).

01*LBL "POKER" 23 DSE X 45 GETKEYX 67*LBL 04 02 22 24 GTO 01 46 X=0? 68 RCL IND X 03 XROM "INIT" 25 "BET\$=?" 47 GTO 10 69 ARCL IND X 04 RNG 26 PROMPT 48 LASTX 70 COS 05 STO 00 27 STO 22 49 -71 AVIEW 72 X<>Y 06 CLX 28*LBL 16 50 CLRGX 29 " " 07 STO 06 51 GTO 03 73 DSE X 08 "A" 74 GTO 04 30 ASTO 08 52*LBL 10 09 ASTO 21 53 " " 75 RCL 07 31 5 10 "K" 32*LBL 02 54.5 76 X#0? 33 CLA 77 GTO 09 11 ASTO 20 55*LBL 13 12 "Q" 34 ARCL 08 56 RCL IND X 78 17 79 RCL 08 13 ASTO 19 35 ENTER^ 57 X#0? 14 "J" 58 ARCL IND X 80 X>Y? 36 XEQ 14 15 ASTO 18 37 ARCL IND X 59 X<>Y 81 ISG 07 16 16 38 ASTO 08 60 DSE X 82 INT 17 "T" **39 AVIEW** 61 GTO 13 83 14 40 X<>Y 62 AVIEW 84 X>Y? 18 ASTO 17 199 41 DSE X 63 5 85 DSE 07 20*LBL 01 42 GTO 02 64 XEQ 05 86*LBL 09 65 " " 21 STO IND Y 43*LBL 03 87 RCL 22 22 DSE Y 44 54 66 5 88 RCL 07 Ángel M. Martin Page | 135

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89 *	134 X<> 05	179 X>Y?	224 RDN
90 ST+ 06	135 X>Y?	180 RTN	225*LBL 09
91 RCL 06	136 X<>Y	181 RCL 02	226 X<> Z
92 " "	137 R^	182 LASTX	227 STO 08
93 X>0?	138 X>Y?	183 -	228 CLX
94 "`+"	139 X<>Y	184 PI	229 STO 07
95 ARCL 06	140 RDN	185 X <y?< td=""><td>230 RTN</td></y?<>	230 RTN
96 "` \$"	141 X>Y?	186 GTO 10	231*LBL 10
97 CF 22	142 X<>Y	187 R^	232 RCL 01
98 PROMPT	143 RDN	188 12	233 X=Y?
99 FS?C 22	144 X <y?< td=""><td>189 X=Y?</td><td>234 GTO 09</td></y?<>	189 X=Y?	234 GTO 09
100 STO 22	145 X<>Y	190 RTN	235 GTO 07
101 GTO 16	146 STO 01	191*LBL 10	236*LBL 06
102*LBL 14	147 STO 08	192 5	237 RCL 02
103 CLX	148 RDN	193 CHS	238 X=Y?
104 RCL 00	149 X>Y?	194 STO 07	239 GTO 10
105 R-D	150 X<>Y	195 RTN	240 RCL 01
106 13	151 STO 04	196*LBL 11	241 X=Y?
107 MOD	152 RDN	197 STO 08	242 RTN
108 STO 00	153 X>Y?	198 CLX	243*LBL 07
109 9	154 X<>Y	199 STO 07	244 3
110 +	155 STO 03	200 BTN	245 STO 07
111 INT	156 X<>Y	201*LBL 06	246 RTN
112 STO IND Y	157 STO 02	202 BCL 02	247*I BL 08
112 STO IND 1	158 5	202 Kee 02	248 BCL 01
114*I BL 05	159 STO 07	203 X 11 204 GTO 10	249 X=V?
115 RCL IND X	160 RCL 05	205 BCL 01	250 RTN
116 X=0?	161 RCL 04	206 X=Y?	251*I BI 11
117 XFO 14	162 X=Y?	200 A=1	257 252 2
118 X<>V	163 GTO 08	207 GTO 11 208 GTO 09	252 2 253 STO 07
	164 RCL 03	200 410 05	253 510 07 254 RTN
120 GTO 05	165 X=V?	210 BCL 01	255*LBL 10
120 GTO 05	166 GTO 06	210 Kel 01 211 X=V?	256 21
121 RCL 01	167 BCL 02	212 GTO 07	257 STO 07
122 NOL 02	168 X-V?	212 GTO 07	258 CLX
123 //1:	160 GTO 07	213 010 05	250 CLA 250 PCL 01
124 AV	100 010 07	214 LDL 08	260 X-V2
125 NCL 05	170 KCL 01	215 KCL 05	200 A-T: 261 PTN
120 XZ1:	171 A-1:	210 7-1	262*LBL 09
127 ANNI 128 PCI 04	172 010 11 172 PCL 05	217 GTO 00	262 12
120 NCL 04	177 _	210 NUL UZ 210 V-V2	203 IS 264 STO 07
120 V/N	175 Q	213 A-1 [220 GTO 00	204 310 07 265 END
	176 STO 07		203 END
127 V/V2	177 CIV	221 KUL UI 222 V-V2	
102 N/1 !	170 F		
	T10 D	223 010 11	

American Roulette

JM Baillard - <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/roulette.php</u>

Overview

With this program, you play Roulette against your HP-41

Several wagers are proposed and you bet (or not) after each PROMPT. Then the wheel spins, the HP-41 displays the result and finally, your new cash is displayed.

The board looks like this:

HP-41	Casin	0	0	00	
4104.0		1	2	3	
11010	46142	4	5	6	
EVEN	15112	7	8	9	
		10	11	12	
RED	2nd12	13	14	15	
		16	17	18	
BLACK		19	20	21	
		22	23	24	
ODD	3rd12	25	26	27	
		28	29	30	
19to36		31	32	33	
		34	35	36	
HP-41	Casino	2to1	2to1	2to1	

The different wagers are as follows:

Other wagers do exist but they are omitted in this version of the game.

RED/BLACK	paid 1 to 1
ODD/EVEN 0/00 are neither one	paid 1 to 1
LOW/HIGH low = numbers between 1 and 18 high = numbers between 19 and 36	paid 1 to 1 paid 1 to 1
COLUMN 1-2-3 Column1 = 1 4 7 31 34 Column2 = 2 5 8 32 35 Column3 = 3 6 9 33 36	paid 2 to 1 as written on the board 2 to 1 as written on the board 2 to 1 as written on the board

DOZEN 1-2-3	
1 st Dozen = 1 to 12	paid 2 to 1
2nd Dozen = 13 to 24	2 to 1
3rd Dozen = 25 to 36	2 to 1
STREET 1 to 12 Street1 = 1 2 3 Street2 = 4 5 6	paid 11 to 1 11 to 1
Street12 = 34 35 36	11 to 1

STRAIGHT UP You bet on a single number paid 35 to 1

Example:

1 STO 00, 5000 STO 01 (if you start with \$5000) XEQ "ROULETT"

Suppose you want to bet 200\$ on BLACK , 200\$ on ODD , 200\$ on column 3 , 200\$ on street 8 and 100\$ on number 16

```
REIZIEREKP
                    key in 200 ENTER^ 2 R/S
DIJ/EVEN7
                    200 ENTER^ 1 R/S
                    or simply 1, R/S because the previous bet 200$ is still in X-reg.)
LOW/HIGH7
                    simply press R/S
EBLUMN I - 2 - 3 7 3, R/S - but for a bet of $100, key in 100, ENTER^, 3, R/S
10ZEN 1-2-37
                    R/S
STREET 1- 127
                    8 R/S
STRRIGHT UP7
                    100 ENTER^ 16 R/S
SIRAIGHT UP?
                    R/S
```

The HP-41 displays the spinning wheel, then 11 BLACK ODD and finally your new cash: C=4900

You have bet \$900 and you receive 200x2 + 200x2 = 800\$ therefore, C = 5000\$ - 900\$ + 800\$ = 4900\$

Press R/S to continue the game ...

Notes:

To wager on 00, you can place your bet and then:

ENTER[^] 0 ENTER[^] R/S or ENTER[^] 37 R/S

The first 6 wagers a	re propos	sed only c	once, but	if you wa	ant to be	t several	times on these
wagers simply add:	GTO 06	GTO 05	GTO 04	GTO 03	GTO 02	GTO 01	
after lines	64	54	44	34	24	14	respectively

A Compendium Collection

Conversey, delete line 81 if you never bet twice on a single number.

Program listing:

01*LBL "RLTTE" 02 66 03 XROM "INIT" 04 RNG 05 STO 00 06 "BANK\$=?" 07 PROMPT 08 STO 01 09*LBL 16 10 CF 22 11 "RED/BLACK?" 12 PROMPT 13 FC?C 22 14 GTO 02 15 3 16 + 17 X<>Y 18 ST- 03 19 STO IND Y 20*LBL 02 21 "ODD/EVEN?" 22 PROMPT 23 FC?C 22 24 GTO 03 25 5 26 + 27 X<>Y 28 ST- 03 29 STO IND Y 30*LBL 03 31 "LOW/HIGH?" 32 PROMPT 33 FC?C 22 34 GTO 04 357 36 + 37 X<>Y 38 ST- 03 39 STO IND Y 40*LBL 04 41 "COL? 1-2-3" 42 PROMPT 43 FC?C 22 44 GTO 05 45 9 46 + 47 X<>Y

48 ST- 03 49 STO IND Y 50*LBL 05 51 "DOZEN? 1-2-3" **52 PROMPT** 53 FC?C 22 54 GTO 06 55 12 56+ 57 X<>Y 58 ST- 03 59 STO IND Y 60*LBL 06 61 "STREET? 1-12" 62 PROMPT 63 FC?C 22 64 GTO 07 65 15 66 + 67 X<>Y 68 ST- 03 69 STO IND Y 70*LBL 07 71 "STRAIGHT UP?" 72 PROMPT 73 FC?C 22 74 GTO 08 75 X=0? 76 X#Y? 77 GTO 07 78 X<> Z 79 37 80*LBL 07 81 28 82 + 83 X<>Y 84 ST-03 85 STO IND Y 86 GTO 07 87*LBL 08 88 "331642335142" 89 SF 25 90 AVIEW 91 SF 99 92 41 93*LBL 09 94 DSE X

95 GTO 09 96 37 97 RCL 00 98 R-D 99 FRC 100 STO 00 101 38 102 * 103 INT 104 STO 02 105 " " 106 X=Y? 107 >"00" 108 X#Y? 109 ARCL X 110 X#0? 111 X=Y? 112 GTO 10 113 18 114 MOD 115 X=0? 116 X<> L 117 E1 118 X<Y? 119 ISG Y 120 CLX 121 CLX 122 2 123 MOD 124 X=0? 125 >" BLACK" 126 X#0? 127 >" RED" 128 5 129 -130 RCL IND X 131 ST+ X 132 ST+ 03 133 7 134 RCL 02 135 2 136 MOD 137 X=0? 138 "` EVEN" 139 X#0? 140 >" ODD" 141 -

Retro Games for the HP-41	Users Manual	A Compendium Collection
142 RCL IND X	165 ST+ 03	188*LBL 10
143 ST+ X	166 RCL 02	189 AVIEW
144 ST+ 03	167 E	190 COS
145 RCL 02	168 -	191 COS
146 E	169 12	192 COS
147 -	170 /	193 COS
148 18	171 13	194 COS
149 /	172 +	195 RCL 02
150 8	173 RCL IND X	196 28
151 +	174 3	197 +
152 RCL IND X	175 *	198 RCL IND X
153 ST+ X	176 ST+ 03	199 36
154 ST+ 03	177 RCL 02	200 *
155 RCL 02	178 E	201 ST+ 03
156 3	179 -	202 RCL 03
157 MOD	180 3	203 ST+ 01
158 X=0?	181 /	204 " C="
159 X<> L	182 16	205 RCL 01
160 9	183 +	206 ARCL X
161 +	184 RCL IND X	207 "`\$"
162 RCL IND X	185 12	208 PROMPT
163 3	186 *	209 GTO 16
164 *	187 ST+ 03	210 END

Black Jack for the HP-41

JM Baillard - <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/blackjack.php</u>

This program allows you to play Blackjack against your HP-41, with the calculator always playing the bank.

Instructions:

Place your bet in X-register and XEQ "BLJ" The HP-41 deals 2 cards for you and 1 for itself. If you have 21 points with these 2 cards, you win 1.5 times your bet (unless the HP-41 has also 21 points in 2 cards), otherwise:

- Press the Σ + key to double your bet (line 74): in this case, you receive one card only.
- Press ENTER[^] to hit (line 65): you can receive as many cards as you want (provided your points do not exceed 21 otherwise, you lose)
- Press any other key to stand.

If you have no Blackjack and if your total does not exceed 21, the HP-41 deals cards for itself until its total exceeds 16. Then, the 2 hands are compared and your new cash is displayed.

Place another bet and R/S to continue the game or simply press R/S without any digit entry to place the same bet.

Card Designation and Value:

A = ace = 1 or 11 points 2 = 2, 3 = 3,, 9 = 9 points T = J = Q = K = 10 points

Therefore the possible Blackjacks are: AT AJ AQ AK

Notes:

- "Split" and "Insurance" are not covered by this program.
- A deck of an infinite number of one-suit cards is used. (In other words, the probability of each card = 1/13)
- Note that the GETKEY function of the X-functions module is used. This saves you from pressing R/S and makes the program properly react to the allowable keys.

Data Registers:

- R00 = random numbers
- R01 = your cash ; R02 thru R09: scratch

Example: 7, STO 00, CLX, STO 01

Place you bet, for instance \$12000 in X-register

12000, XEQ "BLJ" the HP-41 displays:

"6/" "6/5" "62/5"

Press ENTER[^] to hit, you get: "528/5"

You have 19 points, so you stand: press any key except ENTER^ and SIGMA+

"628/5K" "628/5KK" "+12000 \$"

the HP-41 continues until its points exceed 16 Busted ! HP-41 exceeds 21: you win

Simply press R/S to continue with the same bet:

```
"57"
"573"
"5673"
```

Press the S+ key to double your bet:

"568/3" "568/3J" "568/3J8" "568/3J89" "46000 %"

Busted again: you win 24000 \$ and your cash is:

Remarks:

Do not store PI in register R00, the "random" numbers wouldn't be randomized at all...

The display is very minimalist! You could add some pizzad to it, for example:

add "TIE-PUSH" X=Y? AVIEW after line 147 add "BLACKJACK" AVIEW after line 96 and after line 27

One register only is used to store each hand so the HP-41 will not display all the cards if you (or the HP-41) have more than 6 cards. To overcome this limitation:

add ARCL 11 after line 121 add ARCL 10 after line 119 replace lines 113 to 115 by ARCL 05 ARCL 11 ARCL Z ASTO 05 ASHF ASTO 11 replace lines 103 to 105 by ARCL 04 ARCL 10 ARCL Z ASTO 04 ASHF ASTO 10 add ASTO 10 ASTO 11 after line 09

<u>01 </u>	LBL "BLJ"	42 ARCL X	83	X>Y?	124	RTN
02	FS?C 22	43 LASTX	84	CLX	125	LBL 08
03	STO 09	44 X=Y?	85	-	126	XEQ 06
04	21	45 "K"	86	X<0?	127	LBL 09
05	STO 02	46 DSE X	87	21	128	RCL 08
06	STO 03	47 X=Y?	88	STO 02	129	*
07	CLA	48 " <mark>Q</mark> "	89	LBL 04	130	X>Y?
08	ASTO 04	49 DSE X	90	XEQ 06	131	CLX
09	ASTO 05	50 X=Y?	91	RCL 08	132	- 133 21
10	2	51 "J"	92	*	134	RCL 02
11	STO 06	52 DSE X	93	X#Y?	135	X#Y?
12	CLX	53 X=Y?	94	GTO 09	136	X<0?
13	STO 07	54 "T"	95	CHS	137	GTO 10
14	STO 08	55 X <y?< td=""><td>96</td><td>STO 03</td><td>138</td><td>4</td></y?<>	96	STO 03	138	4
15	FIX 0	56 X<>Y	97	GTO 10	139	R^
16	CF 29	57 SIGN	98	LBL 05	140	X>Y?
17	XEQ 05	58 X=Y?	99	XEQ 01	141	GTO 08
18	XEQ 06	59 "A"	100	ST- 02	142	X<0?
19	XEQ 05	60 X<>Y	101	X=Y?	143	R^
20	RCL 07	61 ASTO Z	102	STO 07	144	STO 03
21	*	62 CLA	103	ARCL 04	145	LBL 10
22	X#Y?	63 RTN	104	ARCL Z	146	RCL 03
23	GTO 02	64 LBL 02	105	ASTO 04	147	RCL 02
24	CHS	65 41	106	RCL 02	148	-
25	STO 02	66 GETKEY	107	GTO 07	149	X#0?
26	1.5	67 X#Y?	108	LBL 06	150	SIGN
27	STO 06	68 GTO 03	109	XEQ 01	151	RCL 06
28	GTO 04	69 XEQ 05	110	ST- 03	152	*
29	LBL 01	70 CLX	111	X=Y?	153	RCL 09
30	RCL 00	71 X <y?< td=""><td>112</td><td>STO 08</td><td>154</td><td>*</td></y?<>	112	STO 08	154	*
31	R-D	72 GTO 02	113	ARCL 05	155	ST+ 01
32	FRC	73 LBL 03	114	ARCL Z	156	RCL 01
33	STO 00	74 11	115	ASTO 05	157	
34 9	Ð	75 X#Y?	116	RCL 03	158	X>0?
35	+	76 DSE 06	117	LBL 07	159	"~+"
36	10^X	77 X=Y?	118		160	ARCL 01
37	13	78 XEQ 05	119	ARCL 04	161	"~ \$"
38	MOD	79 RCL 02	120	"~/"	162	FIX 4
39	X=0?	80 10	121	ARCL 05	163	SF 29
40	LASTX	81 RCL 07	122	AVIEW	164	AVIEW
41	CLA	82 *	123	10	165	END

Blackjack Card Counter

Richard Baker - PPCCJ V7N7 p6 (September 1980)

Steps:

1: Load program	SIZE 045
2:- Must do: Clear all registers	CLRG
3:- Set histogram parameters	[] [A]
4:- Enter card values as each is dealt: Aces are 1, Jacks 11, Queens 12, Kings 13	[A]
5:- View card count at any time	[B]
6:- Compute remaining probabilities for each card value	[C]
7:- View remaining probabilities forfor each card value at any time after Step 6	[D]
8:- Print out two histograms a. card count showing number of each card that h b. probability for each card remaining	[E] nas been played

9:- For new deck, return to step 2.

COMMENTS:

- Program works for a one deck deal only.
- View functions and histogram printouts do not show the card value, just the count and the two decimal probabilities for that value; i.e., the counts for the Aces are first, kings, last.Each histogram bas 13 lines.
- View function requires R/S after each pause. DO NOT press R/S after "24" shows on label B or "44" on label D
- Probability figures given show number of chances in the remainder of the deal that any particular card will be the next card to be played; eg: 1 in x.
- Since blackjack rules do not require losing players to show their down cards, counts and probabilities will necessarily be off to this extent.
- When entering card counts in label A, you must allow time for a "1" to show in the display.
- Viewing and histogram printout can take place at any time during the deal.
| <u>01 LBL "BLAKJAK"</u> | 43 LBL 01 | 85 STOP | 127 GTO 08 |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------------|
| 02 LBL a | 44 CLX | 86 GTO 02 | 128 RTN |
| 03 .01 | 45 VIEW IND 05 | 87 LBL 03 | <u>129 LBL E</u> |
| 04 STO 00 | 46 PSE | 88 RCL 07 | 130 11.024 |
| 05 4 | 47 ISG 05 | 89 4 | 131 STO 05 |
| 06 STO 01 | 48 RCL 05 | 90 / | 132 VIEW 01 |
| 07 52 | 49 INT | 91 STO IND 06 | 133 LBL 09 |
| 08 STO 07 | 50 24 | 92 RTN | 134 RCL IND 05 |
| 09 125 | 51 X#Y? | 93 LBL 04 | 135 ACX |
| 10 STO 02 | 52 GTO 01 | 94 RCL 07 | 136 REGPLOT |
| 11 CLX | 53 RTN | 95 3 | 137 ISG 05 |
| 12 0 | <u>54 LBL C</u> | 96 / | 138 RCL 05 |
| 13 ENTER | 55 11.023 | 97 STO IND 06 | 139 INT |
| 14 65 | 56 STO 05 | 98 RTN | 140 24 |
| 15 BLDSPEC | 57 31.043 | 99 LBL 05 | 141 X=Y? |
| 16 65 | 58 STO 06 | 100 RCL 07 | 142 GTO 10 |
| 17 BLDSPEC | 59 LBL 02 | 101 2 | 143 GTO 09 |
| 18 65 | 60 RCL IND 05 | 102 / | 144 LBL 10 |
| 19 BLDSPEC | 61 X=0? | 103 STO IND 06 | 145 ADV |
| 20 65 | 62 XEQ 03 | 104 RTN | 146 31.044 |
| 21 BLDSPEC | 63 RCL IND 05 | 105 LBL 06 | 147 STO 06 |
| 22 65 | 64 1 | 106 RCL 07 | 148 RCL 07 |
| 23 BLDSPEC | 65 X=Y? | 107 1 | 149 STO 01 |
| 24 65 | 66 XEQ 04 | 108 / | 150 VIEW 01 |
| 25 BLDSPEC | 67 RCL IND 05 | 109 STO IND 06 | 151 LBL 11 |
| 26 127 | 68 2 | 110 RTN | 152 RCL IND 06 |
| 27 BLDSPEC | 69 X=Y? | 111 LBL 07 | 153 ACX |
| 28 STO 03 | 70 XEQ 05 | 112 0 | 154 REGPLOT |
| 29 CLX | 71 RCL IND 05 | 113 STO IND 06 | 155 ISG 06 |
| 30 RTN | 72 3 | 114 RTN | 156 RCL 06 |
| <u>31 LBL A</u> | 73 X=Y? | <u>115 LBL D</u> | 157 INT |
| 32 ENTER | 74 XEQ 06 | 116 31.044 | 158 44 |
| 33 10 | 75 RCL IND 05 | 117 STO 06 | 159 X=Y? |
| 34 + | 76 4 | 118 LBL 08 | 160 GTO 12 |
| 35 STO 05 | 77 X=Y? | 119 CLX | 161 GTO 11 |
| 36 1 | 78 XEQ 07 | 120 VIEW IND 06 | 162 LBL 12 |
| 37 ST+ IND 05 | 79 ISG 05 | 121 PSE | 163 4 |
| 38 ST- 07 | 80 ISG 06 | 122 ISG 06 | 164 STO 01 |
| 39 RTN | 81 RCL 05 | 123 RCL 06 | 165 RTN |
| <u>40 LBL B</u> | 82 INT | 124 INT | 166 END |
| 41 11.024 | 83 24 | 125 44 | |
| 42 STO 05 | 84 X=Y? | 126 X#Y? | |

BlackJack

Whodunit – Swap Disks

Another undocumented but very nicely implementation – so much so that this one made it on the 'FUN_STUFF" module.

<u>01*LBL "BJ"</u>	41 GTO 03	81 X<=0?	121*LBL 01
02 26	42 CLX	82 PROMPT	122 21
03 PSIZE	43 E	83 STO 10	123 RCL 07
04 XEQ 11	44 X=Y?	84*LBL 01	124 X=Y?
05 CLX	45 GTO 04	85 RCL 10	125 GTO 01
06 STO 12	46 CLA	86 STO 11	126 FS? 05
07*LBL 12	47 ARCL Y	87 CF 29	127 GTO C
08 13,025	48 GTO 05	88 CLA	128 XEQ 05
09 CLD	49*LBL 03	89 ASTO 05	129 RTN
10 9	50 STO 02	90 ASTO 06	130*LBL 14
11*LBL 13	51 "T"	91 CLX	131 FS?C 10
12 STO IND Y	52 E	92 STO 07	132 GTO C
13 ISG Y	53 +	93 STO 08	133 RTN
14 GTO 13	54 X=Y?	94 XEQ 04	134*LBL 01
15 92	55 "J"	95 RCL 03	135 "DLR BJ"
16 STO 01	56 E	96 STO 04	136 AVIEW
17 CLX	57 +	97 SF 09	137 BEEP
18 RTN	58 X=Y?	98 XEQ 07	138 SF 05
19*LBL 00	59 "Q"	99 AVIEW	139*LBL C
20 FIX 0	60 E	100 XEQ 04	140 FS? 29
21 RNG	61 +	101 RCL 03	141 GTO 05
22 13	62 X=Y?	102 RCL 04	142 11
23 *	63 "K"	103 X=Y?	143 RCL 08
24 E	64 GTO 05	104 SF 20	144 X>Y?
25 +	65*LBL 04	105 SF 09	145 CF 06
26 INT	66 "A"	106 XEQ 07	146 E1
27 STO 02	67 SF 05	107 ARCL 03	147 FS?C 06
28 12	68*LBL 05	108 AVIEW	148 ST+ 08
29 +	69 RCL 02	109 FC? 06	149 FS?C 09
30 DSE IND X	70 ASTO 03	110 GTO 01	150 GTO 02
31 GTO 01	71 RTN	111 RCL 08	151 GTO 08
32 GTO 00	72*LBL A	112 11	152*LBL E
33*LBL 01	73 FC? 29	113 X#Y?	153 E1
34 DSE 01	74 GTO C	114 GTO 01	154 RCL 08
35 GTO 02	75 FC?C 22	115 "PLYR BJ"	155 X#Y?
36 XEQ 12	76 GTO 01	116 AVIEW	156 11
37*LBL 02	77 "BET?"	117 BEEP	157 X=Y?
38 RCL 02	78 E2	118 1,5	158 FS? 07
39 E1	79 X<>Y	119 ST* 11	159 GTO 05
40 X<=Y?	80 X<=Y?	120 SF 05	160 2
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161 ST* 11	197*LBL 02	233 ST+ 07	269 21
162 SF 10	198 RCL 04	234 CLA	270 RCL 07
163*LBL B	199 STO 06	235 ARCL 05	271 X>Y?
164 FS? 29	200 RCL 08	236 ARCL 03	272 XEQ 06
165 GTO 05	201 X<> 09	237 ASTO 05	273 RCL 08
166 SF 07	202 STO 08	238*LBL 08	274 X=Y?
167 XEQ 04	203 XEQ 05	239 "DLR "	275 SF 10
168 21	204 GTO B	240 FS? 09	276 "PUSH"
169 RCL 08	205*LBL 04	241 "`"	277 FS? 10
170 X<=Y?	206 XEQ 00	242 FS?C 09	278 AVIEW
171 GTO 14	207 FS?C 05	243 RTN	279 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
172 CHS	208 SF 06	244 ARCL 05	280 SF 05
173 STO 08	209 ST+ 08	245 AVIEW	281 RCL 11
174 XEQ 06	210 CLA	246*LBL 09	282 FS?C 05
175 GTO C	211 ARCL 06	247 RCL 08	283 CHS
176*LBL D	212 ARCL 03	248 X>0?	284 FC?C 10
177 FS?C 20	213 ASTO 06	249 FS?C 05	285 ST+ 12
178 FS? 07	214*LBL 05	250 GTO 10	286 FIX 2
179 GTO 05	215 "PLYR "	251 FS? 23	287 "BANK \$"
180 SF 08	216 ARCL 06	252 SF 06	288 ARCL 12
181 SF 09	217 AVIEW	253 17	289 AVIEW
182 RCL 04	218 RTN	254 RCL 07	290 RCL 08
183 STO 06	219*LBL 06	255 X#Y?	291 X<> 09
184 2	220 PSE	256 CF 06	292 STO 08
185 ST/ 08	221 "BUST"	257 FC?C 06	293 FS?C 08
186 RCL 08	222 AVIEW	258 X <y?< td=""><td>294 GTO 08</td></y?<>	294 GTO 08
187 STO 09	223 CLX	259 GTO 07	295 CLST
188 XEQ 05	224 RTN	260 22	296*LBL 11
189 E	225*LBL 07	261 X>Y?	297 "<"
190 X#Y?	226 XEQ 00	262 GTO 10	298 ASTO d
191 GTO B	227 FC?C 05	263 E1	299 CF 03
192 XEQ B	228 GTO 07	264 ST- 07	300 CLA
193 CF 09	229 FC? 23	265 FS?C 23	301 END
194 SF 10	230 11	266 GTO 09	
195 E1	231 SF 23	267 ST+ 07	
196 ST+ 08	232*LBL 07	268*LBL 10	

Black Jack (Twenty-One)

HP Co. – Standard Apps. (November 1979)

This program plays a simple version of the card game blackjack (twenty-one). The calculator deals (without replacement) from a 104-card deck, reshuffling when all but 13 cards have been dealt. The player may bet any amount; if he doesn't place a bet, the value of his previous one will be used.

The player and dealer each receive two cards, one of lhe dealer's cards being exposed . The player may then either draw additional cards (hit) or not draw (stand). The object of the game is to reach, but not exceed, a score of 21 points, counting 10 for face cards, 1 or 11 for aces, and the face value for the remaining cards. If a player's first two cards count 21, he has blackjack and immediately collects 10 times his bet unless Ihe dealer also has blackjack.

When hitting. a player who draws a card bringing his score over 21 is said to" bust" or " be busted" and he loses his bet. When the player stands on a score of 21 or less, the dealer must hit his own hand until his score exceeds 16. At that point the higher hand wins and the player's bank is updated. If the player and dealer should have the same score, the bet is a srand-off or a push .

Options allowed in casino-style blackjack such as splitting pairs, going down for double, and purchasing insurance are not included in this program .You must have an HP-4IC with one additional Memory Module to run this program.

Program Highlight

With the 11 registers left after keying in this program, you can write a program to play blackjack using simple playing and betting schemes. The routine shown checks registers and flags used by the blackjack program to determine whether to hit or stand. If the playing program loses , it doubles its bet, eventually wining.

By adding still more memory modules to your HP-41C, more complicated playing strategies may be tried. Notice that this program requires the data memory size to be increased to 28.



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S	I SHOW 2 YOU HAVE 107 I HAVE 2J I HAVE 2JK	NOTE: The S function was assigned to 🖅
DL	BUST YOUR BANK IS \$2 I SHOW 6 YOU HAVE A5	
нт	YOU HAVE A57	
нт	YOU HAVE A575	
S	I HAVE 6K I HAVE 6K8 BUST YOUB BANK IS \$4	

01*LBL "CRD"	30 12	59 1	88 STO IND Y
02 CLA	31 RCL 14	60 +	89 ISG Y
03 ASTO 19	32 X>Y?	61 X=Y?	90 GTO 14
04 1	33 GTO 04	62 GTO "Q"	91 104
05 STO 15	34 XEQ "SH"	63 "K"	92 STO 14
06 RCL 00	35*LBL 04	64 GTO 01	93 CLD
07 9821	36 RCL 15	<u>65*LBL A</u>	94 CF 00
08 *	37 STO 16	66 "A"	95 CF 01
09 ,211327	38 10	67 CF 07	96 CF 02
10 +	39 X<=Y?	68 GTO 01	97 CF 03
11 FRC	40 GTO 00	<u>69*LBL "Q"</u>	98 CF 04
12 STO 00	41 X<>Y	70 "Q"	99 RTN
13 RCL 14	42 STO 16	71 GTO 01	100*LBL "DL"
14 *	43 1	<u>72*LBL J</u>	101 CF 09
15 INT	44 X=Y?	73 "J"	102 SF 07
16 1	45 GTO A	74 GTO 01	103 ABS
17 +	46 CLA	<u>75*LBL "10"</u>	104 INT
18*LBL 02	47 ARCL Y	76 "10"	105 FS?C 22
19 RCL IND 15	48 GTO 01	77*LBL 01	106 STO 22
20 X>Y?	49*LBL 00	78 ASTO 19	107 RCL 22
21 GTO 03	50 STO 16	79 RCL 16	108 STO 20
22 -	51 CLX	80 RTN	109 SF 06
23 ISG 15	52 10	<u>81*LBL "SH"</u>	110 CLA
24*LBL 99	53 X=Y?	82 "SHUFFLING"	111 ASTO 26
25 GTO 02	54 GTO "10"	83 AVIEW	112 ASTO 25
26*LBL 03	55 1	84 1,013	113 XEQ "CRD"
27 DSE IND 15	56 +	85 ENTER^	114 RCL 15
28*LBL 99	57 X=Y?	86 8	115 STO 17
29 DSE 14	58 GTO J	87*LBL 14	116 XEQ "CRD"
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117 STO 23	155 11	192 GTO 08	229 X>Y?
118 CF 08	156 RCL 24	193 FS? 07	230 RTN
119 FS? 07	157 X>Y?	194 GTO 06	
120 SF 08	158 GTO 05	195 11	231 "BUST"
121 CLA	159 10	196 RCL 23	232 AVIEW
122 ARCL 19	160 ST+ 24	197 X>Y?	233 GTO 05
123 ARCL 25	161*LBL 05	198 GTO 06	<u>234*LBL "DB</u> "
124 ASTO 25	162 CF 07	199 7	235 "BUST"
125 "I SHOW "	163 FS? 08	200 X>Y?	236 AVIEW
126 ARCL 25	164 SF 07	201 GTO 06	237 0
127 AVIEW	165 RCL 17	202 10	238 RTN
128 SF 07	166 STO 15	203 ST+ 23	<u>239*LBL "PH"</u>
129 0	167 XEQ 04	204*LBL 08	240 ST+ 24
130 STO 24	168 XEQ "DH"	205 21,5	241 CLA
131 XEQ "CRD"	169 FS? 07	206 RCL 23	242 ARCL 26
132 XEQ "PH"	170 GTO 07	207 X>Y?	243 ARCL 19
133 XEQ "CRD"	171 11	208 XEQ "DB"	244 ASTO 26
134 XEQ "PH"	172 RCL 23	209 RCL 24	245 "YOU HAVE "
135 RCL 24	173 X#Y?	210 -	246 ARCL 26
136 10	174 GTO 07	211 X=0?	247 AVIEW
137 FS? 07	175 21,5	212 XEQ "P"	248 RTN
138 CLX	176 STO 23	213 X>0?	249*LBL "DH"
139 +	177 "I HAVE	214 SF 06	250 ST+ 23
140 21	BLACKJAC"	215*LBL 09	251 CLA
141 X#Y?	178 "`K"	216 RCL 20	252 ARCL 25
142 SF 09	179 AVIEW	217 FS? 06	253 ARCL 19
143 FS? 09	180 GTO 07	218 CHS	254 ASTO 25
144 RTN	181*LBL 06	219 ST+ 21	255 "I HAVE "
145 21,5	182 XEQ "CRD"	220 "YOUR BANK	256 ARCL 25
146 STO 24	183 XEQ "DH"	IS \$"	257 AVIEW
147 1,5	184*LBL 07	221 ARCL 21	258 RTN
148 ST* 20	185 FS? 06	222 AVIEW	<u>259*LBL "P"</u>
149 "BLACKJACK"	186 GTO 09	223 RTN	260 "A PUSH"
150 AVIEW	187 FC? 09	<u>224*LBL "HT"</u>	261 AVIEW
151*LBL "S"	188 GTO 08	225 XEQ "CRD"	262 ST* 20
152 CF 06	189 RCL 23	226 XEQ "PH"	263 END
153 FS? 07	190 17	227 RCL 24	
154 GTO 05	191 X<=Y?	228 21,5	

Super Detective

Tom Langland, PPCCJ V12N8 p2 ; (August 1985)

There has been a robbery!! You, the Super Detective must find the guilty culprit. Here are the facts that are given to you:

- 1. A very expensive diamond was stolen
- 2. The diamond was in the center room of a nine room museum (see museum floor plan)
- 3. The diamond was stolen between one p.m. and midnight
- 4. Five people were wandering around in the museum between one p.m. and midnight. They all say that they were just visiting the museum, and were sight-seeing during that time. So no one ever stayed in the same room for two consecutive hours, but while they were wandering around they could have returned to the same room (even more than once).
- 5. The diamond must have been stolen at the end of an hour, because that is the only time the guard was ever away from the diamond.

You may question any of the 5 suspects by asking them about a specific time that they were in the museum, and they will tell you asmuch as they know. First, the suspect being questioned will tell you the room he was in at that time. If that was room #5, then thesuspect will say whether or not the diamond was there or not. Next, you will be told who was in the room with the suspect. Finally, the suspect will tell you who he saw in any adjoining rooms.

Of course, because you are questioning the suspects they are getting very nervous (especially the actual thief!). So because of this, the innocent suspects may forget some information, and thus give you the wrong information. For innocent suspects, this will happen 5% of the time. For the actual thief, he wants to save himself and so lies even more. He will give you bad information 50% of the time. So when being told the room number a suspect is in, he may lie (or justbe forgetting) and say he was in an adjacent room instead. The oth"er information told to you by the suspects may also be in error and the suspects may lie and say they were with someone else instead of who they were really with, may not name someone they were with, or name someone and have really been with no one at all! This same thing can also happen with whoever a a suspect says he saw in another room. Sometimes when you question the actual thief enough times, he will get so nervous that he will confess to the crime.

When you question someone who was in room #5, it is a little different. The suspect can not lie about being in that room, so if asuspect says that he was in room #5, then you know that is the truth. Also, if a suspect is in room #5, he can not lie and say he was in a different room. Statements about the diamond (because it is in room #5) are always true too, but anything else the suspect says (who he was with, or who he saw) can still be lied about! The diamond will be seen up until the moment it is stolen, so it may be seen at 2 p.m., then not seen at 3 p.m. which would mean the diamond was stolen at 2 p.m.

INSTRUCTIONS

First, set minimum size [XEQ] SIZE 098, and start the program with [XEO] "CATCHME". You will first be asked for a seed which should be between 0 and 1. This allows the calculator to make a new and different case every time you play. The program will take about 3 or 4 minutes to store the evidence for the case. When it has completed making the case for you, the calculator will beep and display WHO STOLE THE DIAMOND? Now press [R/S] and you will be able to begin questioning the suspects.

First, you will see the question number you are on, and then be prompted for the number of the suspect you wish to question(ASK WHO?). Key in the number of the suspect (1 - 5) and then [R/S] again. Next, you will be prompted for the time you want to question the suspect about (AT TIME?). Simply key in the time (1 - 12) and then [R/S] again. The suspect will now tell you what information he knows about that time he spent in the museum. You will see a review of who you are questioning and at what time (like asking the suspect what his name is). Next, the suspect will make some random remark, and then tell you what room he was in, followed by who he was with in that room and then who he saw in any adjoining rooms. This information should be written in a table, so that you can refer back to it as you question your suspects and can see who is lying. A free Super Detective Questioning Sheet (suitable for photocopying) will be sent to anyone sending me a self-addressed stamped envelope.

Of course after you have asked the suspects enough questions you will have a idea of who stole the diamond. Simply key in zero instead of a suspect number to question. You can the enter the number of the suspect you think is guilty, then the time you think the diamond was stolen (you must know both). If you are correct, you will hear the siren of the police car coming to pick up the suspect! If you get one of them wrong you will receive a ten question penalty, and can then continue questioning suspects. But if you get both wrong, you will be taken off the case.

Possible modifications:

This program contains no synthetic code and requires nothing more than the standard HP-41CV. Further modifications may be made to enhance the program's features or increase its speed. Here are some possibilities:

- The matrices which hold the museum floor plan and the suspects paths around the museum (registers 01 27 and registers 28 87) can be stored in an extended memory file, thus creating more room in RAM.
- Synthetic code could be added to give new tones or characters to display.
- You can change the probability of someone lying (thief line 196, any other suspect line 190).
- Adding more suspects or perhaps a guard which may be questioned will add new variations. You might even have the suspect hide the diamond after it is stolen or maybe give it to an accomplice!
- New functions available with the PPC ROM or the Extended Functions module expand the possibilities.

I would certainly enjoy hearing from anyone who liked playing this game, and also if you have questions, comments or new variations to share!



<u>01*LBL</u>	30 5	60 2.012	90*LBL 05
"CATCHME"	31 STO 11	61 STO 90	91 RCL 91
02 FS? 55	32 STO 17	62*LBL 02	92 RCL 89
03 CF 21	33 STO 22	63 1.005	93 XEQ 97
04 RNG	34 6	64 STO 89	94 5
05 STO 00	35 STO 08	65*LBL 03	95 X=Y?
06*LBL 00	36 STO 14	66 RCL 90	96 GTO 06
07 "PLEASE WAIT"	37 STO 25	67 E	97 ISG 89
08 AVIEW	38 7	68 -	98 GTO 05
09 TONE 6	39 STO 12	69 RCL 89	99 GTO 04
10 CLX	40 STO 23	70 XEQ 97	100*LBL 06
11 STO 03	418	71 3	101 RCL 91
12 STO 06	42 STO 15	72 XEQ 99	102 5
13 STO 09	43 STO 20	73 X<>Y	103 XEQ 99
14 STO 21	44 STO 26	74 XEQ 96	104 STO 92
15 STO 27	45 9	75 X=0?	105 XEQ 97
16 TONE 7	46 STO 18	76 GTO 03	106 5
17 E	47 STO 24	77 RCL 90	107 X#Y?
18 STO 04	48 E2	78 RCL 89	108 GTO 06
19 STO 10	49 STO 88	79 XEQ 98	109 20
20 2	50 1.005	80 ISG 89	110 XEQ 99
21 STO 01	51 STO 89	81 GTO 03	111 E3
22 STO 07	52*LBL 01	82 ISG 90	112 /
23 3	53 9	83 GTO 02	113 STO 97
24 STO 05	54 XEQ 99	84*LBL 04	114 "WHO STOLE"
25 STO 16	55 E	85 12	115 AVIEW
26 4	56 RCL 89	86 XEQ 99	116 TONE 9
27 STO 02	57 XEQ 98	87 STO 91	117 TONE 7
28 STO 13	58 ISG 89	88 1.005	118 PSE
29 STO 19	59 GTO 01	89 STO 89	
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119 "THE	170 ARCL 95	221 RCL 95	273 X <y?< td=""></y?<>	
DIAMOND?"	171 AVIEW	222 XEQ 97	274 TONE 6	
120 AVIEW	172 TONE 5	223 STO 93	275 PSE	
121 TONE 5	173 TONE 5	224 5	276 "SEE	
122 X^2	174 TONE 7	225 X=Y?	DIAMOND"	
123 TONE 7	175 PSE	226 GTO 11	277 AVIEW	
124 TONE 6	176 PSE	227 RCL 94	278 TONE 7	
125 TONE 5	177 "AT TIME "	228 20	279 LN	
126 STOP	178 ARCL 96	229 XEQ 99	280 E^X	
127*LBL 07	179 >":"	230 X<=Y?	281 TONE 7	
128 "OUESTION "	180 AVIEW	231 GTO 10	282 TONE 8	
129 101	181 TONE 7	232 PSF	283 TONE 7	
130 RCI 88	182 TONE 6	232 F 31	284 PSF	
131 -	183 TONE 5	233 616 11	285*LBL 12	
132 CF 29	184 PSF	234 EDE 10	286 BCL 94	
132 EIX 0	185 DSF	235 S 236 XEO 99	287 20	
	105 F 5L		287 20 289 XEO 00	
	100 E 197 STO 04	237 RCL 93	280 XEQ 35	
	107 310 94	230 XEQ 90	209 (70 15	
130 TONE 8	188 RCL 95	239 X=0?	290 GTO 15	
137 TUNE /	189 RCL 92	240 GTO 10	291 1.005	
138 LN	190 X#Y?	2415	292 STO 89	
139 E^X	191 GTO 09	242 X=Y?	293 RCL 96	
140 TONE 6	192 E1	243 GTO 10	294 RCL 95	
141 TONE 7	193 STO 94	244 X<>Y	295 XEQ 97	
142 PSE	194 ISG 97	245 STO 93	296 STO 93	
143 PSE	195 GTO 09	246*LBL 11	297*LBL 13	
144 "ASK WHOM?"	196 "OK, I	247 "I WAS"	298 RCL 89	
145 AVIEW	CONFESS"	248 AVIEW	299 INT	
146 TONE 6	197 AVIEW	249 TONE 5	300 RCL 95	
147 TONE 8	198 TONE 8	250 TONE 6	301 X=Y?	
148 STOP	199 TONE 7	251 PSE	302 GTO 14	
149 INT	200 LN	252 "IN ROOM "	303 RCL 96	
150 STO 95	201 E^X	253 ARCL 93	304 RCL 89	
151 X<=0?	202 TONE 6	254 AVIEW	305 XEQ 97	
152 GTO 20	203 LN	255 TONE 7	306 RCL 93	
153 6	204 TONE 6	256 TONE 6	307 X#Y?	
154 X<=Y?	205 TONE 5	257 E^X	308 GTO 14	
155 GTO 07	206 DSE 88	258 TONE IND 93	309 "I WAS WITH "	
156*LBL 08	207 PSE	259 PSE	310 ARCL 89	
157 "AT TIME?"	208 PSE	260 PSF	311 AVIEW	
158 AVIFW	209 "I STOLE IT"	261 BCL 93	312 TONE 7	
159 TONE 5	210 AVIEW	262 5	313 TONE 6	
160 TONE 7	210 AVIEV	262 5		
	211 TOINE 5	263 AHT:	215 TONE 7	
162 INT			216 I N	
162 STO 06				
164 V/-02				
	213 IUNE 3		210*101 14	
	210 PSE		319 LBL 14	
100 13		269 NOT	320 ISG 89	
10/ X<=Y?	218*LBL 09	270 AVIEW	321 GTO 13	
168 GTO 08	219 XEQ 30	271 TONE 8	322 GTO 11	
169 "SUSPECT "	220 RCL 96	272 TONE 7	323*LBL 15	
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324 PSE	376 TONE 6	427 STO 95	477 TONF 6	
325 PSE	377 TONE 5	428 X<=0?	478 PSE	
326 RCL 95	378 LN	429 GTO 20	479 E1	
327 7	379 TONE IND 90	430 6	480 ST- 88	
328 XEQ 99	380 PSE	431 X<=Y?	481 "KEEP TRYING"	
329 X=Y?	381*LBL 11	432 GTO 20	482 AVIEW	
330 GTO 15	382 ISG 90	433*LBL 21	483 TONE 6	
331 PSE	383 GTO 17	434 "AT TIME?"	484 F^X	
332 6	384*LBL 12	435 AVIEW	485 TONE 7	
333 X<=Y?	385 ISG 89	436 TONE 6	486 TONE 8	
334 GTO 11	386 GTO 16	437 TONE 7	487 TONE 7	
335 "I WAS WITH "	387 GTO 11	438 STOP	488 PSE	
336 ARCL Y	388*LBL 18	439 INT	489 GTO 07	
337 AVIFW	389 PSF	440 STO 96	490*LBL 11	
338 TONE 7	390 PSE	441 X<=0?	491 "NOT CLOSE"	
339 TONE 6	391 RCL 95	442 GTO 21	492 AVIFW	
340 E^X	392 E1	443 13	493 TONE 5	
341 TONE 7	393 XEO 99	444 X<=Y?	494 TONE 1	
342 I N	394 X=Y?	445 GTO 21	495 PSF	
343 TONE IND Y	395 GTO 11	446 RCL 92	496*LBL 12	
344 PSE	396 5	447 RCL 95	497 "GIVE UP	
345*LBL 11	397 X <y?< td=""><td>448 X#Y?</td><td>NOW"</td></y?<>	448 X#Y?	NOW"	
346 RCI 94	398 GTO 11	449 GTO 09	498 AVIFW	
347 20	399 RDN	450 RCL 91	499 TONE 4	
348 XFO 99	400 RCL 89	451 RCL 96	500 TONE 3	
349 X<=Y?	401 X=Y?	452 X#Y?	501 TONE 1	
350 GTO 18	402 GTO 11	453 GTO 14	502 PSF	
351 1.003	403 RDN	454 "YOU GOT	503 50	
352 STO 89	404 STO 89	HIM"	504 ST- 88	
353*I BI 16	405 "I SAW "	455 AV/IFW	505*LBL 23	
354 RCI 96	406 ARCI 89	456 1 005	506 "THIFE WAS "	
355 RCL 95	407 AVIFW	457*I BL 22	507 ARCI 92	
356 XFO 97	408 TONE 6	458 TONE 8	508 AVIEW	
357 RCI 89	409 TONE 5	459 TONE 7	509 TONE 7	
358 INT	410 I N	460 TONE 8	510 TONE 6	
359 X<>Y	411 TONE IND 89	461 TONE 7	510 TONE 0	
360 XEO 96	412 PSF	462 ISG X	512 TONE 8	
361 STO 93	413 GTO 18	463 GTO 22	513 PSF	
362 X=0?	413 GTO 10 414*I BI 11	464 PSF	514 PSF	
363 GTO 12	415 DSF 88	465 GTO 23	515 "AT TIME "	
364 1 005	416 GTO 07	466*1 BL 09	516 ARCI 91	
365 STO 90	417 GTO 12	467 RCI 91	517 AVIEW	
366*I BI 17	418*I BI 20	468 RCL 96	518 TONE 7	
367 RCL 96	419 "WHO	469 X#Y?	519 TONE 8	
368 RCL 90	GUILTY?"	470 GTO 11	520 FAX	
369 XEO 97	420 AVIFW	471*I BI 14	521 TONE 6	
370 RCL 93	421 TONE 7	472 "PARTI V	522 PSF	
271 X#V?	422 FAX	RIGHT"	522 1 3L	
371 /m1: 372 GTO 11	422 L A 423 TONE 6	Δ73 Δ\/IF\/	523 F3L 524 "RΔTING - "	
272 "I ζΔ\ λ/ "	423 TONE 0		525 ARCI 22	
			525 ANCL 00	
374 ANCL 30 375 Δ\/IF\M	423 31 UP 426 INIT	475 TONE 7 176 FAY	520 AVIEW 527 TONE 2	
	420 1111	470 E.X	527 IUNE 0	
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528 TONE 8	561 "I THINK	587 GTO 11	620 +
529 E1	THAT"	588*LBL 40	621 RCL IND X
530 ST/ 88	562 GTO 11	589 "WHY ASK	622 RTN
531 E^X	563*LBL 32	ME?"	623*LBL 97
532 TONE IND 88	564 "LET ME	590 GTO 11	624 E
533 PSE	THINK"	591*LBL 41	625 -
534 PSE	565 GTO 11	592 "IT WAS "	626 12
535 "AGAIN? Y/N"	566*LBL 33	593 RCL 96	627 *
536 AVIEW	567 "I	594 7	628 +
537 TONE 6	REMEMBER"	595 X<=Y?	629 27
538 TONE 7	568 SF 05	596 "`LATE"	630 +
539 LN	569 GTO 11	597 X>Y?	631 RCL IND X
540 E^X	570*LBL 34	598 "`EARLY"	632 RTN
541 TONE 8	571 "JUST A SEC"	599 X>Y?	633*LBL 98
542 TONE 7	572 GTO 11	600 SF 05	634 E
543 TONE 8	573*LBL 35	601*LBL 11	635 -
544 AON	574 "HARD TO	602 AVIEW	636 12
545 STOP	SAY"	603 TONE 8	637 *
546 AOFF	575 GTO 11	604 E^X	638 +
547 ASTO Y	576*LBL 36	605 TONE 7	639 27
548 "Y"	577 "DON'T RUSH	606 LN	640 +
549 ASTO X	ME"	607 TONE 8	641 X<>Y
550 X=Y?	578 GTO 11	608 FS? 05	642 STO IND Y
551 GTO 00	579*LBL 37	609 LN	643 RTN
552 STOP	580 "I WAS	610 FS?C 05	644*LBL 99
553*LBL 30	LOST"	611 TONE 7	645 RNG
554 CF 05	581 GTO 11	612 PSE	646 STO 00
555 11	582*LBL 38	613 PSE	647 *
556 XEQ 99	583 "WOULD I	614 RTN	648 INT
557 30	LIE?"	615*LBL 96	649 E
558 +	584 GTO 11	616 E	650 +
559 GTO IND X	585*LBL 39	617 -	651 END
560*LBL 31	586 "JUST	618 3	
	LOOKING"	619 *	

Mah-Jong Score keeping

Frans de Vries - DataFile V7N6 p25 ; (September 1988)

About a year ago, in Datafile V6N4p41-42, CofinLeggate presented a programfor keeping the score during a game of Mah-Jong with four players. Judging from the program's length, 891 lines or 1739 bytes, it must have been an impressive task to write. Yet while looking at the code I noticed some obvious ways to save bytes. This aroused my interest, as any program of this size limits the use of the HP41 in leaving hardly room for other programs, key assignments, buffers, etc. a user may need. Thus I think programs that are longer than necessary are, in a way, not very user friendly, and therefore 1 started to work on reducing the length of the program. In the process of digging through the code I also discovered a minor bug in subroutine 43 as a numeric entry 1. or better LASTX, is missing between lines 470 and 471.

Applying the byte saving techniques that have been developed in the march of years, and which are excellently described by Alan McCornack and Keith Jarett in their recent book "HP-41 Advanced Programming Tips", I readily achieved a reduction of about 110 bytes. For example. the GTO's in lines 91, 131, 175 and 211 are superfluous, the numeric entry 10 in lines 257,273, 289 and 305 can be replaced by LASTX, the instruction sequences CHS, ST+ rr all through the second half of the program are better replaced by ST- rr, and a GTO xx. can be substituted for each instruction sequence XEQ xx, RTN in the same area.More significantly, lines 494-512 are better superseded by three subroutine calls XEQ 56, XEQ 55, GTO 54 (that is what they exist for} and similar calls can be applied in subroutines 06, 11 and 16.

The shortness of Colin's article now turned out to be a bit of a nuisance because not only did he omit an explanation of the LBL E backup facility,or mention that an Extended Function Module and an IL Printer are required to run the program (which was easily deducted from the listing though, but that is not the point here), but no technical information (like data register usage) was given either. The obligatory use of an IL Printer (the dedicated 82143A printer won't do because of the use of the FMT instruction throughout the first half of the program) was felt as a particular severe restriction, so the next step was to remove all printer specific instructions and use only AVIEW instructions. Thus the program could be run with the dedicated printer or, better yet, without one.

Another major step in code reduction constituting not merely some local modifications; but a total rewrite of the program, was the application of looping and indirect addressing techniques. For example, lines 04-16, 20-35, 214-309, 329.388 and 394-437 can all be rolled into loops, while lines 735-878 can be turned into two subroutines accessing the proper registers indirectly. Reordering the use oflabels and registers to take more advantage of shortform instructions also proved to bevaluable.

All this resulted in a really huge reduction or some 600 bytes! The use of the program however had undergone only afew minor changes sofar. Yet in order to 'break' the 1000-byte barrier I finally 'attacked' those parts of the program too and managed to bring the program's length down to about 965 bytes, which was less than 56 percent of the original!

The user interface of the program had been simplified for it did not print every prompt and input anymore (saving a lot of paper too), but was otherwise largely the same as before. Yet now the program could be kept in the 41 for longer periods than just while playing the game, as there was enough room for other applications the user might need from day to day. Or, if you look at it the other way around, you didn't have to remove most of your other programs anymore if you wanted to play a game of Mah-Jong.

While rewriting the program I also became acquainted with the rules of Mah-Jong from a booklet I obtained for this purpose. That is why I began to feel the need for additional features and, after so much reduction, I in turn started to extend the program. The first major feature to be included was a three player option, for which Colin offered a Separate program. Further useful features seemed to be: allowing to input a limit, to be applied to the scores that are accumulated each round, and requesting that thebonus for the player that went Mah-Jong be input separately, as well as any penalty points that each player might have blundered into. This increased the length to around 1110 bytes.

The last and also major feature to be incorporated was the draw option. That is, when a round ends because the players run out of stones, then the scores have to be settled between each two players (doubled when one of them is East Wind of course), but no other calculations have to be performed: This brought the program into its final, highly optimized form. It is 1199 bytes long and requires SIZE 028, but no peripherals.

Instructions for Using the Mah-Jong Score-keeping program.

Using the program consists of two parts, initialization and the actual score keeping

- For a game with three players, start up the program with XEQ "3JONG", otherwise, for a game with four players. use XEQ "4JONG"
- The first prompt now shows "PLAYER A ?" and Alpha mode is on. Enter the name of the first player. using at most six characters and press R/S. Repeat this for players B, C and if it is a fourplayer game, D.
- The list of player names and their associated initials A, B, C and possibly D is now displayed and, if a printer is connected, also printed. Youhave to press R/S each time if there is no printer, otherwise the program just runs on. It is important to remember this list, because all further input of player names to the program is by way of these initials.
- The last prompt in this initializing sequence is "LIMIT?"; which allows you to impose a limitto thenumber of points (positive ornegative) each player can accumulate per round. If you press R/S without entering anumber, there will be -no limit (uses flag 22 test). Otherwise the number you enterwill be used to top off each score to that limit before it is added to a player's grand total. Of coursethe limit goes double for the player that is East Wind.

The program is now initialized and ready for round-to-round use.

1. The program has halted with flag 11 set, so you can tum the 41 off and start the program up again when the round is completed, simply by keyingON. It can also be started by pressing user key A.

2. The first prompt is "DRAW?". Press any number and R/S if the round ended without any player going Mah-Jong; otherwise just R/S (uses flag 22 test).

3. The following question asked is: who was "EAST WIND?". Alpha mode is on, so enter. Theninitial A, B,C or, if-applicable, D of the player that was East Wind and press R/S. This assumes you apply the usual rule of rotating the name stones after each round in which East Wind does not go Mah-Jong,or after East Wind wins four rounds in a row. If you enter anything else "RUBBISH" is displayed shortly and a new prompt " A, B, OR C" or " A, B, C, OR D" appears. After a correct initial has been entered. the associated player's name is displayed shortly.

4. This step is skipped if the round ended in a draw, otherwise the initial of the player who went "MAH-JONG?" is requested. Input and resulting displays are the same as for step 3.

5-. Now it is time to enter the points, starting with the player that went Mah-Jong or else the one that was East Wind. The display shows his/her name with-"= ?" appended. Enter the basic value of the stones and press R/S. If the player went Mah-Jong, then the "M-J BONUS?" is to be input next. Enter the basic bonus for going Mah-Jong added to any additional bonus for the way he/she did it and press R/S. Furthermore, the number of times these points have to be "DOUBLED?" must be entered, followed by R/S, and finally any "PENALTY?" points the player deserves for disturbing the game by violating some rule can be entered, as usual concluded by R/S. This step is repeated for the other players. Althrough this step intermediate calculations in the stack are allowed, as long as the number to be input is in X when R/S is keyed. The program always halts with a cleared stack, so when R/S is pressed without input the default value zero is registered.

6. The program now calculates the scores and when this is famished (it takes just a few seconds), it displays and, if a Printeris connected, prints the round number. Press R/S if there is no printer, otherwise the program just runs on. This also holds for the remaining parts in this step. The first part displays / prints the scores of each player in the current round in order of initials. The format is "name (pnts,dbld)= score", in which "name" is the player's name, "pnts" is his/hers basic stones value plus the Mah-Jong bonus (if applicable) minus the penalty points, "dbl" is the number of doubles and 'score' is the result from the calculations performed by the program. The second part shows the running "GRAND TOTALS" of each player after the scores have been added again in order df initials. The format is "name= total" whichspeaks for itself.

After the last display/print the program returns to step 1 ready for the next round. If anywhere through steps 2 thru 6 you make an erroneous input, then you can return to step 2 with the original grand totals after the previous round back in place, by pressing user key E. The display shortly shows "BACKUP" and a beep sounds to indicate this.

There is no special way to end the program. When the, game ends. the set of grand totals last displayed/printed simply is the final one. For safety reasons you could manually clear

flag 11 though, or run some kind of clean-up routine to dear registers and reset flags, display settings, etc. to your favourite defaults.

Technical Details of the Mah-Jong Score-keeping Program

The program requires no other equipment thanan HP-41 with sufficient memory to accommodate the 1199 bytes of code and 28 data registers. It uses 4 user flags and only a few synthetic instructions like short-form exponents and the F0 NOP. The display is set to FIX 0/CF 29 after one run through the score-keeping part.

Register Usage:

R00: Basic Score A	R10: Grand Tot	.1 C	R18: Displayable Score C
R01: Basic Score B	R11: Grand Tot	al 0	R19: Displayable Score D
R02: Basic Score C	R12: Round Nu	mBer	R20: Player's Name A
R03: Basic Score D	R13: Limit		R21: Player's Name B
R04: Round Score A	R14: Subroutin	e Pointer/	R22: Player's Name C
R05: Round Score B	Loop Counter		R23: Player's Name 0
R06: Round Score C	R15: Register P	ointer/	R24: Backup Total A
R07: Round Score D	Loop Counter		R2S: BackupTotal B
R08: 'Grand Total A	R16: Displayab	e Score A	R26: Backup Total C
R09: Grand Total B	R17: Displayab	e Score B	R27: Backup Total D
Flag Usage:			
Set	Clear		
F00: 4 Players	3 Players	F11: Auto-s	start
F01: Limit	No limit	F12: Doubl	le wide printing
F02: Draw	No draw	F22: Nume	eric input detection
F10: Scratch	F29: No radix		-

The number of times a score can be doubled in step 5 of the score-keeping partis limited to 9. If higher numbers tum up in the game. which is not very likely though, the program must be changed to accommodate them. Replace line 118 E1 with E and substitute FIX 2 for line 158 FIX 1

If you use an IL Printer and want to take advantage of its battery saving feature. then insert a PWRDN instruction between lines 53 and 54 and PWRUP instructions after lines 27 and 144.



Retro Games for the HP-41

I am not going to give a full line by line analysis of the program, as it would simply take up too much space here and take me too much time. If you are interested, then you are invited to delve into the code yourself. I think you will like it, as a number of programming and byte-saving techniques have been employed that canbe useful in other applications too. You may consider yourself to be familiar with the code when you fully understand what line 144 and the LBL 00 subroutine at line 530 do. Enjoy playing Mah-Jong and the way this program simplifies the tedious job of score keeping.

"REMEMBER"	80 AON	121 XEQ 07	162 FIX 1
"REMEMBER"	80 AON	121 XEO 07	162 FIX 1
34	79 SF 02	"DOUBLED?"	161 RCL IND Y
33 SF 21	78 FS?C 22	120	160 2
32 SF 12	77 PROMPT	119*LBL 00	159 -
31 RDN	76 "DRAW?"	15	158 4
30 GTO 01	75 CF 22	118 ST+ IND	157 "`("
29 ISG X	74 CF 12	117 ST+ IND Y	156 XEQ 12
Х	73 ""	116 XEQ 07	155*LBL 04
28 ASTO IND	72 ISG 12	BONUS?"	154 XEQ 08
27 PROMPT	71 CF 21	115 "M-J	153 ARCL 12
26 "`?"	70 STO 14	114 GTO 00	"
25 ARCL L	69 14	113 FC?C 10	152 " ROUND
Z4 "PLAYEK "	68 STO 27	112 5000 10	151 FIX U
23 ASIU L 24 "dived "	U/ KUL II 68 cmo 27	IIZ SIU IND 15	151 ETV A
22 ABY UU 23 ASTO I	67 RCT. 11	112 STO IND I	150 CF 29
22 XEO 06	66 STO 26	111 STO TNO V	119 SF 21
21*LBL 01	65 RCL 10	110 XEO 07	14
20 ENTER^	64 STO 25	109 "`=?"	148 XEO IND
19 +	63 RCL 09	108 XEO 12	147 STO 07
18 20	62 STO 24	107*LBL 03	146 STO 06
17 /	61 RCL 08	106 ISG 14	145 STO 05
16 E3	60*LBL A	105 FC? 00	144 STO 04
15 DSE X	59 STOP	104 SF 10	143 CLX
14 FC? 00	58 SF 11	103 FC? 02	142 GTO 03
13 23	57 CLST	102 CF 10	141 ISG 14
12 AON	56 CLA	101 STO 14	140 STO 15
11 CLRG	55 ADV	100 -	139 MOD
10 PSIZE	54 ADV	99 3	138 DSE X
09 X>Y?	53 ADV	98 +	137 FC? 00
08 28	52*LBL 43	97 %	136 4
07 SIZE?	51 STO 13	96 .1	135 ""
06*LBL 00	50 SF 01	95 RCL 14	134 ISG X
05 SF 00	49 FS?C 22	94 CLD	133 RCL 15
"4JONG"	48 PROMPT	93 AOFF	15
04*LBL	47 "LIMIT?"	92 ST+ 14	132 ST- IND
03 GTO 00	46 CF 22	91 *	131 ST- IND Y
02 CF 00	45 CF 01	90 4	130 XEQ 07
"3JONG"	44 AOFF	89 RCL 15	"PENALTY?"
01*LBL	43 CF 12	88 FS? 02	129

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			_
172 4	227 PSE	283 DSE Z	338 +
173 MOD	228 RCL 24	284 GTO 10	339 CLA
174 X=Y?	229 STO 08	285 ARCL Y	340 ARCL IND
175 FS? 02	230 RCL 25	286 RTN	Х
176 X<0?	231 STO 09	287*LBL 11	341 RTN
177 SF 10	232 RCL 26	288 PROMPT	342*LBL 15
178*LBL 00	233 STO 10	289 CLX	343 FS?C 02
179 RCL 15	234 RCL 27	290 SIGN	344 GTO 13
180 ENTER^	235 STO 11	291 ASTO Y	345 .
181 ")="	236 DSE 12	292 "A"	346 SF 10
	237 ····	293 ASTO X	34 / XEQ UU 248 cmo 05
103 SIT 4 194 STL V	230 GIU A 230*IDI 06	294 X-1; 295 CTO 09	340 STO 05
$104 \ SIT \ A$ $185 \ \pm$	239"LBL 00	295 GIO 09 296 "B"	350 870 07
186 5	240 ABS 241 "ח"		351 CTO 14
187 PCI IND 7	241 D 242 FG2 00	297 ASIO A 298 V-V2	352 GIU 14 352*IRI 13
$188 \text{ FC}^2 \text{ O1}$	242 IS: 00 243 ISC I.	290 A^{-1}	353 XEO 31
189 GTO 00	243 156 L 244 "C"	300 "C"	$354 \times EO 32$
190 SIGN	245 TSG T	301 ASTO X	355 XEO 33
191 ST* I.	246 "B"	302 X=Y^2	356*I.BT, 14
192 X<> L	247 ISG L	303 GTO 07	357 XEO 40
193 RCL 13	248 "A"	304 FC? 00	358 XEO 41
194 FS?C 10	249 RTN	305 GTO 00	359 GTO 42
195 ST+ X	250*LBL 07	306 "D"	360*LBL 00
196 X <y?< td=""><td>251 CLST</td><td>307 ASTO X</td><td>361 FS?C 02</td></y?<>	251 CLST	307 ASTO X	361 FS?C 02
197 X<>Y	252 PROMPT	308 X=Y?	362 GTO 13
198 X<> L	253 ABS	309 GTO 06	363 E
199 *	254 INT	310*LBL 00	364 SF 10
200*LBL 00	255 RCL 15	311 "RUBBISH'	' 365 XEQ 00
201 ST+ IND Z	256 16	312 AVIEW	366 STO 04
202 FIX 0	257 +	313 TONE 0	367 STO 06
203 XEQ 09	258 X<>Y	314 PSE	368 STO 07
204 AVIEW	259 RTN	315 "A, B"	369 GTO 14
205 ISG 15	260*LBL 08	316 FS? 00	370*LBL 13
206 GTO 04	261 SF 12	317 "`, C OR	371 XEQ 31
207 ADV	262 AVIEW	D"	372 XEQ 34
208 "GRAND	263 CF 12	318 FC? 00	373 XEQ 35
TOTALS"	264 E-3	319 " OR C"	374*LBL 14
209 XEQ 08	265 ENTERA	320 GTO II	3/5 XEQ 38
210^LBL 05	266 ST+ X	321^LBL 06	376 XEQ 39
211 XEQ 12 212 "\`-"	267 FS: 00	322 ISG L 222*idi 07	3// GTO 42 270*IDI 25
212 - 213 12	200 T 260 STO 15	324 ISC I	370 ES2C 02
213 12 214 -	209 SIU IJ 270 pmn	324 ISG L 325*IRI 08	380 CTO 13
215 5	270 KIN 271*I.BL 09	326 ISC I.	381 2
215 5 216 BCL IND Y	272 X#0?	327*I.BI. 09	382 SF 10
217×10^{-1}	272 XN0:	328 LASTX	383 XEO 00
218 AVIEW	274 "` "	329 STO 15	384 STO 04
219 ISG 15	275 ENTER^	330 XEO 12	385 STO 05
220 GTO 05	276 ABS	331 AVIEW	386 STO 07
221 GTO 43	277*LBL 10	332 PSE	387 GTO 14
222*LBL E	278 RCL Z	333 RDN	388*LBL 13
223 CF 21	279 10^X	334 RTN	389 XEQ 32
224 "BACKUP"	280 X>Y?	335*LBL 12	390 XEQ 34
225 AVIEW	281 "` "	336 RCL 15	391 XEQ 36
226 BEEP	282 RDN	337 20	392*LBL 14

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393 XEQ 37	449 STO 06	505 3	561 .
394 XEQ 39	450 STO 07	506 XEQ 00	562 1
395 GTO 41	451 XEO 32	507 STO 04	563 GTO 00
396*LBL 30	452 XEO 33	508 X<>Y	564*LBL 32
397 FS2C 02	453 GTO 42	509 STO 05	565 SF 10
398 GTO 13	454*I.BT. 21	510 STO 06	566*T.BT. 38
399 3	455 F	510 DIO 00	567
400 SF 10	456 XEO 00	512 yro 32	568 2
401×100	457 STO 06	513 CTO 40	569 GTO 00
	157 BIO 00	51/*IBI 28	570*IRI 33
402 SIO 04 403 STO 05	450 X<>1 159 STO 01	515 3	570 IBI 55 571 gf 10
	455 SIC 04 460 gmo 07	516 VEO 00	572 * I DI 20
404 SIO 00 405 CTO 14	400 SIO 07	517 STO 05	573
405 GIO 14 406*IDI 12	401 AEQ 32	510 V/NV	575 .
400°LDL 13	402 AEQ 30		574 5
407 XEQ 33	463 GTU 39	519 STO 04	575 FS: 00
408 XEQ 35	464^LBL 22	520 STO 06	576 GTO UU
4UY AEQ 30	400 E	SZI XEQ JI	
41U*LBL 14	466 XEQ 00	522 XEQ 34	5/8 R'I'N
411 XEQ 37	467 STO 07	523 G'I'O 38	579*LBL 34
412 XEQ 38	468 X<>Y	524*LBL 29	580 SF 10
413 GTO 40	469 STO 04	525 3	581*LBL 40
414*LBL 16	470 STO 06	526 XEQ 00	582 E
415 .	471 XEQ 33	527 STO 06	583 2
416 XEQ 00	472 XEQ 36	528 X<>Y	584 GTO 00
417 STO 05	473 GTO 38	529 STO 04	585*LBL 35
418 X<>Y	474*LBL 23	530 STO 05	586 SF 10
419 STO 06	475 2	531 XEQ 32	587*LBL 41
420 STO 07	476 XEQ 00	532 XEQ 34	588 E
421 XEQ 34	477 STO 04	533 GTO 37	589 3
422 XEQ 35	478 X<>Y	534*LBL 00	590 FS? 00
423 GTO 42	479 STO 05	535 RCL X	591 GTO 00
424*LBL 17	480 STO 07	536 4	592 CF 10
425 .	481 XEQ 31	537 +	593 RTN
426 XEQ 00	482 XEQ 33	538 RCL IND Y	594*LBL 36
427 STO 06	483 GTO 41	539 CHS	595 SF 10
428 X<>Y	484*LBL 24	540 ENTER^	596*LBL 42
429 STO 05	485 2	541 ST+ X	597 2
430 STO 07	486 XEQ 00	542 ENTER^	598 3
431 XEQ 34	487 STO 05	543 ST+ X	599 FS? 00
432 XEQ 36	488 X<>Y	544 CHS	600 GTO 00
433 GTO 41	489 STO 04	545 STO IND T	601 CF 10
434*LBL 18	490 STO 07	546 RDN	602 RTN
435 .	491 XEO 31	547 FS? 00	603*LBL 00
436 XEO 00	492 XEO 35	548 FC?C 10	604 RCL IND Y
437 STO 07	493 GTO 39	549 X>Y?	605 RCL IND Y
438 X<>Y	494*LBL 26	550 ST- TND 7	606 -
439 STO 05	495 2	551 X<>Y	607 FS?C 10
440 STO 06	496 XEO 00	552 FC2 00	608 ST+ X
441 XEO 35	497 STO 07	553 FS2C 10	609 4
442 XEO 36	498 X<>Y	554 X <y?< td=""><td>610 ST+ T</td></y?<>	610 ST+ T
443 GTO 40	499 570 04	555 <u>S</u> T+ TND 7	611 ST+ 7
ΔΔΔ*T.RT. 10	500 QTO 05	555 511 IND 2 556 V/SV	612 V<>V
	500 510 0J 501 VEO 22	550 AN/1 557 DUNI	012 ANN TND T
115 E 446 XFO 00	501 ABY 33	550 × TOT 21	61/ CTL - TUL I
	502 ABY 33	550 CE 10	615 TND 4
118 V/V	500 GIU 37 507*191 27	JJJ DE LU 560*tdt 27	ОТО СТО
1//A OFF	ЈО4″ЦФЦ ∠/	200.191.21	
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Rummy Score Keeping

Wolfgang Pawlowsky, PRISMA 87/4 p12

At the end of each round of the board game "mini Rummy" or "Rummy exclusive" (Otto Maier Verlag/Ravensburg) the minus points of each player are to be noted, while the winner gets the sum credited. Now I had the idea to have the HP 41 CV note and calculate the round and final results. Here now as result my program "RUMMY" in the simplest version for HP 41 CV + printer 82143A. SIZE = 010.

The computer prompts for the expression of the 5 headers for entering the minus points of a maximum of 4 players A to D. These values are entered positively. The winner of the lap gets a 0 as input. In program, the sum of the minus points is calculated and in the following printout this number appears positively in the column of the winner of the round. In the 1st column the consecutive number of the played rounds is ejected.

After the 2. After the 2nd round the program balances the individual column totals and prints the respective scores behind a "sigma-Character". This can be used to the winner and the winner of each game placements, which is similarly exciting It's like election night.

The maximum number of points is 999, you've been playing for 3 hours would have to. Isl the game ends, a pressure warries to the "E" key (= end) for the final double line and 4 ADVs to be able to tear off the strip for the subsequent "settlement".

Owners of the CCD module can be informed by "PRL" and "ACLX" save several bytes, but after that, there's still two magnetic cards with 4 tracks required for recording the program.

The "RUMMY" program is available for a maximum of 4. I've got a game of this game. If fewer players are the same as for the round winner zeros for the missing places. The Results of unoccupied places are available at ignore (there is the sum of all profits).

Wishing all "Rummy" gamers "Happy Playing"

01*LBL "RUMMY"	15 SF 27	29 STO 00
02*LBL A 03 XEO 01	10 CF 29 17 "Rde-1 A1 B1"	30*LBL 00 31 XEO 02
04 "*"	18 "` C1 D "	32 "`A?"
05 ACA	19 PRA	33 PROMPT
06 SF 12	20 SF 12	34 ST+ 05
07 " R u m m y "	21 ""	35 CHS
08 ACA	22 ACA	36 STO 01
09 CF 12	23 ACA	37 XEQ 02
10 "*"	24 ACA	38 "`B?"
11 ACA	25 ADV	39 PROMPT
12 ADV	26 CF 12	40 ST+ 05
13 XEQ 01	27 FIX 0	41 CHS
14 CLRG	28 1	42 STO 02

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
43 XEQ 02	89 RCL 02	134 CF 12
44 " C?"	90 XEQ 03	135 ADV
45 PROMPT	91 RCL 02	136 ADV
46 ST+ 05	92 ST+ 07	137 ADV
47 CHS	93 ACX	138 ADV
48 STO 03	94 RCL 03	139 STOP
49 XEQ 02	95 XEQ 03	140 GTO A
50 "`D?"	96 RCL 03	<u>141*LBL e</u>
51 PROMPT	97 ST+ 08	142 SF 12
52 ST+ 05	98 ACX	143 " <mark>s</mark> "
53 CHS	99 RCL 04	144 ACA
54 STO 04	100 XEQ 03	145 CF 12
55 RCL 01	101 RCL 04	146 RCL 06
56 X=0?	102 ST+ 09	147 ABS
57 RCL 05	103 ACX	148 " "
58 STO 01	104 ADV	149 10
59 RCL 02	105 1	150 X<=Y?
60 X=0?	106 ST+ 00	151 " "
61 RCL 05	107.2	152 RDN
62 STO 02	108 RCL 00	153 100
63 RCL 03	109 X>Y?	153 100 154 X = Y?
64 X=0?	110 GTO e	155 " "
65 PCL 05	111 GTO 00	155 000
66 STO 03		150 ACA 157 PCL 06
67 DCL 04		
69 V = 02	113 Z SPIELER	150 ACA 150 DCL 07
		159 KCL 07 160 VEO 02
09 RCL 05	115*LBL 03	
70 510 04	116 ABS	161 KCL U/
/1 U 72 GTO 05	11/ " "	162 ACX
72 STO 05	118 10	163 KCL 08
73 RCL 00	119 X<=Y?	164 XEQ 03
74 ACX	120 " "	165 RCL 08
75 RCL 01	121 RDN	166 ACX
76 ABS	122 100	167 RCL 09
77 " "	123 X<=Y?	168 XEQ 03
78 10	124 " "	169 RCL 09
79 X<=Y?	125 ACA	170 ACX
80 ""	126 RTN	171 ADV
81 RDN	<u>127*LBL E</u>	172 GTO 00
82 10	128 SF 12	173*LBL 01
83 X<=Y?	129 "===="	174 ""
34 ""	130 ACA	175 ASTO ^
85 ACA	131 ACA	176 PRA
86 RCL 01	132 ACA	177 END
87 ST+ 06	133 ADV	
88 ACX		

Sea Battle, Printer version.

Mark Cracknell–Data File V8N6 p9 ; (September 1989)

Requirements: HP-41CX, Peripheral printer.

Sea Battle is an old game played on many different sized battlecharts with many different. sets of rules. This version is for the solo player agains the machine.

You, the player, have a limited amount of ammunition in the form of twenty salvoes, each of three shots, and a limited amount of time, one hour, to sink an enemy battlefleet consisting of one battleship, two cruisers, three torpedo-boats and four submarines.

This version also contains a large number of synthetic lines. You should note that their use saves time, particularly the global labels "[A] -[E]". If you have problems substituting non-synthetic steps for the synthetic ones then please do not hesitate toc ontact me and I will do my best to solve your problem. If you do not have a PPC ROM and/or an HP82162A printer, let me know, and I will attempt to modify the program to suit your system. Include suitable magnetic media (cards/tape.3.5' disc) and If Ihave been successful, I will record the modified version for you.

The battlechart consists of a ten byten grid of squares. The HP4ICX will obey certain rules when positioning its fleet:

- (1) No two ships may touch at their corners or lie alongside one another.
- (2) No ship, or part of a ship, may occupy square 00.
- (3) No ship may lie on a diagonal.

When you have identified the position of a ship you may cross off all the squares immediately around it. The steps listed under "L8L C" (step 541) will place a cross in the indicated square. In the event that you change your mind about crossing off a square the steps listed under "L8L 0" (step 556) will blank out the indicated square. If you accidentally put across or a blank in a numbered square the steps listed under "L8L 8' (step 515) will restore it. If you mess up the battlechart , and having corrected it, wish to see it reprinted before your next salvo, key "e" and a newbattlechart will be output – but remember that the clock is still ticking away. If you lose patience, or run out of time, and want to find where you went wrong, just key "a" and all will be revealed.

The scoring system is simple. A score of 1000 indicates a hit on the battleship, 100 indicates a hit on acruiser, 10 indicates a hit on a torpedo-boat, and 1 means you have sunk a submarine. This version of 'Battleships' does not allow you to hit a ship more than once with thes ame salvo; the battlechart will register both hits but only one will be scored. Thus in the sample game a score of 200 at Salvo 9 indicates hits on BOTH cruisers rather than two hits on the same cruiser.

This program is based on an HP-67 program, written by, I believe, Peter Amlinger. Due credit must also begiven to the authors of the PPC ROM without whose efforts this program wouldn't have been possible.

Precise Instructions, listings andpart of a sample game follow.

User Instructions

(1) Enter Program: XEQ [Alpha] "SBP" [Alpha] USER

(2) Key in seed and - "A"

After a period of time the initial battlechart will be output.

(3)	First shot	ENTER^
Seco	nd Shot	ENTER^
Thirc	l shot	"[E]″

After a period of time the revised battlechart will be output. At the beginning of each battlechart the salvo number, the location of each snot and the salvo score is printed; After the location plan of your shots to date is output a reminder of which ships were hit with which salvo is printed. Finally the elapsed time is shown and the HP41 is ready for the next salvo. The process should be repeated till either you have sunk the entire enemy battlefleet or run out of time and/or ammunition.

- (4) To put a cross in a square, key in he square number and ------ "[e]"
- (5) To blank out a square, key in thesquare number and ------ "[D]"
- (6) To put a number in a square, keyin the number and ENTER[^] then key in the square number and --- "[B]"
- (7) To reprint the battlechart ----- "[e]"
- (8) To reveal the enemy battlefleet--- "[a]"
- THE SAMPLE GAME

To play the sample game enter 0.01011983 and key "[A]". After a few minutes the initial battlechart willbe output.

Salvo 1 >>> 14 Enter 71 Enter 51 "[E]". A bit of luck as the score of 100 shows a hit on a cruiser.

Salvo 2 >>> The cruiser could be in1 4, 15, 16 so try: 15, Enter, 95, Enter, 20, "[E]" - The score of 10 shows a hit on a torpedo-boat but a miss for the cruiser.

Salvo 3 >>> Perhaps the cruiser is 61, 71, 87 so let us try: 67, Enter, 38, Enter, 83, "[E]". What luck! the score of100 shows a hit on a cruiser. As 03 does not appear next to 02 the cruiser hit with this salvo is not the same 85 the one hit with Salvo 2.

Salvo 4 >>> Try: 87, Enter, 32, Enter, 59, "[E]" A score of 1000 shows a hit on the battleship and that the cruiser is not in 61, 77, 81.

Salvo 5 >>> Fire: 57, Enter, 28, Enter, 70, "[E]" for a go at the battleship. The score of 1000 means another hit on the battleship. It must be in 56, 57, 58, 59 as this is the only location where an 04 and an 05 are close enough. Now we can cross off squares 45-49, 55, 55, 66, 68, 69. To do this wekey nn and then "[C]" for each square.

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	T # 82	T 3% 82
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Salvo 6>>> 58, Enter, 52, Enter, 85, "[E]".The score of 1000 shows two big holes in the ocean and the expected battleship hit.

Salvo 7 >>> Let us have a swipe at the cruiser we hit with Salvo 1 and sink the battleship so we fire: 61, Enter, 56, Enter, 8, "[E]". A score of 1100 shows success.

Retro Games for the HP-41

Salvo' 8 >>> The torpedo-boat hit with Salvo 2 could be 20, 21 so try: 41, Enter, 92, Enter, 21, "[E]". The score of 10 means a hit on a torpedo-boat but is not necessarily the same torpedo-boat as we hit with Salvo 2. Hissing the cruisers with this salvo is not a total loss as the only place where two cruiser hits are close enough to be in the same ship are in 51 and 61. If 41 is a miss then it means that a cruiser must be in 51, 61, 71 so we can cross off 40, 42, 50, 52, 60, 62, 72, 80, 81, 82 in the same manner as we did before firing Salvo 9.

Salvo 9 >>> Now that we have fixed the position of one of the cruisers it issafe to fire at both of them with the same salvo. One hit is expected, and a score of 200 or more will mean that both cruisers are well on the way to Davy Jones' locker. We will fire: 71, Enter, 37, Enter, 16, "[E]". Success – a score of 200 means one cruiser is sunk and the other is very badly damaged.

Salvo 10 >>> The remaining cruiser must be in either 36, 37, 38 or 37, 38, 39 because 37, 38 are the only two squares where an 03 and an 09 are close enough. Try: 39, Enter, 23, Enter, 74, "[E]". The score of 110 indicates a terminal hit on the cruiser and another hit on a torpedo boat.

Salvo 11 >>> We haven't sunk a submarine yet so we'll take a shot at some of the open spaces - who know swhat we might find lurking beneath the waves. 64, Enter, 91 Enter, 76, "[E]" seems as a good a go as any. The score of 1 means that it's 1 down, 3 to go.

I will leave you to finish this game off. There are only 6 hits needed and there are 9 salvoes left so you have a fair chance.

I have two other versions of this game, one for the HP 32 column Video interface and one for the 80 column Mountain Computer Video Interface. The User Instructions are the same, its just the presentation of the battlechart that is different. If you want either, or both, send me a self-addressed envelope for a listing. Include suitable magnetic media (cards, tape or 3.5" disc) and I will record it/them for you.

I hope that the game will give you as much pleasure in the future as it has given me over the last 9 years.

Mark Cracknell [#129]

User Instructions

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SALVO 11

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Program listing:

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Retro Games for the H	P-41 User I	nstructions	DataFile and Others	
			100 000	
01*LBL "SBP"	54 GIU 14	107 RCL 22	160 GTO 00	
	55°LBL 02	108 / 100 FBC	101 KCL IND 25	
03 3F 27		109 FRC	102 A-0!	
04 Cl 25	52 10	111 PCL 22	164*LBL 07	
	20 DCI 25	111 NCL 22 112 /	104 LBL 07	
	59 NCL 25		103 310 02 166 INT	
	00 - 1	113 FRC		
	61 AEQ 05	114 - 115 ADS	107 A-U! 168 GTO 00	
10*I RI "A"	62 YZ-V2	116 0		
	64 XEO 03	117 X-V2	170 FS2 00	
	65 PCL 25	117 A-1: 118 GTO 02	170 T3: 00	
12 JF 04	66 1 /	110 PCL 02	171 010 11	
13 CLNG	00 14 67 Vz-V2	120 ST+ 01	172 - 172 ADS	
	68 XEO 02	120 31+ 01	175 ADS 174 2	
		122 0 122 PCL 01	174 Z 175 V\V2	
17 STO 20	70 PN#	122 NCL 01	175 GTO 06	
17 510 20		123 AS - 1 ! 124 GTO 02		
18 JJ 10 TEV	71 NCL 25 70 *	124 010 02 125 PCL 22		
20 CE 00	72 73 INT	125 KCL 25	170 KCL 22	
20 CI 00 21 F1	77 8-02	120 X - 1: 127 GTO 02	180 ABS	
21 L1 22 STO 22	74 X-0: 75 GTO 02	127 010 02 128 XEO 05	181 2	
22 310 22	75 GTO 02 76 STO 01	128 720 05	182 X2V2	
23 X 2 24 STO 23	70 310 01 77 XEO 05	130 GTO 02	182 GTO 06	
24 310 23	77 KEQ 05	131 RCL 23	18/*I BI 12	
25 20 26 STO 25	70 F 5: C 02	132 ST/ IND 25	185 RCI 02	
20 310 23	80 RCL 01	133 RCI 01	186 FRC	
27 30 28 STO 32		134 ST+ IND 25	187 RCL 23	
20 310 32	82 BCL 00	135 F	188 *	
20 40 30 STO 33	82 X=0?	136 ST- 00	189 GTO 07	
31 46	84 GTO 01	137 BCL 00	190*I BL 06	
32 STO 34	85 TIME	138 X=0?	191 SE 02	
32 570 54	86 RN#	130 A=0:	192*I BL 08	
34 STO 35	87 5	140 GTO 10	192 EDE 00	
35 36 155	88 X>V?	1/1*I BL 03	194 X<> 25	
36 " "	80 X21: 89 SE 02	141 LDL 05	195 RTN	
37 RCI h	90 F	143 ST+ 00	196*I BI 11	
	91 ES2C 02	144 RCL 25	197 X#V?	
39 ISG V	92 RCL 22	145 RTN	198 GTO 12	
40 STO h	93 STO 03	146*LBL 05	190 GTO 12 199 F	
40 51 0 1 41*I BI 01	94 TIMF	147 X<> 25	200 STO 09	
42 DSF 25	95 RN#	148 STO 21	200 310 05	
42 032 23	96.5	149 20	201 15 202 RCL 25	
44 RCI 25	97 X>Y?	150 STO 25	202 Kee 23 203 X<=Y?	
45 X#Y?	98 SF 02	151*I BL 00	203 A T 1	
46 GTO 02	99 RCL 03	152 DSE 25	201 810 13 205 RCL 22	
47.0	100 FS?C 02	153 9	206 ST* 09	
48 SFTSW/	101 CHS	154 RCI 25	207 16	
49 XROM "C"	102 STO 03	155 X=Y?	208 RCI 25	
50 CE 01	103*I RI 10	156 GTO 08	200 X<=Y?	
51 55	104 RCI 01	157 RCI 25	200 AN-11 210 GTO 12	
52 TFX	105 RCI 03	158 RCI 21	210 010 13 211 RCI 22	
53 RFFP	106 +	159 X=V?	212 ST* 09	
	100 /	100 //-1:	212 31 03	

Ángel M. Martin

Retro Games for the H	IP-41 User In	structions	DataFile and Others
213 18	266 E	319 SF 21	372 FS? 04
214 RCL 25	267 X <y?< td=""><td>320 CF 12</td><td>373 GTO 13</td></y?<>	320 CF 12	373 GTO 13
215 X<=Y?	268 GTO a	321 PWRUP	374 ADV
216 GTO 13	269 55	322 "MC 0 1 2 3 "	375 SF 12
217 RCL 22	270 TFX	323 >"4 5 6 7 8 9"	376 "T/SCORE="
218 ST* 09	271 56	324 PRA	377 ARCL 08
219*LBL 13	272 ST+ 29	325 XEQ 17	378 PRA
220 CLA	273 ST+ 30	326 9 E-3	379 ADV
221 RCL 09	274 ST+ 31	327 STO 27	380*LBL 04
222 ST+ 07	275 CLA	328 56.065	381 36.039
223 32	276 XEQ 03	329*LBL 16	382 " <mark>B</mark> "
224 ENTER^	277 ASTO IND 29	330 STO 28	383 XEQ 14
225 E3	278 ASTO IND 30	331 INT	384 40.045
226 XEQ 09	279 ASTO IND 31	332 56	385 "C"
227 33	280 0	333 -	386 XEQ 14
228 ENTER^	281 STO 03	334 CLA	387 46.051
229 E2	282 STO 07	335 X=0?	388 "T"
230 XEQ 09	283 STO 25	336 >" <mark>0</mark> "	389 XEQ 14
231 34	284 SF 00	337 ARCL X	390 52.055
232 ENTER^	285 RCL 04	338 >" "	391 <mark>"S</mark> "
233 E1	286 STO 01	339 ACA	392 XEQ 14
234 XEQ 09	287 XEQ 05	340 RCL 28	393 GTO 13
235 35	288 RCL 05	341 CLA	394*LBL 14
236 ENTER^	289 STO 01	342*I BL 15	395 "`"
237 F	290 XEO 05	343 ENTER^	396 SF 12
238*I BL 09	291 BCL 06	344 "X"	397 ACA
239 RCI 09	292 STO 01	345 ASTO X	398 CF 12
235 KEL 05	293 XEO 05	346 BCL IND Y	390 01 12
240 ATT	294 BCL 07	347 X=V?	
	295 ST+ 08	348 GTO 14	
242 NDN	295 51 08	349 CLA	
	290 35		
	297 NASP 209*1 BL o		
	290 EE 21		
	299 3F 21		
	300 PWR0P		406 STO D
248 KTN	301 SF 12	354 GTO 15	
249 GTO 03	302 RCL 26	355 GTO 13	
250*LBL "E"	303 BEEP	356*LBL 14	409 RTN
251 SF 21	304 "SALVO "	357 SF 12	410*LBL 13
252 PWRDN	305 ARCL X	358 ACA	411 FS?C 06
253 FS?C 04	306 PRA	359 CF 12	412 GTO 13
254 RUNSW	307 CLA	360 RCL Z	413 FS? 04
255 ISG 26	308 ARCL 04	361 ISG X	414 GTO 13
256 ""	309 >" "	362 GTO 15	415 ADV
257 STO 06	310 ARCL 05	363*LBL 13	416 SF 12
258 STO 31	311 >" "	364 ""	417 CLA
259 RDN	312 ARCL 06	365 ACA	418 RCLSW
260 STO 05	313 PRA	366 PRBUF	419 INT
261 STO 30	314 "S/SCORE="	367 E-2	420 ARCL X
262 RDN	315 ARCL 07	368 +	421 XEQ 14
263 STO 04	316 PRA	369 ISG 27	422 XEQ 14
264 STO 29	317 ADV	370 GTO 16	423 ACA
	318*I BI 1/	371 XEO 17	

Retro Games for the H	IP-41 User	Instructions	DataFile and Others
425 RCLSW	464 XEQ 25	503 FRC	542 ARCL X
426 E	465 ASTO 43	504 E2	543 ARCL X
427 X <y?< td=""><td>466 XEQ 09</td><td>505 *</td><td>544 ARCL X</td></y?<>	466 XEQ 09	505 *	544 ARCL X
428 GTO a	467 ASTO 44	506 INT	545 PRA
429 RCL 08	468 XEQ 09	507 GTO 14	546 RTN
430 4664	469 ASTO 45	508*LBL 09	<u>547*LBL "C"</u>
431 X<=Y?	470 16	509 LASTX	548 SF 01
432 GTO a	471 XEQ 25	510 FRC	549 56
433 RCL 26	472 ASTO 46	511 E2	550 +
434 20	473 XEQ 09	512 *	551 "X"
435 X>Y?	474 ASTO 47	513 INT	552 ASTO IND X
436 GTO 13	475 15	514 GTO 09	553 FS? 04
<u>437*LBL a</u>	476 XEQ 25	<u>515*LBL "B"</u>	554 RTN
438 SF 21	477 ASTO 48	516 SF 01	555 GTO 13
439 ADV	478 XEQ 09	517 56	<u>556*LBL "D"</u>
440 STOPSW	479 ASTO 49	518 +	557 SF 01
441 BEEP	480 14	519 X<>Y	558 56
442 SF 12	481 XEQ 25	520 XEQ 09	559 +
443 "SHIPS"	482 ASTO 50	521 ASTO IND Z	560 " "
444 PRA	483 XEQ 09	522 GTO 13	561 ASTO IND X
445 ADV	484 ASTO 51	523*LBL 03	562*LBL 13
446 CF 12	485 13	524 E1	563 CF 22
447 19	486 XEQ 25	525 RCL 26	564 FC? 01
448 XEQ 25	487 ASTO 52	526 GTO 14	565 ADV
449 ASTO 36	488 12	527*LBL 25	566 ADV
450 XEQ 09	489 XEQ 25	528 RCL IND X	567 "SALVO "
451 ASTO 37	490 ASTO 53	529 INT	568 RCL 26
452 XEQ 09	491 11	530*LBL 09	569 E
453 ASTO 38	492 XEQ 25	531 CLA	570 +
454 XEQ 09	493 ASTO 54	532 E1	571 ARCL X
455 ASTO 39	494 E1	533 X<>Y	572 "> ***"
456 18	495 XEQ 25	534*LBL 14	573 CLAXON
457 XEQ 25	496 ASTO 55	535 X <y?< td=""><td>574 CF 21</td></y?<>	574 CF 21
458 ASTO 40	497 SF 06	536 >" <mark>0</mark> "	575 AVIEW
459 XEQ 09	498 GTO 04	537 ARCL X	576 FC?C 01
460 ASTO 41	499*LBL 14	538 RTN	577 PWRDN
461 XEQ 09	500 "`:"	539*LBL 17	578 END
462 ASTO 42	501 E1	540 ""	
463 17	502 LASTX	541 ASTO X	

True Battleship

Luis Gasparini – UPL #00796C

This program replaces one player in the battleship game. It places its ships in a different way with different seeds (!) and then plays against you.

The battleship game is played this way:

Each player has two sea boards of 10 by 10 squares. One is his own, the other his opponent's. In his own sea board, at the beginning of the game he has to place all of his 10-ship fleet. In the other sea board he puts the ships of the opponent during the game as he finds them by making shots, one at a time.

How many ships in the fleet and how are they to be placed?

First, there are 10 ships as follows: 1 of 4 squares (cruiser), 2 of 3 squares (fragatte), 3 of 2 (torpedo ships), and 4 of 1 square (submarines). All of them are linear, not forming any diagonal angles.

Second, the ships can't be placed so that they are aside. With no blank spaces between them (nor by sides neither by corners). For example, if a ship of two squares is placed in squares 77 and 78, all squares surrounding those must be left blank and can't be occupied by any other part of a ship (i.s. squares 66, 67, 68, 69, 79, 89, 88, 87, 86 and 76).

When the two players have finished placing their own fleets one player begins and shoots first. The last shot will be done by the other player. The final objective is to sink all the opponent's ships before he sinks ours.

The program will take about 8 to 9 minutes to place its fleet in the sea board. Then the program will ask you if you want to start or defer the honors to the calculator, answering YES or NO to the question "YOU BEGIN?"

A player shoots by indicating where he's aiming, as Y:X coordinate, i.e. place "74" is the 7th row and 4th column. Then the other layer has to answer, with the following three possibilities:

- 1. The shot hit no ship, the answer is "WATER"
- 2. The shot hit a part of a ship, but the ship still has other squares not hit so it isn't sunk yet. The answer is "HIT"
- 3. The shot hits the last part of a ship that was remaining untouched, and therefore it sinks. The answer is "SUNK"

Once answered is the other player's turn to shoot

01*LBL "BSHIP"	50.009	99 RNG	148 XEQ 98
02 52	51 +	100 .5	149 X#0?
03 CF 21	52 STO 51	101 X>Y?	150 GTO 14
04 XROM "INIT"	<u>53*LBL b</u>	102 SF 05	151 E
05 FC? 55	54 RCL IND 50	<u>103*LBL 09</u>	152 ST+ 35
06 SF 21	55 RCL 51	104 E	153 ST+ 23
07 SF 27	56 INT	105 STO 35	154 RCL 41
08 4	57 E	<u>106*LBL 10</u>	155 STO IND 23
09 STO 22	58 +	107 RCL 35	156 STO 37
<u>10*LBL 07</u>	59 10^X	108 RCL 22	157 GTO 10
11 5	60 /	109 X=Y?	158*LBL 14
12 RCL 22	61 FRC	110 RTN	159 FS?C 06
13 -	62 E1	111*LBL 11	160 GTO 17
14 E3/E+	63 *	112 RCL 37	161 E
15 STO 33	64 INT	113 E1	162 ST+ 34
16*LBL 06	65 X=0?	114 /	163 SF 06
17 XEQ 95	66 GTO a	115 INT	164 RCL 36
18 XEQ 97	67 ISG 51	116 STO 38	165 STO 37
19 ISG 33	68 GTO b	117 LASTX	166 GTO 11
20 GTO 06	69 RCL 50	118 -	167*LBL 17
21 DSE 22	70 E	119 CHS	168 FS?C 07
22 GTO 07	71 +	120 E1	169 GTO 08
23 BEEP	72 E1	121 *	170 SF 07
24 GTO 15	73 MOD	122 STO 39	171 FS? 05
25*LBL 95	74 STO 50	123 FS? 05	172 GTO 20
26 RNG	75 CLX	124 GTO 12	173 SF 05
27 E2	76 GTO c	125 38	174 GTO 22
28 *	77*LBL a	126 GTO 13	175*LBL 20
29 INT	78 RCL 50	127*LBL 12	176 CF 05
30 STO 36	79 E1	128 39	177*LBL 22
31 XEQ 98	80 *	129*LBL 13	178 24
32 X=0?	81 RCL 51	130 STO 40	179 STO 23
33 GTO 04	82 INT	131 RCL IND 40	180 RCL 36
34*LBL 08	83 +	132 - E	181 STO 37
35 RCL 36	84 STO 36	133 RCL 34	182 GTO 09
36 E	85*LBL 04	134 Y^X	183*LBL 97
37 +	86 RCL 36	135 +	184 RCL 22
38 E2	87 STO 37	136 STO IND 40	185 23
39 MOD	88 24	137 X<0?	186 +
40 E1	89 STO 23	138 GTO 14	187 E3/E+
41/	90 RDN	139 9	188 23
42 INT	91 STO IND 23	140 X <y?< td=""><td>189 +</td></y?<>	189 +
43 STO 50	92 CF 05	141 GTO 14	190 STO 23
44 LASTX	93 CF 06	142 RCL 38	<u>191*LBL 05</u>
45 -	94 CF 07	143 E1	192 RCL 22
46 CHS	95 RNG	144 *	193 RCL IND 23
47 E1	96 ST+ X	145 RCL 39	194 XEQ 99
48 *	97 INT	146 +	195 ISG 23
<u>49*LBL c</u>	98 STO 34	147 STO 41	196 GTO 05
=			

Retro Games for the HP-41		nstructions	DataFile and Others			
197 RCI 23	250 +	303 STO 22	356 RCI 42			
197 RCL 25	250 F 251 STO 41	304 4	350 NCL 42			
199.24	251 510 41 252 XEO 98	305 STO 33	357 KCL 35			
200 +	252 XEQ 50	306 CE 00	359 -			
200 ¹ 201 STO 23	253 A#01 254 GTO 03	307 "VOLLEIRST?"	360 10^X			
201 310 23 202*I BI 19	254 610 05	308 40N	361 /			
202 EDE 15 203 RCL IND 23	255 5 256 BCL 41	309 PROMPT	362 INT			
203 KEL IND 23	250 KCL 41	310 AOEE	363 X#0?			
205 /	257 ALQ 55	311 FS2C 23	364 GTO 26			
205 / 206 INT	259 ISG 31	312 GTO 50	365 DSE 33			
207 STO 30	260 GTO 02	313 SE 00	366 GTO 25			
208 1 4 5 7 2	261*LBL 01	314 7P<>S	367*I BL 26			
200 LASTA	261 156 28	315 GTO 18	368 XEO 97			
200 - 210 CHS	262 ISG 28	316*181 50	360 F			
210 CH5 211 F1	263 GTO 00	317 7P<>S	370 STO 22			
211 L1	264 150 25 265 GTO 19	318 "B&C="	371 GTO 18			
212 213 STO 29	265 GTO 15	319 RCL 22	372*IBI 24			
213 310 23	267*181.98	320 F	373 BCL 20			
214 5 215 F3/F+	267 EBE 56	320 2	374 FRC			
216 STO 28	269 /	322 GTO 21	375 X=0?			
217*I BL 00	2007 270 RCL IND X	322 GTO 21	376 GTO 16			
218 RCI 28	270 KCL IND X	324 TONE 0	377 F2			
219 INT	272 FRC	325 PROMPT	378 *			
220 RCI 29	272 F1	326*I BL 21	379 F			
220 RCL 25	273 11	327 BCL 33	380 X=Y?			
221 7	275 10^X	328 STO 22	381 FS? 00			
222 2	276 /	329 XEO 95	382 GTO 27			
223 224 X<0?	277 INT	330 F	383 GTO 18			
225 GTO 01	278 F1	331 STO 22	384*I BI 16			
226 9	279 /	332 ARCI 24	385 "A TIF"			
220 J 227 X <y?< td=""><td>280 FRC</td><td>333 TONE 0</td><td>386 GTO 28</td></y?<>	280 FRC	333 TONE 0	386 GTO 28			
228 GTO 01	281 F1	334 PROMPT	387*I BL 27			
229 RDN	282 *	335*I BL C	388 "I WON"			
230 STO 32	282 283 BTN	336 F	389 AV/FW/			
230 310 32	283 111	337 BCL 22	390 TONE 6			
231 5 232 F3/F+	285 F1	338 X=V?	391 TONE 6			
232 L3/L1 233 STO 31	285 /	339 GTO 23	392 AV/IFW/			
234*I BL 02	280 / 287 INT	340.23	393 PSF			
235 RCL 31	288 X<>Y	341 +	394 GTO 28			
236 INT	289 ASTX	342 RCI 35	395*LBL A			
237 RCL 30	290 FRC	343 STO IND Y	396 RCL 20			
238 +	291 F1	344 RCL 22	397 FRC			
239.2	292 *	345*I BL 23	398 X=0?			
235 2	293 10^X	346 F	399 GTO 31			
241 X<0?	294 *	347 -	400 RCL 22			
242 GTO 03	295 ST+ IND Y	348 10^X	401 F			
243 9	296 RTN	349 ST- 42	402 X=Y?			
244 X <y?< td=""><td>297*I BI 15</td><td>350 F</td><td>403 GTO 32</td></y?<>	297*I BI 15	350 F	403 GTO 32			
245 GTO 03	298 1234	351 ST- 20	404 5			
246 RDN	299 STO 42	352 RCI 42	405 RCL 35			
247 F1	300 20 2	353 X=0?	406 XFO 99			
248 *	301 STO 20	354 GTO 24	407 GTO 33			
249 RCI 32	302 F	355*I RI 25	408*IRI 32			
	JUZ L	<u>333 LDL 23</u>	TOO LDL JZ			

Retro Games for the H	HP-41 User li	nstructions	DataFile and Others		
400 E	462.29		567 .		
409 5 410 DCL 24	462 38 462 CTO 20	515*LBL 18	50/ +		
410 KCL 24	463 GTU 30	510 /P<>5	568 X <u?< td=""></u?<>		
411 XEQ 99	464 °LBL 29	517 TONE 3	569 GTU 44		
412 GIU 18	405 39	518 TUNE 5	5/U 9 571 V-V2		
413*LBL 31	466*LBL 30	519 SHOUT	5/1 X <y?< td=""></y?<>		
414 YOU WON	467 STU 40		572 GTU 44		
415 GTU 28	468 RCL IND 40	520 PROMPT	573 X<>Y		
<u>410°LBL B</u>	469 -1 470 PCL 24	521 510 41	574 STU IND 40		
41/ E	470 KCL 34	522 XEQ 98	575 KUL 43		
418 ST 20	471 Y^X	523 510 47	576 EL		
419 51-20	472 +	524 5 525 X a X	577 PCL 11		
420 Z	473 X <u?< td=""><td>525 X<>Y</td><td colspan="2">578 KUL 44 570 ⊥</td></u?<>	525 X<>Y	578 KUL 44 570 ⊥		
421 KCL 22	474 GTO 33	526 X#Y?	5/9 +		
422 X=Y?	475 9 476 X X2	527 X=0?	580 510 48		
423 GTO 35	476 X <y?< td=""><td>528 GTO 39</td><td colspan="3">581 XEQ 98</td></y?<>	528 GTO 39	581 XEQ 98		
424 22	477 GTO 33	529.6	582 5		
425 +	478 RDN	530 X<>Y	583 X<>Y		
426 RCL 35	479 STO IND 40	531 X=Y?	584 X=Y?		
427 STO IND Y	480 RCL 38	532 GTO 48	585 GTO 44		
428 GTO 36	481 E1	533.01	586 6		
<u>429*LBL 35</u>	482 *	534 ST- 20	587 X=Y?		
430 CF 05	483 RCL 39	535 X<>Y	588 GTO 46		
431 CF 06	484 +	536 E	589 TONE 9		
432 RCL 24	485 XEQ 98	537 X=Y?	590 "HIT"		
433 E1	486 5	538 GTO 40	591 AVIEW		
434 /	487 X=Y?	539 SF 08	592 RCL 47		
435 INT	488 GTO 33	540 CF 09	593 -		
436 RCL 25	489 RCL 38	541 CF 10	594 RCL 41		
437 E1	490 E0	<u>542*LBL 41</u>	595 XEQ 99		
438 /	491 *	543 RCL 41	596 GTO 50		
439 INT	492 RCL 39	544 E1	<u>597*LBL 39</u>		
440 X=Y?	493 +	545 /	598 RASP		
441 SF 05	494 STO 35	546 INT	599 "WATER"		
442 RNG	495 GTO 18	547 STO 43	600 AVIEW		
443 ST+ X	<u>496*LBL 34</u>	548 LASTX	601 RCL 20		
444 INT	497 RCL 24	549 -	602 INT		
445 STO 34	498 STO 35	550 CHS	603 X=0?		
446*LBL 34	499 GTO 35	551 E1	604 GTO 27		
447 RCL 24	<u>500*LBL 33</u>	552 *	605 GTO 50		
448 STO 35	501 FS?C 06	553 STO 44	<u>606*LBL 40</u>		
<u>449*LBL 36</u>	502 GTO 37	<u>554*LBL 47</u>	607 TONE 9		
450 E1	503 SF 06	555 FS? 08	608 "SUNK"		
451 /	504 E	556 GTO 42	609 AVIEW		
452 INT	505 ST+ 34	557 43	610 6		
453 STO 38	506 GTO 34	558 GTO 43	611 RCL 47		
454 LASTX	507*LBL 37	<u>559*LBL 42</u>	612 -		
455 -	508 FS? 05	560 44	613 RCL 41		
456 CHS	509 GTO 38	<u>561*LBL 43</u>	614 XEQ 99		
457 E1	510 SF 05	562 STO 46	615 RCL 20		
458 *	511 GTO 34	563 RCL IND 46	616 FRC		
459 STO 39	<u>512*LBL 38</u>	564 - E	617 X#0?		
460 FS? 05	513 CF 05	565 RCL 45	618 GTO 50		
61 GTO 29 514 GTO 34		566 Y^X	619 RCL 20		

Retro Games for the HP-41		User Instructions	DataFile and Others		
620 INT	632 ST+ 45	644 /	656 CLAXON		
621 X=0?	633 SF 09	645 INT	657 AVIEW		
622 GTO 16	634 GTO 41	646 STO 43	658 GTO 50		
623 E	635*LBL 45	647 LASTX	<u>659*LBL 28</u>		
624 FS? 00	636 FS?C 10	648 -	660 AVIEW		
625 X#Y?	637 GTO 40	649 CHS	661 PSE		
626 GTO 31	638 SF 10	650 E1	662 PSE		
627 GTO 50	639 CF 08	651 *	663 "GAME OVER"		
<u>628*LBL 44</u>	640 GTO 41	652 STO 44	664 PROMPT		
629 FS?C 09	<u>641*LBL 46</u>	653 GTO 47	665 END		
630 GTO 45	642 RCL 48	<u>654*LBL 48</u>			
631 E	643 E1	655 "BAD SHOT"			

	A	в	С	D	Е	F	G	н	Т	J
1				\square						
2										
3										\square
4			×							
5						Х	Х			
6		\times						\times		\times
7				Х						X
8	X	Х						×		
9										
10										

Naval Battle

F. Javier Chamorro Pagani – Electro1, N1 p106 ; (May 1982)

Overview

The popular and well-known naval battle game surely was, is and will be played by many students to spend time in classes of subjects they are not attracted to. The problem, however, was not finding an opponent ready for the game. I hope that this article can solve the problem to the HP-41C/V owners.

The game of naval battle requires two players, each representing a fleet of a belligerent nation "X". Each fleet consists of ten ships: one aircraft carrier, two cruisers, three frigates and four torpedo boats. Each of the fleets simultaneously warns of the presence of its enemy and, by communicating the news to the high hands, receives the order to sink the enemy at any cost. The objective of the game is to sink the opponent's entire fleet, so the first to do so wins the game.

Game rules

Before we turn to the instructions for playing the HP-41, let's review the rules of the naval battle game.

First of all, each player must build two 10x10 boards, which must be numbered on their left lower edges from 0 to 9, both horizontally (from left to right) and vertically (from bottom to top) respectively. An example of this board is shown in figure 1.



The first board will represent the space where the enemy fleet will be located; the second the space where each player must place his own fleet as follows:

• Each ship is represented by squares as shown in figure 2, i.e. the aircraft carrier, cruisers, frigates and torpedo boats are equivalent to four, three, two and one squares respectively in vertical or horizontal succession indistinctly, but never in diagonal succession.

• The ten ships will be distributed in the second board, that is to say in the "own space" in a totally random way and separated each one of them by a box as minimum with respect to the others.

In this way the game can be started by drawing lots to see who starts the game, and the throws will be made one square at a time and one turn at a time per player, unless the result of the throw was hit or sunk, which means you have the right to throw again until your throw is "agua", i.e. in the water.

But, how do you shoot a certain square? The ruler will be "shot to the square YX, where Y will be the value taken by the square on the vertical axis, and X will be the value taken by the square on the horizontal axis. Both Y and X will be integers with values between 0 and 9 inclusive, in such a way that the number YX will have the following definition domain: $00 \le YX \le 99$, any other number will give "water" as a result.

So that the positioning of squares is clear, let's study where the fleet of the board of figure 2 is: the aircraft carrier will have as coordinates the numbers 82, 83, 84, 85; the cruisers 77, 67, 57, and 27; the frigates 98, 99; 45, 35; and 20, 21; and the torpedo boats 60; 42; 13; and 09.

Evidently it is clear that neither of the two players can see the board of the opponent, because otherwise the game would lose all its notion of being and would be like playing the cat and mouse when the cat had already eaten it.

Finally, the player who first sinks all the enemy ships will have won the naval battle.

BATNAV

Now we are asked the question of how to play with the 41: very simple, thanks to the program BATNAZ that allows us to consider the calculator as if it were the second player.

The calculator will need considerable time to "think" about the positions of her boats, which it "thinks" in a certain order: first the aircraft carrier, then the cruisers, then the frigates and the torpedo boats at the end. By typing XEQ "BATNAV" the program shows "SEED?", so the machine is asking for a seed between 10 E-36 and 17453292.45 - due to the structure of the subroutine generating random numbers (LBL 16) of the program the seed should not be a multiple of pi either.

The machine takes this number and transforms it into a number between 00 and 99, which will be the first box of the ship it has to locate and stores it in a memory register; it again uses the generator to choose the direction that the succession of boxes (to the right, left, up or down) of the ship to be located must follow until the entire ship is completed, provided that this new ship generated is at a distance box separate from all previous ones, and if it is not so it returns to the generator to choose another position repeating the process, and so on until it places the entire fleet.

The program takes a while to place its fleet which is given according to the seed introduced and which is unpredictable, since for each seed the program acts differently. In general the
time of preparation varies between 10 and 20 minutes, with an average of 14 minutes approx (this time can be used to build the boards and position the player's fleet).

But don't worry; this is the only time the machine takes for its internal process since the "attack" itself is fast, except in the last throws when the board is very full of previous throws.

The machine warns us when it has finished "thinking" the positions of its ships showing the display : "HP-41C LISTA".

Then it draws heads or tails who begins to attack, so there are two possibilities in which the display will show:

1 "TU EMPIEZAS", you start.

Then press R/S and we receive "CASILLA?". So we can enter the coordinates of the chosen square of the enemy space and press R/S. The machine will answer to us:

a) "YX AGUA", then the player will attack us with "TIRO AL YX" answering with "1", "2", or "3" if the shot that the machine has taken has been water, hit or sunk respectively; any other answer will derive from the machine answering us "ERRONEO" and immediately repeats his question "TIRO AT YX" (shoot at...).

b) "YX TOCADO", followed by "TIRAS TU" until the throw fails.

c) "1/0 HUNDIDO", followed by "TIRAS TU" until the throw fails.

As the game progresses, it may happen that the display shows "1/0 HUNDIDO" followed by two BEEPs and "TU GANAS", so the player has won the game.

2, "EMPIEZO YO", the machine starts.

Press R/S and it shows "TIRO AL YX", to which we'll respond as in section 1a). If it has hit us or if it has sunk a ship, the machine will shoot again. If the shot has been made in water, we will proceed as in section 1) but now it will show "TIRAS TU". Contrary to section 1c) the machine may hit us or sink the last boat so that after responding properly will present "GANA HP41". The machine has won the game!

BATNAV will always give sincere answers, so it is to be expected that the player behaves in the same way, although it is possible that he is mistaken in some answer having pressed R/S and not being able to go back. BATNAV only notices some mistakes on the player's part (not described here), but I can anticipate that he will "notice" a mistake if it has enough data to know i

Entering the program.

Once entered in the machine, BATNAV occupies about 1290 bytes, or 184 program registers; it uses a SIZE = 135, that is a total of 319 memory registers plus two bytes; considering that

only two more bytes are available, I advise you to do a master clear before introducing the program in the HP41.

Those who are not familiar with synthetic programming will be surprised to see program lines such as STO N, DSE c, etc. Synthetic programming opens a wide field of possibilities in the HP-41 not described in the user manual, but in the PPC and in many books published in the USA, such as SP by W.C. Wickes.

The hexadecimal codes of the synthetic tones are indicated below:

step 209: 79; step 285: 35; step 313: 0E; step 382: 1A step 414: 7E; step 450: 49; step 536: 74; step 537: 63

01 LBL "BATNAV"	35 RCL 10	69 FC? 06	103 99
02 135	36 STO 33	70 GTO 07	104 FS? 09
03 -ARMADA INV	<u>37 LBL 38</u>	71 RTN	105 GTO 05
04 5	38 RCL 33	<u>72 LBL 16</u>	106 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
05 STO 03	39 ST/ IND 30	73 LEFT	107 RTN
06 "SEMILLA=?"	40 DSE 30	74 RCL 00	<u>108 LBL 13</u>
07 PROMPT	41 GTO 38	75 R-D	109 FS?03
08 STO 00	42 GTO 45	76 FRC	110 SF 05
09 CF 22	<u>43 LBL 09</u>	77 STO 00	111 CF 03
10 3	44 E	78 E2	112 FS?06
11 STO \	45 ST-\	79 *	113 RTN
12 30	46 ST-27	80 INT	114 XEQ 08
13 STO]	47 10^X	81 RTN	115 RTN
14 4	48 STO 32	<u>82 LBL 06</u>	<u>116 LBL 12</u>
15 STO [49 ST-]	83 XEQ 16	117 RCL 01
16 5,001	50 RTN	84 50	118 FS? 10
17 STO 27	<u>51 LBL 07</u>	85 X <y?< td=""><td>119 RCL]</td></y?<>	119 RCL]
18 GOOSE	52 CF 03	86 SF 08	120 FS? 09
<u>19 LBL 44</u>	53 CF 01	87 FC? 08	121 RCL\
20 LEFT	54 XEQ 33	88 SF 07	122 -
21 E	55 XEQ 16	<u>89 LBL 36</u>	123 FS? 10
22 ST+ 34	56 STO 01	90 FS? 08	124 ,
23 RCL 34	<u>57 LBL 31</u>	91 XEQ 03	125 FS? 09
24 STO 31	58 SF 11	92 FS? 07	126 GTO 05
25 LBL 43	59 XEQ 16	93 XEQ 12	127 X>Y?
26 LEFT	60 50	94 RTN	128 RTN
27 XEQ 07	61 X <y?< td=""><td><u>95 LBL 03</u></td><td><u>129 LBL 14</u></td></y?<>	<u>95 LBL 03</u>	<u>129 LBL 14</u>
28 DSE 31	62 SF 10	96 RCL 01	130 FS? 03
29 GTO 43	63 FC? 10	97 FS? 10	131 SF 05
30 XEQ 09	64 SF 09	98 RCL]	132 CF 03
31 DSE [65 FS? 10	99 FS? 09	133 FS?06
32 GTO 44	66 XEQ 06	100 RCL\	134 RTN
33 24,004	67 FS? 09	101 +	135 XEQ 08
34 STO 30	68 XEQ 06	102 FS? 10	136 RTN

Retro Games for the HP-	-41 User	Instructions	DataFile and Others		
<u>137 LBL 05</u>	190 GTO 11	243 X=Y?	296 RND		
138 X <o?< td=""><td>191 11</td><td>244 RTN</td><td>297 RCL [</td></o?<>	191 11	244 RTN	297 RCL [
139 RTN	192 XEQ 10	245 -	298 X=Y?		
140 E1	193 X=Y?	246 ST-03	299 GTO 03		
141 /	194 GTO 11	247 RTN	300 ,1		
142 INT	<u>195 LBL 03</u>	<u>248 LBL 10</u>	301 +		
143 ENTER^	196 RCL 01	249 RCL 01	302 X=Y?		
144 RCL 01	197 E1	250 RCL Y	303 GTO 05		
145 E1	198 MOD	251 +	304 DSE 27		
146 /	199 X=0?	252 RCL IND 29	305 GTO 17		
147 INT	200 GTO 03	253 RTN	<u>306 LBL 20</u>		
148 RCL Y	201 -1	<u>254 LBL 45</u>	307 XEQ 42		
149 X#Y?	202 XEQ 10	255 "HP41 LISTA"	308 >" AGUA"		
150 RTN	203 X=Y?	256 AVIEW	309 9		
151 FS?08	204 GTO 11	257 50	310 XEQ 41		
152 GTO 13	205 9	258 LBL 40	311 AVIEW		
153 FS?07	206 XEQ 10	259 TONE 9	312 RTN		
154 GTO 14	207 X=Y?	260 PSE	<u>313 LBL 05</u>		
155 RTN	208 GTO 11	261 DSE X	314 "YA TOCADO"		
<u>156 LBL 08</u>	209 -11	262 GTO 40	315 AVIEW		
157 RCL 27	210 XEQ 10	263 FC?C 22	316 TONE 4		
158 STO 02	211 X=Y?	264 OFF	317 ,		
159 RCL 03	212 GTO 11	265 ,	318 STO 02		
160 STO 25	213 LBL 03	266 STO 25	319 RTN		
<u>161 LBL 26</u>	214 DSE 29	267 STO 34	<u>320 LBL 03</u>		
162 RCL 25	215 DSE 04	268 XEQ 16	321 FRC		
163 STO 29	216 GTO 04	269 50	322 ,2		
164 DSE 29	217 RCL 01	270 X <y?< td=""><td>323 X=Y?</td></y?<>	323 X=Y?		
165 5 E-3	218 STO IND 03	271 SF 01	324 GTO 20		
166 +	<u>219 LBL 35</u>	272 "EMPIEZ"	325 4		
167 STO 04	220 FS? 03	273 FC? 01	326 STO \		
<u>168 LBL 04</u>	221 RCL 01	274 >"AS TU"	327 25		
169 E1	222 E	275 FS?01	328 STO 01		
170 XEQ 10	223 FS? 07	276 >"O YO"	329 E		
171 X=Y?	224 CHS	277 PROMPT	330 STO 02		
172 GTO 11	225 FS? 10	<u>278 LBL 18</u>	<u>331 LBL 15</u>		
173 -10	226 E1	279 FC?C 01	332 RCL \		
174 XEQ 10	227 FS? 09	280 XEQ 02	333 STO]		
175 X=Y?	228 E	281 FIX 0	<u>334 LBL 21</u>		
176 GTO 11	229 *	282 XEQ 24	335 RCL 02		
177 RCL 01	230 +	283 GTO 18	336 ST-01		
178 E1	231 STO 01	<u>284 LBL 02</u>	337 RCL 27		
179 MOD	232 FS? 03	285 "CASILLA=?"	338 INT		
180 9	233 RTN	286 TONE 3	339 STO 27		
181 X=Y?	234 E	287 PROMPT	340 RCL 01		
182 GTO 03	235 ST+03	288 STO [341 X<=Y?		
183 -9	236 DSE 02	289 24,004	342 GTO 03		
184 XEQ 10	237 GTO 26	290 STO 27	343 DSE]		
185 X=Y?	238 SF 06	<u>291 LBL 17</u>	344 GTO 21		
186 GTO 11	239 RTN	292 RCL IND 27	345 E		
187 E	<u>240 LBL 11</u>	293 RCL 33	346 ST+ 02		
188 XEQ 10	241 RCL 27	294 *	347 DSE \		
189 X=Y?	242 RCL 02	295 FIX 1	348 GTO 15		

349 LBL 03 401 GTO 06 454 PROMPT 507 FS7 04 350 .1 402 . 455 E 508 GTO 00 351 RCL 33 403 STO 02 456 STO \ 509 SF 03 352 / 404 RTN 457 10^x S10 RTN 353 ST IND 27 405 ELD 06 458 STO 1 511 ELD 00 354 RCL 01 406 GTO ANS FU" 459 X×Y 512 0.27 355 TO 7 MONT 453 RCL 01 450 FO S13 S14 358 E3 410 RTN 453 ROL 01 S12 FO 4 359 / 411 BL 03 464 ENTER^* S17 DSE 04 350 R1 413 S*TOCADO" 466 XHO S12 DST DST DST DST DST <th>Retro Games for the HP-4</th> <th>1 User</th> <th>Instructions</th> <th colspan="4">DataFile and Others</th>	Retro Games for the HP-4	1 User	Instructions	DataFile and Others			
349 LBL 03 401 GTO 06 454 PROMPT 507 F57 04 350, 1 402, 455 E 508 GTO 00 351, RCL 33 403 STO 02 456 STO 107X 509 FS7 03 352 // 404 RTN 457 107X 510 RTN 353 ST+ IND 27 405 IGANASTU" 495 X <y< td=""> 512 0.027 355 STO 1 406 'GANASTU" 495 X<y< td=""> 513 ST 356 RCL 02 408 BEEP 461 X-Y7 S14 RCL IND 04 357 + 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 S15 S1 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RNN S12 FF0 4 361 + 413 S*TO CADU" 466 KRO 7 S12 FF0 4 364 STO 03 416 AVIX KRO 7 S13 S</y<></y<>							
350 , 1 402 , 455 E 508 GT0.00 351 RCL 33 403 STO 02 456 STO \ 509 SF0.3 352 / 404 RTN 457 10^X 510 RTN 353 ST+ IND 27 405 IBL 06 458 STO] 511 IBL 00 353 ST+ IND 27 405 IBL 06 458 STO] 511 IBL 00 355 STO] 407 BEEP 460 E 513 ST+ 04 356 RCL 02 408 BEEP 461 X>Y? 514 RCL 101 04 357 + 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 516 STO IND Y 359 / 411 IBL 03 464 ENTERN 517 OE0 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 9'TOCADO" 466 XH0? 519 CF 04 362 E 417 TONE 2 470 X <y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PS 61 472 RDN 525 X>Y? 367 RCL 33 419 SP 61 472 RDN 525 X>Y? 368 * 400 RTN 473 Z 528 STO 2 367 RCL 33</y?<>	349 LBL 03	401 GTO 06	454 PROMPT	507 FS?04			
351 RCL 33 403 STO 02 456 STO \ 509 FO3 352 / 404 RTN 457 10^X 510 RTN 353 ST+ IND 27 405 IBL 06 458 STO 1 511 IBL 00 354 RCL 01 406 GANAS TU" 459 X <y< td=""> 512 027 355 STO 1 407 REEP 461 X>Y? S14 RCL IND 04 357 + 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 F3 410 RTN 463 RTREA 517 DE0 4 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 415 XCQ A1 466 RDN 521 PI 364 413 *10 CADO" 467 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SFO 1 470 X=Y? 527 , 366 RCL ND 413 SFO 447<td>350 ,1</td><td>402 ,</td><td>455 E</td><td>508 GTO 00</td></y<>	350 ,1	402 ,	455 E	508 GTO 00			
352 / 404 RTN 457 10^x 510 RTN 353 ST+ IND 27 405 LBL 06 458 STO] 511 LBL 00 353 ST+ IND 27 405 CBL 06 458 STO] 511 LBL 00 355 STO] 407 BEEP 460 E 513 ST+ 64 355 r+ 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 516 STO IND V 359 / 411 LBL 03 464 ENTERN 517 OSE 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 >* TOCADO" 466 X#0? 519 CF 04 362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 520 CF 03 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 PI 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 365 LBL 22 417 TONE Z 470 X-Y? 523 RCI 02 366 * 420 RTN 473 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SP 01 473 Z 526 SF 01 368 * 420 RTN 473 GTO 09 524 7 370 FRC 422 E 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 47	351 RCL 33	403 STO 02	456 STO \	509 SF 03			
353 ST+ IND 27 405 IBL 06 458 STO] 511 IBL 00 354 RCL 01 406 "GANAS TU" 459 X <y< td=""> 512 JOT 355 STO] 407 BEEP 460 E 513 ST+ 04 356 RCL 02 408 BEEP 461 X<y?< td=""> 514 RCL IND 04 357 + 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 516 STO IND Y 359 / 411 IBL 03 464 ENTTRAN 517 DSE 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 S* TOCADO" 466 RDN 521 PI 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 B 522 STO 28 365 HS 02 417 TONE 2 470 X<y7< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL ND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 STO 1 368 * 420 RTN 473 Z 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 IBL 24 474 X=Y7 527 , 370 RTC 422 STO 1 478 SLY 531 TOR 0 373 GTO 03 425 STO 1 478 X=Y7 531 TOR 0 375 S</y7<></y?<></y<>	352 /	404 RTN	457 10^X	510 RTN			
354 RCL 01 406 'GANAS TU" 459 X <y< td=""> 512, 027 355 STO] 407 BEEP 460 E 513 ST+ 04 356 RCL 02 409 RECP 461 X>Y? 514 RCL IND 04 357 + 409 RROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 516 STO IND Y 359 / 411 LBL 03 464 ENTER^ 517 DSE 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 RCC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 S*TO CADO* 466 XHO? 519 CF 04 364 STO 03 416 AVEW 469 3 522 STO 28 365 IBL 22 417 TONE 2 470 X<y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X>Y? 368 * 420 RTN 473 Z 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 521 GTO 23 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 XHYC 424 10/X 477 STO 353 TONE 0 577 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y?<</y?<></y<>	353 ST+ IND 27	405 LBL 06	458 STO]	<u>511 LBL 00</u>			
355 STO] 407 BEEP 460 E 513 ST + 04 356 RCL 02 408 BEEP 461 X>?? 514 RCL IND 04 357 + 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 515 STO 100 Y 359 / 411 LBL 03 464 ENTER^A 517 DSE 04 360 RC1 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 ST TOCADO" 466 KH07 512 FD 4 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 PI 364 * 150 CF 03 365 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 522 STO 28 365 161 22 ST 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 47 37 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 47 37 37 367 ST <td>354 RCL 01</td> <td>406 "GANAS TU"</td> <td>459 X<>Y</td> <td>512 ,027</td>	354 RCL 01	406 "GANAS TU"	459 X<>Y	512 ,027			
356 RCL 02 408 BEEP 461 X>Y? 514 RCL IND 04 357 + 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 515 STO IND Y 359 / 411 BL0.03 464 ENTER^A S17 DSE 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ.42 465 FRC S18 GTO 00 361 + 413<>"TOCADO" 466 XHO? S19 CF 04 362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 S22 STO 28 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 S22 STO 28 365 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN S22 STO 7 366 RCL ND 148 PSE 471 GTO 09 S24 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN S29 S27 7 370 FRC 422 E	355 STO]	407 BEEP	460 E	513 ST+04			
357 + 409 PROMPT 462 GTO 09 515 3 358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 516 STO IND Y 359 / 411 LBL 03 464 ENTER* 517 DSE 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 >" TOCADO" 466 XH0? 519 GF 04 362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 520 CF 03 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 PI 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 355 LBL 22 417 TONE 2 470 X <y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X=Y? 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 520 DSE 32 372 XHY? 424 IO^X 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 3 425 STO J 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 GTO 22 429 FC? 03</y?<>	356 RCL 02	408 BEEP	461 X>Y?	514 RCL IND 04			
358 E3 410 RTN 463 RDN 516 STO IND Y 359 / 411 LBL 03 464 ENTER^A 517 DSE 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 RRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 >" TOCADO" 466 XH0? 519 CF 04 362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 520 CF 03 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 Pl 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 355 LBL 22 417 TONE 2 470 X ?</td 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND 1 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 366 RCL IND 1 418 PSE 473 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 XW? 424 10^X 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO 1 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS7C 01 479 SF D4 532 TONE 0 375 ST+ 1 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 IGO 3 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC703 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E	357 +	409 PROMPT	462 GTO 09	515 3			
359 / 411 LBL 03 464 ENTER^h 517 DSE 04 360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 >"TOCADO" 466 XH0? 519 CF 04 362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 520 CF 03 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 PI 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 365 IEL 22 417 TONE 2 470 X×Y? 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 STO? 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 XH7? 424 10^X 477 3 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS7C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 430 KC 33 483 TO 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 <td>358 E3</td> <td>410 RTN</td> <td>463 RDN</td> <td>516 STO IND Y</td>	358 E3	410 RTN	463 RDN	516 STO IND Y			
360 RCL 01 412 XEQ 42 465 FRC 518 GTO 00 361 + 413 >" TOCADO" 466 X#0? 519 CF 04 362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 520 CF 03 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 PI 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 365 LBL 22 417 TONE 2 470 X <y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 FB1 2 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 STO 28 368 * 420 RTN 473 Z 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 478 K=Y? 531 GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS7C 01 478 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 FO1 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC?03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 3</y?<>	359 /	<u>411 LBL 03</u>	464 ENTER^	517 DSE 04			
361 + 413 9" TOCADO" 466 X#0? 519 CF 04 362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 520 CF 03 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 PI 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 355 LBL22 417 TONE 2 470 X ?</td 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND 1 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X=?? 368 * 420 RTN 473 Z 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=?? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 373 GTO 03 425 STO 1 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+1 427 RTN 480 X=?? 533 TONE 0 376 ISC 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 66 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 378 E 430 KC 33 483 T 536 IBL 09 379 ST+ 25 431 FS? 03 484 K=?? 537 "ERONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19	360 RCL 01	412 XEQ 42	465 FRC	518 GTO 00			
362 E 414 9 467 GTO 09 520 F03 363 + 415 XEQ 41 468 RDN 521 P1 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 365 LBL 22 417 TONE 2 470 X <y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X=Y? 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 BL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 371 .1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 X#Y? 424 10^X 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 TONE 0 375 ST+1 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 65 538 AVIEW 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 65 538 AVIEW 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 65 538 AVIEW 376 ISG 03 438 SF 01</y?<>	361 +	413 >" TOCADO"	466 X#0?	519 CF 04			
363 + 415 XEQ.41 468 RDN 521 Pi 364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 365 LBL22 417 TONE 2 470 X <y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X=Y? 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 369 RND 421LBL24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 520 DSE 32 372 X#Y? 424 10^x 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS?C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISC 03 428 STO 1 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 ST+25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 "ERRONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FS? 03 48</y?<>	362 E	414 9	467 GTO 09	520 CF 03			
364 STO 03 416 AVIEW 469 3 522 STO 28 365 LBL 22 417 TONE 2 470 X <y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 366 RCL IND] 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X=Y? 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 XMY? 424 10°X 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS?C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISC 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 376 ISC 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 538 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 T 533 APROMPT 378 SE 431 FS? 03 482 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 Z8 486 RDN 539 TONE 6 382 ARCL 25 4</y?<>	363 +	415 XEQ 41	468 RDN	521 PI			
365 LBL 22 417 TON E 2 470 X <y?< td=""> 523 RCL 02 366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X<y?< td=""> 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 X#Y? 424 10^X 477 3 S30 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO 478 X=Y? S33 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? S33 TONE 0 375 GTO 3 428 SC 01 481 GTO 40</y?<></y?<>	364 STO 03	416 AVIEW	469 3	522 STO 28			
366 RCL IND] 418 PSE 471 GTO 09 524 7 367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X=Y? 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 525 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 J1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 373 GTO 03 425 STO 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS7C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+ J 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 375 ST+ J 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483	<u>365 LBL 22</u>	417 TONE 2	470 X <y?< td=""><td>523 RCL 02</td></y?<>	523 RCL 02			
367 RCL 33 419 SF 01 472 RDN 525 X=Y? 368 * 420 RTN 473 2 S26 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? S27 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 XHY? 424 10^X 477 3 S30 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? S31 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FSPC 01 479 SF04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? S33 TONE 0 376 IG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 S34 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC 03 483 7 S36 IBL 09 377 GTO 24 433 SEQ GTO 39 S38 AVIE	366 RCL IND]	418 PSE	471 GTO 09	524 7			
368 * 420 RTN 473 2 526 SF 01 369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 X#Y? 424 10^X 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 T 530 TONE 0 379 ST+ 25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 "ERONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 28 486 RDN 539 TONE 6 382 ARCL 25 434 STO 04 487 RDN 540 TO27 384 AVIEW 437 34 490 SF 00 543 LBL 19 385 F01 439 RCL IND X 492 RCL 01 545 7 388 RCL 02 <t< td=""><td>367 RCL 33</td><td>419 SF 01</td><td>472 RDN</td><td>525 X=Y?</td></t<>	367 RCL 33	419 SF 01	472 RDN	525 X=Y?			
369 RND 421 LBL 24 474 X=Y? 527 , 370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371 ,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 X#Y? 424 10^X 477 A 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS?C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FX 0 433 28 486 RDN 539 JONE 6 382 ARCL 25 434 STO 04 487 RDN 540 TONE 9 383 **00 435 STO 01 489 FS? 03 542 GTO 27 384 AVIEW 437 34 490 SF 00 543 LBL 19 385 TONE 6 438 + 491 LBL 25 544 RCL 02 386 SF 01 439 RCL IND X 492 RCL 01 545 7 387 RCL 03 440 XH0? 493 34 546 X=Y? <td>368 *</td> <td>420 RTN</td> <td>473 2</td> <td>526 SF 01</td>	368 *	420 RTN	473 2	526 SF 01			
370 FRC 422 E 475 GTO 06 528 STO 02 371,1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 X#Y? 424 10^X 477 A 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS?C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 GTO 23 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 7 536 LBL 09 379 ST+ 25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 "ERRONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 28 486 RDN 539 TONE 6 382 ARCL 25 434 STO 04 487 RDN 540 TONE 9 383 >"0 435 SEQ 16 488 CF 01 541 PSE HUNDIDO" 436 STO 01 489 FS? 03 542 GTO 27 384 AVIEW 437 34 490 SF 00 543 LBL 19 385 TONE 6 438 + 491 LBL 25 544 RCL 02 386	369 RND	<u>421 LBL 24</u>	474 X=Y?	527,			
371 1 423 STO \ 476 RDN 529 DSE 32 372 X#Y? 424 10^X 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS?C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 7 536 IBL09 379 ST + 25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 TERONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 28 MAR RDN 540 TONE 9 383 >"A SEQ 16 <td< td=""><td>370 FRC</td><td>422 E</td><td>475 GTO 06</td><td>528 STO 02</td></td<>	370 FRC	422 E	475 GTO 06	528 STO 02			
372 X#Y? 424 10^X 477 3 530 RTN 373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS?C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 7 536 LBL 09 379 ST+ 25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 "ERONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 28 486 RDN 539 TONE 6 382 ARCL 25 434 STO 04 487 RDN 540 TONE 9 383 >"^0 435 XEQ 16 488 CF 01 541 PSE HUNDIDO" 436 STO 01 489 FS? 03 542 GTO 27 384 AVIEW 437 34 490 SF 00 543 LBL 19 385 TONE 6 438 + 491 LBL 25 544 RCL 02 386 SF 01 439 RCL IND X 492 RCL 01 545 T 387 RCL 03 440 X#0? 493 SA 540 STO 140 38	371 ,1	423 STO \	476 RDN	529 DSE 32			
373 GTO 03 425 STO] 478 X=Y? 531 "GANA HP41" 374 E 426 FS7C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 7 536 LBL 09 379 ST + 25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 "ERRONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 28 486 RDN 539 TONE 6 382 ARCL 25 434 STO 04 487 RDN 540 TONE 9 383 >"^0 435 XEQ 16 488 CF 01 541 PSE HUNDIDO" 436 STO 01 489 FS? 03 542 GTO 27 384 AVIEW 437 34 490 SF 00 543 LBL 19 385 TONE 6 438 + 491 LBL 25 544 RCL 02 386 SF 01 439 RCL IND X 492 RCL 01 545 7 388 RCL 02 441 CF 01 494 + 547 GTO 39 389 - 442 X#0? 495 X<>Z 548 SF 06 <t< td=""><td>372 X#Y?</td><td>424 10^X</td><td>477 3</td><td>530 RTN</td></t<>	372 X#Y?	424 10^X	477 3	530 RTN			
374 E 426 FS?C 01 479 SF 04 532 TONE 0 375 ST+] 427 RTN 480 X=Y? 533 TONE 0 376 ISG 03 428 SF 01 481 GTO 06 534 PROMPT 377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 7 536 EBL09 379 ST+ 25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 "ERRONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 28 486 RDN 540 TONE 6 382 ARCL 25 434 STO 04 487 RDN 540 TONE 9 383 *''A0 435 XEQ 16 488 F 01 541 IBL19 384 AVIEW 437 34 490 SF 00 543 IBL19 385 TONE 6 438	373 GTO 03	425 STO]	478 X=Y?	531 "GANA HP41"			
375ST+]427RTN480X=Y?533TONE 0376ISG 03428SF 01481GTO 06534PROMPT377GTO 22429FC? 03482RCL 02535RTN378E430XEQ 334837536LBL 09379ST+ 25431FS? 03484X=Y?537"ERRONEO"380CLA432GTO 19485GTO 39538AVIEW381FIX 043328486RDN539TONE 6382ARCL 25434STO 04487RDN540TONE 9383*'0435XEQ 16488CF 01541PSEHUNDIDO"436STO 01489FS? 03542GTO 27384AVIEW43734490SF 00543LBL 19385TONE 6438+491LBL 25544RCL 02386SF 01439RCL IND X492RCL 015457387RCL 03440X#0?49334546X=Y?388RCL 02441CF 01494+547GTO 39389-442X#0?495K<2	374 E	426 FS?C 01	479 SF 04	532 TONE 0			
376ISG 03428SF 01481GTO 06534PROMPT377GTO 22429FC? 03482RCL 02535RTN378F430XEQ 334837536LBL 09379ST+ 25431FS? 03484X=Y?537"ERRONEO"380CLA432GTO 19485GTO 39538AVIEW381FIX 043328486RDN539TONE 6382ARCL 25434STO 04487RDN540TONE 9383>"^0435XEQ 16488CF 01541PSEHUNDIDO"436STO 01489FS? 03542GTO 27384AVIEW43734490SF 00543LBL 19385TONE 6438+491LBL 25544RCL 02386SF 01439RCL IND X492RCL 015457387RCL 03440X#0?49334546547?388RCL 02441CF 01494+547GTO 39389-442X#0?495X<>Z548SF 06390STO 26443GTO 24496STO IND Z549RCL IND 04391LBL 23444GTO 29497FS? 0055034392,1445LBL 27498GTO 28551-393 <td< td=""><td>375 ST+]</td><td>427 RTN</td><td>480 X=Y?</td><td>533 TONE 0</td></td<>	375 ST+]	427 RTN	480 X=Y?	533 TONE 0			
377 GTO 22 429 FC? 03 482 RCL 02 535 RTN 378 E 430 XEQ 33 483 7 536 LBL 09 379 ST+ 25 431 FS? 03 484 X=Y? 537 "ERRONEO" 380 CLA 432 GTO 19 485 GTO 39 538 AVIEW 381 FIX 0 433 28 486 RDN 539 TONE 6 382 ARCL 25 434 STO 04 487 RDN 540 TONE 9 383 >"^0 435 XEQ 16 488 CF 01 541 PSE HUNDIDO" 436 STO 01 489 FS? 03 542 GTO 27 384 AVIEW 437 34 490 SF 00 543 LBL 19 385 TONE 6 438 + 491 LBL 25 544 RCL 02 386 SF 01 439 RCL IND X 492 RCL 01 545 7 387 RCL 03 440 X#0? 493 34 546 X=Y? 388 RCL 02 441 CF 01 494 + 547 GTO 39 389 - 442 X#0? 495 X<>Z 548 SF 06 390 STO 26 443 GTO 24 496 STO IND Z 549 RCL IND 04 391 LBL 23 444 GTO 29 497 FS? 00 550 34 392 ,1 445 LBL 27 498 GTO 28 551 - 39	376 ISG 03	428 SF 01	481 GTO 06	534 PROMPT			
378E430XEQ 334837536LBL 09379ST+ 25431FS? 03484X=Y?537"ERRONEO"380CLA432GTO 19485GTO 39538AVIEW381FIX 043328486RDN539TONE 6382ARCL 25434STO 04487RDN540TONE 9383>"^O435XEQ 16488CF 01541PSEHUNDIDO"436GTO 01489FS? 03542GTO 27384AVIEW43734490SF 00543LBL 19385TONE 6438+491LBL 25544RCL 02386SF 01439RCL IND X492RCL 015457387RCL 03440X#0?49334546X=Y?388RCL 02441CF 01494+547GTO 39389-442X#0?495X<> Z548SF 06390STO 26443GTO 24496STO IND Z549RCL IND 04391LBL 23444GTO 29497FS? 0055034392,1445LBL 27498GTO 28551-393ST+ IND 01446RCL 01499RTN552STO 01394E447STO 03500LBL 06553FC? 05395 <t< td=""><td>377 GTO 22</td><td>429 FC? 03</td><td>482 RCL 02</td><td>535 RTN</td></t<>	377 GTO 22	429 FC? 03	482 RCL 02	535 RTN			
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380 CLA432 GTO 19485 GTO 39538 AVIEW381 FIX 0433 28486 RDN539 TONE 6382 ARCL 25434 STO 04487 RDN540 TONE 9383 >"^0435 XEQ 16488 CF 01541 PSEHUNDIDO"436 STO 01489 FS? 03542 GTO 27384 AVIEW437 34490 SF 00543 LBL 19385 TONE 6438 +491 LBL 25544 RCL 02386 SF 01439 RCL IND X492 RCL 01545 7387 RCL 03440 X#0?493 34546 X=Y?388 RCL 02441 CF 01494 +547 GTO 39389 -442 X#0?495 X<>Z548 SF 06390 STO 26433 GTO 24496 STO IND Z549 RCL IND 04391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL"504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	379 ST+ 25	431 FS? 03	484 X=Y?	537 "ERRONEO"			
381 FIX 0433 28486 RDN539 TONE 6382 ARCL 25434 STO 04487 RDN540 TONE 9383 >"^0435 XEQ 16488 CF 01541 PSEHUNDIDO"436 STO 01489 FS? 03542 GTO 27384 AVIEW437 34490 SF 00543 LBL 19385 TONE 6438 +491 LBL 25544 RCL 02386 SF 01439 RCL IND X492 RCL 01545 7387 RCL 03440 X#0?493 34546 X=Y?388 RCL 02441 CF 01494 +547 GTO 39389 -442 X#0?495 X<>Z548 SF 06390 STO 26443 GTO 24496 STO IND Z549 RCL IND 04391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL"504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	380 CLA	432 GTO 19	485 GTO 39	538 AVIEW			
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383 >"^0435 XEQ 16488 CF 01541 PSEHUNDIDO"436 STO 01489 FS? 03542 GTO 27384 AVIEW437 34490 SF 00543 LBL 19385 TONE 6438 +491 LBL 25544 RCL 02386 SF 01439 RCL IND X492 RCL 01545 7387 RCL 03440 X#0?493 34546 X=Y?388 RCL 02441 CF 01494 +547 GTO 39389 -442 X#0?495 X<> Z548 SF 06390 STO 26443 GTO 24496 STO IND Z549 RCL IND 04391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 03397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	382 ARCL 25	434 STO 04	487 RDN	540 TONE 9			
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384 AVIEW437 34490 SF 00543 LBL 19385 TONE 6438 +491 LBL 25544 RCL 02386 SF 01439 RCL IND X492 RCL 01545 7387 RCL 03440 X#0?493 34546 X=Y?388 RCL 02441 CF 01494 +547 GTO 39389 -442 X#0?495 X<> Z548 SF 06390 STO 26443 GTO 24496 STO IND Z549 RCL IND 04391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	HUNDIDO"	436 STO 01	489 FS? 03	542 GTO 27			
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386SF 01439RCL IND X492RCL 015457387RCL 03440X#0?49334546X=Y?388RCL 02441CF 01494+547GTO 39389-442X#0?495X<> Z548SF 06390STO 26443GTO 24496STO IND Z549RCL IND 04391LBL 23444GTO 29497FS? 0055034392,1445LBL 27498GTO 28551-393ST+ IND 01446RCL 01499RTN552STO 01394E447STO 03500LBL 06553FC? 05395ST+ 01448LBL 39501E554XEQ 31396ISG 26449RCL 03502FS? 03555FS? 05397GTO 23450STO 01503ST+ 04556CF 03398RCL 25451<"TIRO AL"	385 TONE 6	438 +	<u>491 LBL 25</u>	544 RCL 02			
387 RCL 03440 X#0?493 34546 X=Y?388 RCL 02441 CF 01494 +547 GTO 39389 -442 X#0?495 X<> Z548 SF 06390 STO 26443 GTO 24496 STO IND Z549 RCL IND 04391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	386 SF 01	439 RCL IND X	492 RCL 01	545 7			
388RCL 02441CF 01494 +547GTO 39389 -442X#0?495X<> Z548SF 06390STO 26443GTO 24496STO IND Z549RCL IND 04391LBL 23444GTO 29497FS? 0055034392,1445LBL 27498GTO 28551-393ST+ IND 01446RCL 01499RTN552STO 01394E447STO 03500LBL 06553FC? 05395ST+ 01448LBL 39501E554XEQ 31396ISG 26449RCL 03502FS? 03555FS? 05397GTO 23450STO 01503ST+ 04556CF 03398RCL 25451<"TIRO AL"	387 RCL 03	440 X#0?	493 34	546 X=Y?			
389 -442 X#0?495 X<> Z548 SF 06390 STO 26443 GTO 24496 STO IND Z549 RCL IND 04391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	388 RCL 02	441 CF 01	494 +	547 GTO 39			
390 STO 26443 GTO 24496 STO IND Z549 RCL IND 04391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL"504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	389 -	442 X#0?	495 X<>Z	548 SF 06			
391 LBL 23444 GTO 29497 FS? 00550 34392 ,1445 LBL 27498 GTO 28551 -393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL"504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	390 STO 26	443 GTO 24	496 STO IND Z	549 RCL IND 04			
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393 ST+ IND 01446 RCL 01499 RTN552 STO 01394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL"504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	392 ,1	<u>445 LBL 27</u>	498 GTO 28	551 -			
394 E447 STO 03500 LBL 06553 FC? 05395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	393 ST+ IND 01	446 RCL 01	499 RTN	552 STO 01			
395 ST+ 01448 LBL 39501 E554 XEQ 31396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	394 E	447 STO 03	500 LBL 06	553 FC? 05			
396 ISG 26449 RCL 03502 FS? 03555 FS? 05397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL"504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	395 ST+01	448 LBL 39	501 E	554 XEQ 31			
397 GTO 23450 STO 01503 ST+ 04556 CF 03398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	396 ISG 26	449 RCL 03	502 FS? 03	555 FS? 05			
398 RCL 25451 "TIRO AL "504 XEQ 25557 FS? 03399 E1452 ARCL 01505 RCL Z558 GTO 30400 X=Y?453 TONE 3506 STO IND 04559 SF 03	397 GTO 23	450 STO 01	503 ST+ 04	556 CF 03			
399 E1 452 ARCL 01 505 RCL Z 558 GTO 30 400 X=Y? 453 TONE 3 506 STO IND 04 559 SF 03	398 RCL 25	451 "TIRO AL "	504 XEQ 25	557 FS? 03			
400 X=Y? 453 TONE 3 506 STO IND 04 559 SF 03	399 E1	452 ARCL 01	505 RCL Z	558 GTO 30			
	400 X=Y?	453 TONE 3	506 STO IND 04	559 SF 03			

Retro Games for the HP-4	1 User Instr	uctions	DataFile and Others
560 XEQ 36	593 -11	626 RTN	659 GTO 12
561 FS? 03	594 XEQ 01	627 LBL 28	660 LBL 33
562 GTO 30	595 LBL 03	628 FC?C 00	661 CF 10
563 SF 03	596 RCL 01	629 RTN	662 CF 09
564 XEQ 35	597 34	630 LBL 30	663 CF 08
565 GTO 29	598 +	631 28	664 CF 07
<u>566 LBL 29</u>	599 RCL IND X	632 STO 04	665 CF 06
567 E1	600 X=0?	633 E	666 CF 05
568 XEQ 01	601 GTO 27	634 ST+02	667 CF 04
569 -10	602 SF 00	635 8	668 CF 02
570 XEQ 01	603 GTO 28	636 7	669 RTN
571 RCL 01	<u>604 LBL 01</u>	637 FS?02	<u>670 LBL 12</u>
572 E1	605 RCL 01	638 E1	671 XEQ 36
573 MOD	606 +	639 FS?02	672 FS?03
574 9	607 X<0?	640 9	673 GTO 30
575 X=Y?	608 RTN	641 FC?C 02	674 SF 03
576 GTO 03	609 99	642 SF 02	675 RTN
577 -9	610 X <y?< td=""><td>643 FS? IND X</td><td><u>676 LBL 42</u></td></y?<>	643 FS? IND X	<u>676 LBL 42</u>
578 XEQ 01	611 RTN	644 GTO 05	677 ,
579 E	612 RDN	645 FS? IND Y	678 STO 02
580 XEQ 01	613 34	646 GTO 08	679 RCL [
581 11	614 +	647 RTN	680 CLA
582 XEQ 01	615 RCL IND 04	<u>648 LBL 05</u>	681 FIX 0
<u>583 LBL 03</u>	616 X=Y?	649 FS? IND X	682 ARCL X
584 RCL 01	617 RTN	650 SF IND Y	683 RTN
585 E1	618 RCL IND Y	651 FS? IND Y	<u>684 LBL 41</u>
586 MOD	619 E	652 CF IND X	685 TONE IND X
587 X=0?	620 X <y?< td=""><td>653 GTO 12</td><td>686 DSE X</td></y?<>	653 GTO 12	686 DSE X
588 GTO 03	621 GTO 10	<u>654 LBL 08</u>	687 GTO 41
589 -1	622 RTN	655 FS? IND Y	688 END
590 XEQ 01	6 <u>23 LBL 10</u>	656 SF IND X	
591 9	624 ENTER^	657 FS? IND X	
592 XEQ 01	625 XEQ 25	658 CF IND Y	

Navy War (German)

Burkhard Oerttel; HP-41 Sammlung book

Ship sinking against the HP-41

In this electronic version of the well-known student boredom game, the HP-41 proves to be a serious opponent who constantly changes his interrogation strategy and comments on both hits and "tickets" in a humorous way.

The program consists of four parts and an ASCII file. On the mass memory these subprograms have the names "NAVY" to "NAVY3" for better identification and the ASCII file is called "CNAVY".

The Program "ADMIRAL" serves to facilitate the loading of all these program parts, which should be saved with flag 11 set so that it starts automatically. Before calling "ADMIRAL", 125 registers must be available in the main memory and 202 registers in the extended memory.

The segmentation into several parts was carried out, since the separation into construction phase and game phase offers two advantages with this program. Essentially: On the one hand, only the currently required program part occupies main memory, so that memory space can be saved; on the other hand, this facilitates division of the jump back from the joint subroutines, since on the calling programs identical trademarks can be used.

Now to the individual parts of the program:

"ADMIRAL" serves to load the other parts of the mass storage into the memory.

Unlike the other parts, "NAVY" always remains in the main memory and calls them.

"N", mass storage name: "NAVY1" contains subprograms, which are used by the program parts "0" and "P".

Synthetic commands:

Line 44: "LBL F1, 23" (hexadecimal), i.e. 241, 35 in decimal notation. Line 52: "LBL F1,0A" (hex), i.e. 241, 10 in decimal.

The synthetic "XEQ" commands contained in "0" and "P" multiple times refer to these two.

"0", mass storage name: "NAVY3": With this program part the computer builds up its playing field and makes all further preparations.

Synthetic text line: Line 63: 246, 0, 16, 0, 33. 0, 129.

"P", mass storage name: "NAVY2" is the main program.

The "TONE" commands are arbitrary except for those in the following lines:

Lines 141 143: Tone 57 Lines 144 146: Tone 09 Lines 147 149: Tone 57 Line 314 Tone 26

Synthetic texts:

Line 40: 250, 1, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 18, 19, 21, 22 Line 54 : 249, 23, 23, 23, 23, 23, 3, 3, 2, 2, 21.

"C", mass storage name: "CNAVY" is an ASCII file; that with the exception of line 29, the comments can be varied at will. Please note, however, that they are used as follows:

Lines	Meaning	Max. Length in characters
0008	Comments on player's misses	s 9
09 18	Reaction to own misses	12
18 21	Joy about sunk player's ship	12
22 28	Joy about hits	12

Operations:

1. if the part-programs are not yet stored in the extended memory.

You call "ADMIRAL," "XEQ "READP." This program starts automatically, loads the other parts and then deletes itself.

If the program parts already exist, step 1 is omitted and you start by putting this part into the main memory with "NAVY", "XEQ" "GETP".

3. if "NAVV" is already in the main memory, then the skip the previous steps, and you can immediately start the game by "XEQ "NAVY"". However, before calling "NAVY", at least 171 registers have to be set to your disposal.

4. Now the computer gives some hints, asking the player to build his ships, specify the size of the playing field and the number of ships to recall.

The size of the playing field is 10×10 . The squares are two-digit numbers, the first digit being the line number and the second the column number (in each case from 0 to 9).

Player and computer build 9 ships each in their playing field: One of each with 5, 4, 3 and 2 boxes in length and 5 vessels with a length of only one field (submarines). The ships may not lie diagonally.

Contact twith one another and to the edge s of the playing field is allowed. By specifying a position number, the computer and the player alternately query the field. The player answers by specifying the field content (a 0 for an empty field, otherwise the length of the hit ship) and pressing "R/S". The HP-41 responds to a hit with the length of the ship, otherwise with a humoristic comment.

Illegal entries are recognized and criticized. and obviously the computer reacts sourly!

Since the game lasts quite long, you can interrupt it at any time, by turning off the computer. After switching on the HP-41 it gets the program and continues automatically.

"ADMIRAL" 72 Bytes 11 REG SIZE 38 "NAVY" 43 Bytes 7 REG SI.ZE 38 "N" 133 Bytes 19 REG SIZE 38 "P" 798 Bytes 114 REG SIZE 38 "O". 175 Bytes 25 REG SIZE 38

Ed's note: the version below in included in the CL Module, and therefore doesn't need to use the Mass Storage approach – a much simpler program flow, just start with XEQ "NAVY".

<u>01*LBL "K"</u>	36 STO 12	70 19	13 TONE 0
02 RCL 13	37 GTO "W"	71 STO 15	14 TONE 9
03 RCL 10	<u>38*LBL "NAVY"</u>	72 STO 16	15 LASTX
04 *	39 38	73 4	16 STO b
05 ST+ IND 01	40 PSIZE	74 STO 04	17*LBL Z
06 DSE 08	41 XROM "CNAV"	75 E2	18 17.02701
07 GTO "W"	42 "FELD=10*10"	76 XROM "#"	19 REGSWAP
08 E	43 AVIEW	77 STO 12	20 RTN
09 ST- 13	44 PSE	78 3	21*LBL 98
10 RCL 13	45 CLRG	79 STO 03	22 DSE 13
11 STO 08	46	80 RCL 12	23 GTO IND 08
12 X#Y?	"JE1*5,4,3,2+5*1"	81 2	24*LBL 00
13 GTO 05	47 AVIEW	82 STO 02	25 CLX
14 5	48 5	83 MOD	26 X<>F
15 STO 08	49 STO 13	84 15	27 9
16 STO 05	50 STO 08	85 *	28 STO 08
17 GTO 05	51 "V"	86 STO 08	29 E1
<u>18*LBL "P"</u>	52 ASTO 05	87 CLA	30 STO 13
19 RCL 06	53*LBL 05	88 ASTO 09	31 3
20 ST- 12	54 E2	89 GTO "NAV2"	32 RCL 16
21 XROM "?"	55 XROM "#"	90 END	33 X<=Y?
22 RCL 13	56 STO 12		34 GTO 01
23 X#Y?	57 CF 07	01*I BL "NIA\/2"	35 2
24 GTO 05	58 XROM "?"		36 13
25 RCL 10	59 X#0?	02 CNAV	37 XROM "#"
26 *	60 GTO 05		38 X<=Y?
27 ST- IND 01	61 RCL 13		39 GTO IND X
28 E	62 RCL 10		40 " <mark>u</mark> "
29 ST+ 08	63 *	06*LBL 00	41 AROT
30 FS? 07	64 ST+ IND 01	07 GETREC	42 ATOX
31 GTO "P"	65 DSE 08	08 AVIEW	43 STO 07
32 SF 07	66 GTO IND 05	09 GTO 17	44 RCL 12
33 - E	67 "**!* "	10*LBL X	45 -2
34 ST* 06	68 RCL [11 "`???"	46 MOD
35 RCL 11	69 STO d	12 AVIEW	47 SIGN

Retro Games for the H	IP-41 User Ir	structions	DataFile and Others		
48 ST* 07	101 STO b	154 RCL 10	207 RCL 10		
49 GTO 09	102 CLA	155 *	208 *		
50*LBL 00	103 ARCL X	156 ST- IND 01	209 ST+ IND 01		
513	104 AVIEW	157 DSE 15	210 9		
52 STO 08	105 >": "	158 GTO 17	211 RCL 00		
53*LBL 03	106 X<0?	159 "GRATULIERE"	212 X=Y?		
54 ""	107 GTO X	160 AVIEW	213 GTO 03		
55 RCL 13	108 99	161 TONE 0	214 DSE 16		
56 AROT	109 X<>Y	162 TONE 7	215 GTO 04		
57 ATOX	110 X>Y?	163 BEEP	216 "DAS WAR'S"		
58 12	111 GTO X	164 TONE 0	217 AVIEW		
59 -	112 X<> 12	165 TONE 7	218 BEEP		
60 GTO 08	113 STO \	166 BEEP	219 XEO Z		
61*LBL 04	114 XROM "?"	167 TONE A	220 E-3		
62 E1	115.	168 TONE 3	221 -		
63 X<> 07	116 X<> \	169 BEEP	222 STO 06		
64 ST/ 07	117 STO 12	170 TONE 1	223 "MEINE		
65 GTO 09	118 GTO IND 00	171 TONE 0	RESTE:"		
66*LBL 01	119*LBL 00	172 TONE 9	224 AVIEW		
67 15	120 E	173*LBLY	225 CLA		
68 STO 13	121 ST+ 15	174 CLRG	226*LBL 12		
69 37	122 9	175 CI ST	227 RCL 06		
70 GTO 08	123 XROM "#"	176 "N"	228 17		
70 GTO 08 123 XROM #" 71*LBL 02 124 SEEKPT		177 TONE 7	229 -		
72 4	125 ABCI BEC	178 PCI PS	230 INT		
73 STO 08	126 TONE 7	179*I BI 17	231 F1		
74 20	127 GTO 00	180 XFO 7	231 21		
75 STO 13	128*I BL 01	181*I BL 18	232 233 STO 12		
74 20 127 GTO 00 75 STO 13 128*LBL 01 76 RCL 06 129 >"U-BOOT"		182 CF 10	234 9		
77*I BL 08	130 TONE 0	183 XROM "N"	235 +		
78 STO 07	131 GTO 00	184 RCL b	236 F3		
79*IBL 09	132*I BL 02	185 STO I	237 /		
80 RCI 12	133*I BL 03	186 ARCI 12	238 ST+ 12		
81 RCL 07	134*I BL 04	187 "` ?"	239*I BI 13		
82 -	135*LBL 05	188 SF 11	240 RCL IND 06		
83 F2	136 ABCL 00	189 TONE IND 00	241 X=0?		
84 MOD	137 TONE 1	190 PROMPT	241 A=0. 242 GTO 02		
85 STO 12	138 DSF IND 00	191 CLA	243 XROM "?"		
86 XROM "?"	139 GTO 00	192 FC?C 22	243 XHOW 9		
87 X#0?	140 >" SINKT"	193 STO b	245 XEO 01		
88 GTO 98	141 TONE 7	194 ARCI 12	246 ISG 12		
89*I BL 16	142 TONE 7	195 >"="	247 GTO 13		
90 XEO 7	143 TONE 7	196 ARCI X	247 GTO 13		
91*I BI 15	144 TONE 9	197 AVIEW	249 ISG 06		
92 SE 10	145 TONE 9	198 X<0?	250 GTO 12		
93 SF 11	146 TONE 9	199 GTO X	250 GTO 12 251 GTO Y		
94 RCI h	147 TONE 7	200 5	251 GTO T		
95 STO I	148 TONE 7	200 J 201 X<>Y	252 EDE 01		
96 "FRAG MICH"	149 TONE 7	201 X>V?	255 NCL 10		
97 TONE 5		202 AFT: 203 GTO X	255 ST- IND 01		
98 TONE 5	151 Δ\/IF\M/	203 010 7	255 ST- 110 OT		
	152 \" "	204 7-0:	250 NCL 12 257 INIT		
100 EC2C 22	152 PCI 00	203 5	257 INT 258 F1		
10010:022	100 NCL 00	200 310 00	230 E1		

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Retro Games for the HP-4	1 1	Jser Instructions	DataFile and Others
259 X>Y?	312 DU	364 KCL 00	11 IN I
260 ° 0°	MOGELSI	365 510 13	12-2
	313 AVIEW	366 E	
262 :	314 TUNE 6	367 -	14 SIGN
263 SF 29	315 GIU Y	368 510 08	15 SI* 06
264 ARCL 00	316*LBL 01	369 5	<u>16*LBL "W"</u>
265 AVIEW	317 FC?C 07	370 510 07	17 RCL 06
266 TONE IND 00	318 GTU 02	371 GIU "V"	18 51+ 12
207 CF 29	319 EI	372°LBL 01	19 RCL 12
	320 X<>00	3/30	
269 RTN	321 ABS	374 FS? 03	21 GTO P
270*LBL 03	322 ST/ 06	3/5 /	22 E1
2/1 E1	323 RCL 13	376 22	23 /
272 XROM "#"	324 E	377 XEQ 09	24 LASTX
2/3 9	325 -	378 SF 03	25 X<=Y?
2/4 +	326 \$10 08	379 GTO "W"	26 GTO "P"
275 SEEKPT	327 GTO 03	<u>380*LBL "J"</u>	27 RCL 06
276 GETREC	328*LBL 02	381 FS? 03	28 ABS
277 TONE 0	329 - E	382 GTO 16	29 X=Y?
278 AVIEW	330 ST* 06	383 DSE 08	30 GTO 00
279 FS? 04	331 SF 07	384 GTO "W"	31 RCL Z
280 GTO "M"	332*LBL 03	385 RCL 13	32 INT
281 GTO 98	333 RCL 11	386 E	33 RCL 11
282*LBL 04	334 STO 12	387 -	34 E1
283 E	335 FS? 03	388 STO 08	35 /
284 RCL 00	336 CF 07	389 RCL 11	36 INT
285 X=Y?	337 GTO "W"	390 RCL 06	37 X#Y?
286 GTO 01	338*LBL 04	391 +	38 GTO "P"
287 FC? 04	339 5	392 STO 12	39*LBL 00
288 GTO 04	340 22	393 GTO 16	40 XROM "?"
289 RCL 13	341 XEQ 09	394*LBL 09	41 X#0?
290 X=Y?	342 GTO 00	395 STO [42 GTO "P"
291 GTO 05	343*LBL 05	396 RDN	43 GTO "K"
292 "NA SO WAS"	344 CF 07	397 XROM "#	44*LBL "#"
293 AVIEW	345 DSE 08	398 RCL [45 TIME
294 TONE 2	346 GTO 01	399 +	46 E6
295 TONE 5	347 3	400 SEEKPT	47 *
296 TONE 0	348 19	401 GETREC	48 X<>Y
297 CLA	349 XEQ 09	402 AVIEW	49 MOD
298 ARCL 09	350 CF 03	403 TONE 9	50 INT
299 RCL 12	351 CF 04	404 END	51 RTN
300 XTOA	352 RCL 11		<u>52*LBL "?"</u>
301 ASTO 09	353 STO 12		53 XROM "N"
302 GTO "M"	354 CLA	01*LBL "V"	54 E1
303*LBL 01	355 ARCL 09	02 RCL 12	55 *
304 4	356 ATOX	03 STO 11	56 RCL IND 01
305 23	357 X=0?	04 2	57 X<>Y
306 XEQ 09	358 GTO 98	05 XROM "#"	58 /
307 FC? 04	359 STO 12	06 10^X	59 FRC
308 GTO 98	360 ASTO 09	07 STO 06	60 E1
309*LBL "M"	361 XROM "?"	08 TIME	61 *
310 DSE 07	362*LBL 00	09 E4	62 INT
311 GTO 01	363 SF 04	10 *	63 STO 00

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Retro Games for the HP-41		User Instructions	DataFile and Others		
64 RTN	68 /	72 FRC	76 10^X		
<u>65*LBL "N"</u>	69 17	73 E1	77 STO 10		
66 RCL 12	70 +	74 *	78 END		
67 E1	71 STO 01	75 INT			

01*LBL "CNAV" 02 "LOADING..."

03 AVIEW 04 "CNAV" 05 SF 25 06 PURFL 07 CF 25 08 37 09 CRFLAS 10 "NICHTS" 11 APPREC 12 "WASSER" **13 APPREC** 14 "SEETANG" **15 APPREC** 16 "HERINGE" **17 APPREC** 18 "PLANKTON" **19 APPREC** 20 "PLATSCH" 21 APPREC 22 "DENKSTE" 23 APPREC

24 "VON WEGEN"

25 APPREC 26 "TREIBHOLZ" **27 APPREC** 28 "L.M.A.A." 29 APPREC 30 "SCHWUND" **31 APPREC** 32 "A****LOCH" **33 APPREC** 34 "MIST" **35 APPREC** 36 "GANOVE" **37 APPREC** 38 "HALUNKE" **39 APPREC** 40 "NA GUT" 41 APPREC 42 "FRUST" 43 APPREC 44 "SCH****" 45 APPREC 46 "#-!"#\$%&'(" 47 APPREC 48 "TSCHUESS"

49 APPREC 50 "WRACK AHOI" **51 APPREC** 52 "HA-HA" **53 APPREC** 54 "TOLL" **55 APPREC** 56 "DANKE" 57 APPREC 58 "PRIMA" 59 APPREC 60 "KLASSE, BABY" 61 APPREC 62 "WEITER SO" **63 APPREC** 64 "AHA" 65 APPREC 66 "WAR MIR KLAR" 67 APPREC 68 "ICH BEGINNE: " **69 APPREC** 70 "DONE" 71 AVIEW 72 END

Sub Hunt HP Co. – Games Pac



You are the commander of a destroyer with orders to search out and destroy an enemy submarine. The submarine is trapped somewhere in a bay having dimensions of 10 by 10 leagues. Your destroyer is equipped with sonar having a range of 2.5 leagues. Since your destroyer has been recently restocked, you have a seemingly unlimited supply of depth charges. To find the submarine, input the position (row and column) of your destroyer. Then send out a sonar signal (a beep) by pressing [R/S] or [E] . If the signal is reflected back (indicated by a second beep), the submarine is within 2.5 leagues of your destroyer. The tone of the beep is related to the distance to the submarine.

The higher the tone, the closer the submarine is. If the reflected tone is the same as the initial signal. the submarine is within 0.25 leagues of the destroyer. When you think that you have located the submarine, attempt to move your destroyer directly over it for an attack by inputting the new coordinates. Then drop a depth charge by pressing 0. The closer you are to the submarine, the greater your chances for a hit. If you are more than 1.5 leagues from the submarine, there is no chance for a hit. A successful attack is indicated by "BOOM" appearing in the display. Otherwise, "MISSED" will bedisplayed and the submarine will have moved. Its new location will be withina radius of one league from its last position.

When you have begun the game, you will be prompted with "HARD? Y/N". If you select "Y" (yes) the game is more Challenging because the submarine is allowed to move after each sonar scan as well as after each depth charge miss. (All of these movements are restricted to within a radius of 1 league). Playing the easier game, try to destroy the submarine using no more than ten sonar readings and one depth charge. Anytime the prompt "ORDERS" appears in the display you can check your present score by pressing [C] . The display will show the number of depth charges (CANS) dropped. followed by the number of sonar readings (SCANS) taken.

Let's play an "easy" game:

Keystrokes (SIZE ≥ 009)	Display
XEQ ALPHA SUBHUNT ALPHA 45.6 R/S N R/S	SEED ? HARD? Y/N ORDERS
First move:	
5 ENTER+ R/S	ORDERS
Ángel M. Martin	Page 192

There was no echo, thus the shaded locations (left figure below) can be eliminated:





Second move:

Look for the sub in the upper left hand corner.

2	ENTER	8	R/S	ĥ
-				0

ORDERS

We hear a low tone echo. Since it was a low tone the area very close to the destroyer can be eliminated. Also eliminated is the area outside a 2.5 league radius from 2,8 (figure on the right above).

Third move: continue the search.

0 ENTER+ 10 R/S

ORDERS

We hear a low tone echo. The area close to 0,10 can be eliminated because it was a low tone. Also eliminated is the area outside of a 2.5 radius from 0, 10 (below left figure):





Try location 3, 10 to eliminate more area.

3 ENTER+ 10 R/S

ORDERS

We hear no echo. Since the area has been narrowed down quite a bit, a depth charge is now dropped in the certer of that area (above right figure):

												.8	E	NTE	R+	8	.28	5	D		вос	M
10	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	1.CA	N
1	-		-			-	-			9		-									9 4.SC	ANS
3	1		-			t			1	8		-									8 HAR	D? Y
1	1		1			1				7											7	
3										6											6	
5										5											5	
•										4											4	
3										3			1								3	
2										2											2	
1										1											1	
)										0											0	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
)										9			<u>.</u>				-				9	
3					1					8											8	
7							-			7	3										7	
3										6											6	
5							1		N	5		1									5	
4				1			35	1		4	1										4	
3										3											3	
2					1					2					ñ				1		2	
1		190	1							1						Ĩ				11	1	
0										0	-										0	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		
)							1			9	1		i i							- ite	9	
3										8			1								8	
7			1							7								-			7	
5										6			1							1	6	
5										5			1								5	
1										4					1						4	
3							1			3							1	1			3	
2								1		2										1	2	
1										1								1			1	
)										0											0	
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		

User Instructions

DataFile and Others

Huntand You might wish to use copies of this page for your games.

Program listing:

01*LBL "SUBHUNT" 02 9 03 XROM "INIT" 04 SF 27 05 XROM "SEED" 06 STO 00 07 FC? 55 08 CF 21 09*LBL 23 10 CF 00

11 XEQ 18 12 STO 01 13 XEQ 18 14 STO 02 15 "N" 16 ASTO Y 17 "HARD? Y/N" 18 AON **19 PROMPT** 20 AOFF

21 ASTO X 22 X=Y? 23 GTO 20 24 SF 00 25*LBL 20 26 RCL 05 27 RCL 03 28 "ORDERS" 29 FIX 2 **30 PROMPT**

Retro Games for the HP-41	tro Games for the HP-41 User Instructions	
21 GTO F	82 STO 08	122 ΔСТУ
22*I RI 18	82 STO 08	133 LASTA 124 MOD
22 YDUN "DNDU"	85 GTO 25 84*I BL 01	125 180
34 10	85 XEO 2	136 XROM "RNDO"
25 *	85 XEQ 24	137 *
35 36 RTN	80 XLQ 24 87 TONE 0	138 +
27*I PI F	87 TONE 0 88 "MISSED"	
20 1	88 WIISSED 80 AV/IEW/	
20 ST+ 08		
	91 GTO 20	142 ST+ 02
	92*1810	143 BDN
	93 XEO 25	143 KDN 144 ST+ 01
42 10102 5	94 GTO 20	144 511 01
43 T 3: 00 44 XEO a	95*181 25	145 I 146 XEO b
45 CE 05	96 FIX 0	147 2
46 BCL 04	97 SE 03	148 XEO b
47.2.5	98 BCL 07	149 BTN
48 X>V?	99 XEO 21	150*I BL b
49 GTO 01	100 RCL 08	150 100 5
50 GTO 20	101 XEO 21	152 BCL IND Y
51 *I BL 01	101 ALQ 21	153 X <v?< td=""></v?<>
57 /	103*I BL 21	154 GTO 01
53 10	104 CLA	155 20
54 *		155 -
55 INT	106 "."	157*I BL 01
56 9	100 107 FC?C 03	158 ABS
57 X<>Y	108 "`\$"	159 STO IND 7
58 -	109 "`CAN"	160 BTN
59 TONE IND X	110 1	161*I BL 02
60 CLX	111 X#Y?	162 XROM "RND0"
61 GTO 20	112 "`\$"	163 GTO 03
62*LBL A	113 AVIFW	164*LBL c
63 1	114 PSF	165 X<>Y
64 ST+ 07	115 RTN	166 STO 05
65 RDN	116*LBL a	167 RCL 01
66 XEO c	117 RCL 01	168 -
67.25	118 RCL 05	169 X<>Y
68 -	119 -	170 STO 03
69.8	120 RCL 02	171 RCL 02
70 *	121 RCL 03	172 -
71 XROM "RND0"	122 -	173 R-P
72 X<=Y?	 123 R-P	174 STO 04
73 GTO 01	124 2.5	175 RTN
74 XEQ 24	125 X<=Y?	176*LBL 24
75 "BOOM"	126 GTO 02	177 CLA
76 XROM "BOOM"	127 RDN	178 * *
77 AVIFW	128 X<>Y	179 "` "
78 PSF	129 90	180 AV/IFW/
79 XEO 25	130 -	181 FND
80 CLX	131 360	
81 STO 07	132 +	

Sub Hunt, v1.

Charles Campbell - PPC V7N4 p15; (May 1980)

This is modification of the Sub Hunt-Five Sub which appears in "65 NOTES, V4, N6, page 34". The Sub Hunt-Five Sub program was a modification of an HP-65 Sub Hunt program written by Jacob R. Jacobs, (PPC 99), and to him should go the credit. Without his fine contribution, this program would not have been done.

The game is played on a nine by nine grid, with rows and columns numbered one through nine. A 9x9 grid could be drawn on paper and placed in a 81/2 x 11 inch acetate paper holder made for a 3 ring binder to keep clues there and with a grease pencil, which can be erased with a rag. Any number of subs to be found and sunk (from one through twelve may be selected). When sunk the program removes them from the grid, so that it will not mask your radar when firing at adjoining squares. Two players may play by choosing an odd number of subs to find and sink. When a player sinks a sub(s), he receives an extra shot for each sub sunk. There can be mare than one sub in a square. The player who sinks the majority of the subs, WINS. A single player will find it, choosing to sink the subs in the least number of shots. (The player will have his own record of the minimum number of shots to sink x number of subs). See "user instructions" for more details.

USER INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Load Program and select "User" mode
- 2. Select number of subs to be sunk from 1 through 12: "Shift A" (Default is 5 subs).
- 3. (Optional) Input SEED: any number O<S<1 and hide subs:"Shift E"
- 3. OR start by hiding subs: "Shift E" (no input)

4. Input a trial coordinate as "RC", where R = row number and C = column number, then FIRE: "A". If 0 appears: no sub(s) in the square nor in the adjoining squares, including the diagonal squares. If 1 appears: a sub(s) not already sunk is in an adjoining square(s), including the diagonal squares. If 2 or 4 or 6 or 8 etc., appears: direct hit on 1 or 2 or 3 or 4 etc., subs within the square fired upon and the sub(s) are sunk.

5. (Optional) To see number of shots fired: "C"

6. (Optional) To see last RC fired upon: "D"

7. (Optional) To see the number of subs sunk and the remaining subs to sink: "B" and see SS.RR where SS is the number sunk and RR remains to be sunk. If a" of the subs are sunk, the R.C location of each of the subs will be displayed during a pause, then the program stops with the number of shots fired, displayed.

8. Repeat step 4 until all subs are found and sunk.

9. To start a new game, go to step 2 or 3.

NOTE: "OOPS?" will be displayed if R/S is pushed after steps 2,3,4, 5,6 or 7. Continue on by pushing a legal key, for there has been no damage done to the game.



01*LBL "SH"	24 STO 14	47 X<>Y	
02*LBL 13	25*LBL 17	48 PSE	
03*LBL D	26 XEQ 11	49 PSE	
04 RCL 14	27 FIX 0	50 DSE 00	
05 CF 22	28 RTN	51 GTO 09	
06 E1	29 GTO 14	52*LBL C	
07 *	30*LBL B	53 RCL 17	
08 FIX 0	31 XEQ 11	54 FIX 0	
09 RTN	32 RCL 15	55 CF 22	
10 GTO 14	33 X#Y?	56 RTN	
11*LBL e	34 GTO 18	57 GTO 14	
12 FS?C 22	35 SCI 1	58*LBL 00	
13 GTO 08	36 XEQ 00	59 XEQ 11	
14*LBL 03	37 -1	60 E-5	
15 XEQ 00	38 ENTER^	61 +	
16*LBL 01	39*LBL 09	62 STO 00	
17 XEQ 02	40 RDN	63 RTN	
18 STO IND 00	41 RCL IND 00	64*LBL 02	
19 DSE 00	42 X<>Y	65 RCL 16	
20 GTO 01	43 E1	66 PI	
21,	44 *	67 +	
22 STO 17	45 *	68 X^2	
23 STO 15	46 LASTX	69 FRC	

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
70 STO 16	112 E	154 X<>Y
71 89	113 ST+ 17	155 RTN
72 *	114 RDN	156*LBL 08
73 INT	115 CF 22	157 E
74 ,1	116 FIX 0	158 X>Y?
75 *	117 RTN	159 GTO 16
76 1.1	118 GTO 14	160 RDN
77 +	119*LBL 05	161 RTN
78 INT	120 RCL IND 00	162 GTO 14
79 LASTX	121 RCL 14	163*LBL 16
80 X=Y?	122 X=Y?	164 RDN
81 GTO 02	123 GTO 06	165 STO 16
82 RTN	124 -	166 GTO 03
83*LBL 11	125 ABS	167*LBL a
84 5	126 .1	168 FIX 0
85 FS? 00	127 X<>Y	169 RND
86 RCL 13	128 X=Y?	170 X=0?
87 RTN	129 GTO 07	171 GTO 14
88*LBL A	130 E	172 12
89 FIX 0	131 -	173 X<>Y
90 STO 00	132 ABS	174 X>Y?
91 E1	133 X<=Y?	175 GTO 14
92 /	134 GTO 07	176 STO 13
93 STO 14	135 RDN	177 SF 00
94 FRC	136 RDN	178 CF 22
95 X=0?	137 RTN	179 RTN
96 GTO 13	138*LBL 06	180 GTO 14
97 RCL 00	139 -1	181*LBL 18
98 11	140 ST* IND 00	182 FIX 2
99 X>Y?	141 ABS	183 -
100 GTO 13	142 R^	184 LASTX
101 CLX	143 2	185 X<>Y
102 99	144 X<=Y?	186 E2
103 -	145 +	187 /
104 X>0?	146 E	188 +
105 GTO 13	147 ST+ 15	189 RTN
106 XEQ 00	148 RDN	190*LBL 14
107 CLX	149 RTN	191 "OOPS?"
108*LBL 04	150*LBL 07	192 ASTO X
109 XEQ 05	151 E	193 END
110 DSE 00	152 R^	
111 GTO 04	153 X<=Y?	

SubHunt, v2.

James R. Merrill - PPCCJ V8N2 p17; (Mar/Apr 1981)

SUBHUNT, a new simulation game for your HP-41C with 896 bytes of available memory, exactly 8 sides for those with the 82104A card reader. Fast being adapted by the Navy for its submarine warfare school programs, you, as the captain of the fleet boat SS-410, are sent by COMSUBPAC to intercept an enemy convoy of up to 7 ships with 35 torpedoes on board and the latest model of the Hewlett Packard 4100 Series TDC (Target Data Computer). The HP 4100 TDC incorporates sonar, ship-wide repair, evasive, and forward advance capabilities as well as actual fire control over your torpedoes.

As a result you are the only crew member on the SS-410 since the 4100 TDC is so complete. But you remain in absolute control over the eventual task that the 4100 TDC performs. There is, as you might have suspected, a catch. First, you are constrained to chasing and sinking one enemy convoy ship at a time. Secondly, there are always enemy destroyers escorting the convoy and your 4100 TDC unfortunately cannot handle these "tincans". Speaking of cans, these destroyers are loaded down with depth charges and can't wait to try them out on the arrogant Yankee submarine lurking beneath the surface and menacing the convoy. So you must inevitably contend with these dangerous depth bombs as well. As the game is described below, it is strongly suggested that the prospective captain read the descriptions before playing the game the first time to avoid frustration that usually accompanies such game simulations.

INITIALIZATION. A minimum of 21 data registers is necessary for the simulation to execute properly. Key "XEQ 'SUB" and the HP-41C with a "SEED?" prompt asks for a seed. This is the only point, not including the end of the simulation, that the program actually halts and during the game, the necessary inputs are given within the PAUSE data entry feature as needed. The same title is shown (*SUBHUNT*) and a status report (described under command # 5 below) and is followed by a "CMD?" (COMMAND?) message and the command should be selected from the list below and entered during the Pause that occurs (uses the data entry flag 22). Any illegal commands are screened out and control returns to the CMD? prompt. Again, do not stop the program.

<u>cmp_</u> #	Function
1	ADVANCE
2	FIRE
3	EVADE
4	REPAIR
5	STATUS

A comprehensive description of each follows.

Command # 1. ADVANCE.

This command advances your boat a random distance, reduced by exploding depth charges and the total damage to the boat. A minimum distance of 1200 yards is incorporated in the 4100 TDC, and if you go closer (or try) a message appears and control returns to the CMD? prompt. Sorry, but no provision exists for retreating as this would be cheating yourself of valuable combat experience.

Command # 2. FIRE.

This command fires torpedoes. It is inoperative when the total damage to the boat is greater than 80 (of a possible 100) units. If so, the total damage is shown and control returns to the CMD? . If the boat is okay, depth and speed prompts occur during which you enter your desired settings during the pause that occurs (without stopping the game) and the settings from the previous firings will remain (unless they are outside the limit imposed by the 4100 TDC of a minimum 7 foot draft and a 45 maximum knots speed setting). Angle on the bow, ship course, bearing and speed are computed instantly by the 4100 TDC, making things easy.

Next the 4100 TDC asks you for the number to be fired on this shot, and you should enter a digit from 1 to 4 on the "FIRE?" prompt during the pause, again not stopping the game. The maximum is four and the default value is four, and the number fired on the last shot is not retained by the 4100 TDC. Please don't enter zero. In any event, the number fired on this shot will be confirmed. At this point you might be depth charged but the torpedoes on their way are unaffected. Then, if your depth setting is too deep or your speed is too slow, a relevant message appears, all the torpedoes on this shot miss, you might be depth charged, and control returns to the CMD? prompt. On the other hand, if the torpedoes have a chance of readily reaching the target ship, anything might happen. You could be bombed again (?I?). You might have a dud (damn the Bureau of Ordnance) or you might find that the enemy ship has evaded your torpedo. Finally, a hit may occur, which reduces the enemy's evasive ability. If not sunk on this shot, control returns to "CMD?" If sunk, any torpedoes remaining on this shot are lost and a message "*SHIP SUNK*" appears, followed by the tonnage of that ship, and the 4100 TDC moves relentlessly on for a new setup on the next enemy ship with a STATUS report (command #5). If you run out of torpedoes, an end of game display occurs with a comforting "NICE TRY" from COMSUBPAC, neither losing or winning the game. If you sink all the ships, the related total tonnage appears and a YOU WIN appears in the display of the 4100 TDC. End of patrol.

Command #3: EVADE.

The evade command allows the 4100 TDC to evade one depth charge and is active only when that depth charge is dropped. So it is suggested that this command be used once prior to an advance or fire situation when the total damage seems to be getting untenable.

Command #4. REPAIR.

Here, the 4100 TDC will implement repairs throughout the boat on a random basis, detracting, not below zero, from the cumulative damage inflected by the depth charges. An advantage is that the 4100 TDC is ultra-quiet here and consequently, the 4100 and the SS-410 can't be bombed during this command.

Command #5. STATUS.

Again, a non-bombable (?) command, it shows the number of torpedoes left, the ships remaining to be sunk, and the current total damage from enemy depthcharges, and finally the current range in yards to the enemy ship the 4100 TDC is currently locked onto. Control returns to the CMD? prompt.

Depth Charge. Not in user input command, they can be dropped on you within the advance or firing commands by the Ubiquitous, elusive enemy destroyers, Noted by the "DEPTH CHARGE" message, a random amount of damage is inflicted (reduced when evasive action is taken) and it also slows the advance to the enemy ship but does not interfere with outgoing torpedoes. It is denoted by the DMG=dd message (dd=current damage). If the total damge is greater than 80, your fire control mechanisms do not work. It the total is over 100 units, your boat is sunk and you receive a posthumous Congressional Medal of Honor for "valor& guts" by executive order. A "YOU LOSE" appears and the end of game routine described under #2 above is shown.

General Notes.

- Thanks to John Rausch (88) for his Star Trek which provided some hints. (V7N2 p40-45)
- This program does not need the PPC ROM, Black Boxes, byte jumpers, etc., just a "regular 'olde" HP-41C with 896 bytes of RAM (8 card sides) Not optimized for the printer, card reader, or wand.
- Requires registers 00-20 (SIZE 021), Flags 01-09, and numeric labels 00-27.

James R. Merrill (1625)

10:09AM 05/23	18 STO 10	36 STO 18	54 X<=0?
01*LBL "SUBHT"	<u>19*LBL 15</u>	37 RCL 10	55 GTO 17
02 CLRG	20 E4	38 STO 09	56 5
03 FIX 0	21 XEQ 20	39 RCL IND 09	57 X<>Y
04 CF 29	22 2 E3	40 STO 11	58 X>Y?
05 "SEED?"	23 +	41 23	59 GTO 17
06 PROMPT	24 STO IND 09	42 /	60 22
07 ABS	25 DSE 09	43 SQRT	61 +
08 SQRT	26 GTO 15	44 INT	62 GTO IND X
09 STO 00	27 35	45 STO 12	<u>63*LBL 23</u>
10 "*SUBHUNT*"	28 STO 08	46 XEQ 27	64 FS? 06
11 AVIEW	29*LBL 16	47*LBL 17	65 GTO 02
12 XEQ 09	30 E2	48 CF 22	66 XROM "RND0"
13 6	31 XEQ 20	49 "CMD?"	67.2
14 XEQ 20	32 39	50 AVIEW	68 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
15 2	33 *	51 PSE	69 XEQ 19
16 +	34 2 E3	52 FC? 22	70 25 E2
17 STO 09	35 +	53 GTO 17	71 FS?C 07

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instru	uctions	DataFile and Others
70 16 50	12E STO 12	170 V>V2	
72 10 22		170 X=0 10	
73 AEQ 20		179 XEQ 19 190*I DI 19	232 P3E
74 4 E2			233 010 04
75 + 76 PCL 20		181 AROIVI KINDU	234 LDL 07
76 RCL 20		182.7	
77 %	130 PSE	183 X<1 1	
78 -	131 KUL 14	184 XEQ 19	
79 RND		185 SF IND 15	238 PSE
80 510 19		186 NU.	239 XEQ 19
81 51-18	134 PSE	187 ARCL 15	240 GTO 17
82 RCL 18	135 45 136 Y = Y	188 AVIEW	241*LBL 08
83 12 E2	136 X<>Y	189 PSE	242 "*SHIP
84 X>Y?	137 X>Y?	190 XROM "RND0"	SUNK*"
85 XEQ 01	138 X<>Y	191.9	243 AVIEW
86 RCL 19	139 \$10 14	192 X <y?< td=""><td>244 XEQ 09</td></y?<>	244 XEQ 09
8/X=0?	140 "SPEED="	193 GTO 05	245 RCL 11
88 GTO 02	141 ARCL X	194 CLX	246 ISG 16
89 "ADV="	142 "`KTS"	195 9	247 STO X
90 ARCL 19	143 AVIEW	196 RCL 18	248 ST+ 17
91 >" YDS"	144 PSE	197 D-R	249 "TONS="
92 AVIEW	145 4	198 /	250 ARCL X
93 PSE	146 "FIRE?"	199 FC? 09	251 AVIEW
<u>94*LBL 00</u>	147 AVIEW	200 GTO 03	252 PSE
95 "RNG="	148 PSE	201 3	253 DSE 10
96 ARCL 18	149 4	202 /	254 GTO 16
97 >" YDS"	150 X<>Y	203*LBL 03	255 "WIN"
98 AVIEW	151 X>Y?	204 X>Y?	256 ASTO L
99 PSE	152 X<>Y	205 GTO 06	257 GTO 14
100 GTO 17	153 "FIRED "	206 "` *HIT*"	258*LBL 09
101*LBL 01	154 ARCL X	207 AVIEW	259 9
102 STO 18	155 AVIEW	208 PSE	260*LBL 10
103 -	156 STO 15	209 SF 09	261 CF IND X
104 ST+ 19	157 ST- 08	210 9	262 DSE X
105 RTN	158 XROM "RND0"	211 ST/ IND 09	263 GTO 10
106*LBL 02	159 .4	212 E	264 RTN
107 "TOO CLOSE"	160 X>Y?	213 RCL IND 09	265*LBL 19
108 AVIEW	161 XEQ 19	214 X <y?< td=""><td>266 SF 07</td></y?<>	266 SF 07
109 PSE	162 RCL 18	215 GTO 08	267 XROM "RND0"
110 SF 06	163 RCL 14	216*LBL 04	268.3
111 GTO 00	164 /	217 CF IND 15	269 FS? 05
112*LBL 24	165 "FAR"	218 DSE 15	270 SORT
113 RCL 20	166 ASTO L	219 GTO 18	271 X>Y?
114 80	167 80	220 RCL 08	272 RTN
115 X<=Y?	168 X <y?< td=""><td>221 X<=0?</td><td>273 17</td></y?<>	221 X<=0?	273 17
116 GTO 12	169 GTO 07	222 GTO 13	274 XEO 20
117 RCL 13	170 RCL 12	223 GTO 17	275 3
118 "DEPTH?"	171 RCL 13	224*LBL 05	276 FS?C 05
119 AVIFW	172 "DFFP"	225 "` *DUD*"	277 CHS
120 PSF	173 ASTO I	226 AVIEW	278 +
121 7	174 X>Y?	227 PSF	279 X<=0?
122 X<>Y	175 GTO 07	228 GTO 04	280 RTN
173 XZV?		220 010 0 1 220*1 BL 06	
123 ANT: 124 XesV	177 3		CHARGE"
774 VVC I			CHANGE

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282 AVIEW	307 2	332*LBL 27	357 AVIEW
283 PSE	308 +	333 "STATUS"	358 PSE
284 ST+ 20	309 ST- 20	334 AVIEW	359 SF 08
285 "DMG="	310 RCL 20	335 PSE	360*LBL 14
286 ARCL X	311 X>0?	336 "TORPS="	361 "END OF
287 AVIEW	312 GTO 11	337 ARCL 08	GAME"
288 PSE	313 +	338 AVIEW	362 AVIEW
289 E2	314 0	339 PSE	363 PSE
290 RCL 20	315 STO 20	340 "SHIPS="	364 "ΣSHIPS="
291 SF 08	316*LBL 11	341 ARCL 10	365 ARCL 16
292 XEQ 12	317 "`="	342 AVIEW	366 AVIEW
293 X<=Y?	318 ARCL Y	343 PSE	367 PSE
294 RTN	319 AVIEW	344*LBL 12	368 "ΣTONS="
295 "SUNK"	320 PSE	345 "ΣDMG="	369 ARCL 17
296 AVIEW	321 GTO 12	346 ARCL 20	370 AVIEW
297 PSE	322*LBL 20	347 AVIEW	371 PSE
298 "LOSE"	323 SF 08	348 PSE	372 FS?C 08
299 ASTO L	324 XROM "RND0"	349 FC?C 08	373 STOP
300 GTO 14	325 RTN	350 GTO 00	374 "YOU "
301*LBL 26	326*LBL 25	351 RTN	375 ARCL L
302 "REPAIR"	327 "EVADE"	352*LBL 13	376 AVIEW
303 AVIEW	328 AVIEW	353 "NO TORPS"	377 STOP
304 PSE	329 PSE	354 AVIEW	378 END
305 21	330 SF 05	355 PSE	
306 XEQ 20	331 GTO 17	356 "NICE TRY"	

Submarine Hunt, v3.

Brian Steel - DataFile V2N3 p7 ; (Jun/Aug 1983)

Sub-Hunt. Game Description.

This is a simple game of finding and sinking a submarine hidden in 10000 square miles of sea, divided into a 100 x 100 grid. The submarine is destroyed if a shot lands in the square mile in which it is located. If the shot misses the sub by less than 3 miles (i.e. a shot in any adjacent square) then the sub is damaged. The sub can withstand three such near misses before the Captain heads for base to undertake repairs. Subsequently the sub returns to its patrol area but at a different location.

The co-ordinates for the shot are entered in the form XX.VV (i.e. the square 10,90 is entered as 10.9, the square 5,5 is entered as 5.05) and the 41 will tell you how close your shot was. You have sixteen shots to start with. Good luck!

```
Synthetic Program Lines:-
```

Line	SP Line	HEX	Instru	ctions	Alternativ	e to	SF
09	TONE Ø	9F,5A	(RCL IND	31,005)	Ordinary	TONE	0
24	TONE 2	9F,48	(RCL IND	31, 2-)	• •	TONE	2
66	TONE 9	9F,59	(RCL IND	31,SIN)		TONE	9
72	E2	18,12		-	1 20	8	
112	Text		S	ee note b	elow		_
144	TONE Ø		As	line 09	above		-
161	E2		As	line 72	above		-

Lines 09, 24, 66 and 144 Synthetic tones

Enter the following PRGM instructions:-

RCL IND 31, COS, then BST twice and byte-grab (BG). Delete the resulting alpha string and SST to see TONE 0. This is a synthetic tone of lower pitch and longer duration than the standard HP-41 tones. The procedure is similar for the other SP tones.

Lines 72 and 161 - Short exponentials These are entered in a different manner to the SP tones. They are formed as follows:-

Key in EEX followed by 2. Do not key in 1 EEX then 2. BST then ENTER" and BG. Delete the resulting text string and the ENTER[^]. SST to see E2 Line 112 Text string 'YOU'VE SUNK U'

Enter a text string of same length as the string you require, e.g. 'YOUXRE SUNK U', with a 'dummy' character, X in this example, in the position of the apostrophe. Then key in the following instructions:- BST, ENTER^, BG, SST (to the PRGM instruction E^X-1, ~, and RCL 07 BST to ENTER^, and BG again. SST, ~ (x3), and SST to see the synthetic text line "YOU'VE SUNK U"

01*LBL "SUB"	46 2	92 X^2	137 ARCL X
02 ΣREG 04	47 RCL 05	93 +	138 AVIEW
03 CLs	48 X>Y?	94 SQRT	139 PSE
04 49	49 XEQ 10	95 STO 06	140 0
05 STO 08	50*LBL 04	96 4.24	141 STO 07
06*LBL 00	51 FIX 0	97 X>Y?	142 GTO 00
07 "U-BOAT"	52 1	98 GTO 02	143*LBL 01
08 AVIEW	53 ST+ 07	99 GTO 03	144 "YOU LOSE"
09 TONE 0	54 16	100*LBL 06	145 AVIEW
10 CF 29	55 RCL 07	101 E	146 PSE
11*LBL 01	56 X>Y?	102 STO 08	147 TONE 0
12 XEO 09	57 GTO 01	103 SF 00	148 "SUB WAS IN
13 STO 01	58 "GUESS NO "	104 "DIRECT HIT"	SO"
14 XFO 09	59 ARCL 07	105 AVIEW	149 AVIEW
15 STO 02	60 AVIEW	106 TONE 1	150 PSF
16 GTO 04	61 CE 01	107 TONE 1	151 "X"
17*I BL 02	62 CE 02	108 TONE 1	152 ARCI 01
<u>18 SE 05</u>	63 CE 03	109 TONE 2	153 >" V·"
10 J UJ	64 CE 04	110 TONE 1	154 ARCI 02
10 C 20 ST+ 05	65 CE 05	111 TONE 2	155 Δ\/IF\M
	66 "ENTER XX XX"	112 TONE 2	156 DSF
			157 GTO 07
			159*101.00
			150 PNC
		114 ARCL 08	159 KING
24 TUNE 2	70 510 03		
<u>25*LBL 03</u>			101 EZ 102 *
	72 FRC	11/ E	162
27 "YOU MISSED"	73 E2	118 RCL 07	
28 AVIEW	74 *	119 ARCL 07	164 RTN
29 FS?C 05	75 \$10 04	120 >" GO"	<u>165*LBL 10</u>
30 GTO 01	76 RCL 01	121 X>Y?	166 0
31 TONE 2	77 RCL 03	122 >"ES"	167 \$10 05
32 TONE 0	78 X#Y?	123 AVIEW	168 XEQ 09
<u>33*LBL 01</u>	79 GTO 05	124 TONE 3	169 STO 01
34 "_ <mark>B</mark> Y_"	80 RCL 02	125 TONE 3	170 XEQ 09
35 RCL 06	81 RCL 04	<u>126*LBL 07</u>	171 STO 02
36 30	82 X=Y?	127 "_GAME"	172 "SUB BEING"
37 X>Y?	83 XEQ 06	128 ASTO X	173 AVIEW
38 ARCL 06	<u>84*LBL 05</u>	129 FS?C 00	174 PSE
39 RCL 06	85 RCL 02	130 GTO 07	175 "REPAIRED"
40 "`_MILE"	86 RCL 04	<u>131*LBL 08</u>	176 AVIEW
41 1	87 -	132 "ANOTHER"	177 PSE
42 X <y?< td=""><td>88 X^2</td><td>133 ARCL X</td><td>178 END</td></y?<>	88 X^2	133 ARCL X	178 END
43 >" <mark>S</mark> "	89 RCL 01	134 PROMPT	
44 AVIEW	90 RCL 03	<u>135*LBL 07</u>	
45 PSE	91 -	136 "NEW"	

User Instructions

Retro Games for the HP-41

DataFile and Others

Submarine Hunt, v4.

Gary Goodman – UPL #02864C

This program is a further development of the HP's Users' Library program 41-00539-4, "Search and Destroy (w/out Wand)", by Richard Altman. One memory module is required on the basic HP-41C.

You are the captain of a destroyer with orders to seek out and destroy enemy submarines. The destroyer manuevers on a 10×10 grid and searchs for the submarine via sonar. The closer you are to the submarine the higher will be the ptch of the sonar's echo and the greater chace you'll have of sinking it when you drop your depth charge. Howeyer, if you are inept, the submarine might torpedo you. Two levels of play are available.

The game is played on a 10 x 10 grid numbered as shown in the grid below. The submarine is hiding somewhere within the grid's outer boundaries. The captain may manuever his destroyer to the center of each box by inputting the grid number (0-99) when requested with ORDERS. Each time the destroyer moves, it sends out a sonar pulse with a range of $21/_2$ units. If the sub is within range of the sonar an echo will be returned; the closer the sub, the higher pitched will be the echo.

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49
50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59
60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69
70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79
80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89
90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99

0==0-	-1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	·6-7·	-8-9
10==0-	-1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	6-7-	-8-9
20==0-	-1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	6-7	-8-9
30==0-	-1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	6-7-	-8-9
40==0-	-1-2-	-3-6	1-5-	·8−7-	-8-9
50==0-	-1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	6-7-	-8-9
60==0-	-1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	6-7-	-8-9
70==0-	1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	6-7-	-8-9
80==0-	1-2-	-3-4	1-5-	6-7.	-8-9
90==0-	1-2-	-3-4	4-5-	6-7-	-8-9

An auxiliary program, GRID, is included which will print practice grids as shown above.

The highest pitch (Tone 9) indicates that the sub is within 1/2 unit. The captain attacks by moving the destroyer as close over the sub as he can then dropping a depth charge. The probability of a kill decreases with the distance that the sub is from the destroyer, and is zero if the sub is more than 1 unit away (Tone 1, 3, or 5). A kill is indicated by BOOM appearing on the display. Otherwise MISSED will be displayed and the sub will move to a new location within a radius of 1 unit from its previous position.

Warning: As long as the destroyer is close enough to the sub to receive an echo, the sub also hears the sonar blips. The closer the destroyer comes to the sub and the longer it "hangs around", the more annoyed the sub captain becomes with the destroyer's presence until at last he counter attacks if he can do so without endangering his own ship. For the sub captain to be able to use his torpedoes he must be at least 1 unit away but closer than 2 1/2 units. The torpedo's accuracy also decreases with distance. Torpedos are very powerful! If the torpedo misses, the sub again moves as described previously.

The object of the game is to kill each sub with as few scans and depth charges (cans) as possible. At any time the status of the game may be obtained and after each game the best, worst and average scores may be obtained.

The advanced level of play is the same except that the captain has only 1 second to decide each move after he is prompted with ORDERS, and the probability of a kill with the depth charges is reduced. The advanced play is activated by setting Flag 01 before starting the game.

Sample problem:



Solution:

Input	Display	Comment
CF 0`		Choose beginner's level
XEQ "SCAN"	5EE17	Asks for the RNG seed
73, R/S	ORJERS: Ø	Destroyer starts at location 00
55, R/S	ORJERS: SS	your first move
	- SEANNING -	since it was no echo the sub isn't within range
		(figure 1).
22, R/S	ORJERS: 22	your second move
	-SEANNING-	A low pitch echo (TONE 3) indicates that the
	- EONTRET-	sub's range is $1\frac{1}{2}$ – 2 units away. Areas closer
	ORJERS: 22	to or further from the destroyer can be
		eliminated (figure 2).
0. R/S	DRIERS: Ø-	your third move
•)••	- SEANNING -	A middl-pitch echo (TONE 5) indicates that the
	-EDNIBET-	sub is closer, $1-1\%$ units away. Eliminating the
		areas closer and further way leaves only a small
		strin (figure 3)
10 D/C		Sup (light 5). your A^{th} move A high pitch echo (TONE 7)
10, N/S		indicates that the sub is between $\frac{1}{2} = 1$ unit
		away, class shough to use donth charges
ГА]		away, close enough to use depth charges.
[A]	лццп	Diopeu a depui charge
,		

Ángel M. Martin

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Important: If when you drop the depth charge the sub is MISSED, then it moves up 1 unit from its previous position.

Optional: Display STATUS

[C]

X EANS Y SEANS DRIERS:nn

Optional: to display TOTALS

[D]

NO. GAMES = nn WORST GAME = x EANS, y SEANS BEST GAME = X EANS, y SEANS AVERAGE = x.x EANS y,y SEANS

When the advanced level of play is selected, the player has only 1 second to respond after ORDERS is displayed. Otherwise, the previous orders will be re-executed. The player does NOT press [R/S] after giving his orders.

		21	STO 05	42	AVIEW
1	LBL "SCAN"	22	STO 06	43	STO 07
2	LBL 15	23	STO 07	44	ISG 06
3	SF 27	24	STO 10	45	CLX
4	CF 29	25	FIX 0	46	XEQ 02
5	CLX	26	10	47	ST+ X
6	STO 00	27	XEQ 01	48	INT
7	STO 01	28	STO 02	49	ST+ X
8	STO 08	29	10	50	9
9	E9	30	XEQ 01	51	X<>Y
10	STO 09	31	STO 03	52	-
11	DEG	32	LBL 16	53	X<=0?
12	"SEED?"	33	"ORDERS: "	54	GTO 16
13	PROMPT	34	RCL 07	55	"-CONTACT-"
14	SIN	35	ARCL X	56	TONE IND X
15	ABS	36	AVIEW	57	AVIEW
16	STO 04	37	FS? 01	58	ST+ 10
17	LBL E	38	PSE	59	RCL 10
18	SF 08	39	FC? 01	60	XEQ 01
19	CF 21	40	STOP	61	15
20	CLX	41	"-SCANNING-"	62	X>Y?

tro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Other
63 GTO 16	116 TONE5	169 FTO 16
64 3	117 TONE4	170 I BL 01
65 B^	118 ISG 00	171 RCL 04
66 X>Y?	119 (1)	172 9821
67 GTO 16	120 BCL 08	173 *
68 " ALERT"	121 BCL 06	174 2211327
69 AVIEW	122 RCL 05	175 +
70 TONE 8	123 F5	176 FBC
71 TONE 8	124 /	177 STO 04
72 TONE 8	125 +	178 *
73 TONE 8	126 ST+ 01	179 RTN
74 TONE 8	127 X>Y?	180 I BL 02
75 "TORPEDO ATTACK"	128 STO 08	181 RCI 07
76 AVIEW	129 BCL 09	182 F1
77 9	130 X<>Y	183 /
78 XFO 01	131 X<=Y?	184 INT
79 PSF	132 STO 09	185 RCI 03
80 X>Y?	133 XEO 04	186 -
81 GTO 18	134 12	187 BCI 07
82 " * KABLAM *"	135 BCI 06	188 F1
83 AVIEW	136 X>Y?	189 MOD
84 PSF	137 GTO 17	190 RCL 02
85 " GUIB GUIB"	138 "GOOD IOB:	191 -
86 AVIEW	139 AVIEW	192 5
87 TONE 8	140 BEEP	192 ,5 193 ST+ 7
88 TONE 6	1/1 DSF	194 +
	142 IBI 17	195 R-P
90 TONE 2	143 "NFW GAME? <f>"</f>	196 RTN
		197 181 03
92 CE 08	145 TONE 8	198 F1
93 SE 11	146 TONE 5	199 X>Y?
94 PSF	147 CF 08	200 X<>Y
95 OFF	148 STOP	200 X 0 1
96 GTO 15	149 GTO F	202 CLX
97 IBLA	150 LBL 18	202 CLX 203 RTN
98 FC2 08	151 "MISSED"	203 KIN
99 GTO 17	152 AVIEW	204 <u>EDE C</u> 205 EIX 0
100 " * "	153 TONE 0	205 TIK 0
101 >" "	154 TONE 0	200 7.60 04
	155 360	207 13: 00 208 GTO 16
103 ISG 05	156 XEO 01	200 GTO 17
104 CLX	157 FNTFR^	210 I BL 04
105 XEO 02	158 FRC	210 <u>LDL 07</u> 211 SF 07
106 FC? 01	159 P-R	212 BCI 05
107 X^2	160 ST+ 02	212 NOL 05
108 F	161 X<>V	213 ACC 05
109 XEO 01	162 RCL 03	217 ICL 00 215 I RI 05
110 X<=V?	163 +	215 <u>LDL 05</u>
111 GTO 10	164 XEO 03	
		ZIT ANGLA
112 "BOOM"	165 STO 02	218 \" "
112 "BOOOM"	165 STO 03	218 >" " 219 EC2C 07
112 "BOOOM" 113 AVIEW	165 STO 03 166 RCL 02 167 XEO 03	218 >" " 219 FC?C 07 220 >"S"

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User Instructions

222	E	251	/	280	TONE 6
223	X#Y?	252	XEQ 07	281	PSE
224	>"S"	253	GTO 17	282	END
225	AVIEW	254	<u>LBL 06</u>		
226	PSE	255	>"ST GAME="	1	LBL "GRID"
227	PSE	256	AVIEW	2	CF 12
228	RTN	257	INT	3	SF 21
229	LBL D	258	LASTX	4	CF 29
230	FS? 08	259	FRC	5	FIX 0
231	GTO 16	260	<u>LBL 07</u>	6	,0901
232	FIX 0	261	E5	7	<u>LBL 01</u>
233	"NO./GAMES="	262	*	8	<i>u u</i>
234	ARCL 00	263		9	INT
235	XEQ 08	264	ARCL X	10	X=0?
236	"WOR"	265	>"CAN"	11	>" "
237	RCL 08	266	E	12	ARCL X
238	XEQ 06	267	X#Y?	13	LASTX
239	"BE"	268	>"S"	14	>"==0-1-2-3-4-5"
240	RCL 09	269	>" "	15	>"-6-7-8-9"
241	XEQ 06	270	RCL Z	16	PRA
242	"AVERAGE="	271	ARCL X	17	ISG X
243	AVIEW	272	> SCAN"	18	GTO 01
244	FIX 1	273	X#Y?	19	ADV
245	RCL 01	274	>"S"	20	ADV
246	INT	275	>""	21	ADV
247	LASTX	276	PSE	22	ADV
248	FRC	277	LBL 08	23	ADV
249	RCL 00	278	AVIEW	24	END
250	ST/ Z	279	TONE 8		

Submarine Hunt, v5.

Wodunit – MoHP Disks

Another apocryphal version from the Museum of HP Calculators Disks... And of course undocumented again, which is a shame – the listing shows a rich feedback and a pretty elaborate scheme. As always, feel free to replace those global labels with mute ones.

1	LBL "SUBS"	43	AVIEW	85	RND
2	<u>LBL e</u>	44	PSE	86	STO 11
3	RCL 00	45	L <u>BL C</u>	87	LBL 01
4	CLRG	46	"BEARING"	88	RCL 08
5	STO 00	47	RCL 05	89	INT
6	FIX 0	48	RCL 04	90	RCL 11
7	CF 29	49	R-P	91	X=Y?
8	"YOUR NAME?"	50	X<>Y	92	GTO 02
9	AON	51	10	93	X<>Y
10	PROMPT	52	/	94	4
11	ASTO 01	53	RND	95	/
12	AOFF	54	E1	96	INT
13	,4	55	*	97	LASTX
14	STO 02	56	ARCL X	98	X=Y?
15	4	57	AVIEW	99	GTO 03
16	STO 03	58	PSE	100	RCL 08
17	LBL "START"	59	"RANGE="	101	. INT
18	XEQ "RNG"	60	X<>Y	102	12
19	5 E3	61	3	103	-
20	*	62	/	104	X<0?
21	2 E3	63	E2	105	GTO 04
22	+	64	/	106	j >″+″
23	STO 04	65	RND	107	GTO 05
24	XEQ "RNG"	66	E2	108	<u>LBL 02</u>
25	5 E3	67	*	109) >"a"
26	*	68	ARCL X	110	GTO 05
27	2 E3	69	AVIEW	111	<u>LBL 03</u>
28	+	70	RTN	112	3
29	STO 05	71	<u>LBL D</u>	113	-
30	XEQ "RNG"	72	"PEAKING"	114	ABS
31	E1	73	AVIEW	115	ARCL X
32	*	74	CLA	116	GTO 05
33	RCL 06	75	1,023	117	<u>LBL 04</u>
34	-	76	STO 08	118	\$ >"-"
35	STO 06	77	RCL 05	119	LBL 05
36	XEQ "RNG"	78	RCL 04	120	ISG 08
37	E1	79	R-P	121	GTO 01
38	*	80	Х<>Ү	122	AVIEW
39	STO 07	81	,4	123	30
40	LBL G	82	*	124	LBL F
41	"SPEED="	83	12	125	STO 08
42	ARCL 10	84	+	126	6 RCL 10

Retro Games for the HP-41		User Instructions		DataFile and Others		
127	*	180	GTO 06	231	"NICE SHOOTING	
128	ST- 04	181	"THEY OPEN FIRE"		"	
129	RCL 08	182	AVIEW	232	ARCL 01	
130	GTO "TIME"	183	R^	233	AVIEW	
131	<u>LBL "RNG"</u>	184	SF 06	234	PSE	
132	RCL 00	185	XEQ F	235	GTO "START"	
133	9821	186	XRQ "RNG"	236	LBL A	
134	*	187	10	237	STO 08	
135	,2211327	188	*	238	RCL 10	
136	+	189	INT	239	+	
137	FRC	190	STO 11	240	45	
138	STO 00	191	LBL 07	241	X <y?< td=""></y?<>	
139	RTN	192	SF 06	242	GTO G	
140	<u>LBL E</u>	193	30	243	RCL 08	
141	"FIRING 1-4"	194	XEQ F	244	2	
142	AVIEW	195	XEQ "RNG"	245	/	
143	RCL 07	196	"BOOOOM"	246	ABS	
144	RCL 06	197	AVIEW	247	STO 11	
145	P-R	198	RCL 04	248	RCL 10	
146	CHS	199	*	249	+	
147	65	200	2 E3	250	RCL 11	
148	+	201	X<=Y?	251	*	
149	Х<>Ү	202	GTO 08	252	RCL 05	
150	/	203	"POWIE YOURE	253	RCL 04	
151	RCL 05		HIT"	254	P-R	
152	RCL 04	204	>", "	255	RCL Z	
153	P-R	205	ARCL 01	256	-	
154	RDN	206	AVIEW	257	R-P	
155	*	207	PSE	258	STO 04	
156	CHS	208	"DOWN YOU GO"	259	X<>Y	
157	R^	209	0	260	STO 05	
158	_	210	STO 10	261	RCL 08	
159	65	211	AVIEW	262	ST+ 10	
160	RCL 10	212	PSE	263	RCL 11	
161	_	213	DSE 03	264	LBL "TIME"	
162	1	214	GTO "START"	265	ST+ 09	
163	, STO 11	215	GTO "DOWN"	266	RCI 07	
164	.003	216	LBL 08	267	RCL 06	
165	99	210	<u></u> "SPLASH"	267	RCL Z	
166	RCL 06	21,	AVIEW	260	*	
167	/	210	DSF 11	205	P-R	
162	, ΔBS	210	GTO 07	270	X<>Y	
160	IBL06	220	GTOC	271	RCL 05	
170	30	221		272		
171	BCI 7	222	<u>SE 06</u>	273	P_R	
172		223		274 275		
172	*	224 วาย		213	т. Г.	
174	DCI 11	225		270		
174		220		277	KUN '	
175		227		278		
1/6	X<=Y (228		279	к" р.р.	
1//	G10 09	229	PSE	280	к-Р	
1/8	KUN	230	ISG 02	281	510.04	
179	ISG Y			282	Х<>Ү	

Retro Games for the HP-41		Use	User Instructions		DataFile and Others		
283	STO 05	307	R^	331	ABS		
284	FC? 06	308	-	332	GTO "TIME"		
285	GTO C	309	RDN	333	<u>LBL "DOWN"</u>		
286	RTN	310	+	334	"LAST SUB GONE"		
287	<u>LBL B</u>	311	R^	335	AVIEW		
288	FC?C 22	312	R-P	336	PSE		
289	CLX	313	STO 04	337	"SCORE= "		
290	STO 08	314	X<>Y	338	RCL 02		
291	"TOO SLOW"	315	RCL 08	339	INT		
292	RCL 10	316	-	340	ARCL X		
293	10	317	STO 05	341	AVIEW		
294	X>Y?	318	RCL 08	342	PSE		
295	PROMPT	319	ST0 07	343	"TIME= "		
296	*	320	RCL 10	344	RCL 09		
297	3	321	30	345	3600		
298	*	322	*	346	/		
299	3	323	PI	347	HMS		
300	*	324	*	348	FIX 4		
301	P-R	325	RCL 08	349	ARCL X		
302	Х<>Ү	326	*	350	AVIEW		
303	CHS	327	RCL 10	351	SF 29		
304	RCL 05	328	/	352	FIX 3		
305	RCL 04	329	180	353	END		
306	P-B	330	1				

NFL American Football

Whodunit – Swap Disks

This seems to be a very detailed and comprehensive simulation, but unfortunately no documentation is available. A real shame... :-(

1.	<u>LBL "FB3"</u>	38. XEQ 98	77.	SF 17	115.	.3
2.	<u>LBL 81</u>	39. SF 09	78.	<u>LBL 00</u>	116.	ST+ 08
3.	CLRG	40. <u>LBL 17</u>	79.	RCL 08	117.	0
4.	SF 27	41. CF IND 02	80.	15	118.	FS?C 06
5.	TIME	42. FC?C 00	81.	X>Y?	119.	-5
6.	40	43. SF 00	82.	GTO 01	120.	FS?C 10
7.	/	44. <u>LBL 01</u>	83.	RCL 09	121.	-2
8.	FRC	45. XEQ 19	84.	2	122.	FS?C 11
9.	STO 00	46. XEQ 21	85.	X#Y?	123.	6
10.	CF 29	47. XEQ 89	86.	GTO 00	124.	STO 01
11.	CF 16	48. <u>LBL 16</u>	87.	CF 00	125.	XEQ 97
12.	CF 17	49. SF IND 02	88.	"GAME	126.	97
13.	FIX 00	50. 5		OVER"	127.	X<=Y?
14.	CF 06	51. RCL 02	89.	XEQ 98	128.	GTO 40
15.	CF 07	52. X <y?< td=""><td>90.</td><td>STOP</td><td>129.</td><td>RDN</td></y?<>	90.	STOP	129.	RDN
16.	CF 10	53. GTO 27	91.	GTO 81	130.	7
17.	CF 11	54. XEQ 95	92.	<u>LBL 00</u>	131.	/
18.	"COIN	55. XEQ 89	93.	E	132.	3
	FLIP"	56. SF IND 02	94.	ST+ 09	133.	-
19.	XEQ 98	57. <u>LBL 27</u>	95.	TONE 05	134.	RCL 01
20.	E	58. "BALL ON "	96.	0	135.	+
21.	STO 02	59. ARCL 06	97.	STO 08	136.	STO 07
22.	STO 09	60. XEQ 98	98.	LBL 01	137.	GTO 90
23.	CF 00	61. ARCL 05	99.	FS? 17	138.	<u>LBL B</u>
24.	CF 01	62. >" YDS TO	100	. XEQ 84	139.	XEQ 76
25.	CF 02	GO"	101	. FC? 07	140.	LBL 62
26.	CF 03	63. XEQ 98	102	. GTO 01	141.	"DRAW"
27.	CF 04	64. FS?C 08	103	. FS? 00	142.	XEQ 98
28.	XEQ 97	65. RTN	104	. GTO 18	143.	.3
29.	50	66. <u>LBL 15</u>	105	. <u>LBL 01</u>	144.	ST+ 08
30.	X>Y?	67. 1	106	. SF 16	145.	-2
31.	GTO 26	68. RCL 09	107	. "PLAY ?"	146.	FS?C 06
32.	LBL 24	69. X=Y?	108	. PROMPT	147.	-9
33.	"HOME	70. GTO 00	109	. GTO 15	148.	FS?C 10
	KICKS"	71. 3	110	. <u>LBL A</u>	149.	7
34.	XEQ 98	72. X=Y?	111.	XEQ 76	150.	FS?C 11
35.	GTO 01	73. GTO 00	112.	<u>LBL 61</u>	151.	4
36.	<u>LBL 26</u>	74. RCL 08	113.	"UP	152.	STO 01
37.	"VIS	75. 13	Μ	IDDLE"	153.	XEQ 97
	KICKS"	76. X<=Y?	114.	XEQ 98	154.	95

Retro	Games for the HP-41		User Instruc	tions		DataFil	e and Others
155.	X<=Y?	207.	XEQ 97	260.	61	312.	GTO 45
156.	GTO 40	208.	45	261.	X<=Y?	313.	RDN
157.	RDN	209.	X<=Y?	262.	GTO 60	314.	37
158.	1.6	210.	GTO 03	263.	<u>LBL 03</u>	315.	X<=Y?
159.	Υ^χ	211.	RDN	264.	XEQ 97	316.	GTO 29
160.	30	212.	E1	265.	.2	317.	RDN
161.	/	213.	X<=Y?	266.	*	318.	9
162.	E1	214.	GTO 60	267.	3	319.	X<=Y?
163.	-	215.	RDN	268.	-	320.	GTO 60
164.	RCL 01	216.	4	269.	RCL 01	321.	GTO 50
165.	+	217.	X<=Y?	270.	+	322.	<u>LBL 01</u>
166.	STO 07	218.	GTO 50	271.	STO 07	323.	65
167.	GTO 90	219.	GTO 45	272.	RCL 06	324.	X<=Y?
168.	LBL C	220.	LBL 00	273.	93	325.	GTO 29
169.	XEQ 76	221.	E	274.	X>Y?	326.	RDN
170.	LBL 63	222.	510 01	275.	GTO 00	327.	55
171.	"SWEEP"	223.	XEQ 97	276.	3	328.	X<=Y?
172.	XEQ 98	224.	90	277.	ST- 07	329.	GTO 50
173.	.3	225.	X<=Y?	278.	<u>LBL 00</u>	330.	RDN
1/4.	SI+08	226.	G10 45	279.	.1	331.	27
175.	2	227.	RDN	280.	ST+ 08	332.	X<=Y?
176.	FS?C 06	228.	85	281.	RCL 07	333.	GTO 45
177.	-4	229.	X<=Y?	282.	GTO 90	334.	GTO 60
178.	FS?C 10	230.	GTO 50	283.	<u>LBL E</u>	335.	<u>LBL 02</u>
179.	-10	231.	RDN	284.	XEQ 76	336.	77
180.	FS?C 11	232.	60	285.	LBL 65	337.	X<=Y?
181.	/	233.	X<=Y?	286.	"LONG	338.	GTO 50
182.	STO 01	234.	GTO 60	207	ASS"	339.	RDN
183.	XEQ 97	235.	GTO 03	287.	XEQ 98	340.	75
184.	3	236.	LBL 01	288.	.3	341.	X<=Y?
185.	/	237.	-1	289.	SI+ 08	342.	GIU 45
180.	8.8	238.		290.		343.	
187.	- DCL 01	239.	XEQ 97	291.		344. 245	23 X (-) V 2
188.	RCLUI	240.	70 X - X2	292.		345.	
189.	+	241.	X<=Y?	293.		346.	
190.	STO 07	242.		294. 205		347.	<u>LBL 29</u>
191.	G10 90	243.		295.	FSPC 11	348.	XEQ 97
192.		244. 245	20 Xz=V2	290.	GTO 02	349. 250	.ð *
195.		245. 246	AS-1:	297.		550. 2E1	
194.		240. 247		296.	$\Lambda = 1$	221. 251	RCL UO
195. D		247. 270	10 12	299.		332. 252	.0 *
106	NEO 09	240. 270	12 Vz=V2	201		555. 254	
190. 107	7EQ 30	249. 250	AN-1: GTO 50	301. 202	J4 ¥∠-V?	354. 255	-
100 100	.∠ ST+ 08	∠JU. 2⊑1	GTO 45	302. 202	AN-1: GTO 45	322.	0 X>V2
100. 100	517 00 FS2C 06	201. 252		207 202		257. 257	AZ 1 :
199. 200	GTO 00	252. 252	<u>-1</u>	304. 305	A2	250	
200. 201	FS7C 10	255. 251	5TO 01	302.		250.	
201. 202	GTO 01	204. 255	XFO 97	300. 307	GTO 50	329.	2
202. 202	FS7C 11	255.	91	307. 302	GTO 29	261	. <u>-</u> ՏT+ በጾ
203. 20/	GTO 02	250. 257	X<=V?	300. 300		361.	RCI 07
204. 205	0	257. 258	GTO 50	309.	<u>84</u>	362.	GTO 90
205.	5 STO 01	250. 250	RDN	310. 311	υ- X<=Υ?	303. 36 7	
200.	510.01	255.		JTT.	AN ⁼¹	504.	

Retro	Games for the HP-41		User Instruc	tions		DataFil	e and Others
265		447	CTO 11	460	5526.44	520	
365.		417. 410		468.	FS?CII	520.	CF 06
300. 267	7 XEQ 98	418. 410		409.	4 STO 01	521.	CF 10 1
269	.2 ST+ 09	419.	27 V \ V 2	470. 471	310 01 VEO 07	522.	1 ES2C 11
260	31+ 00 VEO 07	420. 421	AZT:	471.		525.	
209. 270	AEQ 97	421.		472.	90 V V2	524.	.5 STO 01
570. 271	97 V V 2	422.		475.	A = 1	525.	2 2
571. 272	$\Lambda = 1$	425.		474. 175		520.	.5 51 09
372. 272		424. 425		475. 476		527.	31+ 08 XEO 97
274	2	425.		470.	V/-V)	520.	08
374.	.J *	420.	+ KCL 00	477.	AN=1: GTO 50	520	20 X<-V2
375. 276	20	427.	+ 110	470.		521	
370.	JZ ⊥	420. 120	X>V2	475.	65	537.	
270		429.	AZT:	400. 191	V/-V2	522.	
370.		430. 431	XFO 97	401.		534	20 X<=V?
379.	>" YDS"	431. 422	80	402. 482	XFO 97	534.	GTO 50
201		432.	80 Xz-V2	405.	2	535.	
387	RCL 06	дзл.	GTO 00	-104. ⊿25	1	530.	65
302.		434. <u>125</u>		485.	/ 8	538	V<-V?
384	F2	435.	XEO 98	480.	-	530.	GTO 40
385	X<=V?	430. 437		407.	RCI 01	540	XFO 97
386	GTO 55	437.	2	400. 180	+	540. 5/1	XLQ 37 XA2
387		430. 129	5 XEO 99	485. 490	5TO 07	541.	90
388	F2	435.	XEQ 33	400. 701		5/12	/
380	-	440. 1/1	GTO 17	491.		545.	/ 20
300.		441. 112		492. 103	<u>LBL 01</u> XEO 97	544.	20
390.	STO 06	442. 112	<u>LBL 00</u> "\\/IDE"	493. 191	ALQ 37	545. 546	
391.	"BALLON "	44 5 . ΔΔΔ	XEO 98	494. 195	X<=V?	547	*
392.		445		495.	GTO 40	548	STO 07
394	XEO 98	446	<u>"NO</u>	490. 497		540. 549	GTO 90
395	FC?C 00	- 10. G		498	87	550	
396	SE 00	447.	XFO 98	499	X<=Y?	551	"OTR. = "
397.	3	448.	TONE 00	500.	GTO 50	552.	ARCL 09
398	BCL 02	449	RCL 06	501	RDN	553	XEO 98
399	X>Y?	450	80	502	72	554	GTO 00
400	XFO 21	451	X<=Y?	503	X<=Y?	555	
401.	CE IND 02	452.	GTO 55	504.	GTO 60	556.	SE 08
402.	XEO 89	453.	XEO 95	505.	RDN	557.	LBL 00
403.	GTO 16	454.	XEQ 89	506.	67	558.	15
404.	LBL G	455.	GTO 16	507.	X<=Y?	559.	RCL 08
405.	"F. G.	456.	LBLH	508.	GTO 45	560.	-
A	TTEMPT"	457.	XEQ 76	509.	XEQ 97	561.	INT
406.	XEQ 98	458.	LBL 66	510.	2.5	562.	"TIME= "
407.	,2	459.	"SCREEN	511.	/	563.	ARCL X
408.	ST+ 08	P	ASS"	512.	7	564.	>":"
409.	LBL 14	460.	XEQ 98	513.	-	565.	LASTX
410.	XEQ 97	461.	.3	514.	STO 07	566.	FRC
411.	95	462.	ST+ 08	515.	GTO 90	567.	HMS
412.	X<=Y?	463.	FS?C 10	516.	LBLI	568.	E2
413.	GTO 70	464.	GTO 01	517.	XEQ 76	569.	*
414.	RDN	465.	0	518.	"TRICK	570.	INT
415.	55	466.	FS?C 06	P	LAY"	571.	ARCL X
416.	X<=Y?	467.	-4	519.	XEQ 98	572.	XEQ 98
							•
Retro (Games for the HP-41		User Instruc	tions		DataFil	e and Others
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			:				
573.	FS?C 08	625.	RCL 02	677.	XEQ 95	726.	<u>LBL 89</u>
574.	RTN	626.	X#0?	678.	XEQ 21	727.	90
575.	GTO 15	627.	CF IND 02	679.	XEQ 89	728.	RCL 06
576.	LBL 34	628.	E	680.	GTO 16	729.	X<=Y?
577.	"V= "	629.	ST+ 02	681.	<u>LBL 55</u>	730.	GTO 00
578.	ARCL 03	630.	GTO 16	682.	"ТОՍСНВА	731.	100
579.	>" H="	631.	LBL 01	C	K"	732.	RCL 06
580.	ARCL 04	632.	"LOSE"	683.	XEQ 98	733.	-
581.	XEQ 98	633.	XEQ 98	684.	XEQ 95	734.	STO 05
582.	RTN	634.	RCL 02	685.	XEQ 89	735.	GTO 01
583.	<u>LBL J</u>	635.	X=0?	686.	20	736.	<u>LBL 00</u>
584.	XEQ 34	636.	E	687.	STO 06	737.	E1
585.	SF 08	637.	STO 02	688.	FS?C 00	738.	STO 05
586.	XEQ 27	638.	RCL 06	689.	SF 00	739.	LBL 01
587.	SF 08	639.	E2	690.	GTO 16	740.	CF IND 02
588.	XEQ 33	640.	-	691.	<u>LBL 60</u>	741.	E
589.	GTO 15	641.	ABS	692.	"INCOMPL	742.	STO 02
590.	<u>LBL 30</u>	642.	STO 06	E	TE"	743.	RTN
591.	"*TOUCHD	643.	XEQ 89	693.	XEQ 98	744.	<u>LBL 90</u>
0	WN*"	644.	FC?C 00	694.	CF IND 02	745.	RND
592.	XEQ 98	645.	SF 00	695.	E	746.	X<=0?
593.	BEEP	646.	GTO <u>16</u>	696.	ST+ 02	747.	GTO 00
594.	XEQ 80	647.	<u>LBL 45</u>	697.	GTO 16	748.	E
595.	GTO 17	648.	"SACK"	698.	<u>LBL 70</u>	749.	X<>Y
596.	<u>LBL 35</u>	649.	XEQ 98	699.	"BLOCKED"	750.	X<=Y?
597.	"SAFETY"	650.	XEQ 97	700.	XEQ 98	751.	0
598.	XEQ 98	651.	E1	701.	XEQ 95	752.	<u>LBL 00</u>
599.	TONE 00	652.	/	702.	XEQ 89	753.	STO 07
600.	2	653.	INT	703.	GTO 16	754.	ST+ 06
601.	FS? 00	654.	CHS	704.	LBL 80	755.	RCL 05
602.	GTO 00	655.	STO 07	705.	"X. P.	756.	RCL 07
603.	ST+ 04	656.	GTO 90	A	TTEMPT"	757.	-
604.	GTO 01	657.	<u>LBL 50</u>	706.	XEQ 98	758.	X>0?
605.	<u>LBL 00</u>	658.	"INTERCEP	707.	XEQ 97	759.	GTO 01
606.	ST+ 03	TI	ON"	708.	80	760.	90
607.	LBL 01	659.	XEQ 98	709.	X>Y?	761.	RCL 06
608.	XEQ 34	660.	XEQ 97	710.	GTO 01	762.	X<=Y?
609.	GTO 17	661.	.3	711.	"NO	763.	GTO 00
610.	<u>LBL 41</u>	662.	*	G	OOD"	764.	100
611.	CF IND 02	663.	5	712.	XEQ 98	765.	RCL 06
612.	0	664.	-	713.	TONE 00	766.	-
613.	STO 02	665.	RND	714.	6	767.	STO 05
614.	10	666.	RCL 06	715.	XEQ 99	768.	GTO 07
615.	STO 05	667.	+	716.	XEQ 34	769.	LBL 00
616.	<u>LBL 40</u>	668.	100	717.	RTN	770.	10
617.	"FUMBLE"	669.	X<=Y?	718.	LBL 01	771.	STO 05
618.	XEQ 98	670.	GTO 55	719.	"GOOD"	772.	LBL 07
619.	XEQ 97	671.	RDN	720.	XEQ 98	773.	CF IND 02
620.	50	672.	STO 06	721.	TONE 09	774.	E
621.	X<=Y?	673.	"AT "	722.	7	775.	STO 02
622.	GTO 01	674.	ARCL X	723.	XEQ 99	776.	GTO 02
~~~	"KEEP"	675.	>" YDL"	724.	XEQ 34	777.	LBL 01
623.	INCE!						

Retro (	Games for the HP-41		User Instruc	tions		DataFil	e and Others
779.	CE IND 02	828	"BALL ON "	876	GTO 01	925	X>Y?
780.	E	829.	ARCL 06	877.	XEO 97	926.	GTO F
781.	ST+ 02	830.	>"YL"	878.	60	927.	LBL 00
782.	LBL 02	831.	XEO 98	879.	X<=Y?	928.	CF 22
783.	<u>ARCL 07</u>	832.	RTN	880.	GTO 91	929.	"DEF. 0. 1.
784.	>" YDS"	833.	LBL 21	881.	RDN	2.	3"
785.	XEO 98	834.	"RETURN"	882.	40	930.	AVIEW
786.	RCL 06	835	XEO 98	883	X<=Y?	931	I BL 87
787.	100	836.	.2	884.	GTO 92	932.	PSE
788.	X<=Y?	837.	ST+ 08	885.	RDN	933.	FC?C 22
789.	GTO 30	838.	XEO 97	886.	20	934.	GTO 87
790.	0	839.	98	887.	 X<=Y?	935.	4
791.	RCL 06	840.	X<=Y?	888.	GTO 93	936.	X<=Y?
792	X<=Y?	841	GTO 30	889	GTO 94	937	GTO 18
793.	GTO 35	842.	RDN	890.	LBL 00	938.	RDN
794	GTO 16	843	94	891	XFO 97	939	91
795.	IBL 95	844	X<=Y?	892	66	940	+
796.	EC?C 00	845	GTO 41	893	X<=Y?	941	XEO IND X
797.	SE 00	846	RDN	894	GTO 93	942	RTN
798.	RCL 06	847.	X^2	895.	RDN	943.	LBL 91
799	100	848	.005	896	33	944	"4 - 3"
800	-	849	*	897	X<=Y?	945	XFO 98
801	ABS	850	RND	898	GTO 94	946	RTN
802	STO 06	851	X<0?	899	GTO 91	947	IBL 92
803	RTN	852	0	900		948	"STACK"
804	IBL 98	853	ARCI X	901	XFO 97	949	XEO 98
805.	AVIEW	854.	>"YD	902.	50	950.	SE 06
806.	PSE	R	UNBACK"	903.	X<=Y?	951.	RTN
807.	CLA	855.	XEO 98	904.	GTO 91	952.	LBL 93
808.	RTN	856.	RCL 06	905.	GTO 92	953.	"BLITZ"
809.	LBL 99	857.	+	906.	LBL 18	954.	XEQ 98
810.	FS? 00	858.	100	907.	FS?C 16	955.	SF 10
811.	GTO 00	859.	X<=Y?	908.	GTO 00	956.	RTN
812.	ST+ 03	860.	GTO 30	909.	4	957.	LBL 94
813.	GTO 01	861.	RDN	910.	RCL 02	958.	"PREVENT"
814.	LBL 00	862.	STO 06	911.	X#Y?	959.	XEQ 98
815.	ST+ 04	863.	RTN	912.	GTO 00	960.	SF 11
816.	LBL 01	864.	LBL 76	913.	1	961.	RTN
817.	RTN	865.	FC? 07	914.	RCL 05	962.	LBL 97
818.	LBL 19	866.	GTO 18	915.	X=Y?	963.	RCL 00
819.	"KICKOFF"	867.	RCL 02	916.	GTO 01	964.	997
820.	XEQ 98	868.	RCL 05	917.	RCL 06	965.	*
821.	,2	869.	+	918.	59	966.	FRC
822.	ST+ 08	870.	12	919.	X<=Y?	967.	STO 00
823.	XEQ 97	871.	X<=Y?	920.	GTO G	968.	E2
824.	,2	872.	GTO 00	921.	GTO F	969.	*
825.	*	873.	RDN	922.	LBL 01	970.	INT
826.	RND	874.	7	923.	RCL 06	971.	END
827.	STO 06	875.	X>Y?	924.	42		

#### Car Racing.

Martin Meyer, PRISMA 89/3 p29

Even though I'm not a friend of computer games, it's been a hell of a long time. that such "useful" stuff in PRISMA showed up for the last time.

For the computer or programming engineer however, such programs are quite useful in order to be able to enter the abilities of his new acquisition better, and to become "playfully" familiar with the new matter.

The following program acts as follows it is a quite simple version of Pocket-size car race, in which anis fixed.

I've recorded this one, more or less winding route, in which the "steep curves" with two lines, dotted and dashed, marked are: -.-.-

These so-called "steep bends" leave of course at much higher speeds than the normal ones. The goal of the game consists of to keep the course as high as possible average speed, without flying out of a bend.

You will see to stay on track isn't that easy, you have to do something similar like normal life with gears, the throttle and the brake, a certain inertia of the vehicle's reaction belongs to lifelike simulation, so hectic reactions are pointless!

I have discarded adding any acoustic background, this is usually rather disturbing.

Now to the operation of this work of art:

The program is loaded into the memory and started. first the message "TEMPO:0KM/H" appears. one second later then "POSITION 0.0".

After two seconds viewing pause the display shows the prompt "GANG =", here begins the actual Input of the vehicle data, the respective can take the values 1-5. The upper 5 keys of the HP41 are used here by is assigned the numbers 1-5, i.e. A=1, B=2, ... E=5. All other keys cause the entry of 0.

The calculator waits until I press a key the confirmation will appear in form of "GANG=2" when I press the key B had pressed.

Now I'm prompted with "GAS=" for the input the accelerator pedal to stop me now press the E key (5), i.e. I'm going full throttle. The display now shows short "GAS=".

Last but not least the calculator wants to use know if I intend to brake, in which The display shows "BREMSE=". I press any other key, e.g. the ENTER key, appears briefly "BRAKE=O."

After a short pause for reflection we get we shared the consequences of our wishes:

TEMPO:54KM/H POSITION:0.8 After a short pause of about two seconds, it follows again the renewed request for the Driver's wishes:



As you can see, the vehicle can be accelerated well, so be careful with the Gas. Because if we're not careful now, then we'll go in the upcoming Curve discreetly straight ahead ...

The next entries: GEAR=4 GAS=3 BRAKE=O have resulted into: TEMPO:151KM/H ; POSITION:5.1

Now we're going full throttle for fun out of the curve: GEAR=4 GAS=5 BRAKE=0

The consequences of this reckless driving are immediately presented, the display shows ****CRASH**** 

This is nothing more than the sad news, that we are at position 8.1 from the I'm sorry I threw you into a bend. I finally wanted not to demonstrate how to optimize the course masters, everybody has to try it for himself.

The race starts after this mishap again from position 0.0, the end of the nervous strains is onlyfor the complete driving through of the race course so you don't have to pinch.

If somebody should manage the course after a line of any length, it will be successful by the displayAVERAGE SPEED; one second pause: XXXKM/H rewarded. Fanfares to the award ceremony gives none of them can make up their own words.

Should anyone think about the lines 250 and 251 wonder, they serve only the time the display to indicate the flashing of the the --CRASH-- display.

Have fun driving!

01*LBL "RACE"	38 AVIEW	<u>75*LBL 01</u>
<u>02*LBL 06</u>	<u>39*LBL a</u>	76 RCL 06
03 ΣREG 08	40 GETKEY	77 RCL 07
04 CL $\Sigma$	41 X=0?	78 *
05 ΣREG 00	42 GTO a	79 10.8
06 CLs	43 XEQ A	80 *
07 SIZE?	44 X<=0?	81 RCL 08
08 12	45 E	82 X>Y?
09 X>Y?	46 STO 07	83 XEQ 02
10 PSIZE	47 "GAS="	84 X<>Y
11 RCLFLAG	48 AVIEW	85 RCL 10
12 STO 11	<u>49*LBL b</u>	86 10.8
13 5.012	50 GETKEY	87 *
14*LBL 13	51 X=0?	88 -
15 CF IND X	52 GTO b	89 X<=0?
16 ISG X	53 XEQ A	90 0
17 GTO 13	54 STO 06	91 STO 08
18 CF 29	55 "BREAKS="	92 s+
19 FIX 0	56 AVIEW	93 RCL 08
20 E	<u>57*LBL c</u>	94 72
21 STO 07	58 GETKEY	95 /
22*LBL J	59 X=0?	96 ST+ 09
23 "TEMPO:"	60 GTO c	97 RCL 09
24 ARCL 08	61 XEQ A	98 71
25 >" KM/H"	62 STO 10	99 X<=Y?
26 AVIEW	63 XEQ 01	100 GTO 11
27 PSE	64 GTO J	101 X<>Y
28 PSE	<u>65*LBL A</u>	102 65
29 FIX 1	66 5	103 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
30 "POSITON "	67 X<>Y	104 GTO 08
31 ARCL 09	68 10	105 X<>Y
32 AVIEW	69 -	106 59
33 PSE	70 X>Y?	107 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
34 PSE	71 CLX	108 GTO 03
35 PSE	72 ARCL X	109 X<>Y
36 FIX 0	73 AVIEW	110 53
37 "GEAR="	74 RTN	111 X <y?< td=""></y?<>

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
112 GTO 10	161 ENTER^	210*LBL 09
113 X<>Y	162 RTN	211 FS? 10
114 50	163*LBL 03	212 RTN
115 X <y?< td=""><td>164 FS? 05</td><td>213 SF 10</td></y?<>	164 FS? 05	213 SF 10
116 GTO 03	165 RTN	214 CF 09
117 X<>Y	166 SF 05	215 CF 05
118 47	167 RCL 08	216 RCL 08
119 X <y?< td=""><td>168 70</td><td>217 190</td></y?<>	168 70	217 190
120 GTO 08	169 X <y?< td=""><td>218 X<y?< td=""></y?<></td></y?<>	218 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
121 X<>Y	170 GTO 14	219 GTO 14
122 43	171 RTN	220 RTN
123 X <y?< td=""><td>172*LBL 04</td><td>221*LBL 10</td></y?<>	172*LBL 04	221*LBL 10
124 GTO 09	173 FS? 06	222 FS? 12
125 X<>Y	174 RTN	223 RTN
126 35	175 SE 06	224 SE 12
127 X <y?< td=""><td>176 RCL 08</td><td>225 CF 05</td></y?<>	176 RCL 08	225 CF 05
128 GTO 08	177 150	226 CF 09
129 X<>Y	178 X <y?< td=""><td>227 BCL 08</td></y?<>	227 BCL 08
130 33	179 GTO 14	228 220
131 X <y?< td=""><td>180 BTN</td><td>229 X<y?< td=""></y?<></td></y?<>	180 BTN	229 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
132 GTO 04	181*I BL 05	230 GTO 14
133 X<>Y	182 FS? 07	231 BTN
134 31	183 BTN	232*I BL 11
135 X <y?< td=""><td>184 SE 07</td><td>233 MFAN</td></y?<>	184 SE 07	233 MFAN
136 GTO 07	185 CE 06	234 "AVRG TEMPO"
137 X<>Y	186 BCL 08	235 AVIEW
138 26	187 110	236 PSF
139 X <y?< td=""><td>188 X<y?< td=""><td>237 CLA</td></y?<></td></y?<>	188 X <y?< td=""><td>237 CLA</td></y?<>	237 CLA
140 GTO 04	189 GTO 14	238 ARCI X
141 X<>Y	190 RTN	239 >" KM/H"
142 19	191*I BL 07	240 RCL 11
143 X <y?< td=""><td>192 FS? 08</td><td>241 STOFLAG</td></y?<>	192 FS? 08	241 STOFLAG
144 GTO 05	193 RTN	242 PROMPT
145 X<>Y	194 SE 08	243*IBL 14
146 12	195 CF 06	244.6
147 X <y?< td=""><td>196 RCL 08</td><td>245 FIX 1</td></y?<>	196 RCL 08	245 FIX 1
148 GTO 04	197 40	246*LBL 12
149 X<>Y	198 X <y?< td=""><td>247 CLA</td></y?<>	247 CLA
150.8	199 GTO 14	248 AVIEW
151 X <y?< td=""><td>200 RTN</td><td>249 HMS</td></y?<>	200 RTN	249 HMS
152 GTO 03	201*I BL 08	250 HB
153 RTN	202 FS? 09	251 "**CRASH**"
154*LBL 02	203 RTN	252 ARCL 09
155 X<>Y	204 SF 09	253 AVIFW
156 -	205 RCL 08	254 DSF X
157 3	206 90	255 GTO 12
158 /	200 JO 207 X <y?< td=""><td>256 GTO 06</td></y?<>	256 GTO 06
159 ST- 08	208 GTO 14	257 END
160 BCL 08	209 RTN	

## ZCAR, an Action Game

#### Cary E. Reinstein, PPCCJ V11N1 p20; (Jan/Feb 1984)

"ZCAR" is an action game that simulates driving a car at high speed through five laps of a slalom race course. Each lap has eight turns, all of which are randomly selected except the first one which is always straight. In order to "drive" the car you must shift gears appropriately as well as use the gas pedal and brakes. The display always shows the turns as seen through the windshield (see details below). The object is to finish the course as well as score as many points as possible though these aims are occasionally at variance because points scored depend upon how fast the car is driven and the faster the car is driven the less likely it is that the course will be finished. There are four possible outcomes to the game: the first is that all laps will be finished and a score will be displayed; second, the engine will be over-revved in an attempt to reach top speed or due to a gear-shifting error; third, engine revs will drop too low and the engine will stall; and lastly, a steering error, failure to reduce speed on an ess turn or to brake for a warning flag will cause a crash. Pressing any undefined key will cause the car to crash and terminate the game. Whenever the game ends, for whatever reason, the score is displayed along with the percent of the course finished.

An attempt was made to program the game to run as fast as possible (if the word "fast" applies at all to an HP-41) by minimizing the use of alpha strings and numeric constants and using Valentín Albillo's pseudorandom number generator, R-D FRC, an excellent one for games.

Start the game with [XEQ] "ZCAR". If a Time Module is not present the display will prompt for a random number seed. The input seed must be a fraction or mixed number. After inputting this seed press [R/S]. Don't press [R/S] at any other time.

#### GAME RULES :

Pressing any key not shown on the overlay causes the car to crash. When a turn appears in the display, press the top row key that will negotiate the turn; for example, to ,steer a hard left, press the [S+] key –see the display table and keyboard diagrams below for reference.

Do not rev the engine higher than 6000 RPM nor low enough in any gear to stall. 600 RPM or less will cause a stall in first gear and the other gear stall points vary according to the gear ratio.

The faster the car is driven the more paints will be scored to a maximum of 210 per lap.

To begin the race you must shift into first and then begin to rev the engine through its gears until the desired speed is achieved. You don't have to steer until you have reached the desired engine speed and gear. Decision time can be extended by pressing the key representing the gear you are already in which also causes the speedometer and tachometer to be shown.

Gears must be shifted in the natural order; attempting to jump a gear will result in a blown transmission.

At a random point in each lap two race officials will drop a warning flag -- You must brake to avoid a crash. Tapping the brakes or downshifting will also cause a crash and terminate the race.

You must lower your speed on the ess turns to avoid a crash. Driving in fourth gear will lose points on these turns.

TECHNICAL DETAILS:

Point scoring:

Each lap gives a maximum of 210 points, 5 turns at 28 points each and two ess turns at 35 points each. Maximum points are scored for- an ess turn at 4000 rpm in third gear and the greatest penalty is a loss of 28 points at 6000 rpm in third to 21 points at the same rpm in fourth.

Pedal pressure and RPM:

After using the gas pedal or brakes the rpm will vary between 47 and 400 rpm each turn depending upon the pedal pressure applied. There are three pedal pressures, tap, medium and stamp which alter the rpm respectively by 14 - 1350 rpm, 21 - 2140 rpm and 35 - 3500 rpm depending upon the size of the random number when the pedals are used. The tone pitch anticipates the random number change. If the pitch is high the pedal pressure will cause a higher percentage of rpm change.

Gear Ratios:

First, 3.5; second, 2.14; third, 1.36: fourth, 1.0 (gear ratios are similar to a Datsun Turbo 280ZX).

System requirements:

127 registers, 704 bytes of program memory and 26 registers for data. Extended Functions Module. Optionally, a Time Module. Lines 32, 35 and 36 can be omitted if a Time Module will not be used. Lines 32, 34, 36 and 37 can be omitted if the module will always be used.

Synthetic text and number strings used:

14 245, 49, 50, 92, 92, 92 245, 49, 51, 33, 33, 33 16 27 246, 51, 51, 1, 45, 45, 1 40 27, 19 27, 18 151 173 27, 17 197 28, 27 27, 19 281 307 241, 40 309 244, 127, 41, 32, 40 318 242, 127, 41 366.7 159, 28

#### DISPLAYS:

LLL	Hard Left	$[\Sigma +]$
1 1 1	Moderate Left	[1/X]
111	Straight	[SQRT]
///	Moderate Right	[LOG]
777	Hard Right	[LN]
/	Right ess	[LOG],[LN]
SSS	Harpiness	[Σ <b>+],[LN]</b>
# #	Warning flag	[STO] or [CHS]
(nnn) (nnn)	Thacometer Speed	ometer



#### KEYS USED :

Steering:	See Displays [	$[\Sigma +] - [LN]$ above		
Brakes:	Tap [SIN],	Medium [STO],	Stomp [CHS]	
Gas pedal:	Tap [TAN],	Medium [SST],	Stomp [←]	
Gears:	First [7],	Second[1],	Third [9],	Fourth [ 3 ]

á 1.5.6.5.6. v:			
18 "13!!!"	36 E3	54 CLA	
17 ASTO 12	35 STO 00	53 CF 08	
16 "12\\\"	34 RNG	52 CF 06	
15 ASTO 11	33 CF 21	<u>51*LBL 05</u>	
14 "11LLL"	32 ASTO 19	50 BEEP	
13 X<>F	31 " "	49 STO 26	
12 STO 03	30 ASTO 18	48 STO 24	
11 1.36	29 "33"	47 STO 20	
10 STO 02	28 ASTO 17	46 STO 06	
09 -	27 "26SSS"	45 CLX	
08 STO 04	26 ASTO 16	44 STO 25	
07 SIGN	25 "29//77"	43 5	
06 STO 01	24 ASTO 15	42 CF 09	
05 3.5	23 "15 777"	41 XEQ 09	
04 PI	22 ASTO 14	40 STO 08	
03 XROM "INIT"	21 "14///"	39 +	
02 27	20 ASTO 10	38 LASTX	
01*LBL "ZCAR"	L*LBL "ZCAR" 19 ASTO 13		

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
55 ARCL IND 09	108*LBL 05	161 GETKEY
56 29	109 RCL 24	162 RCL 00
57 ANUM	110 *	163 R-D
58 STO 07	111*LBL 08	164 FRC
59 X=Y?	112 FC?C 07	165 E1
60 SF 05	113 ST+ 20	166 *
61 X=Y?	114 5	167 TONE IND X
62 SF 06	115 SQRT	168 X<>Y
63 X>Y?	116 ST+ 26	169 XEQ IND X
64 SF 07	117 RCL 23	170 FC? 25
65 X<>Y	118 4 E2	171 GTO 16
66 3	119 *	172 FS? 00
67 -	120 RCL 06	173 RTN
68 X=Y?	121 /	174 FS?C 09
69 SE 05	122 ST+ 08	175 GTO 06
70 ATOX	123 ISG 09	176 RTN
71 ATOX	124 GTO 05	177*LBI 11
72 ARCL 19	125 "LAP "	178*  BI 12
73 -4	126 BCL 25	179*  BL 13
74 AROT	127 CHS	180*I BL 14
75 ARCI 19	128 7	181*  BL 15
76 AVIEW	129 +	182 FS2 00
77 CLX	130 ARCI X	183 GTO 17
78 STO 05	131 >" "	184 ST+ 05
79 XEO 06	132 RCL 20	185 13
80 FS2 00	133   Δ57X	186 X<>V
81 GTO 07	13/ *	187 -
82 552 05	135 ARCI X	188 ES2 06
82 YEO 06	136 DSE 25	180 - F
83 XLQ 00 84 ES2 00	130 DSL 25	
95 GTO 07	137 010 08 129 DEED	
85 GTO 07		
	<u>139 LBL 07</u> 140 "* "	102 EC2 05
	140 141 PCL 20	193 FC: 05
90 XEO 16	141 RCL 20	194 KTN 105 EC2 09
89 XEQ 16	142 /	195 FC? 08
90 FS: 00		190 GTO 10
		197 RTN 108*LDL 52
92 RCL 08	145	<u>198° LBL 52</u>
93 6 E3	140 E2	199 RCL 04
94 /	147 RCL 26	200 FC? 03
95 \$10 23	148 IN I	201 FS? 04
97 GTU 05	15U X <y?< td=""><td>203 GTU 07</td></y?<>	203 GTU 07
		<u>204**LBL 72</u>
99-45 E-4	152 FIX 2	205 2
	153 AVIEW	206 FS? 04
101 RCL 24	154 KIN	20/ GTO 18
102 +	<u>155*LBL 08</u>	208 GTO 07
103 20	156 AVIEW	<u>209*LBL 54</u>
104 +	157 XEQ 09	210 3
105 6	158 GTO 05	211 FS? 01
LO6 MOD	<u>159*LBL 06</u>	212 GTO 18
107 GTO 08	160 SF 25	213 GTO 07

Ángel M. Martin

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
<u>214*LBL 74</u>	265 FC? 05	316 CLA
215 4	266 FS? 46	317 ARCL 21
216 FC? 01	267 GTO 16	318 ARCL 22
217 FS? 02	<u>268*LBL 12</u>	319 20
218 GTO 18	269 FS? 00	<u>320*LBL 20</u>
<u>219*LBL 07</u>	270 GTO 17	321 DSE X
220 X<> 24	271 RCL 00	322 GTO 20
221 X#0?	272 R-D	323 AVIEW
222 CF IND X	273 FRC	324 RTN
223 SF IND 24	274 STO 00	<u>325*LBL 09</u>
224 RCL IND 24	275 RCL IND 06	326 8
225 RCL IND Y	276 *	327 STO 05
226 X <y?< td=""><td>277 E3</td><td>328 STO 09</td></y?<>	277 E3	328 STO 09
227 SF 08	278 *	<u>329*LBL 10</u>
228 SF 09	279 RCL 06	330 RCL 00
229 FS?C 00	280 SIGN	331 R-D
230 GTO 08	281 *	332 FRC
231 /	282 ST+ 08	333 STO 00
232 ST* 08	<u>283*LBL 07</u>	334 RCL 09
233 GTO 07	284 FS? 07	335 *
<u>234*LBL 23</u>	285 RTN	336 11
235 FS? 07	286 SF 09	337 ST+ Y
236 GTO 16	<u>287*LBL 08</u>	338 DSE 05
237 3	288 RCL 01	339 ""
238 GTO 11	289 RCL IND 24	340 RCL 05
239*LBL 33	290 /	341 +
240 2	291 6 E2	342 RCL IND X
241 GTO 11	292 *	343 X<> IND Z
<u>242*LBL 42</u>	293 RCL 08	344 STO IND Y
243 SIGN	294 X <y?< td=""><td>345 DSE 09</td></y?<>	345 DSE 09
<u>244*LBL 11</u>	295 GTO 17	346 GTO 10
245 CHS	296 6 E3	347 10.018
246 STO 06	297 X<>Y	348 STO 09
247 33	298 X>Y?	349 RTN
248 FS? 07	299 GTO 18	<u>350*LBL 16</u>
249 ST+ 05	300 ASTO 21	351 "CRASH"
250 SF 08	301 ASHF	352 GTO 07
251 GTO 12	302 ASTO 22	<u>353*LBL 17</u>
<u>252*LBL 25</u>	303 "("	354 "STALLED "
253 3	304 ARCL X	355 ARCL 08
254 GTO 11	305 >") ("	356 GTO 07
<u>255*LBL 35</u>	306 E3	<u>357*LBL 18</u>
256 2	307 /	358 "REDLINE "
257 GTO 11	308 RCL IND 24	359 ARCL 08
<u>258*LBL 44</u>	309 1/X	<u>360*LBL 07</u>
259 SIGN	310 21	361 AVIEW
260*LBL 11	311 *	362 TONE 8
261 STO 06	312 *	363 TONE 8
262 ENTER^	313 ARCL X	364 SF 00
263 SIGN	314 >")"	365 END
264 X=Y?	315 AVIEW	

## **Truck Routes**

#### Kenneth Sharp - Games Solutions Book

Breaker - Breaker 19 --- All you would-be eighteen wheelers!!!

You must get your shipment delivered within ten hours or be charged a penalty. Smokies are patrolling the roads and obstructing on the road slows you down. Listen closely to your CB for messages. Any of three roads (95, 89, or 97) will get you to your destination, but you may need to change routes several times during your run. Route changes are permitted only at designated exits. Smokies will fine you if they catch you speeding, wreckers will charge you for repairs if they must pull you from a crash. Get into your rig and put the pedal to the metal. See you on the flip-flop.

#### Sample Problem.

You must drive from 'Start" to "Destination" in less than 10 hours. You can change roads only at exits. A perfect run will net you \$100.00



Route 95 is 725 miles long. It is heavily patrolled by "smokies"

Route 89 is 650 miles long. It is a mountain road plagued by rock slides.

Route 97 is 500 miles long. It has a curve that gets slick when wet, rock lides and a bridge that perpetually falls down.

Display	Input	Function	Comments	
	[XEQ] "SIZE'	′01		
	[XEQ] "TRUC	СК″		
SEED7 ROUTE7 SPEED7 ROUTE NO. 89 SPEED = SSMPH	.987654321 89 55	[R/S] [R/S] [R/S]	Enter seed for random number Let's try route 89 Let's start at 55 MPH	
CH. SPEED/RT.7 BREAKER (9 BRIDGE OUT	[N]	[R/S]	No need to make changes yet	
Ángel M. Martin	Р	age   <b>228</b>	June 201	9

Retro Games for the HP-41	Usei	r Instructions	DataFile and Others
M.P. 490 ON 97 ELOSEJ 4 HR ROUTE NO. 89 SPEEJ = SSMPH MI. POST SS EH. SPEEJ/RT.7 JREAKER 19 WET ROAJ AT M.P. 165 ON 97 SPEEJ LMT. 35 ROUTE 89 SPEEJ = SSMPH	[N]	[R/S]	(one hour has passed) doesn't affect us – no changes
MI. PUSI TIU CH. SPEEJ/R.T.7 BREAKER 19 SMOKEY RI M.P. SIS ON 95 ROUTE NO. 89 MI DOCT 335	[N]	[R/S]	Route 89 is still clear
EH. SPEEJ/RI7		[R/S]	Let's try another road ( $R/S = yes$ )
IRIVING TIME	,1622	[R/S]	16 min. 22 sec. should put us at the destination

etc...

Status: SIZE 019, FIX 0, USER Mode ON, Total 1,640 program bytes.

Data Registers:

00-03	Time Smokey will remain	(Route #95)
04-06	Time to clear slide	(Route #89)
07	Time for road to dry	
08	Time to clear Slide	(Route #97)
09	Time to repair bridge	
10	Random number	
11	Route	
12	Speed	
13	Previous position	
14	Present Position	
15	Money	
16	Present position or HMS con	version
17	Trip time	
18	Driving time	

Flags Used:

00-03	Set: Smokey Present	Clear: Road Clear	(Route #95)
04-06	Set: Rock Slide	Clear: Road Clear	(Route #89)

User Instructions

07	Set: Wet Road	Clear: Road Clear
08	Set: Rock Slide	Clear: Road Clear (Route #97)
09	Set: Bridge Out	Clear: Road Clear
27	Set: USER mode	Clear: USER Mode off
29	Set: Digit Grouping	Clear: No digit grouping

01*LBL "TRUCK"	41 PROMPT	82 RCL 12	123 X<=0?				
02 SF 27	42 X=0?	83 X<=0?	124 RTN				
03 FIX 0	43 GTO A	84 XEQ 10	125 "EEE"				
04 CF 29	44 ABS	85 "BREAKER 19"	126 AVIEW				
05 CF 21	45 STO 12	86 AVIEW	127 TONE 8				
06 FS? 55	46 85	87 BEEP	128 TONE 9				
07 SF 21	47 -	88 XEQ 62	129 TONE 8				
<u>08*LBL a</u>	48 X>0?	89 SF IND X	130 TONE 9				
09 0	49 GTO A	90 XEQ IND X	131 TONE 8				
10 X<>F	<u>50*LBL 10</u>	91 RTN	132 TONE 9				
11 CF 07	51 SF 28	<u>92*LBL 62</u>	133 "SMOKEY"				
12 CF 08	52 "ROUTE NO. "	93 RNG	134 AVIEW				
13 CF 09	53 ARCL 11	94 STO 10	135 PSE				
14 E-2	54 AVIEW	95 E1	136 2				
15 CLRGX	55 PSE	96 *	137 *				
16 0	56 "SPEED="	97 INT	138 ST- 15				
17 STO 14	57 ARCL 12	98 RTN	139 "FINE OF \$"				
18 RNG	58 >" MPH"	<u>99*LBL 95</u>	140 ARCL X				
19 STO 10	59 AVIEW	100 14	141 AVIEW				
20 E2	60 PSE	101 STO 18	142 PSE				
21 STO 15	61 "MI. POST "	102 135	143 .25				
22 E1	62 ARCL 14	103 STO 16	144 ST- 17				
23 STO 17	63 AVIEW	104 FS? 00	145 RCL 16				
24*LBL 12	64 PSE	105 XEQ 19	146 STO 14				
25 "RT.?	65 "CHANGES?"	106 290	147 GTO 10				
89/95/97"	66 PROMPT	107 STO 16	<u>148*LBL 22</u>				
26 PROMPT	67 X=Y?	108 FS? 01	149 RCL 11				
27 STO 11	68 GTO 13	109 XEQ 19	150 95				
28 97	69 "SPA/RTB"	110 445	151 X=Y?				
29 X=Y?	70 PROMPT	111 STO 16	152 GTO 52				
30 GTO A	<u>71*LBL 13</u>	112 FS? 02	153 RCL 11				
31 CLX	72 XEQ 60	113 XEQ 19	154 89				
32 95	73 E	114 575	155 X=Y?				
33 X=Y?	74 ST- 17	115 STO 16	156 GTO 53				
34 GTO A	75 RCL 14	116 FS? 03	157 RCL 14				
35 CLX	76 STO 13	117 XEQ 19	158 500				
36 89	77 RCL 12	118 RTN	159 STO 18				
37 X#Y?	78 ST+ 14	<u>119*LBL 14</u>	160 -				
38 GTO 12	79 XEQ IND 11	120 RCL 12	161 X<0?				
<u>39*LBL A</u>	80 GTO 22	121 55	162 GTO 51				
40 "SPEED=?"	<u>81*LBL 60</u>	122 -	<u>163*LBL 54</u>				

Retro Games for the HP-4	1 User Instru	uctions	DataFile and Others						
164 RCL 12	217 RTN	268 FS? 07	<u>320*LBL 01</u>						
165 /	218 CF IND X	269 XEQ 19	321 3						
166 ST+ 17	219 RTN	270 16	322 ST+ 01						
167 RCL 18	<u>220*LBL 89</u>	271 STO 18	<u>323*LBL 24</u>						
168 STO 14	221 16	272 405	324 XEQ 33						
169 RCL 17	222 STO 18	273 STO 16	325 "M.P. 290 ON						
170 X<0?	223 145	274 FS? 08	95"						
171 GTO 55	224 STO 16	275 XEQ 19	326 AVIEW						
172 "ON TIME"	225 FS? 04	276 20	327 PSE						
173 AVIEW	226 XEQ 19	277 STO 18	328 RTN						
174 PSE	227 300	278 490	<u>329*LBL 02</u>						
<u>175*LBL 56</u>	228 STO 16	279 STO 16	330 3						
176 "MONEY=\$"	229 FS? 05	280 FS? 09	331 ST+ 02						
177 ARCL 15	230 XEQ 19	281 XEQ 19	<u>332*LBL 25</u>						
178 AVIEW	231 465	282 RTN	333 XEQ 33						
179 0	232 STO 16	<u>283*LBL 19</u>	334 "M.P. 445 ON						
180 STO 12	233 FS? 06	284 RCL 16	95"						
181 STOP	234 XEQ 19	285 RCL 13	335 AVIEW						
182 GTO D	235 RTN	286 -	336 PSE						
183*LBL 55	236*LBL 16	287 X<=0?	337 RTN						
184 "LATE"	237 "*ROCKS*"	288 RTN	338*LBL 03						
185 AVIEW	238 AVIEW	289 RCL 14	339 3						
186 PSF	239 PSE	290 RCL 16	340 ST+ 03						
187 25	240*I BI 11	291 -	341*I BI 26						
188 *	241	292 X<=0?	342 XFO 33						
189 ST+ 15	"***CRASH***"	293 RTN	343 "M P 575 ON						
190 GTO 56	242*LBL 21	294 GTO IND 18	95"						
191*LBI 52		295*I BL 20	344 Δ\/IF\M						
197 EDE 52	243 AVIEW	296 "SPLASH"	345 DSF						
192 RCL 14 102 725	244 F3L 245 "CALL		245 F3L 246 PTN						
193 723			240 NIN 240 NIN 240 NIN						
194 310 18			<u>347 LDL 35</u>						
195 -		299 WEI FEET							
196 X<0:	247 PSE	300 GTO 21							
197 GTO 51	248 RCL 10	<u>301°LBL 18</u>							
198 GTU 54	249 510 14	302 RCL 12	351 KIN						
<u>199*LBL 53</u>	250 XEQ 62	303 35	<u>352*LBL 04</u>						
200 RCL 14	2518	304 -	353 3						
201 550	252 *	305 X<=0?	354 ST+ 04						
202 STO 18	253 5		355 KDN						
203 -	254 +	307 "-+-+SKID+-+-"	<u>356*LBL 27</u>						
204 X>0?	255 \$1-15	308 AVIEW	357 XEQ 17						
205 GTO 54	256 "REPAIRS-\$"	309 PSE	358 "M.P. 145 ON						
206*LBL 51	257 ARCL X	310 GTO 11	89"						
207 .009	258 AVIEW	<u>311*LBL 00</u>	359 AVIEW						
<u>208*LBL 57</u>	259 PSE	312 3	360 PSE						
209 XEQ 41	260 2.5	313 ST+ 00	361 GTO 15						
210 ISG X	261 ST- 17	<u>314*LBL 23</u>	<u>362*LBL 05</u>						
211 GTO 57	262 GTO 10	315 XEQ 33	363 3						
212 GTO 10	<u>263*LBL 97</u>	316 "M.P. 135 ON	364 ST+ 05						
<u>213*LBL 41</u>	264 18	95"	365 RDN						
214 FC? IND X	265 STO 18	317 AVIEW	<u>366*LBL 28</u>						
215 RTN	266 165	318 PSE	367 XEQ 17						
216 DSE IND X	267 STO 16	319 RTN							

Ángel M. Martin

Retro Games for the H	P-41 User Ins	tructions	DataFile and Others					
368 "M P 300 ON	415*I BL 32	465 XEO 63	518 RCI 14					
89"	416 "BRIDGE OUT"	466 RCL 11	519 -					
369 AVIEW	417 AVIFW	467 95	520 RND					
370 PSF	418 PSF	468 X=Y?	521 X=0?					
371 GTO 15	419 "M P 490 ON	469 GTO 50	522 GTO IND Y					
372*I BL 06	97"	470 RCL 11	522 818 MD 1					
373.4	420 AVIEW	471 89	524*LBL 50					
374 ST+ 06	421 PSF	472 X=Y?	525 40					
375 RDN	422*IBI 15	473 GTO 34	526 ENTER^					
376*I BL 29	423 "CLOSED "	474 35	527 130					
377 XEO 17	424 ARCL IND X	475 ENTER^	528 XEO 38					
378 "M P 465 ON	425 >" HR "	476 F2	529 41					
89"	426 AVIEW	477 XEO 38	530 ENTER^					
379 Δ\/IF\//	420 / WILW	478 36	531 285					
380 PSF	427 T 32	479 ENTER^	532 XFO 38					
381 GTO 15	429*I BI B	480 340	533 42					
382*I BI 17	430 RCI 12	480 340 481 XEO 38	534 ENTER^					
383 "ROCK SLIDE"	431 X#0?	482 37	535 430					
	432 GTO 58	482 57 483 ENITERA	536 XEO 38					
385 PSF	433 TONE 0	484 400	537 GTO 59					
386 RTN	434 "NOT	485 XEO 38	538*LBL 34					
387*I BI 07		485 XEQ 58	539 /3					
<u>387 LDL 07</u>		480 LDL <u>55</u>	539 43 540 ENTERA					
200 ST+ 07	435 AVILVV							
200*10/20	430 F3E		541 155 542 VEO 28					
	437 GTO 10 //28*1 BI 58	409 F3E 400 GTO 22	542 XEQ 38					
AT"	430 LDL 30 430 PCL 14	490 GTO 22 /01*1 BL 62	543 44 544 ENTEDA					
	439 KCL 14	491 LBL 05 402 V/> 12	544 ENTER"					
		492 ~~ 13	545 285 546 XEO 28					
204 "M D 165 ON		493 //> 14	540 XEQ 38					
07"			547 45 549 ENITEDA					
		495 KTN 495 KTN	548 ENTER"					
	445 FIR 444 STO 19	490 LBL 33	545 450 550 XEO 28					
	444 STO 18	497 09 409 STO 11	550 XEQ 58					
	445 111	498 310 11						
		499 140 E00 STO 14	552 ENTER"					
	447 GTO B	500 510 14 501 GTO 20	555 140 554 VEO 28					
	448 XEQ 00	501 010 35						
	449 KCL 18	502 °LDL 50						
401 LBL 08	450 ABS	503 89 E04 STO 11	550 ENTER 4					
402 4 402 ST+ 09	451 51- 17 452 BCL 16	504 310 11	557 290 EE8 VEO 28					
405 51+ 00 404 PDN	452 KCL 10	505 290 E06 STO 14	558 AEQ 58					
	453 510 13	500 STO 14						
405 LBL 31	454 RCL 12	507 GTO 39						
400 XEQ 17	455 RCL 18	508°LBL 37	501 455					
407 IVI.P. 405 UN		203 83 E10 CTO 11						
	457 51+ 14 459 DCL 19							
	420 KUL 18		<u>564*LBL 40</u>					
409 PSE	459 X <u!< td=""><td></td><td colspan="4">565 89 F66 STO 11</td></u!<>		565 89 F66 STO 11					
	400 LF 28	513 LBL 39	500 SIU 11					
411  LBL 09	401 X <u?< td=""><td>514.25</td><td colspan="5">56/ 135 568 STO 14</td></u?<>	514.25	56/ 135 568 STO 14					
412 4 412 CT - 00		515 51-17	568 STO 14					
413 51+09	463 XEQ IND 11	516 GIU 10	569 GIU 39					
414 RDN	464 FC? 28	<u>51/*LBL 38</u>	<u>570*LBL 41</u>					

Ángel M. Martin

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Retro Games for th	e HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others				
571 89	596 STO 11	621 X<0?	646 INT				
572 STO 11	597 430	622 >" OVER"	647 ARCL X				
573 285	598 STO 14	623 X>0?	648 >" <mark>SC</mark> ."				
574 STO 14	599 GTO 39	624 >" TO GO"	649 AVIEW				
575 GTO 39	<u>600*LBL 46</u>	625 AVIEW	650 STOP				
<u>576*LBL 42</u>	601 97	626 PSE	651 GTO 10				
577 89	602 STO 11	627 HMS	<u>652*LBL C</u>				
578 STO 11	603 E2	628 ABS	653 "STATUS:"				
579 450	604 STO 14	629 STO 16	654 AVIEW				
580 STO 14	605 GTO 39	630 INT	655 23.032				
581 GTO 39	<u>606*LBL 47</u>	631 CLA	656 ENTER^				
<u>582*LBL 43</u>	607 97	632 ARCL X	657 .01				
583 95	608 STO 11	633 >"HR."	<u>658*LBL 49</u>				
584 STO 11	609 340	634 RCL 16	659 FS? IND X				
585 130	610 STO 14	635 FRC	660 TONE IND X				
586 STO 14	611 GTO 39	636 E2	661 FS? IND X				
587 GTO 39	<u>612*LBL 48</u>	637 *	662 XEQ IND Y				
<u>588*LBL 44</u>	613 97	638 STO 16	663 ISG X				
589 95	614 STO 11	639 INT	664 ISG Y				
590 STO 11	615 400	640 ARCL X	665 GTO 49				
591 285	616 STO 14	641 >"MN."	666 GTO 10				
592 STO 14	617 GTO 39	642 RCL 16	667 END				
593 GTO 39	<u>618*LBL D</u>	643 FRC					
<u>594*LBL 45</u>	619 "TIME:"	644 E2					
595 95	620 RCL 17	645 *					

# Pilot (Flying)

# Whodunit – Swap Disks

Get what you can from the program listing, no documentation exists!

1	LBL "PILOTE"	44	P-R	87	<u>LBL 11</u>
2	LBL A	45	ST+ 03	88	ST+ 03
3	CF 21	46	"DIS.="	89	"DIS.="
4	FIX 00	47	ARCL 03	90	ARCL 03
5	CF 29	48	>" KM"	91	AVIEW
6	CLX	49	AVIEW	92	DSE 06
7	STO 03	50	PSE	93	GTO 11
8	STO 04	51	X<>Y	94	RTN
9	"2000KM"	52	E3	95	LBL 05
10	AVIEW	53	*	96	E
11	PSE	54	ST+ 04	97	RCL 01
12	"PILOTE AUTO."	55	"HAU.="	98	ABS
13	AVIEW	56	ARCL 04	99	X>Y?
14	PSE	57	>" M"	100	GTO 09
15	"HAUTEUR ?(M)"	58	AVIEW	101	RCL 03
16	PROMPT	59	RCL 04	102	2000
17	STO 05	60	RCL 05	103	-
18	"VIT. ?(KM/H)"	61	X<=Y?	104	ABS
19	PROMPT	62	XEQ 01	105	5
20	60	63	PSE	106	X<=Y?
21	/	64	RCL 04	107	GTO 10
22	STO 02	65	X<=0?	108	"POSE"
23	"DIST. ?(KM)"	66	GTO 05	109	AVIEW
24	PROMPT	67	DSE 00	110	PSE
25	RCL 02	68	GTO 00	111	"BRAVO"
26	/	69	RCL 03	112	PROMPT
27	10	70	2000	113	GTO A
28	/	71	X<=Y?	114	<u>LBL 09</u>
29	INT	72	GTO 12	115	"CRASH"
30	STO 06	73	GTO 03	116	PROMPT
31	<u>LBL 03</u>	74	<u>LBL 01</u>	117	GTO 09
32	"MIN<)"	75	RCL 03	118	<u>LBL 10</u>
33	PROMPT	76	2000	119	"AUX VACHES"
34	STO 01	77	X<=Y?	120	PROMPT
35	X<>Y	78	RTN	121	GTO 10
36	INT	79	RCL 05	122	LBL 12
37	STO 00	80	STO 04	123	"PLUS DE JUS,"
38	<u>LBL 00</u>	81	CLX	124	AVIEW
39	RCL 01	82	STO 01	125	PSE
40	RCL 02	83	STO 00	126	GTO 09
41	RCL 01	84	RCL 02	127	END
42	%	85	10		
43	-	86	*		

# The Eighth Passenger(HP-67)

By 'Archilog'.<u>https://www.hpmuseum.org/forum/thread-12909.html</u>

From some memories of a French friend about a game for the TI-58, I wrote an ALIEN program for the HP-67/97. The point here is that the keyboard, like for the 41 (with armed flag 22), can receive direct key inputs - I don't know if it is possible on a 42 to use the keyboard like a pad.

The goal is to escape (in a limited time) from the alien on a 8x8 square which represents the Nostromo whose walls are infected with toxic substances - yeah, the beast left its progeny behind, what did you expect? You have to reach point 0.0 (the airlock) to win the game before the vessel explodes.

What is amazing:

- you know the distance from/to the evil, but NOT WHERE it is located;
- The beast is always moving in YOUR direction.

You can find this game there: <u>http://www.silicium.org/forum/viewtopic....28#p519028</u> I shall post it here in the forum in a few weeks. Enjoy.

PS: oh yes, it's a big program; not sure you would accept to type it in every time you want to play on the 42, but it should be okay on the awesome Free42/DM42.

_____

This thread, as sticky as the saliva of the most repulsive monster in the universe, marks the return of....ALIEN, the eighth passenger! I don't know about you, but with me, it always has a little effect...

Because finally, we thought we had said everything about this abject creature, but a series of surprising clues rekindled the debate on his presence at the in this forum itself! what am I saying, in this forum? maybe even everything near you, in a drawer of your desk, in your pocket, on your bedside table!!!!!

Have you noticed that the handheld computer whose the programming has allowed this fateful regeneration is coloured from disturbing greenish shades to... his keys? How to explain this color while the entire HP calculator collection oscillates between austere and classic grey and black, and orange and blue yellows and blues more dashing? (You'll tell me, and the HP-27, huh, huh, and I'll answer you, yes, yes, yes, - I have arguments too - but the HP-27 ALSO is a creature of the alien! And tac!

But there is something more worrying: the initials H.P. themselves, which we believehave always been those of Mr. Hewlett and Mr. Packard, referring to the bonhomie of two good guys with reassuring boy scout reels Californians who have dedicated their lives to their business, their wives and their families, would in fact be those of the.... Eighth Passenger! On this point, Mr. Capelo is clear: "I'm positive."



Photograph of a Calculator taken right before User has been devoured by the Ugliest Monster of the Universe - Courtesy of Internet/=

Back to 2122, exactly 60 seconds before the final destruction of the Nostromo ship.... And if you don't believe me, here's the soundtrack.

You are the only survivor of the crew and have just triggered the self-destruct process of the Nostromo, fleeing the hideous xenomorphic that you hope to get rid of forever. To do this, you have an HP-67 that has undergone all required decontamination tests, and numeric keys on the keyboard to guide you in the maze of the ship. Remember: you can move from one place to another square in all directions of this 8x8 checkerboard, but cannot touch the alienated walls without a certain death... and of course, your predator in the unknown position is heading towards you without error: Alien you feel, Alien follows you, Alien is here! Find the exit (0.0) as soon as possible, thecountdown is on!

A game can be played alone or with several players, in a tournament. Here is a typical handle:-

[7][7][7]] : a number between 1 and 999 to place the actors according to the generation of the pseudo-random number; the most interesting parts take place with a seed towards the middle of the range.

[A] : starts the program;

4.4: display of your position;
4,243: distance from the ALIEN.
4.243_____59: distance from the ALIEN and time remaining before destruction of the Nostromo. The monster is obviously between you and the exit!

You can use the keyboard and its keys directly as a directional keypad to move you, without pressing anything else, thanks to a trick that 'badaze' allowed me to discover.

[7] [8] [9] [4] [5] [6] [1] [2] [3] [7] : you choose to move sideways (-1, +1);

- 3.5: your new position;
- 4,472: the distance between you and the filthy;
- (but the alien's response is not long in coming...)
- 3,606: the xenomorph has moved, and is rushing towards you!
- 3.606_____58: Displaying your time... what to do? Don't hang around here!

The Alien is always moving towards you following this angular pattern. The angles measured in grades are used to save a few bytes:



There is a solution, if not more... For my part, with this deal I got out of there in less than thirty seconds. The proof:



The original program was prodigiously shortened by the subtle pir2 routine that allows the detection of the key pressed in a record number of steps. The space freed up allows toinclude the countdown that will be modified in step 3, if necessary, for a maximum limit of 99 seconds.

The draw of the pseudo-random number has also been modified and has no longer been used, a lot of randomness! Inspired by a "jxano" algorithm, it allows challenges much more interesting, especially if.... your speed depends on the outcome of the game.

Of course, the HP-67 computer does not have an internal stopwatch, so it was simulated using the display of the exponents of 10 on the right of the screen; and no more than in fiction, the elapsed time is real. But the objective is achieved and you too will lose your socks!

/ .		
Angel	M.	Martin
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June	2019

	00	0	თ	ო	2	~	4		4	0			ы		ო	ო		н	0	н	!	—	—	_	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	-
	091 LBL	092 GSB	093 GTO	094 LBL	095 x<=	096 SF (	097 RCL	098 RTN	099 LBL	100 x>y	- 191	192 1/x	193 LBL	194 SCI	195 DSP	196 FS?	197 RTN	198 DSZ	199 GTO	200 RCL												
	081 7	082 GSB 4	083 STO-2	084 RCL 4	085 3	086 3	087 x>y?	088 GTO 8	089 1	090 STO-2	181 FRAC	182 8	183 *	184 INT	185 RTN	186 LBL 7	187 x<0?	188 SQR x	189 x#y?	190 RTN		entre autres										
	071 1	072 3	073 GSB 3	074 2	075 7	076 GSB 4	077 STO+2	078 RCL 4	0 0 0 0 0	080 GSB 3	171 PI	172 x^2	173 e^x	174 *	175 GSB 6	176 STO 1	177 RIN	178 LBL 6	179 8	180 /		tions J & A,	sition J	stance AJ	oir LBL 8)		3L 0)	3L 1)	igulaire	avier	er	
	061 STO-3	062 RCL 4	063 2	064 3	065 GSB 3	066 3	067 7	068 GSB 4	069 STO+3	070 RCL 4	161 *	162 GSB 6	163 STO 3	164 RCL 5	165 PI	166 e^x	167 *	168 GSB 6	169 STO 0	170 RCL 5		ctation posit	alisation po	ualisation di	économie (vo	placement A	omie (voir LH	omie (voir LH	ermination ar	cprétation cl	cfaçage clavi	
	051 +	052 1	053 0	054 /	055 STO 4	056 3	057 GSB 3	058 1	059 7	060 GSB 4	151 DSP 3	152 FIX	153 PAUSE	154 RTN	155 LBL 0	156 RCL 5	157 GSB 6	158 STO 2	159 RCL 5	160 PI		utine d'affe	utine de visu	utine de visu	: Routines d'	utines de dér	utine d'écond	utine d'écond	utine de déte	utine d'inter	utine d'inter	
	041 GTO 9	042 LBL 8	043 GSB 1	044 GSB 2	045 X<>Y	046 4	047 0	048 0	049 X<>Y	050 x<0?	141 LBL 2	142 RCL 3	143 RCL 1	144 -	145 RCL 2	146 RCL 0	147 -	148 ->P	149 <b>x</b> =0?	150 1/ <b>x</b>		LBL 0 : Rot	LBL 1 : ROU	LBL 2 : Rot	LBL 3 & 4	LBL 5 : Rot	LBL 6 : Rot	LBL 7 : Rou	LBL 8 : Rot	LBL 9 : Rou	LBL E : ROU	
	031 RND	032 1	033 -	034 STO+0	035 X<>Y	036 STO+1	037 GTO 8	038 LBL 9	039 DSP 0	040 5	131 1	132 0	133 /	134 +	135 PAUSE	136 x#0?	137 RIN	138 FIX	139 - x -	140 R/S		temps (s.)	- Ex	Yj –	Xa	Ya	angle	graine				
	021 3	022 /	023 ENTER	024 INT	025 1	026 -	027 X<>Y	028 FRAC	029 3	030 *	121 FIX	122 DSP 1	123 8	124 RCL 0	125 GSB 7	126 8	127 RCL 1	128 GSB 7	129 X<>Y	130 Rd		Reg. I :	Reg. 0 :	Reg. 1 :	Reg. 2 :	Reg. 3 :	Reg. 4 :	Reg. 5 :	_	_	_	
	011 CF 3	012 GSB E	013 1	014 -	015 x<0?	016 GTO 9	017 9	018 x<=y?	019 GTO 9	020 X<>Y	111 FS? 1	112 GTO 5	113 CF 0	114 RTN	115 LBL 5	116 CF 0	117 CF 1	118 1	119 RTN	120 LBL 1	211 GTO E											
	Code: 001 LBL A	002 STO 5	003 6	004 0	005 STO I	006 GRAD	007 GSB 0	008 GSB 1	009 GSB 2	010 LBL 9	101 SF 1	102 0	103 GSB 5	104 RTN	105 LBL 5	106 FS? 0	107 GTO 5	108 CF 1	109 RTN	110 LBL 5	201 1/x	202 LBL 0	203 RCL I	204 10^x	205 *	206 PAUSE	207 FS? 3	208 RIN	209 LAST x	210 /		
6:49	PM C	)5/	18																													

This program will probably benefit from some final modifications: it should be easy to homogenize the presentation of the distance for example. The following version at least has the merit to work.

User Instructions

# Galaxis Game.

By'Heimchr'.https://www.hpmuseum.org/forum/thread-6063-post-54168.html

This HP-41 program allows you to play this game.

The goal of the game is to find 4 space ships in as few attempts as possible. The game board is a grid of 9 columns by 7 rows, i.e. coordinates A1 through G9. If there is no ship on the coordinates you entered, you'll get as answer the number of ships visible from that location along the lines of the grid (horizontal, vertical, diagonal). You cannot look 'behind' a ship. For example, if the ships are on locations G1, F2, A5 and D7, and you shoot at D4, the answer will be 2 - not 3 because from D4 you can see the ship at F2 but not the ship behind it at G1, so only the ships at F2 and D7 are visible.

I wrote this program in the mid-80's when I first got my 41CV. Looking at it now, I see lots of opportunities to make it faster and shorter so maybe I'll post an update later.

To start, simply XEQ "GALAXIS". You'll be asked whether you want sound or not, and then you can start guessing. Enter coordinates as a letter between A and G followed by a number 1 through 9 (since you're in Alpha mode you'll need to use the shift key to enter the number). The number of ships visible from your entered coordinates will be shown through the indicators for flags 0 through 4. When you've hit all 4 ships, you'll see the number of tries it took you and you'll be asked if you want to play again.

A blank game grid is attached - you can print it to play the game.

Let me know if you have any questions/issues!

Requirements:

27 data registers 885 program bytes (127 registers)

HP-41C with 2 memory modules or quad-memory module and X-functions module, or HP-41CV with X-functions module; orHP-41CX

**Registers:** 

R00: seed for random number generator R01: work variable for counter 2.005 -> 5.005 R02: coordinates of ship 1 R03: coordinates of ship 2 R04: coordinates of ship 3 R05: coordinates of ship 4 R06: not used R07: Entered coordinates R08: Entered coordinates R09: Entered coordinates R10: ASCII value of entered X-coordinate R11: entered Y-coordinate R12: work variable used during check how many ships are visible

R13: work variable used during check how many ships are visible (coordinates of position currently being checked)

R14: work variable used during check how many ships are visible

R15: number of visible ships from entered coordinates

R16: number of ships already hit (during the game); Entered answer to the question "AGAIN? Y/N" (after the game)

R17: number of tries (during game); "Y" (after the game)

R18: not used

R19: work counter to determine if computer generated ship locations overlap

R20: work counter to determine if computer generated ship locations overlap

R21: 0 if ship 1 has not been hit, 1 if it has been hit

R22: 0 if ship 2 has not been hit, 1 if it has been hit

R23: 0 if ship 3 has not been hit, 1 if it has been hit

R24: 0 if ship 4 has not been hit, 1 if it has been hit

R25: work pointer to R21 through R24

R26: status of all flags 0-55 at start of game

Flags:

00: set if 0 ships visible from entered coordinates

01: set if 1 ship visible from entered coordinates

02: set if 2 ships visible from entered coordinates

03: set if 3 ships visible from entered coordinates

04: set if 4 ships visible from entered coordinates

26: turned on if playing with sound, off if playing without sound

29: turned off at the beginning of the game to suppress digit grouping





Ángel NA NAentin	D		lune a
10 ASTO Y	20 STO 23	30 X<>F	40 +
09 "N"	19 STO 22	29 CF 29	39 65
08 ASTO X	18 STO 21	28 FIX 0	38 INT
07 AOFF	17 0	27 STO 16	37 *
06 PROMPT	16 STO 00	26 .003	36 7
05 AON	15 ABS	25 STO 17	35 XEQ 00
04 "SOUND? Y/N"	14 RCL 00	24 STO 15	<u>34*LBL 01</u>
03 STO 26	13 CF 26	23 .9	33 STO 01
02 RCLFLAG	12 X=Y?	22*LBL 40	32 2.005
01*LBL "GALAXIS"	11 SF 26	21 STO 24	31 CLA

Retro Games for the HP-	41 User Ins	tructions	DataFile and Others			
41 XTOA		147 49	200 CLA			
41 XTOA 42 XEO 00		147 45 178 X25V	200 CLA			
42 XLQ 00 /3 8	95 A-1:	140 X <v?< td=""><td>201 ATOA 202 ARCI 12</td></v?<>	201 ATOA 202 ARCI 12			
45 8 AA *	97 156 01	140 GTO <b>/</b> 5	202 ANCE 12 203 ASTO 13			
44 45 INT	97 150 01 98 GTO 37	151 57	203 ASTO 13			
	90 GTO 37	151 57	204 LBL 00 205 PCL 12			
40 L 47 ±	100*1 BI 20	152 ANT: 152 GTO 45	205 RCL 15			
	100 LBL 33	153 010 45 154 ATOY	200 KCL IND 01			
	101 19 102 RCI 01	155 X#0?	207 A=1: 208 GTO 25			
50 CLA	102 NCL 01 103 +	156 GTO 15	208 610 25			
	103 T 104 STO 25	157 ISG 17	203 130 01			
52 GTO 01		158 (1 A	210 GTO 00			
52 GTO 43	105 KCL IND X 106 X\02		212*181.07			
53 010 45 54*1 BL 00	100 X20: 107 GTO 47	159 ANCE 08	212 LDL 07			
<u>54 LDL 00</u>	107 010 47 108*I BL 46	161 STO 10	213 KCL 10 214 STO 12			
56 RN#	100 E	162 ANUM	215*181.09			
57 STO 00	103 L 110 ST ₁ IND 25	162 STO 11	215 101 05			
	110 31+ IND 23	164 STO 12	210 2.005 217 STO 01			
	112 ISC 16	165*1 PL 25	217 510 01			
<u>59 LBL 45</u>	112 ISG 10 112 GTO 28	166 2 005	210 E 210 ST+ 12			
61 STO 10	113 010 38 114 GTO 24	167 STO 01	219 31+ 12 220 PCL 12			
62 STO 20	114 010 34 115*I BI <i>1</i> 5	107 310 01 168 E	220 RCL 12 221 72			
62*1 PL /1	115 LBL 45 116 TONE 0	160 ST- 12	22172			
03 LDL 41 64 PCL 10		109 31- 12 170 PCI 12	222 - 1			
65 1 001		170 RCL 12 171 0	223 GTO 10			
66 +		171 U 172 V-V2	224 RCL 12 225 CL A			
	119 PSE 120 GTO 02	1/2 = 1!	225 CLA 226 XTOA			
60/ 510 20 60*1 01 / 2		173 GTO 04	220 ATOA 227 ABCL 11			
60 PCL IND 10	121 LDL 47 122 TONE 0	174 KCL 10 175 CL A	227 ANCL 11 228 ASTO 12			
		175 CLA 176 VTO A	228 ASTO 15			
70 KCL IND 20			229°LBL 08			
71 - 1!		177 ARCL 12	230 RCL 13 221 PCL IND 01			
72 010 40	125 PSE 126 CTO 02	170 ASTO 15	231 RCL IND 01			
75 150 20		190 PCL 12	252 A-1!			
74 010 42	127 LDL 30		235 GTO 20			
75 150 19			234 130 01			
	129 TONE C	182 A=1 :	235 GTO 08			
		183 GTU 24	230 GTO 09			
		184 ISG UI	237 LBL 10			
79 GUESS!		185 GTO 05	238 RCL 10			
80.9 81.5TO.1E	133 PSE		239 510 12			
81 310 13	134 010 02	<u>187 LBL 04</u>	240°LBL 11			
	<u>135°LBL 33</u>	188 RUL 11	241 2.005			
		189 510 12	242 510 01			
	137 AKCL 08	<u>190°LBL 05</u>	243 E			
85 U 96 V o F	138 ATUX 120 CE	191 2.005	244 51-12			
80 X<>F	139 65 140 X 45 X	192 510 01	245 RCL 12			
87 ASTU U7	140 X<>Y	193 E				
88 ASTO 08	141 X <y?< td=""><td>194 51+ 12</td><td>247 X=Y?</td></y?<>	194 51+ 12	247 X=Y?			
99 92 005 99 92 10 09	142 GIU 45	195 KUL 12				
90 2.005	143 / 1	196 EI	249 KUL 12			
91 210 01	144 X <y?< td=""><td>197 X=Y?</td><td>250 CLA</td></y?<>	197 X=Y?	250 CLA			
<u>92*LBL 37</u>	145 GTO 45	198 GTO 0/	251 XIUA			
93 KCL 07	146 ATOX	199 RCL 10	252 ARCL 11			

Retro Games for the HP-4	1 User Insti	ructions	DataFile and Others
253 ASTO 13	303 STO 01	353*LBL 36	403*LBL 26
254 ASTO 13	304 E	354 RCL 13	404 ISG 15
255*LBL 30	305 ST+ 12	355 RCL IND 01	405 GTO 10
256 RCL 13	306 RCL 12	356 X=Y?	406*LBL 27
257 RCL IND 01	307 72	357 GTO 31	407 ISG 15
258 X=Y?	308 X=Y?	358 ISG 01	408 GTO 12
259 GTO 27	309 GTO 18	359 GTO 36	409*LBL 28
260 ISG 01	310 E	360 GTO 19	410 ISG 15
261 GTO 30	311 ST+ 14	361*LBL 20	411 GTO 15
262 GTO 11	312 RCL 14	362 RCL 10	412*LBL 29
263*I BI 12	313 F1	363 STO 12	413 ISG 15
264 BCL 10	314 X=Y?	364 RCI 11	414 GTO 18
265 STO 12	315 GTO 18	365 STO 14	415*I BL 31
266 BCL 11	316 RCL 12	366*LBL 21	416 ISG 15
267 STO 14	317 CI A	367 2 005	417 GTO 20
268*I BI 14		368 STO 01	418*I BI 32
269 2 005	319 ARCI 14	369 F	<u>410 LDL 32</u> 419 ISG 15
270 STO 01	320 ASTO 13	370 ST- 12	420 GTO 23
270 510 01 271 F	320 ASTO 13	371 BCI 12	420 GTO 25 421*I BL 34
271 L 272 ST- 12	322 EDE 17	372 64	<u>421 LDL 34</u> 422 REEP
272 31 12 273 BCI 12	322 RCL 15	372 V=V?	422 BEEN 423 "CONGRATS"
273 64	323 KCL IND 01	374 GTO 23	
274 04	324 A-1:	374 GTO 23	424 AVILVV
275 A-1: 276 GTO 15	325 010 25	276 ST+ 1/	425 F 5L 426 "IN "
270 610 15	227 GTO 17	277 PCI 1/	420 IN 427 PCI 17
277 L 278 ST_ 1 <i>4</i>	327 GTO 17	278 F1	427 NCL 17 429 INIT
278 31- 14 279 RCI 14	320 GTO 10	379 X=V?	420 MT
280.0	330 RCL 10	380 GTO 23	
281 8-82	331 STO 12	381 BCI 12	
282 GTO 15	332 BCI 11	382 (1 A	431 AVILVV
282 010 13	222 STO 1/	382 CLA 383 VTOA	
284 CLA	22//*I BI 10	387 ABCI 17	
285 XTOA	<u>335 2 005</u>	385 ASTO 13	434 AON A35 DROMDT
	226 STO 01	286*181.22	
280 ANCL 14 287 ASTO 12	227 F	287 PCI 12	430 AOTT 437 ASTO 16
207 ASTO 13	337 L 220 CT⊥ 12		437 ASTO 10
280 EDE 13	220 DCI 12	280 X-V2	430 T 430 ASTO 17
	2/0 72	385 X-1:	439 ASTO 17
290 102 110 01	34072 3/11 X-V2	391 ISG 01	440 RCL 10 441 RCL 17
292 GTO 28	342 GTO 20	392 GTO 22	441 NCL 17 442 X=V?
293 ISG 01	3/13 F	393 GTO 21	442 A-1: AA3 GTO
294 GTO 13	345 L 377 ST- 17	39/*181 23	
295 GTO 14	244 J1- 14	205 SE IND 15	
295 010 14	245 NCL 14	395 SF IND 13	
290 LBL 15 297 PCL 10	340 A-0:	207*1 81 24	445 STOLLAG
297 NOL 10 298 STO 12	348 RCI 12	398 ISG 15	AA7 " RVF"
299 RCI 11	340 ΠΔ	399 GTO 04	
300 STO 14	350 XTΩΔ	400*1 BL 25	
301*I BI 16	351 ARCI 14	401 ISG 15	
302 2.005	352 ASTO 13	402 GTO 07	

### **Space Invaders**

### Ramón Cererols -Boletín Pont-Reyes N.1;(October 1983)

This program simulates a "Space Invaders" game that have become so popular, within the possibilities of the HP-41 platform. At any rate it is an interactive program relatively fast, and with its own attractiveness. The CX module is required forthis version.

Program comments.

To play you need to start it using XEQ "ALIENS". The program greets you and uses the current time to produce a random seed that makes the game always different. This is followed with the message: "10 FOR 5", indicating that there are ten shots available to kill five invaders.



After a short pause the five invaders appear randomly spread between two starburst characters that demarcate the endings:

*	*	¥	챴	챴	8
USER					

The ten places between the starburst chars are represented by numbers 0 to9. When the invaders appear you have one PSE's worth time to shoot. This you accomplish by pressing a numeric key, without R/S (!), corresponding to the position occupied by an invader. Then three things may occur:

- a) if you hit it, one shot is used up and one fewer invader remain.
- b) if you miss, besides using one available shot a new invader is added to the string
- c) if you don't shoot within the allotted time you save the shot but the number of invaders is increased by two (!)



The process is repeated untilall invaders are destroyed, or until the number of invaders exceeds the available shots. Be prepared to shoot, you'll need quick reflexes or else these little buggers proliferate fast!

The program informs who's won and asks for a new game. If no more games are requested it presents the final score and greets you b'bye. Multiple TONE instructions are executed during the action, - so get psyched!

Note; Lines 28 and 36 end with a blank space – there aren't any synthetic instructions.

01*LBL "ALIENS"	46 XTOA	91 "AGAIN?"
02 "GET READY"	47 X<> L	92 AON
03 AVIEW	48 DSE Y	93 PROMPT
04 7	49 GTO 03	94 AOFF
05 PSIZE	50 R-D	95 ATOX
06 FIX 0	51 AROT	96 78
07 CF 29	52 FRC	97 X#Y?
08 -2	53 STO 00	98 GTO 00
09 STO 03	54 RCL 03	99 "SCORE: "
10 E1	55 XTOA	100 AVIEW
11 STO 04	56 XTOA	101 PSE
12.	57 SIGN	102 "ALIENS: "
13 STO 05	58 AROT	103 ARCL 05
14 STO 06	59 CHS	104 "`. YOU: "
15 TIME	60 ENTER^	105 ARCL 06
16 HR	61 CF 22	106 AVIEW
17 24	62 RASP	107 PSE
18 /	63 AVIEW	108 BEEP
19 STO 00	64 PSF	109 "SEE'YA"
20*LBL 00	65 PSE	110 PROMPT
21 5	66 CLAXON	111*I BL 07
22 STO 01	67 FC? 22	112 TONE 4
23 RCL 04	68 GTO 08	113 TONE 6
24 STO 02	69 +	114 DSF 01
25*LBL 01	70 AROT	115 GTO 04
26 CLA	71 CLX	116 "YOU WON"
27 ARCL 02	72 ATOX	117 AVIEW
28 "` FOR "	73 X=Y?	118 BFFP
29 ARCL 01	74 GTO 07	119 F
30 AVIEW	75 TONE 0	120 ST+ 06
31 CLA	76 TONE 0	121 GTO 06
32 RCL 04	77 SIGN	122*LBL 08
33 RCI 01	78 ST+ 01	123 TONE 9
34 -	79*I BL 04	124 TONE 9
35*I BL 02	80 DSE 02	125 BCL 03
36 "` "	81 GTO 09	126 ST- 01
37 DSF X	82*1 BL 05	127*I BL 09
38 GTO 02	83 "YOU LOST"	128 BCL 02
39 LASTX	84 AVIEW	129 RCL 01
40 BCL 00	85 TONE 1	130 X>Y?
41*I BL 03	86 TONE 1	131 GTO 05
42 B-D	87 TONE 0	132 GTO 01
43 AROT	88*181.06	133 FND
44 FRC	89 F	
45 SIGN	90 ST+ 05	
10 01011	5551.55	

#### **Star Raiders**

George Ruppert – PPCCJ V11N1 p14 ; (Jan/Feb 1981)

The enclosed game is similar to the Atari cassette Star Raiders. Just run and try it out. Some running information: when energy and number of Krylons are displayed, enter the number of the chosen Command or enter nothing.

Commands: #	#1 Gal	actic Map
-------------	--------	-----------

- #2: Hyper-Warp
- #3: Attack Computer
- #4: Shields
- #5: Photons

Today I do not have time to give you more details, but I am sure that you can find out everything yourself or contact me...

George Ruppert (10819) Fohrenburgsstrasse 8 A 6700 Bludenz Austria

01*LBL 99	25 ADV	46 "SE."	68 "5. PHOTONS"
02 RNG	26 ADV	47 ACA	69 PRA
03 STO 07	27 "YOUR	48 PRBUF	70 ADV
04 RTN	MISSION"	49 ADV	71 ADV
05*LBL "STAR"	28 ACA	50 ADV	72 XEQ 99
06 FIX 1	29 " IS TO"	51 "AVAILABLE "	73 4
07 SF 01	30 ACA	52 ACA	74 *
08 SF 04	316	53 "COMMANDS	75 INT
09 CF 00	32 SKPCHR	:"	76 STO 00
10 CF 02	33 "DESTROY THE	54 ACA	77 XEQ 99
11 CF 03		55 PRBUF	78 4
12 CF 05	34 ACA	56 ADV	79 *
13 CF 06	35 "KRYLON	57 "1. GALACTIC	80 INT
14 CF 07	WAR="	MAP"	81 E1
15 RCL 07	36 ACA	58 PRA	82 /
16 CLRG	37 PRBUF	59 <mark>"2</mark> .	83 ST+ 00
17 X=0?	38 "SHIPS THAT A"	HYPERWARP"	84 RCL 00
18 PI	39 ACA	60 PRA	85 STO 05
19 STO 07	40 "RE HEADED"	61 "3. ATTACK"	86 400
20 ADV	41 ACA	62 ACA	87 STO 02
21 ADV	42 3	63 " COMPUTER"	88 E1
22 SF 12	43 SKPCHR	64 ACA	89 STO 03
23 "STAR	44 "FOR YOUR	65 PRBUF	90 STO 04
RAIDERS"	STARBA"	66 "4. SHIELDS"	91*LBL 00
24 CF 12	45 ACA	67 PRA	92 XEQ 99

Retro Games for the H	IP-41 User Ins	structions	DataFile and Others
93 4	146 X#0?	199 E1	251 ADV
94 *	147 GTO 21	200 STO 04	252 CF 00
95 INT	148 XEQ 07	201 GTO 19	253 RCL 06
96 STO 06	149 PI	202*LBL 01	254 RCL 00
97 XEQ 99	150 CHS	203 ADV	255 X=Y?
98 4	151 STO 05	204 "GALACTIC	256 XEQ 06
99 *	152*LBL 19	MAP"	257 RCL 05
100 INT	153 1.5	205 PRA	258 X=Y?
101 E1	154 FS? 03	206 ADV	259 XEQ 07
102 /	155 ST- 02	207 "STARBASE :"	260 RTN
103 ST+ 06	156 ST- 02	208 ARCL 05	261*LBL 03
104 RCI 06	157 3	209 PRA	262 FC?C 03
105 RCL 05	158 FS? 02	210 "FIGHTER ·"	263 SE 03
105 KCL 05	159 ST- 02	210 HOHEN	263 ST 05
100 A-1:	160 GTO 15	211 ANCL 00	
			200 ACA
		213 KKILUNS:	200 51 03
109*LBL 15	162 RCL 00	214 ARCL 06	267 UN
110 CLD	163 RCL 06	215 PRA	268 FC? 03
111 RCL 02	164 X#Y?	216 ADV	269 "OFF"
112 X<0?	165 RTN	217 RTN	270 ACA
113 GTO 14	166 XEQ 99	218*LBL 02	271 PRBUF
114 RCL 03	167.7	219 ADV	272 ADV
115 X=0?	168 X>Y?	220 "HYPERWARP"	273 RTN
116 GTO 16	169 RTN	221 PRA	274*LBL 04
117 "E"	170 SF 07	222 ADV	275 FS? 02
118 ARCL 02	171 TONE 8	223 "WHERE TO?"	276 RTN
119 "`::K"	172 TONE 5	224 PROMPT	277 SF 02
120 ARCL 03	173 CF 21	225 3.3	278 F1
121 CF 21	174 "*·ATTACK·*"	226 X <y?< td=""><td>279 STO 01</td></y?<>	279 STO 01
122 CI 21	175 AV/IFW/	220 A 41	280 "SHIFLDS O K "
	176 55 21	227 1110	280 SHIELDS O.K.
		220 KDN	
124 JF ZI	177 KIN 170*i Di 20	229 X<> 00	
125 17	178°LBL 20	230 CHS	283 RTN
126 PSE	179 DSE 04	231 RCL 00	284*LBL 05
127 XEQ IND X	180 GTO 19	232 +	285 FC? 07
128*LBL 17	181 SIGN	233 ABS	286 RTN
129 FC? 07	182 FS? 00	234 INT	287 "PHOTONS"
130 XEQ 18	183 ST+ 00	235 LASTX	288 PRA
131 RCL 05	184 ST+ 06	236 FRC	289*LBL 08
132 X<0?	185 XEQ 01	237 E1	290 E1
133 GTO 19	186 E1	238 *	291 "HOW
134 RCL 05	187 STO 04	239 +	MANY?"
135 INT	188 GTO 19	240 20	292 PROMPT
136 RCL 06	189*LBL 21	241 *	293 X<=0?
137 INT	190 DSF 04	242 RCI 02	294 GTO 08
138 -	191 GTO 19	2 12 1.02 02 243 X <v?< td=""><td>295 850 00</td></v?<>	295 850 00
120 V#02		2-3 ANT: 244 DTNI	200 00 00
	102 51		
140 GTU 20	193 EL 104 /	245 -	29/ 210 08
141 KUL U5	194 /		298 210 [
142 FRC	195 FS? 00	24/ STO 02	299 E
143 RCL 06	196 ST+ 00	248 "FIGHTER :"	300*LBL 09
144 FRC	197 ST+ 06	249 ARCL 00	301 E

Retro Games for the HP-41		structions	DataFile and Others
303 -	335 *	366 PRA	398 "DESTROYED"
304 *	336 INT	367 ADV	399 ACA
305 TONE 9	337 ST- 01	368 ADV	400 PRBUF
306 TONE 9	338 E1	369 TONE 8	401 CF 12
307 DSE [	339 *	370 TONE 5	402 ADV
308 GTO 09	340 ST- 02	371 TONE 8	403 ADV
309 E	341 RCL 01	372 TONE 5	404 ADV
310 -	342 X<0?	373 TONE 8	405 ADV
311 CHS	343 GTO 14	374 TONE 5	406 ADV
312 FC? 03	344 DSE X	375 CF 12	407 STOP
313 GTO 10	345 ""	376 RTN	408*LBL 16
314 .1	346 X>0?	377*LBL 07	409 BEEP
315 +	347 RTN	378 BEEP	410 SF 12
316*LBL 10	348 "SHIELDS	379 SF 01	411 ADV
317 "KRYLON "	LOW"	380 CF 02	412 FMT
318 .8	349 CF 21	381 XEQ 04	413 "SUPER"
319 X <y?< td=""><td>350 TONE 2</td><td>382 CF 03</td><td>414 ACA</td></y?<>	350 TONE 2	382 CF 03	414 ACA
320 GTO 12	351 AVIEW	383 XEQ 03	415 PRBUF
321 "`MISSED"	352 SF 21	384 SF 04	416 FMT
322 GTO 13	353 RTN	385 400	417 "YOU WON"
323*LBL 12	354*LBL 06	386 STO 02	418 ACA
324 "`DESTROYED"	355 SF 00	387 BEEP	419 PRBUF
325 CF 07	356 ADV	388 RTN	420 CF 10
326 DSE 03	357 ADV	389*LBL 14	421 ADV
327 ""	358 SF 12	390 BEEP	422 ADV
328*LBL 13	359 "RED ALERT"	391 SF 12	423 ADV
329 PRA	360 TONE 8	392 ADV	424 ADV
330 ADV	361 TONE 5	393 FMT	425 ADV
331 FC? 02	362 TONE 8	394 "JUST"	426 STOP
332 GTO 14	363 TONE 5	395 ACA	427 END
333 XEQ 99	364 TONE 8	396 PRBUF	
334 RCL 08	365 TONE 5	397 FMT	

### **Space Wars Interactive**

#### Roger M. Stenerson – UPL #00655C

This program was written to take advantage of something that I discovered the HP-41C could do. What I discovered was that it is possible to make the display scroll rapidly from left to right by using code similar to the following:

This will cause whatever is in the ALPHA register to scroll from left to right. The speed of the scrolling being determined by the number of instructions between lines 6 and 7. After I had figured out how to use this feature I wrote this program.

As the captain of a spacecraft, your mission is to destroy as many of the enemy as possible. There are three types of enemy spacecraft freighters battleships and fighters. Each time you destroy one of the enemy spacecraft you score a certain number of points based on the type of the craft you destroyed. They are denoted by and worth the following:

*" - fighter. worth 20 p01nts
**" - battleship. worth 10 points
***" - Freighter, worth 5 points

Your spacecraft can still function after two hits. On the third hit the spacecraft is estroyed and the game is over. The calculator will then display your score.

However it is possible to repair your spacecraft after the first or second hits. Periodically, a star base will appear denoted by "888". To dock with it you go through the same procedure that you do when shooting down the enemy; however instead of entering a "3" you enter a "2". If you are successful your ship will be repaired and as good as new. If on the other hand you are unsuccessful nothing happens and the game continues.

Destroying the base is not recommended, and results in your being relieved of your duties. It also ends the game. Equally bad is attempting to dock with the enemy. As you must turn off your defense fields to dock, you are defenseless, and the enemy can easily destroy your spacecraft which ends the game.

Of course the object of the game is to get as many points as possible. The calculator will also keen track of the highest score since the program was loaded. (high score stored in REG 02). During the game, fighters will come up 25% of the time, Battleships and freighters 35% and star bases 5%. Good luck!

Sample display

Warning: It is very easy to spend much time playing this game. **Example:** 

Due to the randomness of the user pushing the R/S key, it is impossible to give an example that can be duplicated. However, I will show parts of a sample run.

Input	Function	Display	<u>Comments</u>
	XEQ"SPACE"	READY?"	Begin playing
	R/S	``**″ -→	Spacecraft moving across the LCD
	R/S	0	Stop calculator
3	R/S	"YOU HAVE BEEN HIT"	missed him
		"∗" -→	spacecraft moving
	R/S	0	stop calculator
3	R/S	"YOU SCORE A KILL"	got him!
		···***″ -→	spacecraft moving
-	R/S	0	stop calculator
3	R/S	"YOU HAVE BEEN HII"	missed again
		"888″ -→	star base moving
2	R/S		stop calculator
2	R/S	"DOCKING COMPLETE"	SUCCESSTUL DOCKING
		SHIP IS REPAIRED	
`		``*″ -→	spacecraft moving
	R/S	0	ston calculator
2	R/S	ΥΟΗ ΗΔΛΈ ΒΕΕΝ ΗΙΤ.	
2	140	"SHIP DESTROYED"	
		"YOUR SCORE IS 50"	
		"HIGH SCORE IS 50"	
		"AGAIN?"	

01*LBL "SPACE"	21 XEQ 10	41 GTO 00
02,	22 5	42*LBL 02
03 STO 02	23 -	43 7
04 "SEED=?"	24 X>0?	44 -
05 PROMPT	25 GTO 02	45 X>0?
06 STO 04	26 .01	46 GTO 02
07*LBL 05	27 STO 00	47 .009
08 FIX 0	28 *	48 STO 00
09 3	29 XEQ 14	49 "**"
10 STO 03	30 7	50 XEQ 14
11 CF 06	31 X=Y?	516
12 SF 02	32 GTO 12	52 X=Y?
13 0	33 8	53 GTO 06
14 STO 01	34 GTO 03	54 RDN
15 "READY?"	35*LBL 12	55 7
16 PROMPT	36 XEQ 11	56 X=Y?
17 CLA	37 TONE 9	57 GTO 06
18 AVIEW	38 AVIEW	58 6
19*LBL 00	39 20	59 GTO 03
20 20	40 ST+ 01	60*LBL 06

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
	112 1412	
	113 A#1: 114 CTO 02	165 LBL 04
64 10		
64 10 65 ST+ 01		160*LDL 01
65 51+ 01 66 GTO 00		109 LBL 01 170 CE 22
		170 CF 22 171 SE 25
69 7	120 ES2C 06	171 3F 23 172 0
60 -	120 T 3 C 00	
70 X>02	121 AVILVV	177 I N
70 X-0	122 J 123 STO 03	
72 008	123 STO 05	176 ES2 22
72.008 73 STO 00	125*181.02	17013: 22 177 DTN
73 310 00		178 ISC 00
74 75 XEO 14		178 130 00
75 76 5		
703 77 V-V2		
77 AN-11		101 LBL 03
78 010 13		102 10 192 VEO 10
79 4 80 GTO 02		103 AEQ 10 194 VSV2
		184 AZT:
		185 610 00
	126*101 10	
04 A21 : 95 CTO 12		
85 GTO 13	137 RCL 04	109 TONE 3
87 GTO 02	120 *	
87 GTO 05 98*1 PL 12	1/0 211227	102 DSE 02
88 LBL 13 89 YEO 11	140.211327	192 D3E 03
		193 GTO 00
	142 FRC	
91 AVIL W	143 310 04	
03 ST+ 01	145 RTN	
94 GTO 00	1/6*I BI 11	198 REED
95*1 BL 02		199*181.08
96 008	147 100 SCORED A	
97 STO 00	149 RTN	
98 "888"	150*I BL 14	201 ABCL 01
99 XFO 01	151 XEO 01	202 ANCE 01 203 AV/FW/
	152 CLA	203 / WIE W
	153 AV/IFW/	205 BCL 02
102 RCL 00	154.2	205 RCL 01
102 INT	155 X#V?	200 102 01
104 5	156 GTO 04	207 X21
105 X>V?	157 "YOLL ATTEMPTED "	200 "HIGH SCORE IS "
106 GTO 00	158 "`TO DOCK"	
107 RDN	159 AV/IFW/	210 ANCE 02 211 AV/IF/M
108 7	160 PSF	212 / COLEV
109 X <y?< td=""><td>161 "WITH THE ENEMY"</td><td>212 1 3L 213 "AGAIN?"</td></y?<>	161 "WITH THE ENEMY"	212 1 3L 213 "AGAIN?"
110 GTO 00	162 AVIEW/	214 PROMPT
111 BCL 7	163 PSF	215 GTO 05
112 2	164 GTO 07	216 FND
	20.0.00	

## FOURS, Virtually Connected

David Kipling -DataFile V2N4 p5 ; (Sep/Oct 1983)

Anyone who has ever tried to play chess without a board solely by calling out the moves will realize the difficulty of it; chaos easilyensues if you lose your place, and without a referee keeping track arguments can surround a supposedly winning position.

With this in mind I devised a new 'virtual' game, based on a 'real' game where players drop colored counters into a 6*6 matrix with the intention of connecting an, four of their counters vertically, horizontally, or diagonally.

To play this 'virtual' version ('virtual' because there is no equipment and the players must remember the position in their heads) I labeled each of the columns with the letters A through F. Each player takes it in turn to callout a letter corresponding to the column that he is dropping his imaginary 'counter' into. This continues until one player thinks that he has won, or until the matrix is full (a draw). I quickly decided that my 41C would be an ideal referee to judge who had won; this was the birth of "FOURS".

To start play, XEQ 'FOURS'; the prompt "X?" appears. One player is assigned crosses, theother noughts. The 'X' player now presses the key with the blue letter that corresponds to the column he wants his counter dropping into (A, B,C, D, E, or F). The prompt "07" now appears and the other player goes thru' the same routine. "X?" reappears and the cycle continues.

If a player thinks that he has won, the [TAN] key is pressed at a "X?" or "0?" prompt and the game stops. This shows the contents of column A; e.g. X000X (the left-hand side corresponds to the bottom of the column). By pressing R/S repeatedly, column B thru 'F' are shown in sequence.

Example:

Key	Display	<u>Column</u>
TAN	XØØØX	Α
R/S	X X 🛛	В
R/S	2 2 X	С
R/S	X X 🛛 X	D
R/S	XZZ	Е
R/S	🛛 X	F

This would be seen as the following set-up;

I					
ø			X		
ø	ø	X	ø	ø	
ø	I	ø	X	ø	X
X	I	ø	X	X	ø
A	B	σ	D	E	F

In this example, crosses have got a line.

My rules are that if the player who called victory vas correct, even if the other playerhas a line as well, he wins; the other player should have noticed his line. If he was wrong, however, he automatically loses, even if the other player hasn't got a line either. It is a source of great amusement if your opponent wins, although you've had a line for the last 9 moves but didn't realize it!
After a game, press the [SIN] key to clear the state and start another game. Oh yes, and if you try to put a counter into a full column (6 counters), the program will pass over the entry and you'll have wasted a go. The game always starts with a "X?" prompt so we usually swap symbols each time.

Notes.

Columns A thru F correspond to REG's R00 thru R05. Flag 27 is set (USER on) to enable use of local labels; flag 00 is also used. "FOURS" wil run on any HP-41 system with SIZE>0 006; no synthetics are used.

Anyway, have fun; I think you'll find this game a bit more taxing than the usual battleship or pontoon games for the 41C! My next job is (hopefully) to make a routine to scan the columns upon executing LBL J and to see if there are any connected counters. If I have any success I'll let you know in a future issue. If anyone has any ideas for this routine, or if anyone has devised any other "virtual" games for the 41C I'd be delighted to hear from them.

01*LBL "FOURS"	26 ARCL 01	51 XEQ 03
02*LBL H	27 XEQ 03	52 ASTO 05
03 SF 27	28 ASTO 01	53 GTO 02
04 CF 00	29 GTO 02	54*LBL 03
05 CLA	30*LBL C	55 FS? 00
06 ASTO 00	31 CLA	56 GTO 00
07 ASTO 01	32 ARCL 02	57 "`X"
08 ASTO 02	33 XEQ 03	58 SF 00
09 ASTO 03	34 ASTO 02	59 RTN
10 ASTO 04	35 GTO 02	60*LBL 00
11 ASTO 05	36*LBL D	61 "`0"
12*LBL 02	37 CLA	62 CF 00
13 "0?"	38 ARCL 03	63 RTN
14 FC? 00	39 XEQ 03	64*LBL J
15 "X?"	40 ASTO 03	65,
16 AVIEW	41 GTO 02	66*LBL 01
17 RTN	42*LBL E	67 RCL IND X
18*LBL A	43 CLA	68 STOP
19 CLA	44 ARCL 04	69 RDN
20 ARCL 00	45 XEQ 03	70 1
21 XEQ 03	46 ASTO 04	71 +
22 ASTO 00	47 GTO 02	72 GTO 01
23 GTO 02	48*LBL F	73 END
24*LBL B	49 CLA	
25 CLA	50 ARCL 05	

# Flip-Flop for the HP-41C/CV/CX

This program is Copyright © HP and is used here by permission. It was originally printed in the Games Solution Book. This program was entered and uploaded by <u>Tony Duell</u>. The documentation was entered by Dave Hicks. The Barcode for this program was provided by <u>Brian Ward</u>.

This program is supplied without representation or warranty of any kind. Tony Duell, Hewlett Packard and The Museum of HP Calculators therefore assume no responsibility and shall have no liability, consequential or otherwise, of any kind arising from the use of this program material or any part thereof.

### Overview

Flip-Flop challenges you to change a string of 8 zeroes and 1 one (.000010000) to 1 zero and 8 ones (,111101111). Only positions containing ones can be specified for flipping. Flipping a one to a zero will automatically flip adjacent zeroes to ones and ones to zeroes. Flipping a one in either end position will flip the opposite end as well as the adjacent position.

Positions are: previous move, 123456789. Note that the position to the left of the comma always shows the last move unless the last move tried to flip a zero, at which time it will show zero.

### Instructions

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize		[XEQ] FLIP	0,000010000
3	Key in position to flip.	X		(x),( )
	Repeat step 3 until successful.			

## Example

Keyst [XEQ] [ <i>I</i>	rokes: ALPHA]	SIZE	Display:
[ALPHA]	013		
[XEQ]			
[ALPHA]	FLIP	[ALPHA]	0,000010000
5			5,000101000
6			6,000110100
5			5,000001100
•			•
•			•
•			•

01 LBL "FLIP"	36 ST	- 00	71	ST- 00
02 CF 28	37 9		72	RCL 09
03 FIX 09	38 RC	L 12	73	CHS
04 CLRG	39 X=	Y?	74	STO 09
05 9	40 GT	0 09	75	ST- 00
06 STO 12	41 1		76	GTO 01
07 LBL 00	42 X=	Y?	77	LBL 05
08 10	43 GT	O 04	78	CF 22
09 RCL 12	44 IS	G 12	79	VIEW X
10 CHS	45 LB	L 10	80	LBL 06
11 Y^X	46 RC	L IND 12	81	PSE
12 STO IND 12	47 CH	S	82	FS?C 22
13 DSE 12	48 ST	O IND 12	83	RTN
14 GTO 00	49 ST	- 00	84	GTO 06
15 RCL 05	50 DS	E 12	85	LBL 07
16 STO 00	51 DS	E 12	86	RCL IND 12
17 CHS	52 RC	L IND 12	87	X<0?
18 STO 05	53 CH	S	88	RTN
19 LBL 01	54 ST	O IND 12	89	RCL 00
20 RCL 00	55 ST	- 00	90	VIEW X
21 .111101111	56 GT	0 01	91	XEQ 06
22 X<>Y	57 LB	L 09	92	GTO 03
23 X=Y?	58 RC	L 01	93	LBL 02
24 GTO 02	59 CH	S	94	RCL 10
25 RCL 10	60 ST	0 01	95	+
26 +	61 ST	- 00	96	VIEW X
27 XEQ 05	62 RC	L 08	97	PSE
28 LBL 03	63 CH	S	98	CLA
29 STO 12	64 ST	0 08	99	FIX 00
30 STO 10	65 ST	- 00	100	CF 29
31 XEQ 07	66 GT	0 01	101	SF 28
32 ISG 11	67 LB	L 04	102	ARCL 11
33 LBL 10	68 RC	L 02	103	"H FLIPS"
34 CHS	69 CH	S	104	AVIEW
35 STO IND 12	70 ST	0 02	105	END

## **Maze Construction & Play**

Layne K. Johnson - UPL #00663C

The program makes a path through the maze. Path construction is governed by two things: One, it can't double black upon itself, and Two, the path can't exit through the bottom. Each square is represented by a number o - 5, and each number has its own meaning:

- 0 -> depends on difficulty
- 1 -> ]
- 2 ->∐
- 3 -> C
- 4 -> / 1
- 5  $\rightarrow$  out of bounds.

The second half of the program allows the user to play the maze by interpreting the numbers. The program ANDs the four square's walls that surround you with the walls in your square.

[3 For example: 1] 2] 4 -> produces: | | 2]

If you exceed the boundaries of the maze you'll be in a square with four walls. Go back through the wall you just went thru.

#### **User Instructions:**

- 1. Enter the program, set status.
- 2. Input seed ( 0<x<1 )

The program will now generate the maze. Flag 1 indicator will come on as the program generates the path. Flag 2 will come on the programs completes the maze. When the maze is done the calculator will Beep and turn itsell off.

- 3. Turn calculator ON, ser USER mode
- 4. Start the program XEQ "MAZE", then pressing [A]
- Select difficulty level, 0 3, where zero is the easiest and 3 the hardest. The calculator will show your current position as a string of 4 symbols denoting the Left, Top, Right, Bottom walls, represented as follows:

```
    □ -> opening ,
    ☑ -> wall
```

6. Input the direction you wich to go, as follows:

[B] -> Left		[(	]
[C] -> Up	←	[B]	[D]→
[D] -> Right		[E	Ξ]
[E] -> Down			

7. Repeat step 6until you exit the maze. Exit condition will be shown by "OUT"

#### Example:

Using the seed 0.2912576789, start the program: XEQ "MAZE".

Wait for the calculator to cinstruct the maze. On completion it'll swithch itself off. Turn the calculator ON, swith USER on and press [A]

See	Where am I?	Press	Action
DIFFIEULIY7	choose 1	1, R/S	
0000 - 5	entrance square	[C], R/S	move up
0000 - 15	next square up	[B], R/S	move left
0000 - 14	next square left	[C], R/S	move up
0000 - 24	next square up	[D], R/S	move right
0000 - 25	etc.	[D], R/S	move right again
0000 - 26		[E], R/S	move down
0000 - 15		[E], R/S	down again
0000 - 6		[D], R/S	move right
0000 - 7		[D], R/S	right again
0000 - 8		[D], R/S	and again
0000 - 9	check exit on right	[C], R/S	move up
0000 - (9		[C], R/S	and up again
0000 - 29	oops, dead end!	[E], R/S	move down
0000 - 19	back out	continue till	exit square is found
0000 -• ××	last three moves	[B], R/S	move left
0000 - ××		[B]	and left again
YOU'RE OUT	the exit!		

The sketches following below represent two other instances of mazes generated by the program, and the path used to exit them (it's much easier when you have the overview picture, isn't it?

Note that the starting square is always #5, and that some parts of the maze may not be practicable (i.e. can't be accessible) depending on the random structure derived form your inpurt values.



Seed = 0,8529637419 ; Difficulty = 3



Seed = 0,0356819427 ; Difficulty = 0

01*LBL "MAZES"	50 X#Y?	99 2	148 ST+ IND 25
02 SIZE?	51 GTO 00	100 X=Y?	149*LBL 00
03 26	52 RCL 25	101 ISG 25	150 RCL 21
04 X>Y?	53 19	102 RDN	151 10^X
05 PSIZE	54 X=Y?	103 3	152 RCL 21
06 RCL Z	55 GTO 14	104 X#Y?	153 ST* 20
07*LBL H	56*LBL 00	105 GTO 00	154 RDN
08 CLRG	57 XEQ 19	106 RCL 21	155 RCL 20
09 STO 24	58 ST+ IND 25	107 ST/ 23	156 X#Y?
10 -5	59 RCL 20	108 RTN	157 GTO 13
11 10^X	60 XEQ 17	109*LBL 00	158 ISG 25
12 STO 23	61 RCL IND 25	110 RDN	159 GTO 20
13 10	62 RCL 23	111 4	160 CF 02
14 STO 21	63 /	112 X=Y?	161 CLST
15 STO 25	64 INT	113 DSE 25	162 GTO A
16 SF 01	65 RCL 21	114 RTN	163*LBL 16
17*LBL 12	66 /	115*LBL 14	164 4.789
18 E	67 FRC	116 XEQ 19	165*LBL 18
193	68 X=0?	117 ST+ IND 25	166 RCL 24
20 RCL 25	69 GTO 00	118 RCL 25	167 9821
21 10	70 2	119 RCL 21	168 *
22 -	71 RCL 20	120 *	169.211327
 23 X#0?	72 X>Y?	121 RCL 23	170 +
24 RDN	73 CHS	122106	171 FRC
25 +	74 +	123 CHS	172 STO 24
26 XEO 18	75 ABS	124 F	173 *
27 E	76 XEO 17	125 -	174 INT
28 +	77 XEO 19	126 +	175 RTN
29 STO 20	78 ST- IND 25	127 STO 22	176*LBL 19
30.3	79 E	128 10.019	177 RCL 20
31 X#Y?	80 ST+ 22	129 STO 25	178 RCL 23
32 GTO 00	81 RCL 22	130 CF 01	179 *
33 RCL 23	82 5	131 SF 02	180 RTN
34 -9	83 X>Y?	132*LBL 20	181*LBL A
35 10^X	84 GTO 12	133 RCL 21	182 .0111
36 X=Y?	85 RCL 24	134*LBL 13	183 STO 01
37 GTO 14	86 GTO H	135 STO 20	184 XEO 03
38*LBL 00	87*LBL 00	136 RCL IND 25	185 STO 04
39 RCL 20	88 STO 22	137 RCL 20	186 XEQ 03
40 E	89 GTO 12	138 *	187 STO 03
41 X#Y?	90*LBL 17	139 INT	188 XEQ 03
42 GTO 00	91 E	140 RCL 21	189 STO 02
43 RCL 23	92 X#Y?	141 /	190.2222
44.1	93 GTO 00	142 FRC	191 STO 05
45 X=Y?	94 RCL 21	143 X#0?	192 "DIFFICULTY?"
46 GTO 14	95 ST* 23	144 GTO 00	193 PROMPT
47*LBL 00	96 RTN	145 XEO 16	194 3
48 RCL 20	97*LBL 00	146 RCL 20	195 X>Y?
49 2	98 RDN	147 /	196 X<>Y
		,	

197 STO 07       239 *       281 99       323 FRC         198 4       240 INT       282 -       324 RCL 21         199 +       241 E3       283 RCL 06       325 *         200 XEQ IND X       242 /       284 +       326 9         201 104       243 ST+ 06       285 >"-"       327 X=Y?         202 STO 09       244 RCL 21       286 AIP       328 GTO 00         203 GTO 10       245 CHS       287 PROMPT       329 RDN         204*LBL 03       246 XEQ 01 <b>288*LBL B</b> (Left)       330 10^X         205 RCL 21       247 E2       289 E       331 RCL IND 25         206 *       248 *       290 ST- 09       332 *         207 FRC       249 INT       291 GTO 10       333 FRC         208 LASTX       250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)       334 RCL 21         209 INT       251 /       293 RCL 21       335 *         210 4       252 FRC       294 ST+ 09       336 INT         211 10^X       253 E3       295 GTO 10       337 STO 25         212 /       254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)       338 RCL IND 25         213 +       255 ST+ 06       297 E       339 RTN         214 RTN       256 5       298 S
197 STO 07239 *281 99323 FRC198 4240 INT282 -324 RCL 21199 +241 E3283 RCL 06325 *200 XEQ IND X242 /284 +326 9201 104243 ST+ 06285>"-"327 X=Y?202 STO 09244 RCL 21286 AIP328 GTO 00203 GTO 10245 CHS287 PROMPT329 RDN204*LBL 03246 XEQ 01 <b>288*LBL B</b> (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 "" <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
198 4240 INT282 -324 RCL 21199 +241 E3283 RCL 06325 *200 XEQ IND X242 /284 +326 9201 104243 ST+ 06285 >"-"327 X=Y?202 STO 09244 RCL 21286 AIP328 GTO 00203 GTO 10245 CHS287 PROMPT329 RDN204 *LBL 03246 XEQ 01 <b>288 *LBL B</b> (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST- 09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292 *LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>297 E</b> 339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 "" <b>300 *LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
199 +241 E3283 RCL 06325 *200 XEQ IND X242 /284 +326 9201 104243 ST+ 06285>"-"327 X=Y?202 STO 09244 RCL 21286 AIP328 GTO 00203 GTO 10245 CHS287 PROMPT329 RDN204*LBL 03246 XEQ 01 <b>288*LBL B</b> (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E311 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST- 0932 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21250 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0288 " <b>200*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
200 XEQ IND X242 /284 +326 9201 104243 ST+ 06285>"-"327 X=Y?202 STO 09244 RCL 21286 AIP328 GTO 00203 GTO 10245 CHS287 PROMPT329 RDN204*LBL 03246 XEQ 01 <b>288*LBL B</b> (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST- 09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +256 5T+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0288 "" <b>300 CNELBE E</b> (Down)342 RTN
201 104243 ST+ 06285>"-"327 X=Y?202 STO 09244 RCL 21286 AIP328 GTO 00203 GTO 10245 CHS287 PROMPT329 RDN204*LBL 03246 XEQ 01288*LBL B (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST- 09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21292*LBL C (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 /297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 " "300*LBL E (Down)342 RTN
202 STO 09244 RCL 21286 AIP328 GTO 00203 GTO 10245 CHS287 PROMPT329 RDN204*LBL 03246 XEQ 01 <b>288*LBL B</b> (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST- 09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 028 " " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
203 GTO 10245 CHS287 PROMPT329 RDN204*LBL 03246 XEQ 01 <b>288*LBL B</b> (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST- 09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 " " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
204*LBL 03246 XEQ 01 <b>288*LBL B</b> (Left)330 10^X205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST-09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
205 RCL 21247 E2289 E331 RCL IND 25206 *248 *290 ST- 09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 " " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
206 *248 *290 ST- 09332 *207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
207 FRC249 INT291 GTO 10333 FRC208 LASTX250 RCL 21292*LBL C (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 /296*LBL D (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 "300*LBL E (Down)342 RTN
208 LASTX250 RCL 21 <b>292*LBL C</b> (Up)334 RCL 21209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
209 INT251 /293 RCL 21335 *210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 /296*LBL D(Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 "300*LBL E(Down)342 RTN
210 4252 FRC294 ST+ 09336 INT211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 / <b>296*LBL D</b> (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)342 RTN
211 10^X253 E3295 GTO 10337 STO 25212 /254 /296*LBL D (Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 "300*LBL E (Down)342 RTN
212 /254 /296*LBL D(Right)338 RCL IND 25213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 "300*LBL E(Down)342 RTN
213 +255 ST+ 06297 E339 RTN214 RTN256 5298 ST+ 09340*LBL 00215*LBL 10257 STO 25299 GTO 10341 RCL 05216 0258 "300*LBL E (Down)342 RTN
214 RTN       256 5       298 ST+ 09       340*LBL 00         215*LBL 10       257 STO 25       299 GTO 10       341 RCL 05         216 0       258 " " <b>300*LBL E</b> (Down)       342 RTN
215*LBL 10       257 STO 25       299 GTO 10       341 RCL 05         216 0       258 " "       300*LBL E (Down)       342 RTN
216 0         258 " "         300*LBL E         (Down)         342 RTN
217 XEQ 01         259*LBL 08         301 RCL 21         343*LBL 09
218 STO 06         260 DSE 25         302 ST- 09         344 "YOU'RE OUT"
219 -1 261 GTO 00 303 GTO 10 345 PROMPT
220 XEQ 01 262 GTO 02 304*LBL 01 346*LBL 07
221 E3 263*LBL 00 305 RCL 09 347 CLX
222 * 264 RCL 06 306 RCL 22 348 STO 00
223 INT 265 RCL 21 307 X=Y? 349 RTN
224 RCL 21 266 * 308 GTO 09 350*LBL 06
225 / 267 FRC 309 RDN 351.101
226 FRC 268 STO 06 310 + 352 STO 00
227 ST+ 06 269 LASTX 311 2 353 RTN
228 RCL 21 270 INT 312 10^X 354*LBL 05
229 XEQ 01 271 2 313 X>Y? 355 XEQ 06
230 E3 272 X>Y? 314 GTO 00 356 XEQ 03
231 * 273 GTO 00 315 X<>Y 357 STO 00
232 FRC 274>"0" 316 199 358 RTN
233 RCL 21 275 GTO 08 317 X<=Y? 359*LBL 04
234 / 276*LBL 00 318 GTO 00 360 .1111
235 ST+ 06 277 >"O" 319 RDN 361 STO 00
236 E 278 GTO 08 320 RCL 21 362 END
237 XEQ 01 279*LBL 02 321 /
238 RCL 21 280 RCL 09 322 STO 25

### Mazes for the HP-41

JM Baillard – <u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/mazes.php</u>

The program hereunder generates a pseudo-random rectangular maze of dimensions  $n \times m$  You place a random seed in register R00 , n in register Y and m in register X and XEQ "MAZE"

The algorithm uses backtracking ( cf reference [1] ):

Starting at register R01, the HP41 successively finds unvisited neighbors and deletes the walls between them:

- When it becomes impossible, it backtracks until it finds an unvisited cell.
- When that also becomes impossible, the HP41 returns to register R01 and we have our maze.

#### Data Registers and User Instructions

Registers R01 , R02 , ....., Rmm are the 1st raw. Rm+1 , Rm+2 , ....., R2m are the 2nd raw and so on...

STACK	INPUTS	OUTPUTS
Y	n	/
X	m	1.eee

Where n = number of rows, m = number of columns, and 1.eee = cntrol number of the maze with eee = m.n

#### Example:

Let's try with n = 7 and m = 10

If we choose r = 1 as the random seed: 1, STO 00

```
7 ENTER^
10 XEQ "MAZE" >>>> 1.070 ---Execution time = 5m11s---
```

Each register now contains a number of the form a.bcdef

a = 0 for an unvisted cell a = 1 for a visited cell

So, at the end, all the cells have been visited and a = 1

The walls  $4 \begin{vmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \end{vmatrix} = 2$  are numbered this way. The walls n°3 and n°4 are in fact the walls 1

1 and and 2 of other cells, so we only deal with walls 1 & 2

bc = 00 if the walls 1 & 2 are both deleted

bc = 10 if the wall 2 only is deleted

bc = 02 if the wall 1 only is deleted

bc = 12 if the walls 1 & 2 are not deleted

The decimals d,e,f indicate the previous visited cell.

Thus, we only have to take b,c into account to draw the maze. (We assume that the edges of the rectangle are already drawn)

For	R01	bc = 02, that gives the first cell on the left:	
For	R02	bc = 10 , 2nd of the 1st raw:	 and so on

So, we get a maze that looks (approximately) as shown below:



Program Remarks:

Note that the driver program "MAZE+" and the main routine "MAZE" are consolidated into the same listing. The driver program wil prepare all the input values for you with easy prompts.

Perhaps will you find better characters to display walls  $n^{\circ}1 \& n^{\circ}2$  in a cell ?

01*LBL "MAZE+"	09 *	17 STO [	25 GTO 00
02 "SEED=?"	10 SIZE?	18 X<>Y	26 SIGN
03 PROMPT	11 X<>Y	19 STO \	27 STO ]
04 STO 00	12 X>Y?	20 *	28 ST+ 01
05 "N^M=?"	13 PSIZE	21 ,12	29*LBL 10
06 PROMPT	14 RDN	22*LBL 00	30 FS? 10
07 RCL X	15 RDN	23 STO IND Y	31 VIEW ]
08 RCL Z	16*LBL "MAZE"	24 DSE Y	32 CF 01

Retro Games for the HI	D-41 Use	er Instructions	DataFile and Others
33 CF 02	78*LBL 02	123 ST+ Y	168*LBL 08
34 CF 03	79 CLX	124 ,1	169 "C"
35 CF 04	80 SIGN	125 GTO 06	170 ARCL X
36 CLX	81 RCL ]	126*LBL 02	171 "`="
37 STO	82 RCL [	127 SIGN	172 ARCL IND X
38 RCL \	83 MOD	128 RCL ]	173 FRC
39 RCL ]	84 X=Y?	129 ST+ Y	174 E1
40 RCL [	85 GTO 02	130,02	175 *
41 ST* Z	86 RCL ]	131 GTO 06	176 INT
42 +	87 DSE X	132*LBL 03	177 ST- L
43 X>Y?	88 INT	133 RCL ]	178 SF 05
44 GTO 02	89 RCL IND X	134 RCL [	179 X=0?
45 RCL IND X	90 INT	135 -	180 GTO 08
46 INT	91 X#0?	136 STO Y	181 95
47 X#0?	92 GTO 02	137 ,1	182 XTOA
48 GTO 02	93 SF 04	138 GTO 06	183 RDN
49 SF 01	94 ISG	139*LBL 04	184 CF 05
50 ISG		140 RCL ]	185*LBL 08
	96 X<>	141 E	186 X<> L
52 RCL ]	97 X=0?	142 -	187 E1
53 RCL [	98 GTO 07	143 STO Y	188 *
54 MOD	99 RCL 00	144 ,02	189 INT
55 X=0?	100 R-D	145*LBL 06	190 X=0?
56 GTO 02	101 FRC	146 ST- IND Y	191 GTO 08
57 SIGN	102 STO 00	147 X<> Z	192 FS?C 05
58 RCL ]	103 *	148 X<> ]	193 "` "
59 +	104 INT	149 E5	194 33
60 RCL IND X	105 SIGN	150 /	195 XTOA
61 INT	106 ST+ L	151 E	196 RDN
62 X#0?	107 FS? 04	152 +	197*LBL 08
63 RCL 02	108 4	153 ST+ IND ]	198 RDN
64 SF 02	109 FS? 03	154 GTO 10	199 AVIEW
65 ISG	110 3	155*LBL 07	200 ISG X
66*LBL 02	111 FS? 02	156 RCL IND ]	201 GTO 08
67 RCL ]	112 2	157 E2	202 X<>Y
68 RCL [	113 FS? 01	158 *	203 FIX 4
69 -	114 E	159 FRC	204 SF 29
70 X<=0?	115*LBL 05	160 E3	205 RCL [
71 GTO 02	116 RDN	161 *	206 RCL \
72 RCL IND X	117 DSE L	162 STO ]	207 *
73 INT	118 GTO 05	163 X#0?	208 E3
74 X#0?	119 GTO IND T	164 GTO 10	209 /
75 GTO 02	120*LBL 01	165 ENTER^	210 ISG X
76 SF 03	121 RCL [	166 FIX 0	211 CLA
77 ISG _	122 RCL ]	167 CF 29	212 END

### XF/M Mazes.

### Erik Christensen – PPCCJ V10N5p30; (June 1983)

You and your compass are in the midst of a labyrinth of passages. Some of the passages close off when you walk through them, sealing you off. You must find your way out of the maze without getting trapped. In each room there are possible 4 passages that might be open. The 4 possible directions in a room are North, East, South, and West. The maze is mapped in a text file in extended memory, with one character being one room.

You are positioned to the file in a X, Y position. For example, if you were 2 lines down, 10 characters over, in the display you would see "<2,10>DIR-NS" if the possible directions of travel were North and South. Then, to move south you would press the "S" alpha key (while the program runs), and the display would be updated. The program will generate random mazes, but it takes a while. If you have any kind of text file in extended memory that has relatively uniform record lengths, then it will work fine as a maze. Imagine, weaving through your favorite words!

#### Instructions.

# SEE Do Comments

1a XEQ "MAZE"

1bN R M E ?File Name, R/SIf you enter a name not yet used, theprogram will generate anew maze (go to step 2), else as long as the names file is a textfile, the program will use it as a maze. (go to step 4)

2a **I**IM7 Maze size (R/S) When a dimension of n is entered, themaze will be n by n large. If there is not enough room in extended memory for the maze, you'll see a re-prompt.

2b $5 \in E \square ?$ Seed, R/SRandom number generator seed, 0 < x < 1.See display count from 1 to dimension of maze, then go to step 4

3a 5 T R T T X Z Y X, Enter, Y, R/S Maze starting coordinates (where in the maze you are initially placed). Go to step 4

 $5a \quad Y \square \sqcup ' R E \quad \square \sqcup T$  You got out of the maze. R/S to start another one.

6aImage: KFlags are restored, to restart at currentposition, leave regs. R00 to R02 alone and R/S. In you get trapped, go to step 1

#### Example.

Use a predefined maze pattern to fill a file, then escape it.

(, "MRZE I", E "RGRGREEG", R "OOOOOREJ", R "KOOMHMEG", R "RJORJRIJ", R "ORJORJMG", R "OORMJIEJ", R "OOORGORG", R "MJMJMFJO", R	RFLAS PPREC PPREC PPREC PPREC PPREC PPREC PPREC
XEQ "XMRZE"	NAMEZ
"MRZEI", R/S Ø, ENTER7, R/S	518817 ×7Y 20,05118-e5
E 5 etc	20, 151) I R - 5W 21, 151) I R - N S



### **Technical Notes**

The program finds out what passages are open by:

- a) Getting the character out of the file and into the alpha register
- b) Getting the ASCII code out of the alpha register and into the X-register
- c) Putting the ASCII code into flags 0-4
- d) Then checking flags o-3 for on/off status that represents an open/closed passage in the room
- e) Corresponding flag status to directions (0-North, 1-East, 2-South, 3-West)
- f) Displaying the possible directions of travel

The following letters (A-O) correspond to different combinations of open passages:

A	В	С	D	Е	F	G	н	I	J	K	L	М	N	0
٢	Ł		-1		-!-	٦	-:	-1-		1		<b>!</b>	I	ł

With the above information you could easily write your own mazes. And who says that the only thing you can do with words is look at them? Text files never cease to aMAZE. (sorry).

### **Program listing:**

See below the complete code, including the loading program for the example given above.

Retro Games for the HP-41	L Us	er Instructions	DataFile and Others
01*LBL "XMAZE"	52 RCL 01	103 SEEKPT	154 DSE 02
02 SIZE?	53 RNG	104 FC?C 25	155 RTN
03 3	54 STO 01	105 GTO 08	156 RTN
04 X>Y?	55 16	106 GETREC	157*LBL 04
05 PSIZE	56 *	107 SEEKPT	158 RCLFLAG
06 RCLFLAG	57 CLA	108 ATOX	159 X<> 00
07 STO 00	58 XTOA	109 15	160 STOFLAG
08 FIX 0	59 APPCHR	110 MOD	161 "OK"
09 CF 29	60 RDN	111 E	162 CLST
10*LBL 05	61 ISG X	112 +	163 PROMPT
11 "DIM?"	62 GTO 17	113 X<>F	164 RCLFLAG
12 ASTO 01	63 FRC	114 SF 04	165 X<> 00
13 "F.NAME?"	64 E	115 "<"	166 STOFLAG
14 AVIEW	65 +	116 ARCL 01	167 GTO 18
15 CLA	66 VIEW 02	117 "`,"	168*LBL 08
16 AON	67 ISG 02	118 ARCL 02	169 "YOURE OUT"
17 STOP	68 GTO 16	119 "`>DIR-"	170 RCL 00
18 AOFF	69 RCL 02	120 FS? 00	171 STOFLAG
19 SF 25	70 2	121 "`N"	172 CLST
20 RCLPTA	71/	122 FS? 01	173 BEEP
21 FS?C 25	72 INT	123 "`E"	174 AVIEW
22 GTO 06	73 STO 01	124 FS? 02	175 END
23*LBL 07	74 STO 02	125 "`S"	
24 CLST	75 GTO 18	126 FS? 03	01*LBL "XMZE1"
25 VIEW 01	76*LBL 06	127 "`W"	02 "LOADING"
26 STOP	77 CLA	128 AVIEW	03 AVIEW
27 STO 02	78 SF 25	129*LBL 19	04 11
28 X^2	79 POSFL	130 GETKEY	05 "MAZE1"
29 LASTX	80 FC?C 25	131 X=0?	06 SF 25
30 +	81 GTO 05	132 GTO 19	07 PURFL
31 7	82 CLST	133 ")5?T"	08 CF 25
32 /	83 "START? X^Y"	134 POSA	09 CRFLAS
33 E	84 PROMPT	135 X<0?	10 "AGAGAEEG"
34 +	85 STO 02	136 GTO 19	11 APPREC
35 SF 25	86 X<>Y	137 FC? IND X	12 "OOOOOAED"
36 CRFLAS	87 STO 01	138 GTO 19	13 APPREC
37 FC? 25	88 X<>Y	139 XEQ IND X	14 "KOOMEMEG"
38 GTO 07	89 E3	140 GTO 18	15 APPREC
39 TIME	90 /	141*LBL 00	16 "ADOADAID"
40 RNG	91 +	142 DSE 01	17 APPREC
41 STO 01	92 SF 25	143 RTN	18 "OADOADMG"
42 E3	93 SEEKPT	144 RTN	19 APPREC
43 ST/ 02	94 FC? 25	145*LBL 01	20 "OOADMIED"
44 E	95 GTO 06	146 ISG 02	21 APPREC
45 ST+ 02	96*LBL 18	147 RTN	22 "OOOAGOAG"
46 RCL 02	97 RCL 02	148 RTN	23 APPREC
47*LBL 16	98 E3	149*LBL 02	24 "MDMDMFDO"
48 "E"	99 /	150 ISG 01	25 APPREC
49 APPREC	100 RCL 01	151 RTN	26 "DONE"
50 DELREC	101 +	152 RTN	27 AVIEW
51*LBL 17	102 SF 25	153*LBL 03	28 END

### **Step Game**

George G. Sandoval; UPL #00363C

You and the HP start at extreme opposite ends of the display, you at the right end (at position 10), indicated by you symbol (#, the "not equals" sign), and the HP on the left, at position 1, indicated by his symbol (>, the "greater than" sign). Haves are 1 to 2 steps forward, or 1 step backward. A forward move is one away from your end of the display; a backward move is one going towards your end of the display.

The object of the game is to force an opponent back to his end of the display in such a way that he cannot move anymore. A player may not move forward if there is only one space or position separating him and his opponent; may not move backward if there is no space behind him to move to. You make the first move, and you and the HP alternate. Remember, a player who cannot move loses the game.

Warning: If you wish to move to position 10, you must key in 10 and not 0, although the display displays' position 10 as a 0.

Note: >23456789# is the initial display configuration

1234567>9# means you lose the game.

>2#4567890 means HP loses the game.

#### Sample Problems:

1. Sample problem in which you lose.

<u>Input</u>	Function	Display	Comments
	XEO SIZE 028		
	XEQ "STEP", [A]	LORJING.	Loading Data
		753426183 <b>%</b>	Initial display configuration
8	[B]	7534201 <b>7</b> 80	
	[C]	15372 <b>%</b> 1830	you have to retreat
7	[B]	(53726 <b>3</b> 8880	
	[C]	123472 <b>7</b> 8880	HP gives chase
8	[B]	1234723 <b>7</b> 880	
	[C]	1534271 <b>%</b> 80	
9	[B]	15342738 <b>%</b> 0	
	[C]	(23426 <b>7840</b>	
10	[B]	(53426783 <b>%</b> 0	you're trapped
	[C]	1234567 <b>1</b> 9 <b>#</b>	you lose

2. Sample problem in which you win. (Like in some things in life, it is possible for you to win at this game.)

<u>Input</u>	Function	Display	<u>Comments</u>
	[A]	753426383 <b>%</b>	Initial display configuration
9	[B]	75342618 <b>%</b> 0	
	[C[	12142678 <b>#</b> 0	
8	[B]	1274281 <b>7</b> 880	
	[C]	1734261 <b>7</b> 880	hp is on the run!
7	[B]	173426 <b>3</b> 830	
	[C]	753426 <b>7</b> 830	HP appears cornered!
6	[B]	75342 <b>%</b> 1880	
	[C]	17342 <b>7</b> 1880	Looks like a fight
4	[B]	(73 <b>%</b> 261830	Last nail in the coffin
	[C]	75372202	
3	[B]	75 <b>%</b> 4261880	Man beats machine again

30 GTO 01	59 RCL 02
31*LBL 03	60 6
32 RCL 02	61 X<>Y
33 RCL 01	62 X=Y?
34 -	63 GTO 07
35 4	64 XEQ D
36 X<=Y?	65 FS? 01
37 GTO 06	66 GTO 11
38 X<>Y	67 -1
39 XEQ D	68 GTO 01
40 E	69*LBL D
41 FC? 01	70 2
42 CHS	71/
43 GTO 01	72 INT
44*LBL 06	73 LASTX
45 RCL 03	74 X#Y?
46 XEQ D	75 SF 01
47 FS? 01	76 RTN
48 GTO 04	77*LBL 11
49*LBL 05	78 2
50 CF 01	79 GTO 01
51 RCL 02	80*LBL 10
52 XEQ D	81 CLA
53 FC? 01	82 5
54 GTO 11	83 RCL 02
55 -1	84 X>Y?
56 GTO 01	85 GTO 64
57*LBL 04	86 3
58 CF 01	87 RCL 01
	30 GTO 01 31*LBL 03 32 RCL 02 33 RCL 01 34 - 35 4 36 X<=Y? 37 GTO 06 38 X<>Y 39 XEQ D 40 E 41 FC? 01 42 CHS 43 GTO 01 44*LBL 06 45 RCL 03 46 XEQ D 47 FS? 01 48 GTO 04 49*LBL 05 50 CF 01 51 RCL 02 52 XEQ D 53 FC? 01 54 GTO 11 55 -1 56 GTO 01 57*LBL 04 58 CF 01

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
	100 070 00	124.2
88 X=Y?		124 2
89 GTU 35	107 LBL 00	125 · 126 PCL 02
	100 RCL 01	120 KCL 02
91 E	109 5	127 <del>-</del> 129 E
92 -		120 E
93 2		
	112 RCL 02	130 ARCL IND X
95 RCL 02	113 EL	
90 +		
97 8		133 ARCL 03
		134 ARCL 27
	118 RCL 01	130°LBL 80
	119 8	137 ARCL 04
102 ° LBL 04	120 X=Y:	138 ARCL 20
103 5 104 PCL 01	121 GTO 80	
	122 ARCL 04	140 END
103 />1!	125 KCL 01	
<u>01*LBL "ST\$"</u>	20 " 1234>"	39 ASTO 19
02 "LOADING"	21 ASTO 10	40 "6789# "
03 AVIEW	22 " >2#45"	41 ASTO 20
04 SIZE?	23 ASTO 11	42 ">7#90 "
05 27	24 " >23#5"	43 ASTO 21
06 X>Y?	25 ASTO 12	44 ">78#0 "
07 PSIZE	26 " >234#"	45 ASTO 22
08 " 12345"	27 ASTO 13	46 ">789# "
09 ASTO 04	28 " 1>3#5"	47 ASTO 23
10 " 12>4#"	29 ASTO 14	48 "6>8#0 "
11 ASTO 05	30 " 1>34#"	49 ASTO 24
12 " >2345"	31 ASTO 15	50 "6>89# "
13 ASTO 06	32 "#7890 "	51 ASTO 25
14 " 1>345"	33 ASTO 16	52 "67>9# "
15 ASTO 07	34 "6#890 "	53 ASTO 26
16 " 12>45"	35 ASTO 17	54 "67890 "
17 ASTO 08	36 "67#90 "	55 ASTO 27
18 " 123>5"	37 ASTO 18	56 END
19 ASTO 09	38 "678#0 "	

# Skunk for the HP-41C/CV/CX/42

This program created and uploaded by <u>Russ Gilbert</u>.It is free.

This program is supplied without representation or warranty of any kind. Russ Gilbert and The Museum of HP Calculators therefore assume no responsibility and shall have no liability, consequential or otherwise, of any kind arising from the use of this program material or any part thereof.

#### Overview

Doesn't require CX functions. Requires 77 registers for program, 15 for data (41C with extra memory).

Filename SKNK81.RAW. XEQ 'SKNK'.

The game of Skunk is a two dice game, better known on the HP48 by Doug Cannon. HPGene Wright has a 41 version on his site <u>www.rskey.org/gene/hpgene</u>, it requires the CX functions. I haven't asked Doug if I can use his name, Gene says OK. I am grateful to both.

You roll the dice with the A key (in USER), you stay with the B key. This Skunk has options to start, hit R/S for the default.

1. Target score, default 100. 2. Who is first, default player. 3. Auto Roll (your first roll is automatic.) default Yes. 4. Max die, 7 is the default. You can pick any number for the max die, but 6 to 8 are recommended. You get less 'Skunked' and 'Double' with 7 or 8 than with max die 6. If only one is a '1' then you are 'Skunked' and lose your turn. If two '1's are rolled you get the dreaded 'Double' and your score is set to zero. The winner is the one who gets the highest score over the target score after who goes second. After the game is over, R/S will start over, selecting only max die.

The display is like this:

HP:6,4,10:20 30

The numbers are die 1, die 2, total score this turn:HP total PL total (whose turn score is first).



01 LBL "SKNK"	59 STO 13	117 0
02 CLA	60 GTO IND 14	118 STO IND 07
03 "SEED? 099"	61 LBL 17	119 STO 04
04 AVIEW	62 2	120 STO 05
05 PROMPT	63 STO 14	121 STO 03
06 STO 00	64 SF 02	122 XEQ 06
07 FIX 00	65 RTN	123 CLA
08 SF 27	66 LBL 19	124 "** DBL **"
09 CF 00	67 SF 00	125 AVIEW
10 CF 02	68 1	126 GTO IND 06
11 0	69 STO 15	127 LBL 09
12 STO 15	70 RTN	128 RCL 16
13 ":"	71 LBL 01	129 RCL 00
14 ASTO 11	72 2	130 9821
15 <b>","</b>	73 STO 06	131 *
16 ASTO 09	74 1	132 .211327
17 " "	75 STO 07	133 +
18 ASTO 12	76 3	134 FRC
19 "GOAL? 100"	77 STO 13	135 STO 00
20 100	78 FS?C 00	136 *
21 PROMPT	79 GTO 18	137 INT
22 STO 10	80 XEQ 09	138 1
23 1	81 STO 04	139 +
24 STO 14	82 XEQ 09	140 RTN
25 "N"	83 STO 05	141 LBL 07
26 ASTO Y	84 +	142 RCL 04
27 "PLYR 1ST? Y"	85 ST+ 03	143 1
28 AON	86 LBL 18	144 X=Y?
29 STOP	87 CLA	145 XEQ 10
30 AOFF	88 "PL:"	146 RCL 05
31 ASTO X	89 ARCL 04	147 X=Y?
32 X=Y?	90 ARCL 09	148 XEQ 10
33 XEQ 17	91 ARCL 05	149 RTN
34 "AUTO ROLL? Y"	92 ARCL 09	150 LBL 10
35 AON	93 ARCL 03	151 CLA
36 STOP	94 ARCL 11	152 "*SKUNKED*"
37 AOFF	95 ARCL 01	153 AVIEW
38 ASTO X	96 ARCL 12	154 XEQ 06
39 X=Y?	97 ARCL 02	155 RCL 15
40 XEQ 19	98 AVIEW	156 1
41 LBL 16	99 TONE 07	157 X=Y?
42 CLA	100 XEQ 08	158 SF 00
43 "MAXDIE? 6-8"	101 XEQ 07	159 0
44 7	102 STOP	160 STO 04
45 PROMPT	103 LBL 08	161 STO 05
46 STO 16	104 RCL 04	162 STO 03
47 CF 29	105 1	163 GTO IND 06
48 0	106 X#Y?	164 LBL 02
49 STO 01	107 RTN	165 2
50 STO 02	108 RCL 05	166 STO 07
51 STO 03	109 X#Y?	167 1
52 STO 04	IIU RTN	168 STO U6
53 STO 05	III TONE 03	169 XEQ 09
54 RCL 15	112 TONE 01	1/U STO U4
55 1	113 RCL 15	1/1 XEQ 09
56 X=Y?		1/2 STO 05
5/ SF 00	115 X=Y?	1/3 +
58 3	116 SF 00	174 ST+ 03

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
175 CLA	213 STO 04	251 TONE 05
176 "HP:"	214 STO 05	252 TONE 03
177 ARCL 04	215 STO 03	253 TONE 05
178 ARCL 09	216 GTO 01	254 TONE 04
179 ARCL 05	217 LBL 06	255 TONE 03
180 ARCL 09	218 RCL 01	256 TONE 09
181 ARCL 03	219 RCL 10	257 GTO 13
182 ARCL 11	220 X<=Y?	258 LBL A
183 ARCL 02	221 GTO 14	259 GTO 01
184 ARCL 12	222 RCL 02	260 LBL B
185 ARCL 01	223 RCL 10	261 RCL 03
186 AVIEW	224 X<=Y?	262 ST+ 01
187 TONE 03	225 GTO 14	263 0
188 XEQ 08	226 RTN	264 STO 03
189 XEQ 07	227 LBL 14	265 STO 08
190 RCL 02	228 RCL 01	266 FS? 02
191 RCL 03	229 RCL 02	267 XEQ 06
192 +	230 X=Y?	268 GTO 02
193 STO 08	231 GTO 15	269 LBL 12
194 RCL 10	232 X <y?< td=""><td>270 CLA</td></y?<>	270 CLA
195 X<=Y?	233 GTO 05	271 "HPWIN "
196 GTO 03	234 GTO 12	272 ARCL 02
197 RCL 01	235 LBL 15	273 ARCL 11
198 RCL 10	236 CLA	274 ARCL 01
199 X<=Y?	237 "*TIE*"	275 AVIEW
200 GTO 02	238 ARCL 01	276 TONE 06
201 DSE 13	239 ARCL 11	277 TONE 06
202 GTO 02	240 ARCL 02	278 TONE 03
203 LBL 03	241 BEEP	279 TONE 06
204 RCL 03	242 GTO 13	280 TONE 05
205 ST+ 02	243 LBL 05	281 TONE 03
206 FC? 02	244 CLA	282 LBL 13
207 XEQ 06	245 "PLWIN "	283 SF 29
208 RCL 15	246 ARCL 01	284 PROMPT
209 1	247 ARCL 11	285 GTO 16
210 X=Y?	248 ARCL 02	286 END
211 SF 00	249 AVIEW	
212 0	250 TONE 06	

### Game of Skunk -

#### Gene Wright -<u>https://www.rskey.org/gene/hpgene/skunk.htm</u>

Having recently sold my HP-48, I miss a few things. One of them is a game called "SKUNK". So, I did the next best thing: I wrote a version for the HP-41! I based it on what I remembered from the SKUNK game for the HP-48 originally written by Doug Cannon. Thanks to Doug. If you have an HP-48 and haven't played Doug's version, do so. The game and graphics are quite fun.

I've been working on this game for over 15 months, so I've found most (hopefully) of the bugs. Bug reports would be welcome, as I intend to support this game for those interested. As of 5/14/97, it's 422 bytes long (fits on two mag cards) and 222 lines. The game is fairly long so if you don't want to key it in, email me to get my mailing address and I'll send copies of the program either on bar code or two magnetic cards you provide for \$5. (That's not designed to make me rich!) If you type it in and like it, drop me an email! HP-42 owners, of course, will have to key the game in anyway. :-(

Description: SKUNK is a 2 dice game of part strategy, part luck. I am unaware of the author of the original idea for the game, I think the game is ancient.

The game begins by asking you to enter a decimal seed. Then you are asked to enter the goal in points. 100 is the default if no entry is made, and trying to get to 200 is relatively hard. Then you are asked if HP should go first or yourself. Pressing R/S without an entry makes you go first. To make HP go first, type the letter Y. When it is your turn, flag 1 is set. When HP is playing, flag 2 is set. NOTE: Flags 1 and 2 do NOT determine who is player #1 or player #2. They are just a convenient way to indicate whether it's you that's playing or HP. Sorry if that turns out to be a little confusing, but....

At this point you begin play. Player #1 rolls first, and his options are to Roll or Pass. By pressing the A key, the dice are rolled, and by pressing the E key you may pass. The object is to roll as many times as you can without getting "Skunked". One is "Skunked" when a one is rolled on either die. If no ones are rolled, then the sum of the two dice is added to the pot. If you are "Skunked" then you lose your turn and the pot goes to zero. If you choose to pass at some time, then the current pot is added to your score. The pot then returns to zero, and the play passes to the next player.

It is extremely disastrous to be "Double Skunked". This is, of course, when a one is rolled on each die. At this point, the pot goes to zero, your score goes to zero, and you lose your turn. This is most undesirable.

The status of the game is shown in the display as: **0,0: PP YY HP** or: **0,0: PP HP YY** 

depending on if it's your turn or HP's, and where PP is the point total in the "Pot", YY is your point total (assuming it's your turn), and HP is the HP's point total.

Now, it is only fair that everyone get the same amount of turns, so if player #1 should reach or pass the goal score, then player #2 has one more turn to pass the score of player #1. Thus, if both players reach the destination score, the winner is the player with the highest score. You can see the advantages to being player #2. If player #2 reaches the destination score, and player #1 has not yet reached it, player #2 wins immediately.

If both players reach the destination score and are tied, then HP wins. This game is actually fairly tough to beat! If you can beat this game more than 6 times out of 10, congratulations! Game play hinges on your willingness to risk the points in the pot to roll again. Enjoy! Here's a sample game:

See:	Press: (Comments in brackets)
SEE17 60867 88 (ST7	XEQ "SKK" (Remember to clear flag 26 for a quiet game) 0.987654321 R/S R/S (We'll play to 100, the default) N R/S (We'll go first and let HP have the final turn)
0,0:0 0 0 5,2:1 0 0 15:14 0 0	<ul><li>[A] (Press A or the Sigma+ key (HP-41) or XEQ A (HP-42)</li><li>[A] (A total of 7 points is in the pot)</li></ul>
SKUNK	(A 1 showed up, so I got skunked. It's HP's turn now)
3,6:9 0 0 1,6:16 0 0 5 k u n k	(HP got skunked on it's second roll. My turn again)
0,0:0 0 0 [A] 3,4:7 0 0 6,6:79 0 0	[A] [E] (I'll hold onto the 19 points, so I'll pass to the HP)
3,3:5 Ø 19 1,5:13 Ø 19 5 kunk	(HP got skunked again. Notice my 19 points got moved)
0,0:0 (9 0 4,2:6 (9 0 4,6:13 (9 0 5 K U N K	[A] [A] (I got skunked again)
2,6:8 Ø 19 2,111 Ø 19 5 kunk	(HP got skunked again)
0,0:0 (9 0 6,4:10 (9 0 3,3:16 (9 0 2,2:20 (9 0 6,4:30 (9 0	[A] [A] [A] [E] (I'll keep the 30 add'l points)
2,2:4 0 49 6,1110 49 5кирк	(HP continues to get skunked. Maybe I'll win 100 to 0?)
0,0:0 49 0 3,6:9 49 0 3,4:16 49 0	[A] [A] [E] (I'll keep the 16 add'l points)
Ч, (S Ø 65 5кирк	(HP sure is getting skunked alot)

#### Retro Games for the HP-41

User Instructions

0,0:0 65 0 4,2:6 65 0 4,3:13 65 0	[A] [A] [E] (I'll keep the 13 points)
а,ч:т 0/ т8 5, (та 0/ т8 5 к ш м к	(Skunked again! Will HP ever score?)
0,0:0 78 0 155 78 0	[A]
ร์หับทห์	(Now I got skunked)
6, († 12178) 5 kunk	(HP is skunked again)
0,0:0 78 0 3,2:5 78 0	[A] [E] (I want HP to score sometime!)
5, (6 Ø 83 5кшик	(Oh well)
0,0:0 83 0 (34 83 0	[A]
SKUNK	(Depending on starting seed, you can have lots of skunks!)
5,4:9 0 83 4,5:18 0 83 5,3:26 0 83	(How about that! HP scored!)
	[A] (I'll go for the kill now!)
6,5:22 83 26	[A] [E] (I'll be over 100 points now, so HP has to beat me!)
3,5:8 26 83 1,2:3 26 83 5 K U N K Y O U M I N Y: 10 5 H P:26	(Oh well)

### **Program listing:**

A few lines of the program below might need some explanation. The symbols "->" means APPEND alpha characters. When you see X NE Y? that is X is not equal to Y? RDN is roll down. Line 80 is append 1 space. So is line 86.

X-functions are used in only a few places. The X<>F instruction is used to set/clear flags in lines 5, 32, and 153. ATOX is used in line 22. If someone wants a version that doesn't use these, email me. It doesn't take much extra programming to mimic what these would do, if you have a vintage HP-41C, for example. Otherwise, use the X-functions. ;-)

Technical specs: This game requires Size of 008 and uses flags 0, 1, 2, 6, 7, and 10. Memory 0 holds the random number seed. Memories 1 and 2 hold the two dice. Memory 3 holds the

sum of the two dice. Memory 4 holds the human's score while memory 5 holds the HP's score. Memory 6 holds the goal point total being played to. Memory 7 is a counter used to determine HP's move (that I could probably get rid of if I did a proper analysis of the stack! Well, there's only so many hours in the day!)

<u>01</u>	LBL "SKK"	48	GTO 10	95	TONE 0
02	LBL 07	49	LBL 09	96	FS?C 00
03	SF 27	50	XEQ 14	97	GTO 90
04	CLX	51	FS? 10	98	CLX
05	X<>F	52	GTO 20	99	FS? 02
06	CF 10	53	RCL 06	100	STO 05
07	FIX 0	54	RCL 05	101	FC?C 01
08	CF 29	55	X < Y?	102	GTO 99
09	"SEED?"	56	GTO 20	103	STO 04
10	PROMPT	57	RCL 04	104	GTO 20
11	CLRG	58	X > Y?	105	LBL E
12	STO 00	59	GTO 90	106	RCL 03
13	"GOAL?"	60	LBL 98	107	ST+ 04
14	2	61	"TOO BAD"	108	RCL 04
15	 10^X	62	AVIEW	109	RCL 06
16	PROMPT	63	TONE 3	110	X < = Y?
17	STO 06	64	TONE 1	111	SE 00
18	"HP 1ST?"	65	I BL 08	112	FS? 10
19	AON	<u>66</u>	PSF	113	GTO 20
20	STOP	67	"V."	114	EC2 00
20		68	ABCL 04	115	GTO 20
22	ΔΤΟΧ	69	>" HP·"	116	
22	89	70		117	
23	x-v2	70		110	
24	GTO 20	72	GTO 07	110	REED
25	SF 10	72		120	
20		74		120	
27		74		121	<u>XEO 00</u>
20	STO 01	76		172	STO 01
20	STO 02	70		123	XEO 00
30	STO 02	78		124	
22	310 03 X/>E	70		125	1
22		20 20		120	T X-V2
27		01	PCL 04	127	X=1: SE 07
24 25		01 01		120	
22	STOP	02 02	EC2 01	129	
30 <b>27</b>		07	V V	121	X=1:
<u>37</u> 20		04 0E		122	
20		00 00		122	KCL UZ
39	TONE 9	80 07		133	+ 5T+ 02
40		8/ 00		134	51+03
41	GTO 13	88		135	GIUC
42	FS? U7	89		130	LBL 00
43		<u>90</u>		137	
44	KIN CTO A	91		138	997 *
45		92		139	
46	<u>LBL 13</u>	93	AVIEW	140	
47	F2507	94	IONE 0	141	510.00

Retro Games for the HP-41			User Instructions		DataFile and Others	
142	6	169	X<=Y?	196	RDN	
143	*	170	GTO 05	197	STO 05	
144	1	171	FS? 00	198	FC? 10	
145	+	172	GTO 06	199	GTO 99	
146	INT	173	RCL 07	200	RCL 04	
147	RTN	174	3	201	X < = Y?	
148	LBL 20	175	X NE Y?	202	GTO 98	
149	CLX	176	GTO 02	203	RCL 03	
150	STO 03	177	RCL 06	204	ST- 05	
151	FS? 00	178	RCL 04	205	GTO 06	
152	1	179	-	206	LBL 11	
153	X <> F	180	10	207	FS? 07	
154	SF 02	181	X>Y?	208	GTO 10	
155	3	182	GTO 02	209	LBL 04	
156	STO 07	183	RCL 03	210	XEQ 14	
157	LBL 06	184	X > Y?	211	FC? 10	
158	XEQ 00	185	GTO 03	212	GTO 99	
159	FS? 06	186	LBL 02	213	FS? 00	
160	GTO 11	187	DSE 07	214	GTO 90	
161	FS? 07	188	GTO 06	215	GTO 99	
162	GTO 04	<u>189</u>	LBL 03	216	LBL 14	
163	TONE 7	190	FS? 00	217	PSE	
164	PSE	191	GTO 06	218	"SKUNK"	
165	RCL 03	192	RCL 03	219	AVIEW	
166	RCL 05	193	ST+ 05	220	TONE 7	
167	+	194	GTO 99	221	TONE 0	
168	RCL 06	195	LBL 05	222	END	

### Yahtzee. Gene Wright, PPCCJ V12N5 p39; (May 1985)

The program YZ will play and score the game of Yahtzee. For the complete rules of Yahtzee, your best bet is to read the rules on the box at a store. ;-) It will run on the HP-41CV or HP-42S and needs no plug-in modules and no X-functions. (It will run on an HP-41C with extra memory modules or a Quad Memory Module). I've done my best to debug this, but bug reports are welcome. The program listing is presented below, but if you'd rather not type it, I can provide it on magnetic cards or on bar code for \$5. Email to get my mailing address.

Requirements: Size 024 and 656 bytes of program memory. Note: It will beep unless you clear flag 26 first. Wouldn't want anyone to get caught at work playing it.

Here's a short description. Yahtzee is somewhat like a poker game with dice. You get 13 "hands" of 5 dice to score into rows of a scorepad that are specifically for a certain combination of dice. The row numbers presented below are needed during the game to tell the HP where to score the current roll of dice. Keep these handy!

Rows 1-6 are for scoring as many 1's and 6's as you can. Rows 7 and 8 are for three and four of a kind, respectively. Row 9 is for a full house (Like 1,1,4,4,4 or 3,3,6,6,6, etc.)

Row 10 is for a straight of 4 in a row (Like 1,2,3,4 or 3,4,5,6, etc.) Row 11 is for a straight of five in a row (Like 1,2,3,4,5 or 2,3,4,5,6) Row 12 is for 5 of a kind or a Yahtzee. Row 13 is called "Chance", in case you need a spare chance.

To help you get the dice you need, you are given three "rolls" to make the best you can out of the 5 dice. When they are first rolled, pick the ones you want to roll again. When they are re-rolled, you get to pick some to roll the second time. However, once that is done, you must choose a row to score the 5 dice in.

You get a bonus of 35 points if you score 63 or better in the top 6 rows. To get 63, you must average three 1's, 2's, etc.

Rows 7 and 8 will score the total of the dice that are showing. Row 9 scores 25, Row 10 scores 30, and Row 11, scores 40. The Yahtzee (Row 12) scores 50. Chance scores like rows 7 and 8, providing the total of the displayed dice.

It is possible to get two (or more) Yahtzees in a game. The first should be scored in row 12, but to get the 100 point bonus from numbers 2, etc., you must be able to score it in a row as usual. For example, if you get a second Yahtzee of 2's, you can score it for a bonus in Row 2, Row 7, Row 8, Row 9, or Row 13. To indicate to the program to c heck for this bonus, enter the Row to be used as a NEGATIVE Number! Note: You can't score an extra Yahtzee in Rows 10 or 11.

To play, make sure you have a Size of 024, XEQ YZ , and enter a decimal seed. The display will show the 5 dice you rolled in sorted order with the prompt "ROLL?" at the end of the display. Pick the dice you wish to roll again and enter their position numbers, and press R/S. You can do this twice before having to score the roll. If you don't want to roll any of the dice over, simply press R/S to go straight to scoring.

For example, if the display is showing 22256 and you want to try for 2's, you would press 45 R/S. But, if on the first roll you got 12345, you might want to just score it as a large straight (if not already used) by pressing R/S without entering anything.

After your second re-roll, you are shown the dice and prompted with SCORE? Enter the row you wish to score the roll into and press R/S. If you enter a row that has already been used, you get the SCORE prompt again. If you are not sure which rows remain to be used, press R/S without entering anything and you will be shown a list of the unused rows. The scoring routines will detect when no points should be given and will assign a zero to the row if needed.

Programming notes: The program uses flags 0-20. Printed output may thus be affected. The program, as written will fit on three magnetic cards (if anyone still uses them). The program uses label numbers 1-13 for the corresponding rows on the Yahtzee scorecard. I've spent a lot of time trying to optimize how to determine if the dice in fact s atisfy the requirements of each row. To me, when told to score the dice in Row 10, detecting a small straight or giving a zero if one isn't present was the hardest one to do efficiently. I will, of course, be glad to hear of suggestions for programming improvements.

You can save some bytes if you always have a PPC ROM plugged in by changing Label 40 to be LBL 40, 14.018, XROM S2, RTN. (If you have a CCD module, replace the XROM S2 with SORT). This will save about 55 bytes. The current sort routine at label 40 uses a mode change from Degrees to Radians to indicate that a number swap has occurred. (It's kind a fun to watch the RAD switch on and off.) The game is somewhat slow the first time through, but speeds up later.

What's a good score? Anything over 250 is good, but with extra Yahtzee's, you can get up over 450 or higher. Trivia: What's the lowest possible score? Here is a complete sample game.

The column for "See:" indicates what is shown in the calculator display. The column for "Press:" indicates what you must type in. Remember: unless you clear flag 26, the program may BEEP at you during play!

See:	Press:
	XEQ YZ
SEE17	0.123456789, R/S
11246 ROLL7	15, R/S
IZ445 ROLL7	45, R/S
12234 SEORE7	10, R/S
ROW (0=30	
25666 ROLL7	12, R/S
46666 ROLL7	1, R/S
66666 SCORE7	12, R/S
ROW (2=50 `	(Hear a beep)
IYSS6 ROLL7	125, R/S
13355 ROLL7	123, R/S
12455 SEORE7	1, R/S
RBW (= 1	1 1 -
22366 ROLL7	345, R/S
22333 ROLL7	0, R/S
22333 SCORE7	9, R/S
80M 8=52	
24446 ROLL7	15, R/S

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
24445 ROLL7 11444 SCORE7 ROW 4±12 13346 ROLL7 13336 ROLL7 13333 SCORE7	15, R/S 4, R/S 145 R/S 15 R/S 3, R/S	
ROW 3= 12 22265 ROLL7 22222 ROLL7 22222 SCORE7 12235 ROLL7	45, R/S 0, R/S -2, R/S (To get the yahtzee bonus 2=10 +100 (This is because it's game) 145 R/S	s, it's a negative two) ROW s our second yahtzee of the
22236 ROLL7 11222 SCORE7 ROW 7=8 11556 ROLL7 44666 ROLL7	145, R/S 45, R/S 7, R/S 1234, R/S 12, R/S	
46666 SCORE7 ROW 6=24 24446 ROLL7 24446 ROLL7 23444 SCORE7	6, R/S 15, R/S 15, R/S 13, R/S	
XUW 13211 12466 ROLL7 23466 ROLL7 23456 SCORE7 ROW 11240 12345 ROLL7	15, R/S 4, R/S 11, R/S 1234_R/S	
13566 ROLL7 14555 SCORE7 5,8, 14555 SCORE7 ROW 5=15	1245, R/S 0, R/S 5, R/S	
13466 ROLL7 25666 ROLL7 34666 SCORE7 ROW 8±0 DONE TOR::34±35	123, R/S 12, R/S 8, R/S	
L U W E R = 2 7 0 E N II = 3 7 9		and the second s

Not too bad. Press R/S for another game. Note: If you choose not to play another game and leave YZ to do something else, the flags are left set in end of game condition.

Program Listing Notes: Line 134 is a plus sign in alpha - not an append plus. The symbol for append used in the listing is ">".



<u>01*LBL "YATZ"</u>	51 X>Y?	101 INT	151 AVIEW
02 24	52 GTO 72	102 13	152 RCL 01
03 XROM "INIT"	53 X<>Y	103 X<>Y	153 RCL 02
04 RNG	54 RDN	104 X>Y?	154 RCL 03
05 CLRG	55 13	105 GTO 66	155 RCL 04
06 STO 00	56 +	106 X=0?	156 +
07*LBL 16	57 RCL 00	107 GTO 25	157 +
08 .02	58 997	108 X<0?	158 +
09*LBL 14	59 *	109 GTO 65	159 RCL 05
10 CF IND X	60 FRC	110 FS? IND X	160 +
11 ISG X	61 STO 00	111 GTO 66	161 RCL 06
12 GTO 14	62 6	112*LBL 64	162 +
13 14.018	63 *	113 STO 21	163 <b>"TOP="</b>
14 STO 23	64 E	114 RCL 23	164 ARCL X
15 FIX 0	65 +	115 STO 22	165 "`+"
16 CF 29	66 INT	116 CLX	166 63
17*LBL 15	67 STO IND Y	117 STO 19	167 X<=Y?
18 12345	<u>68*LBL 72</u>	118 STO 20	168 35
19 GTO 71	69 RCL Z	119 XEQ IND 21	169 X>Y?
20*LBL 17	70 GTO 71	120 CF 00	170 0
21 E	71*LBL 20	121 "ROW "	171 ARCL X
22 ST+ 19	72 XEQ 40	122 ARCL 21	172 X<>Y
23 RCL 19	<u>73*LBL 61</u>	123 "`="	173 RDN
24 3	74 CLA	124 ARCL 20	174 +
25 X<=Y?	75 ARCL 14	125 AVIEW	175 AVIEW
26 GTO 22	76 ARCL 15	126 RCL 20	176 PSE
27 "` ROLL?"	77 ARCL 16	127 STO IND 21	177 RCL 07
<u>28*LBL 27</u>	78 ARCL 17	128 SF IND 21	178 RCL 08
29 CLX	79 ARCL 18	129 X#0?	179 RCL 09
30 PROMPT	80 FS?C 00	130 FC?C 20	180 +
31 INT	81 GTO 22	131 GTO 63	181 +
32 X<0?	82 GTO 17	132 2	182 RCL 11
33 GTO 27	<u>83*LBL 65</u>	133 10^X	183 +
34 X=0?	84 ABS	134 ST+ 12	184 RCL 12
35 SF 00	85 RCL 12	135 "+"	185 +
36 X=0?	86 X=0?	136 ARCL X	186 RCL 13
37 GTO 61	87 GTO 61	137 PSE	187 +
38*LBL 71	88 RDN	138 AVIEW	188 "LOWER="
39 E1	89 RCL 14	139 PSE	189 ARCL X
40 /	90 RCL 18	<u>140*LBL 63</u>	190 AVIEW
41 ENTER^	91 X=Y?	141 CLX	191 PSE
42 INT	92 SF 20	142 STO 20	192 +
43 X<>Y	93 RCL Z	143 13	193 "END="
44 FRC	94 GTO 64	144 E3/E+	194 ARCL X
45 E1	<u>95*LBL 22</u>	145*LBL 75	195 PROMPT
46 *	96 "` SCORE?"	146 FC? IND X	196 GTO 16
47 X=0?	<u>97*LBL 66</u>	147 GTO 15	<u>197*LBL 25</u>
48 GTO 20	98 CLX	148 ISG X	198 CLA
49 5	99 CF 20	149 GTO 75	199 13
50 X<>Y	100 PROMPT	150 "DONE"	200 E3/E+

Retro Games for the HP-42	1	User Instructions		DataFile and Others
<u>201*LBL 00</u>	241 X#Y?		281 X#Y?	321 X<>Y
202 FC? IND X	242 RTN		282 RTN	322 ISG Z
203 ARCL X	243 BEEP		283 25	323 GTO 50
204 FC? IND X	244 50		284 STO 20	324 R^
205 "`,"	245 STO 20		285 RTN	325 RTN
206 ISG X	246 RTN		<u>286*LBL 10</u>	<u>326*LBL 40</u>
207 GTO 00	<u>247*LBL 07</u>		287 XEQ 35	327 DEG
208 AVIEW	248 RCL 14		288 30	328 RCL 17
209 PSE	249 RCL 16		289 ENTER^	329 RCL 16
210 GTO 61	250 X=Y?		290 7	330 RCL 15
<u>211*LBL 01</u>	251 GTO 13		291 GTO 36	331 RCL 14
<u>212*LBL 02</u>	252 RCL 18		<u>292*LBL 11</u>	332 X>Y?
<u>213*LBL 03</u>	253 X=Y?		293 XEQ 35	333 RAD
<u>214*LBL 04</u>	254 GTO 13		294 40	334 X>Y?
<u>215*LBL 05</u>	255 RCL 17		295 ENTER^	335 X<>Y
<u>216*LBL 06</u>	256 RCL 15		296 6	336 STO 14
217 RCL IND 22	257 X=Y?		<u>297*LBL 36</u>	337 RDN
218 RCL 21	258 GTO 13		298 RCL Z	338 X>Y?
219 X=Y?	259 RTN		299 X>Y?	339 RAD
220 ST+ 20	260*LBL 08		300 RTN	340 X>Y?
221 ISG 22	261 RCL 14		301 RCL Z	341 X<>Y
222 GTO 06	262 RCL 17		302 STO 20	342 STO 15
223 RTN	263 X=Y?		303 RTN	343 RDN
<u>224*LBL 13</u>	264 GTO 13		<u>304*LBL 35</u>	344 X>Y?
225 FS?C 14	265 RCL 15		305 RCL 15	345 RAD
226 RTN	266 RCL 18		306 RCL 17	346 X>Y?
227 RCL 14	267 X=Y?		307 *	347 X<>Y
228 RCL 15	268 GTO 13		308 E1	348 STO 16
229 RCL 16	269 RTN		309 X=Y?	349 RDN
230 RCL 17	<u>270*LBL 09</u>		310 RTN	350 RCL 18
231 +	271 SF 14		311 RCL 23	351 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
232 +	272 XEQ 07		312 ISG X	352 RAD
233 +	273 FS?C 14		313 RCL 14	353 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
234 RCL 18	274 RTN		314 ENTER^	354 X<>Y
235 +	275 RCL 14		<u>315*LBL 50</u>	355 STO 18
236 STO 20	276 RCL 15		316 SIGN	356 X<>Y
237 RTN	277 X#Y?		317 +	357 STO 17
<u>238*LBL 12</u>	278 RTN		318 RCL IND Y	358 FS? 43
239 RCL 18	279 RCL 17		319 X=Y?	359 GTO 40
240 RCL 14	280 RCL 18		320 DSE T	360 END

# Yams for the HP-41CX –

### JM Baillard-<u>http://hp41programs.yolasite.com/yams.php</u>

### **Overview**

This program allows you to play "Yams" with - but not against - your HP-41CX. "Yams" is a kind of Yahtzee game: "Yams" = 5 of a kind.

You roll 5 dice, then, if need be, you can roll again some of these dice - at most 2 times at each turn - and you try to get one of the 13 combinations below. Then, you choose one of these combinations, which cannot be chosen again in the next rounds.

If - for instance - you get several times 2 2 2 2 2, it may be registered as yams, full, 4 of a kind, 3 of a kind ...After 13 turns, the HP-41 displays your score, and the object is to get the highest score.

COMBINATION	SCORING
3 of a kind 4 of a kind Full-house Straight 5 of a kind = yams "+" combination any combination	Sum of all dice + 10 points Sum of all dice + 20 points Sum of all dice + 30 points Sum of all dice + 40 points Sum of all dice + 50 points Sum of all dice S if you press "+" with 43651 (S = 19)
"-" combination	Sum of all dice $S'$ provided $S > S'$ and
then "-" with 44651 ( S'	= 20 ), you will receive 19 pts but not 20 pts.
The ones The twos	Sum of the ones Sum of the twos

Sum of the twos
Sum of the threes
Sum of the fours
Sum of the fives
Sum of the sixes

If the sum of these last 6 sums reaches 60 points or more, you get a bonus of 30 points.

There are many variants and the following program may be modified according to your preferences.

#### Instructions of Use:

0.- Initialize with a random seed in register R00

1.- XEQ "YAMS" the HP-41 displays the 5 dice followed by + - BCFYS All the flag indicators: user 0 1 2 3 4 are set

If you want to throw again the dice - say n° 1 2 4 (as seen from the left) press 1, 2, 4, ENTER[^]. Then if you want to roll again the dice 1 4 , press 1, 4 ENTER[^]

The screen is displayed twice, then choose a combination (if you have a "yams", press [Y]. The corresponding indicator (flag indicator or a character in the alpha register) will have disappeared on the next round.

2.- Continue to throw again the dice if need be until the 13 rounds are over. The Hp-41 will display your score, preceded by "BONUS", if you've got at least 60 points with the ones, the twos, ......., the sixes.

Warning:

If you get a satisfying combination before the 3rd attempt - i-e after rolling the dice only 1 or 2 times -press R/S (the display will blink) and only then, press the key corresponding to your combination.

You have 41 seconds to decide which dice you want to throw, but only 10 seconds to decide which combination to choose.

#### **Program Listing**

We need indicators to show what combinations are still available:

For the ones I've chosen flag F01, for the twos F02, for the threes F03, for the fours F04. Unfortunately, the state of flags F05 & F06 doesn't appear in the display so, I've used F00 for the fives and F27 (which is the "user mode" flag) for the sixes.

The seven other combinations appear as + - B C F Y S for "+" "-" "3 of a kind" "4 of a kind" "Full-house" "Yams" "Straight" respectively.

-I've chosen B because "3 of a kind" = Brelan in French and C because "4 of a kind" = Carré in French. Other choices are clearly possible...

Data Registers: R00 = random seed

$R01 = dice n^{\circ}1$	R06 = Full	R11 = 3 o	of akind	R16 = the fours
$R02 = dice n^{\circ}2$	R07 = Straight	R12 = 4 o	of a kind	R17 = the fives
$R03 = dice n^{\circ}3$	R08 = +	R13 = the	e ones	R18 = the sixes
$R04 = dice n^{\circ}4$	R09 = -	R14 = the	twos	R19 = 13, 12,, 1, 0
$R05 = dice n^{\circ}5$	R10 = Yams	R15 = the	threes	R20 = 3, 2, 1, 0
Flags:	F01 = the	1's	F04 = the 4	-'s

Flags:	FOI = the Ts	F04 = the 4's
	F02 = the 2's	F00 = the 5's
	F03 = the 3's	F27 = the 6's

## **Program listing:**

<u>01</u>	LBL "YAMS"	56 X=0?	111 LBL 63	166 RTN
02	FIX 0	57 "~B"	112 5	167 RCL 03
03	CF 29	58 RCL 12	113 XEO 06	168 X=Y?
04	SE 00	59 X=0?	114 STO 17	169 RTN
05	SF 01	60 "~C"	115 CE 00	170 RCL 04
05		61 PCL 06	115 CI 00	170 RCL 01
00	SF 02			$1/1 \ A = 1$
07	SF 03	62 X=U?	117 LBL 64	172 RIN
08	SF 04	63 "~F"	118 6	1/3 RCL 05
09	SF 27	64 RCL 10	119 XEQ 06	174 X=Y?
10	6.018	65 X=0?	120 STO 18	175 RTN
11	CLRGX	66 "~Y"	121 CF 27	176 RCL 01
12	13	67 RCL 07	122 RTN	177 -
13	STO 19	68 X=0?	123 LBL 06	178 4
14	LBL 01	69 "~S"	124 5	179 X#Y?
15	CLX	70 AVIEW	125 SIGN	180 RTN
16	STO 01	71 DSF 20	126 CLX	181 XEO 08
17	STO 02	72 FS? 30	127 X < >Y	182 40
18	STO 02	73 GTO 10	128   BL 07	183 +
10	STO 03	74   BL 04		184 STO 07
20		74 LDL 04 75 41	129 KCLIND L 120 V-V2	104 JIC 07
20	210.02		$130 \ A = 1$	
21			131 51+Z	100 LDL 31
22		77 X<>L	132 RDN	187 XEQ 08
23	LBL 02	/8 X=Y?	133 DSE L	188 510 09
24	5	79 GTO 02	134 GIO 07	189 RCL 08
25	LBL 03	80 X<>L	135 X<>Y	190 X#0?
26	RCL IND X	81 X=0?	136 RTN	191 X>Y?
27	X#0?	82 GTO 10	137 LBL 21	192 RTN
28	GTO 03	83 48	138 CHS	193 CHS
29	CLX	84 -	139 STO 06	194 STO 09
30	RCL 00	85 CLRGX	140 RCL 01	195 RTN
31	R-D	86 GTO 04	141 RCL 02	196 LBL 61
32	6	87 LBL 72	142 X#Y?	197 XEQ 08
33	MOD	88 1	143 RTN	198 STO 08
34 9	STO 00	89 XEO 06	144 RCL 04	199 RCL 09
35	INT	90 STO 13	145 RCL 05	200 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
36	1	91 CE 01	146 X#Y?	201 RTN
37	+	92 RTN	147 RTN	201 KIN
20		03   B  73	148 PCI 03	202 CHS
20		95 EDE 75	140 V = V2	203 310 00 204 DTN
10			1+3 $A-1$ :	
40				205 LDL /1
41		90 510 14	151 RCL 02	
42	GIO 03	97 CF U2	152 X#Y?	207 50
43	CLA	98 RIN	153 RIN	208 +
44	ARCL 01	99 LBL /4	154 LBL 05	209 510 10
45	ARCL 02	100 3	155 XEQ 08	210 RCL 05
46	ARCL 03	101 XEQ 06	156 30	211 RCL 01
47	ARCL 04	102 STO 15	157 +	212 X=Y?
48	ARCL 05	103 CF 03	158 STO 06	213 RTN
49	RCL 08	104 RTN	159 RTN	214 CHS
50	X=0?	105 LBL 62	160 LBL 53	215 STO 10
51	"~+"	106 4	161 CHS	216 RTN
52	RCL 09	107 XEQ 06	162 STO 07	217 LBL 12
53	X=0?	108 STO 16	163 RCL 01	218 CHS
54	"∼-"	109 CF 04	164 RCL 02	219 STO 11
55	RCL 11	110 RTN	165 X=Y?	220 RCL 01
		· · · · · ·		

Ángel M. Martin

Retro Games for the HP-4	1	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
221 RCL 03	252 STO 12	283 X>Y?	314 +
222 X=Y?	253 RTN	284 X<>Y	315 RCL 17
223 GTO 12	254 LBL 08	285 RDN	316 +
224 RCL 05	255 RCL 01	286 X>Y?	317 RCL 18
225 X=Y?	256 RCL 02	287 X<>Y	318 +
226 GTO 12	257 +	288 RDN	319 60
227 RCL 02	258 RCL 03	289 X <y?< td=""><td>320 -</td></y?<>	320 -
228 RCL 04	259 +	290 X<>Y	321 X<0?
229 X#Y?	260 RCL 04	291 STO 05	322 GTO 11
230 RTN	261 +	292 RDN	323 " BONUS"
231 LBL 12	262 RCL 05	293 X>Y?	324 AVIEW
232 XEQ 08	263 +	294 X<>Y	325 30
233 10	264 RTN	295 STO 02	326 +
234 +	265 LBL 10	296 RDN	327 LBL 11
235 STO 11	266 RCL 04	297 X>Y?	328 RCL IND Y
236 RTN	267 RCL 05	298 X<>Y	329 X<0?
237 LBL 13	268 X>Y?	299 STO 03	330 CLX
238 CHS	269 X<>Y	300 X<>Y	331 +
239 STO 12	270 RCL 03	301 STO 04	332 ISG Y
240 RCL 01	271 X>Y?	302 AVIEW	333 GTO 11
241 RCL 04	272 X<>Y	303 GETKEY	334 60
242 X=Y?	273 RCL 02	304 XEQ IND	X 335 +
243 GTO 13	274 X <y?< td=""><td>305 DSE 19</td><td>336 " "</td></y?<>	305 DSE 19	336 " "
244 RCL 02	275 X<>Y	306 GTO 01	337 ARCL X
245 RCL 05	276 X<>01	307 6.012	338 "~ PTS"
246 X#Y?	277 X>Y?	308 RCL 13	339 AVIEW
247 RTN	278 X<>Y	309 RCL 14	340 FIX 4
248 LBL 13	279 X<>01	310 +	341 SF 29
249 XEQ 08	280 X>Y?	311 RCL 15	342 END
250 20	281 X<>Y	312 +	
251 +	282 R^	313 RCL 16	

# Othello (Reversi) Valentín Albillo – PPCCJ V8N3 p14

Ed's note: As it turns out. this program was also available in the HP Users' Library – and that's the versión included here. The print copy was very clean and tidy, and it's much easier to copy-paste than to retype all the documentation from the scratch - or using OCR that frequently fails.

# 00903C PROGRAM DESCRIPTION I

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Program Title REVERSI							
Contributor's Name Valentin Al	lbillo						
Address Padre Rubio, 61 - 2 ⁰ C							
City Madrid, 29	State/Country	Spain	Zip Code				
Program Description, Equations, V YOU PLAY 57 FLIP 2 PCES 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 1	Program Description, Equations, Variables This program allows the user to play a game of Reversi against an HP-41C.         Y00 PLAY 57       The present program includes all features required: plays quite well and will         FLIP 2 PCES       easily defeat a beginner, so it provides a challenging level for everyone. The program itself runs the same with or without a printer, but if one is present, it will print the board.						
2	The program is also autonom	mous: no data c	ards required, no card reader required.				
4	It is also quite fast for such moves (whole game) in 25 game goes on.	a complex gam minutes. Beside	e: the HP-41C performs some 30 es, the running speed increases as the				
<ul> <li>7 0 ** -</li> <li>8 0 ** -</li> <li>8 0 ** 0</li> <li>You can select who makes the first move, and the type of opening: either diagonal or parallel. Also, you may select to print the board after every new position, or only after HP moves (so saving paper and time). The machine recognizes and rejects illegal moves. Can play a single move for you against itself. Even a whole game against itself if you want (imagine the HP-41C playing both black and white at the same time!)</li> </ul>							
Though you are supposed to know the rules of the game, a brief explanation will be given, for the sake of completeness. Here is a brief outline of the rules:							
Necessary Accessories 3 single-density memory modules (or a quad module).							
Operating Limits and Warnings Your move must be of the form xy, with both x and y ranging from 1 to 8, limits included, and the two exceptions to this rule being 0 (no move) and -1 (HP plays for you). Any negative number may be used instead of -1, if desired. The game generally ends when the board is full of pieces, but it may also end if no player can make a legal move. In that unlikely case, the counting of the pieces is not automatically performed. You must do it by yourself.							
References New Mathematical Diversions, by Martin Gardner. Includes the rules of Reversi, and some other curiosities. You can also have a look at the Games Pac for the HP-85 computer, which includes a program to play Reversi (not related to this program in any way, to be sure!!!)							

4 - - - * 0 - - -

5 - - - 0 2 - - -

8 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _

_ _ _ _ _ .

6 - - -

Reversi is played on an 8×8 board. There are two standard openings (see illustrations):

- diagonal opening (left)
- parallel opening (right)

									One	One of the players plays the white pieces (represented by the										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	0), th	e other	the bla	ack	one	s (repre	esented	by th	ie (	chec	kerbo	oard
1	-	-	-	_	-		-		chara	cter).										
2	_	_					_	-	-							e1 -				

To make a move, the player places one of his pieces in an empty location (represented by a dash) taking into account that:

- it must be adjacent to a piece of the other player.
- _ _ _ _ _ _ _ 2 _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ 4 - - - 0 0 - - -5 - - - * * - - -8 - - -

12345678

at least one enemy piece must be enclosed between the just placed piece and another piece of the same color.

This is, any number of pieces enclosed between the played piece and any other of the same color are flipped: they become of the capturer's color. No empty locations can be enclosed, only full rows of enemy pieces can be flipped. The row can be placed in any direction: horizontal, vertical or diagonal. If more than one row is enclosed at the same time, all are flipped. You can capture only when putting a piece on the board: enemy pieces which are left enclosed by yours because of other factors are not captured, of course.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	0	猴	*	-	₩	*	፠	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	籡	0	0	0	0	
4	<u></u>	猴	0	籡	0	0	羨	0	
5	猴	籡	0	0	巅	0	Ж	0	
6	摷	0	-	0	0	0	0	猴	
7	猴	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Some example should make it clear. Look at the diagonal opening. If black plays to 64 (6 vertical, 4 horizontal), then the white piece at 54 is between the 2 black pieces at 44 and 64 (just played), so it's flipped: the white piece at 54 becomes black. (By the way, you play black, HP plays white).

Now, look at the illustration at the left of these lines: if white plays at 14, the black pieces at 12 and 13 are enclosed between the just played piece at 14 and the white piece at 11, so they would be flipped. Simultaneously, the black pieces at 15, 16 and 17 are between the just played piece at 14 and the white piece at 18, so they would be flipped, too.

On the other hand, in the same board position, if black plays at 63, it would flip the white pieces at 62, 53, 43, 33, 23, 64, 65, 66, and 67, because there is another black piece at the end of each row of white pieces, and none of the rows contain empty locations between pieces.

#### PROGRAM CHARACTERISTICS

The program is exactly 672 bytes (96 registers) long, so it exactly fits onto 3 magnetic cards. The program is optimized for running speed: each location on the board is stored into a single data register, so a minimum SIZE 117 is required. This makes it necessary to have at least 3 single-density memory modules attached, in order to run the program, leaving a port free to plug in the card reader or the printer.

Registers are used as follows: ROO through R07 are scratch. R08 through R15 contain the directions array, necessary to scan each row. R16 through R27 store an array of constants used by the strategic part of the program to compute each move. R17 through R116 store the 8×8 board, including edges (thus being actually a 10×10 board). As you may see, the constants array and the board overlap, so saving 11 registers. This is possible because the edges may be any number except +1 or -1, and none of the constants have those values. White (HP's) pieces are stored as +1, black (yours) ones as -1, and empty locations are 0. The edges are typically 0, but can be any number except +1 or -1.

The program uses flags 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. If flag 3 is set, your move is being tested for legality, or HP is playing your pieces against its own. If flag 4 is set, a given number is not yet considered legal. If flag 1 is set, HP plays
Printer is set to Normal Mode					
SF 02 XEQ "REVERSI"	<u>SAMPLE GAME</u> : Load the program, SIZE 117, and p SF 02 (selects one board only)	ress the following:			
DIAG ?	XEQ "REVERSI" : see printout at the left.				
12345678	<ul> <li>the display asks you whether you want to play DIAGonal pressing R/S</li> </ul>	l opening: you agree by			
2	<ul> <li>the board is printed now reflecting the diagonal opening that you have selected. This is the initial position. You are playing black (checkerboard characters) and HP plays white (the 0's).</li> </ul>				
6	(if you are not using a printer, you need an actual $8 \times 8$ board, and a set of 64 reversible pieces, one side white, the other black. Dispose them as in the printout, and always actualize the board after your moves and after HP moves).				
HP 1ST ? N RUH Hove ? 64 RUN You play 64 Flip 1 pces	<ul> <li>the machine prompts you whether it makes the first move</li> <li>enter an N and press R/S (N stands for NO): you move first</li> <li>the machine then prompts for your move</li> <li>enter 64, then R/S (you put a piece at 6 vertical, 4 horizontal)</li> <li>the machine tests your move, finds it legal, and acknowledges the move, displaying also the number of flipped pieces</li> <li>then computes its move, displays it, the number of pieces it flips, and prints the board</li> </ul>				
I PLAY 63 FLIP 1 PCES	(the board was not printed after your move because we set fla	ag 02)			
$\begin{array}{c} 2 & 3 & 4 & 5 & 6 & 7 & 8 \\ 1 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 2 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 3 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 4 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ 4 & - & - & - & - & - & - \\ \end{array}$	the board reflects the position after the moves. Your move at piece at 54, which became black, but then the machine move piece once more to white. This is so because by playing at 63 the piece at 54 is enclosed between both white pieces at 63 and 45	64 flipped the white d to 63 flipping that same MOVE ? CF 02 76 RUN			
6 0 ×	the game continues (You:53, HP:65) then, we decide to have a printing of both boards, so we clear flag 02, and enter 76, R/S as our move: (the flag is cleared	YOU PLAY 76 FLIP 1 PCES			
	using the keyboard sequence CF 02). The machine	1			

acknowledges your move, and, since flag 02 is cleared, prints the board reflecting your move.

The board is printed. Your move at 76 just flipped the white piece at 65, which became black. You must be aware that this printout is not a direct continuation of the previous one, since we took the game up two moves later.

The machine plays to 66, so flipping once more the piece at 65. As you may see, unlike other games, such as chess or checkers, pieces never move from where they are left, but merely change sides any number of times. Of course, the object of the game is to have the maximum number of pieces on the board when the game ends.

The board is printed now, showing the effects of the machine move on the position.

						10		R.	ļ
Υŧ	)U	PLA	Y	76					
FL	.IP	1	PCE	ES					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
ŝ.									
2	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-	
3	_	-	-	_	-	-	-		
4	_	_	_	፠	0	_	_	_	
5	_	_	*	褑	0	_	_	_	
6	_	_	0	0	*	_	_	_	
?	_		_	_	_	፠	_	_	
8	_	_	_	_	_		_		
Ŧ	P1 0	NY.	66						
Ê.	10		DCD	0					
rł.	15	1	115	3					
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
2	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
3		_	_	_		_	_	_	
4	_	_	_	*	0	_	_		
5	_	_	*	*	Ô	_	_	_	
6	_	_	0	0	Ó	0	_	_	
7	_	_	_	_	_	*	_	_	
						- 24			

your pieces for you. If flag 2 is set and the printer is present, the board will not be printed after your moves (except, of course, if you make the last move). If flag 2 is clear, the board is printed after every move. All flags are controlled by the program, except flag 2, which is user-dependent: you may set or clear it from the keyboard as often as you like. Flag 5 is set before a sequence of board positions is tested. If the flag is set at the end of the sequence, none of the positions tested are valid.

Remember that the program is printer-compatible: if you do not use a printer, it runs the same, except that the board is not printed, of course.

### TIPS AND REMARKS

Here are a few typical running times. These times are just the time needed to compute HP moves. They do include time required to print the hoard, but, of course they do not include the time required for you to think out your own move.

- an average game : 30 HP moves
  - without printer: 25 minutes
  - printer, SF 02 (1 board): 60 minutes
  - o printer, CF 02 (2 id.): 75 minutes

As you may see from these figures, the printer slows down significantly the execution speed, but the convenience of the automatic handling of the board, and the fact that an actual board is not needed at all, together with the game being recorded on the paper tape, make it worth the price.

Remember also that execution gets faster as the program progresses, from some 70 seconds for a move near the beginning of the game, to a few seconds for a move near the end of the game. This is possible because HP keeps track of already occupied locations, and once a group of 5 locations is tested to be occupied, they are not tested any more, speeding up the search algorithm quite a lot when the game is close to its termination.

No moves are random, so the same game is played if you make exactly the same moves. This feature is useful: if you made a mistake that allowed HP to win, you can repeat that game once more, this time avoiding the error, to see who wins now. As you'll see, the level of play is quite good for such a tiny program running under the speed limitations of the HP-41C. Any improvements to the playing logic are welcome, however.

There are several ways of making room for improvements, or to fit the program into 2 RAMs (instead of 3). Possible shortcuts are:

- Delete lines 68, 69, change LBL "REVERSI" to LBL "R", line 260 to "OK", and shorten other alpha comments. This saves 27 to 30 bytes at almost no cost.
- 2) If you have no printer, or do not want printing of the board, you can delete lines 6, 62, 195 through 251, 254 through 258 (limits always included) and change line 49 to 60 instead of 61. This modification saves 116 bytes.
- 3) You may use a data card: delete lines 7 through 30 (both included) and insert in their place:

07 16.027 08 RDTAX

This saves another 148 bytes, but a card reader is needed, and you must load a data card when the program asks for one. The data card contains the constants that the program stores (in lines 7 through 30) in their respective registers. See program listings.

Remember that, although the game normally ends when the board is full of pieces, it may end if no player can make a legal move (or if a player loses all his/its pieces). In these cases, the automatic counting of the pieces to decide the winner is not performed: you'll have to do it manually.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	
1	0	*	*	*	*	*	*	0	
2	0	፠	፠	38	፠	*	*		
3	0	0	0	፠	0	0	*	0	
4	*	*	0	0	0	*	*	0	
5	*	*	θ	0	0	0	*	0	
6	፠	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
7	፠	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

MOVE ? -1 RUN NO MOVE I PLAY 28 FLIP 8 PCES

GAME IS OVER

I WON

HP: 49, YOU: 15

SAMPLE GAME CONTINUED: In the printout at the left, a typical game ends.

HP has just moved. Then you are prompted for your move. In the position shown, there is just one empty location left. But you cannot place a piece there, because no white pieces would result enclosed between your piece and another of your pieces. So you have no legal move. However, if you are a beginner, you may be unsure about it, so you decide to have the machine select your move (if any) for you:

Enter -1, R/S. HP begins to search for a suitable move for you. But as expected, finds none, displays (and beeps; you may have noticed by now that most messages are beeped as well as displayed and printed) NO MOVE, then proceeds to search for its move. Finally, after a few seconds, it moves to 28 (where else?!) and, while doing so, flips no less than 8 of your pieces: those located at 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 37, and 46.

The board is printed for the last time. Then the machine realizes that the game has ended, displays GAME IS OVER, and counts both black and white pieces on the board, to decide the winner. This time, it displays HP: 49, YOU: 15, meaning there are 49 white pieces on the board, while you have only 15 of your pieces remaining. Obviously, HP has won, so it displays a final I WON message. Once this message is on the display, there is only one possibility left for you: TRY AGAIN.

<u>TEST GAME</u>: If desired, test that your program is correctly loaded by executing the following game.

Diagonal opening, HP first. Only the moves are shown (no flip pieces)

YOU	HP	YOU	HP	YOU	HP	YOU	HP	YOU	<u>HP</u>
	65	42	68	57	85	25	16	38	48
46	33	75	36	83	58	26	52	78	82
64	63	35	84	76	41	32	47	71	87
43	66	86	51	61	34	23	14	12	11
72	53	31	56	62	74	15	73	0	21
67	81	27	18	24	13	17	37	77	88
								22	<u>28</u>

FINAL SCORE: 17 47, so HP WON.

<u>NOTE</u>: If you play with a printer (and set it to NORM, as recommended), you'll have each machine move printed, as well as displayed. However, if you play without a printer, and you happen to miss the I PLAY xy display, do not worry. Simply use backarrow to clear the MOVE ? display, and the last HP's move will be in the display, in the form xy. (Use backarrow just once. Using it twice or more consecutively would also clear the xy move! You can also simply turn alpha on and off to clear the MOVE ? prompt from the display.)

				(111-410)
<u>STEP</u>	INSTRUCTIONS	INPUT	<b>FUNCTION</b>	DISPLAY
1	Load the program. You play black. HP white.			
2	If you want to use the printer, plug it in now and set			
	NORM position.			
3	If a printer is used and you want to suppress board		SF 02	Flag 2 annunc. on
	printing after your moves, press:			
	the board will now be printed just after HP moves.			
	This can be done at any time			
or 3	To print the board each time, press:		CF 02	Flag 2 annunc. off
4	Make sure you have at least SIZE 117.			
5	Begin the game, press:		XEQ "REVERSI"	DIAG?
6	If you want to play diagonal opening:		R/S	HP 1ST?
or 6	If you want to play parallel opening:	Ν	R/S	HP 1ST?
7	If you want HP to make the first move:		R/S	I MOVE
or 7	If you want to make the first move:	Ν	R/S	MOVE?
8	IF IT IS YOUR TURN (MOVE? on the display)	ху	R/S	YOU PLAY xy
	Enter your move (x=vertical, y=horizontal)			FLIP p PCES
	(Your move is tested for legality. If it is found to be			or
	illegal, you'll be prompted once more for your			ILLEGAL
	move with MOVE?. Go to Step 9, then)			MOVE?
or 9	You have no legal move: enter:	0	R/S	
	and HP proceeds to compute its move.			
or 9	You want the machine to play your pieces against		<b>D</b> 10	
	its own in this turn: enter:	-1	R/S	
	and HP computes your move, displays:			YOU PLAY xy
	and then automatically computes its own move. NO			FLIP p PCES
	MOVE is displayed if the machine finds no legal			
	move for your pieces. If you want a whole			NOMOVE
	machine/machine game, always enter -1 as your			
10	move.			
10	IF HP MOVES It will think about its move for a while then display:			I DI AV
	while, then display.			FLAT XY
	the number of your pieces flipped NO MOVE is			TLIP PPCES
	displayed if no legal move is possible for HD. You			NO MOVE
	then have the turn once more:			NOMOVE
	Go to Step 8			
11	Once the last player makes the last move, you	I		
	should see:			GAME IS OVER
	where $nn = number of white (HP)$			HP: nn YOU: mm
	pieces on the board			I WON or
	mm = number of block (vou)			YOU WON
	pieces on the board			
	Of course, the player with the most pieces at the			
	end of the game wins the game. So, if HP has 24			
	pieces on the board and you have 40, you won. If			
	HP has 40 and you 24, HP wins. But if both have			
	32 pieces, it is a tie and no winning message is			
	displayed.			

<u>NOTES</u>: If the printer is plugged in, everything that appears in the display is printed as well, and the resulting board position is printed after every legal move if Flag 02 is clear, and only after HP moves if it is set. After the last move, the board is printed also, regardless of the status of Flag 02.

You may set or clear Flag 02 using SF 02 and CF 02 respectively from the keyboard as often as you like. You may do it at any time during program execution, when~ ever the machine is at a halt.

If no player can make a legal move, or if one player loses all his pieces, the game is ended, but this is not recognized by the program, and the automatic counting of the pieces is not performed. Do it yourself, to determine the winner. The board, if not already printed, may be forced to be printed by the following series of keystrokes:

and halt the program just after the 8th row is printed, by pressing R/S. Once the board is printed, you can perform the counting.

The machine-plays-for-you feature is very useful. You can use it freely whenever you don't know what to play: let the machine play (honestly) your pieces, hoping its selection is a good one. Or, if you are unsure whether you have any legal move or not, let the machine play your pieces:

- if there is a legal move for you it will be found
- if no legal move at all, NO MOVE is displayed, and the machine now computes its own move.

This capability is especially useful for beginners; also, if you want the machine to play a whole game against itself, always enter -1 as your move, and you'll see HP in action as never before!

	DATA REGISTERS				STATU	JS	
01		SIZE	117	TOT. REG	G. 213	USER	MODE
to	Scratch	ENG		FIX	SCI	ON	OFF XX
07		DEG		RAD	GRAD		
00			DUT		FLAG	s	
08	Distinguist	#	S/C	SET INDI	CATES	CLEAF	RINDICATES
to	Directions array	01		HP playin	g vour nie	PCPS	
15		02		Only 1 ho	ard	Both 1	boards
1.	17	03		Move test	ed legal	Dom	ootalas
16		04		Move not	vet legal		
to	Constants array to Board	05		Set before	sequence	of board p	ositions is
27	116			tested If t	he flag is	set at the er	nd of the
				sequence	none of t	he positions	tested are
	(Constants array and Board overlap)			valid.	none or a	ne positions	icsicu arc
		12		Double w	ide print	Single	e wide print
		23		Alpha inp	ut	No alj	pha input
		29		Decimal p	oint	Suppr	ess Decimal
				Flag 29 is	also set to	o indicate th	e first move
				of the gan	ne.		
		55		Printer ex	ists	No pr	inter
				AS	SIGNM	ENTS	
		FUNC	TION	KEY	F	UNCTION	KEY

### **Program listing:**

01*LBL "REVERSI"	51 CF 23
02 117	52 AON
03 XROM "INIT"	53 PRON
04 CF 01	54 RCL 0
05 CF 12	55 RCL 0
06 .8188111883	56 FS?C 2
07 STO 16	57 X<>Y
08 .8661683139	58 STO 6
09 STO 17	59 X<>Y
10.1316636633	60 STO 7
11 STO 18	61 XEQ 0
12 .3684855158	62 "HP 1
13 STO 19	63 PRON
14 .4148141564	64 AOFF
15 STO 20	65 FS?C
16 .6553564346	66 GTO (
17 STO 21	67 "I MC
18.3435747552	68 AVIEV
19 STO 22	69 SF 29
20.5742472425	70*LBL 1
21 STO 23	70 <u></u> 71 "l"
22.7376626732	72 CF 03
23 STO 24	73*IBL0
24.3723268287	74 16.02
25 STO 25	75 FS?C
26 7178212812	76 21
27 STO 26	70 21 77 STO 0
28 177277227	78*I BI 1
29 STO 27	70 LDL 1
30 SIGN	80 X=0?
31 STO 62	81 GTO (
32 STO 09	82 SE 05
33 CHS	82 51 05 83*1 BL 1
34 STO 08	84 RCI 1
35 STO 72	85 XA2
35 310 72	85 *
27 STO 15	00 97 STO 0
37 310 13	87 310 0 99 INIT
39 510 14	89 XEQ 1
40 + 41 STO 11	90 FC rC
41 510 11	91 GIU
42 CHS	92 KCL U
43 510 10	93 FRC
44 11	94 X#U?
45 510 13	95 GTO 1
40 CHS	96 FS? 0
4/ 510 12	9/5101
48 bl	98*LBL 0
49 510 07	99 ISG 0
50 "DIAG?"	100 GTO

AON PROMPT **RCL 09 RCL 08** FS?C 23 X<>Y STO 61 X<>Y STO 71 **XEQ 06** "HP 1ST?" PROMPT AOFF FS?C 23 GTO 00 "I MOVE" AVIEW SF 29 *LBL 14 ηn CF 03 *LBL 08 16.027 FS?C 29 21 STO 05 *LBL 11 RCL IND 05 X=0? GTO 05 SF 05 *LBL 13 **RCL 10** X^2 **STO 06** INT **XEQ 12** FC?C 04 GTO 00 **RCL 06** FRC X#0? GTO 13 FS? 05 STO IND 05 *LBL 05 ISG 05 GTO 11

101 CLAXON 102 "NO MOVE" 103 AVIEW 104 PSE 105*LBL 00 106 FS?C 01 107 GTO 14 108 "MOVE ?" 109 PROMPT 110 X=0? 111 GTO 14 112 SF 03 113 "YOU" 114 X<0? 115 SF 01 116 X<0? 117 GTO 08 118 XEQ 12 119 FC?C 04 120 GTO 14 121 CLAXON 122 "ILLEGAL" **123 AVIEW** 124 GTO 00 125*LBL 12 126 SF 04 127 17 128 + 129 STO 00 130 RCL IND 00 131 X#0? 132 RTN 133 CF 05 134 STO 01 135 8.015 136 STO 02 137 RCL 09 138 FC? 03 139 CHS 140 STO 04 141*LBL 01 142 RCL 00 143 RCL IND 02 144 +145 STO 03 146 RCL IND X 147 RCL 04 148 X#Y? 149 GTO 12 150*LBL 03

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
151 LASTX	198*LBL 06	245 ADV
152 ST+ 03	199 FC? 55	246 FS? 03
153 RCL IND 03	200 GTO 12	247 GTO 12
154 RCL 04	201 ADV	248 ADV
155 X=Y?	202 31	249 ADV
156 GTO 03	203 STO 00	250*LBL 12
157 CHS	204 45	251 DSE 07
158 X#Y?	205 STO 01	252 RTN
159 GTO 12	206 79	253 FC? 02
160 STO IND 00	207 STO 02	254 GTO 12
161*LBL 04	208 2.01	255 FS?C 03
162 LASTX	209 STO 03	256 XEQ 06
163 ST- 03	210 8	257*LBL 12
164 RCL 00	211 SKPCOL	258 32
165 RCL 03	212 49.056	259 "GAME OVER"
166 X=Y?	213 STO 04	260 28.105
167 GTO 12	214*LBL 02	261 AVIEW
168 RCL 08	215 RCL 13	262 0
169 ST* IND Y	216 SKPCOL	263*LBL 07
170 ST- 01	217 X<>Y	264 RCL IND Y
171 GTO 04	218 ACCHR	265 +
172*I BI 12	219 ISG X	266 ISG Y
173 ISG 02	220 GTO 02	267 GTO 07
174 GTO 01	220 010 02 221 PRBLIE	268 2
175 BCL 01	222 7 1001	269 /
176 X-02	222 20.000 223 STO 05	2007
177 RTN	223 510 05 224*I BL 09	270 X 271
178 CE 0/	225 RCL 04	271 KDN 272 ST_ 7
	225 ACCHR	272 31 2
	220 ACCI 15	
100 KCL 00		
101 17	220 SRPCUL 220 SE 12	
102 -		
		277 > , YUU:
184 AVIEW	231 RCL IND 05	
185 FC?C 01	232 RCL 09	
186 FC? 03	233 +	280 BEEP
187 BEEP	234 RCL IND X	281 ADV
188 PSE	235 ACCHR	282 PSE
189 "FLIP "	236 RCL 03	283 X=Y?
190 ARCL 01	237 SKPCOL	284 STOP
191 >" STNS"	238 ISG 05	285 "I"
192 AVIEW	239 GTO 10	286 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
193 PSE	240 PRBUF	287 "YOU"
194 FC? 02	241 ST+ 05	288 >" WON"
195 GTO 06	242 CF 12	289 PROMPT
196 FS? 03	243 ISG 04	290 END
197 GTO 12	244 GTO 09	

## **5x5 Mini-Chess**

# Valentín Albillo – PPCCJ V8N6 p66

This program challenges the user to play chess against the 41C. The game is played in a 5x5 board instead of the standard 8x8 (see reasons below) but this hardly matters, as - all standard chess rules are implemented , including pawn promotion.

'I'he program is absolutely printer-compatible, but if a printer is present, it will print the board, making extensive use of the graphic capabilities of the printer. A1so, you may have the board printed after every move, or just after HP moves, to save paper and time.

I originally wrote an 8x8 game but:

a) an 8x8 board cannot be printed using special characters, because of printer limitations – The buffer cannot hold more than 44 columns at a time, and each special character already takes 7 columns. The board could be printed using numbers to identify the pieces, or some combinations of characters, but even the best attempt was much worse and unrecognizable than the present version.

b) 8x8 game took the full memory of a 41C (with 4 RAM modules), so unless you had a 41CV or a Quad module neither the printer nor the card reader could be plugged, making very difficult to load and run the program.

c) 8x8 game, using the same playing logic as this 5x5 version, took several hours per move, playing very weak, and thus making the game uninteresting. This version requires 3 memory modules, card reader and optionally the printer.

On the other hand, this 5x5 version provides the following advantages:

- a) The board is printed using BLDSPEC special characters, so you can clearly see the position without using an actual board. All handling of the board is automatic.
- b) Though the board is 5x5, you still have all pieces of conventional chess arranged in the same order (see illustration below): king, queen, bishop, rook and a row of pawns. All pieces have the same powers and restrictions as in standard chess.

12345	12345
1 # # 2 2 2	1 # 1 \$ 2 *
211111	21111
3	3800000
488888	4 🗆 🛛 🗖 🗖 🖓
588222	588222

c) This 5x5 version fits in 3 memory modules, leaving a port free to plug the card reader and the printer if desired. Also, due to the reduced size game progresses faster than in 8x8 chess, taking an average of 20 moves per game (8x8 averages 40), making the game more active. Both armies get into battle very soon.

Ángel M. Martin

And also, as the number of alternatives for a given position is less than in 8x8, the machine level of play is much better, so thah HP plays a quite good, non-trivial game. It can checkmate you if you don't play fine enough!

All standard rules of chess are implemented, with the following three exceptions:

- 1. Since the king is already in a corner, no castling is necessary.
- 2. Since there's only one empty row between the pawns, a pawn may only advance one position on its first move
- 3. No capture "en passant" is allowed.

As you see these exceptions are mostly due to the board size. All other rules are unchanged, for instance pawn promotion is allowed: like in standard chess if a pawn reaches the opposite side it becomes any piece dsired by the player (except king and another pawn, obviously).

Such an example is given in the illustration below: HP moves its pawn in 42 (standard row/column matrix notation: 4 is vertical, 2 is horizontal) to 53, this taking the white bishop at that location (you always play white, BTW), it becomes a queen (see printout) and gives check (not shown). In case of pawn promotion HP always selects a queen, but you may choose any piece you wish.



If some HP move results in a check being given to your king, the machine sjows the word CHECK after its move. There are two exceptions to this rule:

- 1. If a pawn promoted to a queen by HP results in a check that is not indicated
- 2. If HP moves a piece that, while not giving check by itself, leaves your king under attack from some other HP piece then that check is not indicated either.

HP will never make illegal moves, but your moves are not tested for legality (you are assumed to play honestly). If your king is under check and you forget the fact and move some other piece HP will actually take your king on its next move!

#### HOW IT WORKS

Here is a brief and concise explanation of the program internal mechanics. First of all, the board, though it is 5x5, is stored including edges, thus it becomes a 9x9 board (edges are two squares wide). The edges' are neccessary to simplify the "move-a-piece" algorithms, thus saving program memory and, more important, time required for a move. However, a 9x9 board would take 81 registers. That's too much. First a saving can be made, because the upper left comer and the lower right one can be suppressed, saving 2 registers. But then,

one realizes that, as the edges must contain alpha constants, any alpha, the BLDSPEC characters may be stored on an edge. That saves 13 additional registers. Further, the bottom edge may be suppressed if we simply make use of flag 25 (the error flag) to detect those NONEXISTENT registers: if a register is nonexistent, it is an edge ! (this makes necessary to have a size of exactly 097. Otherwise, the the register would exist !). This saves another 19 registers. Thus the 9x9 board takes just 47 registers, instead of 81. Very good saving, indeed !

Now, the pieces are stored as a code in the location where it stands. The code is composed of two parts: the integer part is the code itself, positive for white pieces, negative for black ones. The decimal part is the "value" the machine gives to the piece. Those codes are:

king = 6.50queen = 5.09bishop = 4.03knight = 3.03rook = 2.05pawn = 1.01

so the king is considered to have a value of 50, the queen is 9, rook is five, bisgop &: knight are of the same value, and pawn is worth 1. This is accordingly to the standard chess valoration for pieces. Empty locations have a 0 value.

In chess, almost every piece moves in a different ways. So a "move generator" is programmed, which generates all legal moves for any given piece. The algorithm to decide the move is as follows.

let G = maximum loss for a move (particularized for a given move) - and T = minimum gain for a move (general)

Initially, set T to -99. Then, scan the board to find an HP piece. Once any HP piece is found, generate a move for that piece. Test to see if the generated move is llegal. If it is, generate another move for the piece. On the other hand, if it is legal, call thee valuation routines

The evaluation routine assigns a value for a move, taking into account the following factors: -material gained (i.el captures and promotion) -material lost -pawn position -attacks to the enemy king -attacks to HP's king (or the player's, whichever is being evaluated)

all those factors are given some weight, and merged into a single value V.

If the value V1 is less than or equal to T, discard. that move, and generate another.If it is not, save the position, make the move in the board, set G to 99, and scan the board for a white piece. Once found, generate a move for that piece. Test its legality. Call the evaluation routine, etc, etc.

The fmal outcome is a value for the minimum gain (once all possible moves for black and white pieces, and resfScti ve responses have been confronted, evaluated, etc), together with the move (recorded) which produces this minimum gain. If the gain is -99, HP has being checkmated (or stalemated, see User instructions). Otherwise it performs and displays the

Retro Games for the HP-41

move which results in this minimum gain. The algorithm uses thus, resembles the alpha-beta algorithm used in computer chess programs.

Remember: your moves are not tested for legality. There are two exceptions to the check status indication Castling, capture "en passant" and pawns moving two locations fordward at the beginning are not allowed.

Size must exactly be 097 (no more, no less)

Do not make any changes to the program, unless you want it to have bugs. Specifically don't add any subroutines: all 6 levels ared used up/

Reference: Martin Gardner described the 5x5 version of chess in one of his remarkable books on Recreative Mathematics.

#### Sample Game.

Let's try it. Make sure you have a size of exactly 097 (msu be exact, no more no less, because the error flag is used to detect non-existing registers above 096 – which saves 20 registers. If the size were greater than 097 some of these registers woulexist, causing unintended errora. Load the printer "P" routine and set the printer in NORM position(if you have no printer, skip this procedure). Press [SHIFT] GTO . . see PACKING momentarily. Now load the main file MCHESS. Press:

XEQ "MCHESS", note that this version will load the needed data automatically from an X-Mem file, so no use for the card reader as in the original version.

If the rinter is connected the initial board will be printed out. You're white and HP is black. Next youé prompted with "HP  $1^{st}$ ?" to know who makes the first move. You want to make the move, so press "N", followed by R/S.

Next the program asks for from the FROM / TO locations to specifie your piece and move. Say you move from 41 to 31 0 which you'd duly input, following each number by R/S of course.

Now the programs shows "I MOVE" while it thinks – and if flag 0 is set then the board will be printed as well – if not, the prining will only occur after HP moves, not everytime.

12345		12345		12345
111222		11122		111222
211111		211111		210111
3		38		310000
488888		4 8888		408888
588882	41 \ 21	588002	22 2 24	588822
	41 7 31		22 7 31	

"I MOVE" is scrolled in the display while HP thinks, then several minutes later it displays: "FROM 22 to 31, and prints the board. As you may see from the figures, you moved your pawn one step forward and HP captured it with its pawn at 22 (remember the row/column matrix notation). The game continues as shown in the printouts below: you advance your pawn at 43, then HP captures your pawn at 42, giving check. You move your king and HP moves once more its pawn to 53, capturing your bishop and getting promoted to a queen (see the second black queen at 53!)

12345	12345	12345	12345
1 ままままだ	111223	1 1 1 2 2 2 2	111222
210111	2 X 🗍 X X X X	210111	210111
310200	300800	300800	300800
408088	4010 <u>8</u> 8	481088	480088
588022	588002	508892	588192

You now decide to capture the pawn at 24 with your pawn at 33, and HP captures your queen with its own queen at 53, giving check. You then realize you have been checkmated, because no move will save your king from the attack of the queenn at 52, protected by the second queen at 12 and the bishop at 13 impedes your retreat. You input "-1" and HP acknowledges the victory with a happy "CHECKMATE", "I WON" message. Bette rluck next time!

12345	12345	12345
1 1 2 2 2 2	1 1	101100*
210181	219100	219100
3	310000	310900
480022	400008	4
5011022	588090	588002

#### **End-Game Examples**

In the position shown above (on the right) , you move your king from 54 to 33, giving check to the black king at 21 (and also menacing the queen at 12). HP prints the new position and proceeds to consider its response. It soon finda none, and decides you have given checkmate – so it diaplays the "I MOVE, CHECKMATE, YOU WON message sequence.

In the position shown below (on the left) HP moves and wins. Black moves its queen ftom 35 to 55 taking your rook at 55, and gives check to the white king at 51. Then your move is requested after the position is printed. You suddenly find, to your dismay, that no move will save your king from the attach so you've been checkmated: enter -1 as your move and HP acknowledges the victory displaying "CHECKMATE", "I WON".

12345	12345	12345	12345
1	100020	1	100020
2119000	2112000	210010	240010
3000011	300010	300180	320180
4880000	488000	400001	40000
580002	58000±	508±000	508000

As a third case, in this other position (shown above, on the left), you're in trouble. Youtr only pieces left are your king at 52 and a blocked pawn at 34. Now HP moves its bishop from 53 to 31 and requests your move. But you cannot move at all, because the pawn is blocked and your king, though not under check, is sourronded by enemy pieces and has no legal move either. You then entre zero (0) as your move and the machine acknowledges the stalemate displaying 'STAKLEMATE"; a tie.

### Sample game and times.

If desired thest that your program is correctly loaded by running this game, where you play first. Check is indicated with a plus sign (+), and numbers in brackets represent the code of pieces obtained by pawn promotion (answers to the "PIECE?" prompt). Times are given too.

YOU	_	HP		no printer	print	er
44-34	-	25-34		3108	4-45	
43-34		23-34		3108	4-45	
53-44		34 <b></b> 45		2-16	3-26	
54-33		24-33		3125	511	
42-33		22-32		4'04	-6-11	
33-23		12-22		7-18	11.05	
23-14	(3.03)	22-44		6*25	~9 <b>^</b> 45	
55-53		45-55 (	queen	a) -6*38*	10'05	
53-55		15-14		14 40	22-17	
41-31		13-31		10-48	16-25	
52-54		44-54+		4*20	6-35	
55-54		14-54+		4 51	7-22	
-1	CHECH	CMATE-I	WON		-	
	te	otal tim	me =	71'01	107-52	
	average	per mo	= €V	5-55	8-59	

Notes: the 3.03 is the code for a knight. Your pawn promotes, and you chose a knight. 2 turns later, HIP promotes its pawn and selects a queen. As you can see, using the printer Slows down the execution time by a factor of 1.52 (52% slower). Anyway, this is not an average example; it has been chosen to show maximum times. For instance, the 14'40-seconds required to find the move 15-14, is a maximum: the 41c had to explore some 750 - moves to find the answer, so the time had to be large. That's so because HP had 26 possible options, each one having at least 19 responses from you, etc. If you want to shorten times when playing, simplify the position, change pieces, avoid open positions, etc. The execution time depends quadratically of the number of HP options and linearly of the rnlmber of your responses to each option.

### **Program listing:**

01*LBL "MNCHSS"	15 STO 94	30 -	45 sREG 74
02 97	16 ST- 58	31 STO 95	46 CLs
03 XROM "INIT"	17 E1	32 ST- 59	47 ASTO 79
04 XROM	18 E3/E+	33 2.05	48 FS? 55
"CHDTA"	19 STO 83	34 STO 96	49 XROM "CPRT"
05 9	20 STO 84	35 ST- 60	50 "HP 1ST? Y/N"
06 STO 16	21 STO 85	36 "A"	51 AVIEW
07 ST- 17	22 STO 86	37 50.091	52*LBL 55
08 6.5	23 STO 87	38 SIGN	53 GETKEY
09 STO 92	24 ST- 65	39*LBL 01	54 71
10 ST- 56	25 ST- 66	40 RCL IND L	55 X=Y?
11 5.09	26 ST- 67	41 X=0?	56 GTO 00
12 STO 93	27 ST- 68	42 ASTO IND L	57 30
13 ST- 57	28 ST- 69	43 ISG L	58 -
14 4.03	29 INT	44 GTO 01	59 X#Y?

Retro Games for the HP-4	1 User Ir	DataFile and Others	
60 GTO 55	113 X <y?< td=""><td>166 "CHECKMATE"</td><td>219 RCL 02</td></y?<>	166 "CHECKMATE"	219 RCL 02
61*LBL 99	114 GTO 04	167 AVIEW	220 STO 05
62 CF 00	115 CLX	168 CLAXON	221*LBL 15
63 FS? 55	116 X<> IND 12	169 CLA	222 RCL IND 04
64 XEQ 16	117 STO IND 13	170 ARCL X	223 ST+ 05
65 "FROM?"	118 XEQ 08	171 "` WON"	224 RCL 05
66 PROMPT	119 "FROM "	172 PROMPT	225 XEQ 08
67 "I"	120 RCL 12	173*LBL 05	226 FS? 18
68 X<0?	121 XEQ 09	174 "STALEMATE"	227 GTO 00
69 GTO 04	122 "` TO "	175 RASP	228 X<0?
70 X=0?	123 RCL 13	176 PROMPT	229 GTO 00
71 GTO 05	124 XEQ 09	177*LBL 09	230 CF 09
72 XEQ 06	125 RCL 00	178 INT	231 X=0?
73 STO 00	126 FRC	179 ENTER^	232 SF 09
74 "TO?"	127 RCL 22	180 ENTER^	233 XEQ 12
75 PROMPT	128 *	181 9	234 FS? 05
76 XEQ 06	129 FRC	182 /	235 GTO 00
77 STO 01	130 X#0?	183 INT	236 FS? 09
78 CLX	131 "`, CHECK"	184 +	237 GTO 15
79 X<> IND 00	132 RASP	185 51	238*LBL 00
80 STO IND 01	133 AVIEW	186 -	239 ISG 04
81 XEQ 07	134 FS? 55	187 ARCL X	240 GTO 14
82 FC? 55	135 XROM "CPRT"	188 RTN	241 RTN
83 GTO 00	136 FC? 55	189*LBL 06	242*LBL 36
84 FS? 00	137 STOP	190 ENTER^	243 SF 07
85 XROM "CPRT"	138 GTO 99	191 ENTER^	244*LBL 33
86*LBL 00	139*LBL 07	192 E	245 SF 05
87 "I MOVE"	140 60	193 -	246*LBL 32
88 AVIEW	141 RCL 01	194 5	247*LBL 34
89 PI	142 X>Y?	195 /	248*LBL 35
90 STO 09	143 RTN	196 INT	249 RTN
91 96.055	144 2	197 2	250*LBL 13
92 STO 02	145 RCL IND 01	198 /	251 SF 06
93 CHS	146 X>Y?	199 -	252 RCL 02
94 STO 00	147 RTN	200 46	253 9
95*I BI 11	148 "PIFCF?"	201 +	254 XFO 09
96 BCL IND 02	149 PROMPT	202 RTN	255 FS? 18
97 SIGN	150 STO IND 01	203*LBL 12	256 F
98 X=0?	150 STO IND 01	203 EDE 12 204 STO 03	257 X=0?
99 GTO 00	152*IBL 08	205 ABS	258 XFO 12
	152 LBL 00	206 CE 05	259 RCL 02
101 X<0?	154 2	200 CF 05	260 RCL 22
102 XEO 12	155 X <v?< td=""><td>207 CF 00</td><td>261 XEO 09</td></v?<>	207 CF 00	261 XEO 09
102 XEQ 12	156 RTN	200 21 07	262 FS2 18
104 DSE 02	157 92	210 X>V?	262 (1)
105 GTO 11	158 BCI 13	210 JO 13	263 227
105 GTO 11	150 X < V?	212 840 13	265 XEO 12
107 PI	160 RTN	212 7.21	265 RCL 02
108 X=Y?	161 -5 09	213 30	267 8
109 GTO 05	162 STO IND 12		267 3 268 XFO 00
110 "YOU"	163 RTN		260 FC? 18
111 - 25	164*I BL 04	210 ACL IND A 217 STO 04	20313: 10 270 RTN
112 RCI 00		217 JIO 04 218*1 RI 17	270 NTN 271 Y~-02
	103 A310 V	210 LDL 14	211 //-0:

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Retro Games for the HP-	41 User Ir	nstructions	DataFile and Others
272 RTN	325 STO IND 02	378 FS? 18	431 SF 01
273*LBL 12	326 RCL 07	379 RTN	432*LBL 32
274 CF 08	327 STO IND 08	380*LBL 12	433*LBL 34
275 STO 07	328 RTN	381 INT	434*LBL 35
276 FRC	329*LBL 12	382 6	435 RTN
277 E2	330 .5	383 X#Y?	436*LBL 12
278 *	331 ST+ 06	384 RTN	437 SF 02
279 STO 06	332 92	385 .41	438 RCL 11
280 RCL Z	333 RCL 08	386 ST+ 06	439 RCL 17
281 STO 08	334 X <y?< td=""><td>387 RDN</td><td>440 XEQ 09</td></y?<>	387 RDN	440 XEQ 09
282 .4	335 RTN	388 RTN	441 FS? 18
283 FS? 07	336 SF 08	389*LBL 07	442 E
284 ST- 06	337 9	390 CF 01	443 X=0?
285 FS? 06	338 ST+ 06	391 CF 02	444 XEQ 13
286 XEQ 12	339 RTN	392 CF 03	445 FS? 19
287 FC? 07	340*LBL 13	393 2	446 RTN
288 XEQ 13	341 FS? 06	394 X>Y?	447 RCL 11
289 RCL 00	342 GTO 13	395 GTO 12	448 RCL 20
290 RCL 06	343 RCL 03	396 X<>Y	449 XEQ 00
291 X<=Y?	344 30	397 30	450 FS? 19
292 RTN	345 -	398 +	451 RTN
293 RCL 03	346 RCL IND X	399 XEQ IND X	452 RCL 11
294 FS? 08	347 STO 01	400 RCL IND X	453 RCL 21
295 -5.09	348*LBL 03	401 STO 14	454*LBL 00
296 STO IND 08	349 RCL 08	402*LBL 28	455 XEQ 09
297 CLX	350 STO 10	403 RCL 11	456 FS? 18
298 STO IND 02	351*LBL 10	404 STO 15	457 RTN
299 56.096	352 RCL IND 01	405*LBL 29	458 X#0?
300 STO 11	353 ST+ 10	406 RCL IND 14	459 X>0?
301 STO 09	354 RCL 10	407 ST+ 15	460 RTN
302 CF 19	355 XEQ 08	408 RCL 15	461*LBL 13
303*LBL 21	356 FS? 18	409 XEQ 08	462 FRC
304 RCL IND 11	357 GTO 00	410 FS? 18	463 ABS
305 SIGN	358 XEO 12	411 GTO 00	464 E2
306 X=0?	359 X=Y?	412 X>0?	465 *
307 GTO 00	360 RTN	413 GTO 00	466 FS? 03
308 LASTX	361 FS? 05	414 CF 10	467.4
309 X<=0?	362 GTO 00	415 X=0?	468 FS? 03
310 GTO 00	363 LASTX	416 SE 10	469 -
311 XFO 07	364 X=0?	417 XFO 13	470 FS? 02
312 FS? 19	365 GTO 10	418 FS? 19	471 XFO 13
313 GTO 04	366*LBL 00	419 RTN	472 RCL 06
314*I BL 00	367 ISG 01	420 FS? 01	472 102 00
315 ISG 11	368 GTO 03	420 F3: 01 421 GTO 00	473 .
316 GTO 21	369 RTN	422 FS? 10	475 RCI 00
317 RCL 09	370*  RI 13	423 GTO 29	476 X<>Y
318 STO 00	371 RCI 08	424*1 BL 00	477 X<=V?
319 BCL 02	372 RCI 22	425 ISG 11	478 CF 10
320 STO 12	372 NCL 22	426 GTO 28	479 XZ=V?
320 510 12 321 RCI 08	374 RCI 08	427 RTN	
221 NOL 00	374 NCL 00 375 8	427 NIN 178*1 DI 26	
222 JIU 13		420 LDL 30	401 NUL UJ 107 V/NV
		423 JE UJ 420*10 22	402 XS21 402 XSV2
324 RUL U3	5// AEQ 09	450 LBL 33	403 721 6

Retro Games for the HP-41		User Instructions	DataFile and Others	
484 STO 09	494 SF 04	503 "PRINT	512*LBL 08	
485 RTN	495 RCL Z	BOTH?"	513 CF 18	
486*LBL 13	496 9	504 AON	514 SF 25	
487 .5	497 FC? 04	505 PROMPT	515 RCL IND X	
488 +	498 CLX	506 AOFF	516 SIGN	
489 RCL Z	499 +	507 FS?C 23	517 FS?C 25	
490 60	500 RTN	508 SF 00	518 X=0?	
491 X<>Y	501*LBL 16	509 RTN	519 SF 18	
492 CF 04	502 CF 23	510*LBL 09	520 LASTX	
493 X<=Y?		511 +	521 END	

### Creating the X-Mem file with the data:

01*LBL "CHDTA"	-			25 CH	5		49 "7 3*	"
02 GOOSE				26 STC	26		50 XEQ 00	
03 E				27 11			51 "0 *	п
04 STO 18				28 STC	) 31		52 XEQ 00	
05 CHS				29 CH	5		53 "T@U	"
06 STO 19				30 STC	27		54 XEQ 00	
07 E1				31 16.	019		55 "60 "	
08 STO 22				32 STC	) 32		56 XEQ 00	
09 CHS				33 24.	031		57 "80 "	
10 STO 20				34 STC	) 33		58 XEQ 00	
11 8				35 20.	023		59 " i "	
12 STO 23				36 STC	) 34		60 XEO 00	
13 CHS				37 16.	023		61 " m "	
14 STO 21				38 STC	) 35		62 XEO 00	
15 19				39 STC	) 36		63 " 0 "	
16 STO 28				40 37.	049		64 XEO 00	
17 CHS				41 "		*"	65 "Xo "	
18 STO 24				42 XEC	00 0		66*LBL 00	
19 17				43 "		-/ *"	67 LEFT	
20 STO 29				44 XFC	00 0	,	68 RCL [	
20 01 0 <u>20</u> 21 CHS				45 "		-& { *"		
22 STO 25				46 XFC	00 0	ωį	70 RDN	
22 31 3 23				47 "	<u> </u>	-n *"	70 KBN	
24 STO 30				48 XFC	00 0		72 FND	
24 510 50				HUNE	200		72 1110	
RR037 = 0;	96;	122:	127:	122;	96 <b>;</b>	0;		
RR038 = 0;	96;	114;	127;	114;	96;	0;		
RR039 = 0;	100;	110;	123;	110;	100;	0;		
RR040 = 0;	108;	102;	119;	126;	108;	0;		
RR041 = 0;	102;	124;	126;	124;	102;	0;		
RR042 = 0;	96;	102;	126;	102;	96;	0;		
RR043 = 85; RR044 = 96;	0; 95:	65; 89.	0; 65·	65; 89:	0; 95:	85; 96:		
RR045 = 103;	89;	67;	65;	67;	89;	103;		
RR046 = 110;	83;	89;	72;	65;	83;	126;		
RR047 = 110;	91;	81;	68;	81;	91;	110;		
RR048 = 112;	95;	77 <b>;</b>	64;	77 <b>;</b>	95;	112;		
RR049 = 112;	95;	69;	64;	69;	95;	112;		

Ángel M. Martin

# Checkers 3.0 Valentín Albillo –PPCCJ V8N1 p31

This program allows the user to play a game of checkers against the 41C. Checkers is a most popular game, known all over the world, though the rules vary slightly from country to country.

This program, similarly to Othello, is printer-compatible (runs with or without printer), but if a printer is present, it will print the board automatically, freeing the user of the handling of the board. The printer routine in independent from Checkers 3.0, so members without a printer do not have to make any changes to the program.

It allows the user to select who movest first. It plays as fast as possible for such a complex game, taking from 1 to 2 minutes to perform its move if no printer. (The printer slows down the execution some 35%). The strategy used is quite good, offering a real challenge for everyone.

Checkers is played on an 8 by 8 board. One player plays white (represented by the O's), the other player plays black (represented by the chequerboard character). In this version, you play always black, though you can select who makes the first move.

Each player has 12 pieces at the beginning of the game, set as in the standard position (see below). To make a move, you should place one of your pieces into one of the adjacent squares to the one in which your piece was, and diagonally in the direction of the enemy (this is, always forwards from you, always backwards for the machine pieces). Thus you can muve a piece by placing it into a free location situated diagonally adjacent (and in front) of the locationwhere your piece is currently. Your pieces always move forwards, the machine's always backwards (that is, each player moves in the enemy side's direction). Or you can take a piece of the enemy, whis also has to be located diagonally adjacent to one of yours, by jumping with your piece over it, and placing it in a free location (the next free location always moving diagonally adjacent to the enemy's piece).

Multiple jumps are allowed when you capture a piece, jump over it to the next free location, and if from that location you canmake another capture with the same piece, then you must do it, taking as many pieces in the move as you legally can.

Capture is compulsory: if you can take a piece you must do it. However, if you have several different captures possible you may select any of them, not just the one resulting in the maximum number of pieces taken. Pieces capture in the direction they move. If a piece reaches the opposite side of the board (row 0 or 7), it becomes a king. MKings move and take exactly as a normal piece, but can do it backwards and forwards (always diagonally, of course). The king may be distinguished from the normal pieces as follows: white ones are represented as zeroes, black ones as crosshatch. See the figure at the left.

Each location is represented by a 2-digit number following the coordinate system of the figures: for instance, 15 means 1 horizontal, 5 vertical. In the figure there is one black king at 37 and another at 55, one white king at 22, another at 20. If white moves it can play from 20 to 42 (taking the black piece) to 64 (taling a second piece), or from 46 to 64 (taking the black king) to 42 (taking another black piece). Or even from 22 to 40 (taking the black piece). Or from 66 to 44 (taking a black king) to 62 (taking another piece). No other moves are legal, since capturing is mandatory. If black plays, he may move from 37 to 15 (taking a piece) to 33 (taking another piece) to 11 (taking a white king). A good example of multiple

jump!, or move from 31 to 13 (taking the king) to 35 (takes another piece) to 17 (taking still another and becoming a king). That one is even better! This should make clear the mechanics of multiple jumps, and how a piece becomes a king too.

#### How to use the program.

If you have no printer load just the main program.

If you have a printer load the printing routine first, then GTO.. (PACKING) and load the main program. Set the printer to NORM position.

The main program has 502 lines (760 bytes long) The printing routine has 56 lines (102 bytes long)

And requires SIZE 084 to run. If you use the printer routine, you'll need 3 memory modules. If you don't print, don't load the printer routine and that will save you one RAM module (so you'll need only two). Also if you have a printer but don't intend to print the board, unplug the printer now.

Now XEQ "CHKERS" -> the board will be printer, reflecting the standard initial position – and you'll be prompted: "HP 1.ST?"

If yu wanr HP to make the first move press R/S. "I MOVE" appears while the machine thinks the move.

If you want to make the first move, press "N", then R/S. This will prompt for your move : "MOVE?"

a) If the machine moves (I MOVE in the duisplay) it will think its move for a while (from 1 to 2 minutes), then print: I MOVE → FROM xx TO xx (where xx and yy are the coordinates of the initial location of the moved piece, and the location where it moves to.

If it is a multiple jump. "TO zz" appears, showing the successive new locations where the piece is placed.

If a printer is present the resulting board position is printed now. Otherwise you need to update the board yourself, removing the jumped pieces from it if necessary. Once the board is printed the machine prompts for your move:  $\rightarrow$  "MOVE?"

 b) If you move (you have been prompted by "FROM?"): Input the xx for the location where the piece you want to move is now: xx, R/S → "TO?"

Then input the yy for the location where the piece moves to: yy, R/S

Very important: your move is not tested for legality, so you must be very caregful not to make illegal moves. Remember, always move diagonally and forwards (except if a king is moving, which can move backwards too); one square at a time – except when taking a piece, which will jump over it. Capture is compulsory).

If you took a piece the machie asks you for another jump, making thus a multiple jump possible. If you can jump once more (over another enemy piece, naturally) input the zz coordinates of the location whe the piece moves to.

<i>.</i> .		
Angel	Μ.	Martin

Therefore the sequence is prompted by the machine as follows:

"+TO?", enter the additional jump coordinates, zz,  $R/S \rightarrow$  "+TO?"

The machine keeps asking you for further jumps. If you can't jump any more, or if you couldn't make a multiple jump at all answer this prompt with a negative one, i.e. -1. This will signal the program that you're done and it's its time to move:

"+TO?", -1, R/S  $\rightarrow$  "I MOVE"

The examples below will clarify this. Once your move is done the "I MOVE display appears, and the machine proceeds to make its next move.

Tis sequence is repeated until the game ends. The player who takes all enemy pieces wins. A draw occurs when neither player is capable of taking all the pieces of the enemy.

If you happen to take the last piece of the machine it will still display "I MOVE", shortly followed by "YOU WIN" to acknowledge your victory. No provisions have been taken for the case in which the machine tales all your pieces. You have lost obviously, but it'll continue to request for your move. Be kind and acknowledge its vivtory by stopping the program.

#### Remarks.

- Thinking time for ec machine's move is almost fixed, it doesn't depend on the status of the game (beginning or nearing the end)
- If you are perfroming a jump (single or multiple) all your moves (if multiple) must be jumps; i.e. you can't jump over a piece, then respond to the "+TO?" prompt with a non-jumping move. An surely youmust always jump with the same piece you started the jumping sequence.
- If a multiple jump results in one of your pieces becoming a king (i.e. reaching row #7), it can continue jumping now as a king, assuming jumping is a legal option at that point. See examples below.

#### Examples

XEQ "CHCKERS" - prints the initial board, yours are the black pieces at the bottom. The first question is who starts firsts, say "N" to take the lead and input your move to be from 42 to 33. The calculator thinks its response and returns with its answer: From 15 to 04; and the new board is printed:

		1	2	3	4	5	6	7
7	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0
6	0	-	0	-	0	-	0	-
5	-	0	-	0	-	0	-	0
4	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2		-	麋	-		-		-
1	-		-	*	-	M	-	粟
Ą	兼	-	巖	-			巖	-

: M07E FROM 15 TO 84 81234567 -0-0-0-0 -0-0-0-0-5 - - - 0 - 0 - 0 40-----2 - - - # -2 第 - 章 - - - 章 -- M - M - M - M 1 9 第 一 篇 一 篇 一 篇 -

Multiple jumps example.

Suppose the board is set as shown in the figure to the left, and that it's your turn to move. Say you move FROM 40 to 31, leaving the conditions for a multiple jump to be done by the machine. Not surprisingly the program responds with "I MOVE FROM 04 to 22... TO 40, setting the piece on the bottom row and thus becoming a king and leaving thing as shown in the figure in the center:



If you then move from 62 to 53 the king at 40 jumps to 62 (taking your piece at 51), then to 44 (taking your piece at 53), and further to 22 (taking your piece at 33). Good jump! See the figure to the right for this stage.

An example of amazing jumps. Suppose the board is set as shown in the figure to the left, and that it's you turn to move. Say you move fro 40 to 51, and then the program does  $\ddot{I}$  MOVE FROM 35 to 24



If you move from 22 to 13 the machine makes a jump from 04 to 22 (taking your piece at 13), then to 40 (taking your piece at 31 and becoming a king, further to 62 (the piece continues the multiple jump, now being a king and taking your piece at 51), then to 44 (taking the piece at 53), then to 22 (being a king it can jum backwards and forwards, so it takes your piece at 33). Incredible jump that hs cleaned out thalf the board!

Remarks: No moves are random The same game is played if you make always the same moves. The level of play is quite good for such a difficult game, as you'll see. Do not make any changes to the program. There are sequences of instructions that seem to be easily improved (for instance GTO 27.... LBL 27, XEQ 28, RTN, LBL 28... RTN). Do not "improve" them or you'll find yourself with a program making illegal moves from time to time (a cheating player!)

Test Game. If desired, test that your program is correctly loaded by executing the following game sequence, HP first.

15-04/02-13, 06-15/11-02, 15-24/22-33, 04-22/31-13, 26-15/13-04, 17-26/62-53, 55-64/33-44, 46-55/42-33, 24-42/51-33, 64-42/40-31, 35-53/02-13, 55-64/13-24, 64-73/24-06, 75-64/06-17, 66-75/17-35, 73-62/04-15, 64-73/15-06, 75-64/06-17, 62-51/33-24, 51-40/24-15, 40-22/20-11, 22-33/11-22, 33-11/00-22, 42-31/60-51, 31-20/35-44, 20-11/44-62, 11-33/17-26, 33-24/15-06, 37-15/06-17, 24-35, 17-06, 35-26/06-24, 26-17/, etc, etc.

### **Program listing:**

01*LBL "CHKERS"	38 PROMPT	75 STO 02	112 RTN
02 84	39 AOFF	76 RCL 03	113 X<0?
03 XROM "INIT"	40 FS?C 23	77 XEQ 00	114 RTN
04 CF 12	41 GTO 46	78 RTN	115 RCL 05
05 E	42*LBL 20	79*LBL 02	116 XEQ 13
06 STO 20	43 "I MOVE"	80 - E	117 X=0?
07 STO 36	44 AVIEW	81 E	118 GTO 27
08 STO 52	45 7 E-3	82 STO 02	119 X<0?
09 STO 68	46 STO 00	83 XEQ 00	120 RTN
10 STO 29	47*LBL 09	84 E	121 RCL 02
11 STO 45	48 7 E-3	85 XEQ 00	122 ST+ 04
12 STO 61	49 STO 01	86 E	123 RCL 03
13 STO 77	50*LBL 10	87 STO 02	124 ST+ 05
14 STO 22	51 - E	88 CHS	125 RCL 05
15 STO 38	52 E	89 XEQ 00	126 X<0?
16 STO 54	53 RCL 00	90 E	127 RTN
17 STO 70	54 RCL 01	91 XEQ 00	128 7
18 CHS	55 XEQ 13	92 RTN	129 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
19 STO 33	56 STO 15	93*LBL 00	130 RTN
20 STO 49	57 X>Y?	94 STO 03	131 RCL 04
21 STO 65	58 GTO 00	95 RCL 00	132 X>Y?
22 STO 81	59 X=Y?	96 INT	133 RTN
23 STO 26	60 XEQ 01	97 RCL 02	134 X<0?
24 STO 42	61 RCL 15	98 +	135 RTN
25 STO 58	62 -2	99 STO 04	136 RCL 05
26 STO 74	63 X=Y?	100 RCL 01	137 XEQ 13
27 STO 35	64 XEQ 02	101 INT	138 X=0?
28 STO 51	65*LBL 00	102 RCL 03	139 XEQ 28
29 STO 67	66 ISG 01	103 +	140 RTN
30 STO 83	67 GTO 10	104 STO 05	141*LBL 27
31 -99	68 ISG 00	105 X<0?	142 XEQ 28
32 STO 09	69 GTO 09	106 RTN	143 RTN
33 FS? 55	70 GTO 38	107 7	144*LBL 28
34 XROM "KPRT"	71*LBL 01	108 X <y?< td=""><td>145 RCL 05</td></y?<>	145 RCL 05
35 CF 23	72 STO 02	109 RTN	146 X#0?
36 "HP 1ST?"	73 XEQ 00	110 RCL 04	147 GTO 00
37 AON	74 E	111 X>Y?	148 RCL 00

Retro Games for the HP-41		Jser Instructions	DataFile and Others	
149 RCL 01	202 RCL 00	255 INT	308 X#Y?	
150 XEQ 13	203 INT	256 RCL 18	309 GTO 45	
151 - E	204 STO 10	257 X#Y?	310.	
152 E	205 RCL 01	258 RTN	311 RCL 10	
153 X#Y?	206 INT	259 RCL 01	312 RCL 12	
154 GTO 00	207 STO 11	260 INT	313 STO 00	
155 2	208 RCL 04	261 RCL 07	314 +	
156 ST+ 06	209 STO 12	262 X#Y?	315 2	
157*LBL 00	210 RCL 05	263 RTN	316 /	
158 RCL 01	211 STO 13	264*LBL 00	317 RCL 11	
159 INT	212 RTN	265 2	318 RCL 13	
160 RCL 05	213*LBL 04	266 ST- 06	319 STO 01	
161 -	214 STO 08	267 RTN	320 +	
162 ABS	215 7	268*LBL 05	321.2	
163 2	216 RCL 04	269 F	322 /	
164 X#Y?	217 RCL 08	270 ST+ 06	323 XEO 12	
165 GTO 00	218 +	270 ST 100	324 RCI 16	
166 5	219 X<02	272*181 38	325 - F	
167 ST+ 06	215 A N	272 EBE 50	325 E	
162*1 PL 00	220 KTN	273 RCL 03	320 L 227 X#V2	
100 LDL 00		274-33	327 A#1!	
109 /			328 GTO 00	
170 KCL 01	223 RCL 05		329 ST+ X	
	224 E		330 \$10 02	
1/2 X#Y?	225 -	278 "FROM "	331 XEQ 06	
1/3 GTO 00	226 X<0?	279 ARCL 10	332.2	
174 2	227 RTN	280 ARCL 11	333 STO 02	
175 ST- 06	228 XEQ 13	281*LBL 39	334 RCL 03	
176*LBL 00	229 X<0?	282 STO 09	335 XEQ 06	
177 RCL 01	230 GTO 05	283 "` TO "	336*LBL 00	
178 INT	231 RCL 04	284 ARCL 12	337 RCL 16	
179 X=0?	232 RCL 08	285 ARCL 13	338 -2	
180 ISG 06	233 -	286 CLAXON	339 X#Y?	
181 X=0?	234 STO 18	287 PROMPT	340 GTO 00	
182 GTO 03	235 X<0?	288 RCL 13	341 STO 02	
183 7	236 RTN	289 X=0?	342 XEQ 06	
184 RCL 04	237 7	290 GTO 07	343 2	
185 X=Y?	238 X <y?< td=""><td>291 RCL 10</td><td>344 XEQ 06</td></y?<>	291 RCL 10	344 XEQ 06	
186 ISG 06	239 RTN	292 RCL 11	345 2	
187*LBL 03	240 RCL 05	293 XEQ 13	346 STO 02	
188 - E	241 E	294*LBL 40	347 CHS	
189 E	242 -	295 STO 16	348 XEQ 06	
190 XEO 04	243 STO 07	296 RCL 12	349 2	
191 F	244 X>Y?	297 RCI 13	350 XEO 06	
192 XEO 04	245 RTN	298 XFO 12	351*LBL 00	
193 CLX	246 RCL IND 19	299	352 RCL 09	
194 X<> 06	247 X<=0?	200 RCI 10	353 -99	
195 RCI 09	247 AS=0: 248 RTN	201 RCL 11	354 X=V?	
106 Y-V2	2-10 IVIN 2/10 DCI 10	202 VEO 12	255 CTO 15	
107 DTN	243 RUL 10 250 DCI 07	202 AEU 12	355 010 45	
190 DTN	201 XEQ 13	304 KUL 12	35/ UIU 39	
799 K I N	252 X=U?	305 -	358"LBL U/	
200 X<>Y	253 GTO 00	306 ABS	359-2	
201 STO 09	254 RCL 00	307 2	360 GTO 40	
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Retro Games for the HP-41		User Instructions	DataFile and Others
361*LBL 06	412 FRC	463 INT	08 STO 02
362 STO 03	413 E1	464 LASTX	09 79
363 RCL 00	414 *	465 FRC	10 STO 01
364 INT	415 STO 15	466 E1	11 16
365 RCL 02	416 "TO?"	467 *	12 STO 00
366 +	417 PROMPT	468 X<> 03	13 48.055
367 STO 04	418 E1	469 STO 15	14 CF 12
368 RCL 01	419 /	470 X<>Y	15 25
369 INT	420 INT	471 X<> 02	16 GTO 00
370 RCL 03	421 STO 00	472 STO 14	17*LBL 01
371 +	422 STO 02	473 X<>Y	18 11
372 STO 05	423 LASTX	474 GTO 08	19*LBL 00
373 X<0?	424 FRC	475*LBL 00	20 SKPCOL
374 RTN	425 E1	476 RCL 03	21 X<>Y
375 7	426 *	477 7	22 ACCHR
376 X <y?< td=""><td>427 STO 03</td><td>478 X#Y?</td><td>23 ISG X</td></y?<>	427 STO 03	478 X#Y?	23 ISG X
377 RTN	428 STO 01	479 GTO 20	24 GTO 01
378 RCL 04	429 RCL 14	480 2	25 PRBUF
379 X>Y?	430 RCL 15	481 RCL 02	26 27.08308
380 RTN	431*LBL 08	482 RCL 03	27 STO 05
381 X<0?	432 XEQ 13	483 XEQ 12	28 8
382 RTN	433 RCL 02	484 GTO 20	29*LBL 02
383 RCL 05	434 RCL 03	485*LBL 13	30 E
384 XEQ 13	435 XEQ 12	486 X<>Y	31 -
385 X#0?	436.	487 8	32 STO 14
386 RTN	437 STO IND 1	9 488 *	33 ACX
387 RCL 02	438 RCL 14	489 +	34 SF 12
388 2	439 RCL 02	490 20	35 2
389 /	440 -	491 +	36 SKPCOL
390 RCL 00	441 ABS	492 STO 19	37*LBL 10
391 +	442 2	493 RDN	38 2
392 RCL 03	443 X#Y?	494 RCL IND T	39 SKPCOL
393 2	444 GTO 00	495 RTN	40 RCL IND 05
394 /	445.	496*LBL 12	41 +
395 RCL 01	446 RCL 14	497 X<>Y	42 RCL IND X
396 +	447 RCL 02	498 8	43 ACCHR
397 XEQ 13	448 +	499 *	44 ISG 05
398 X>0?	449 2	500 +	45 GTO 10
399 GTO 28	450 /	501 20	46 PRBUF
400 RTN	451 RCL 15	502 +	47 65
401*LBL 45	452 RCL 03	503 RDN	48 ST- 05
402 FS? 55	453 +	504 STO IND T	49 CF 12
403 XROM "KPRT"	454 2	505 END	50 RCL 14
404*LBL 46	455 /		51 X#0?
405 "FROM?"	456 XEQ 12	<u>01*LBL "KPRT"</u>	52 GTO 02
406 PROMPT	457 "+TO?"	02 ADV	53 ADV
407 E1	458 PROMPT	03 31	54 ADV
408 /	459 X<0?	04 STO 03	55 ADV
409 INT	460 GTO 00	05 35	56 END
410 STO 14	461 E1	06 STO 04	
411 LASTX	462 /	07 45	

# **Connect Four for HP-41CX**

### Kai Schröder, <u>http://achim-und-kai.de/kai/hp41cx/vier_gewinnt_e.html</u>

Most people know "Four Wins" by MB - the game with a blue board consisting of seven rows and six columns, in which yellow and red chips are thrown in on the top. The player, who manages to place four of his chips in a row - horizontal, vertical, or diagonal - wins.

For a while I played this game with my friends intensively, and some time I thought by myself, why not write a program for my HP-41CX ? For some months I was devoted most of the time to these program (more than to my studies ;-) ) - every free minute I spent writing it -, and it culminated in the repetition of a first diploma exam . . . :-) So you can understand, that this program is something special for me ! ;-)

The program uses the HP-41CX up to the last byte and without synthetic programming techniques it would have never been possible to realize it. The running program consists of two parts, EXMEM and GAME6. First, EXMEM must be loaded.

**Attention** : Before EXMEM is copied into extended memory, all jumps back have to be performed by hand! The corresponding GTO's are marked with an arrow "<--". By means of GTO.*** you have to jump to the corresponding line, then in run mode execute SST - the program statement is shown in the display until the label is found.

**EXMEM** must be the first program in extended memory (CAT 4 must show EXMEM as first entry). EXMEM is called by means of synthetic programming methods in extended memory. If you forget a jump by hand the correct label isn't found, and the processor runs into the main program GAME6, what inevitably leads to wrong results or even in an endless loop. After once being executed EXMEM cannot be copied back into main memory.

After EXMEM was copied into extended memory it can be removed from main memory and GAME6 can be loaded. Before starting the game SIZE 106 must be executed.

In normal speed mode the time to compute the next column in which the HP-41CX throws its chip can last up to 20min, normally about 15 min. With TURBO speed the time about halves.

To prevent battery voltage to decrease too much three times during main loop execution flag 49 (battery voltage flag) is checked. In case flag 11 (automatic program start) is set and the HP-41CX powers off itself. On power on "BATTERY" is displayed to indicate low battery voltage. After changing batteries, the game can be continued - all information remains in memory (see further down).

#### Course of Game:

On starting the game first a seed for the random number generator must be entered. Now the player chooses, whether he or the HP-41CX begins. If the player wants to start, the input is 1, otherwise 0. If the HP-41CX begins the game, the column is displayed, in which it throws its first chip. If the player is to begin, after a sound "INPUT : COLUMN ?" is shown in the display. Now the player enters the column in which he throws his chip and presses R/S. **Important :** later correction of the entered column is not possible - therefore be careful to enter the correct column ! Now the HP-41CX computes the column in which it throws its chip and after a BEEP displays this. Pressing R/S the prompt for the player appears again.

In case a nonsensical or full column was entered this is recognized and the player has to enter the column once again.

In case the player wins (indeed, this can happen! ;-) ) the BEEP sounds and "CONGRATULATE" is displayed. Pressing R/S the rest of the text is shown. If the HP-41CX wins "I AM SORRY," appears after the BEEP. Pressing R/S shows the rest of the text. Then the column is displayed in which the HP-41CX threw its last chip. If the game ends in a draw, after the BEEP "DRAW" is displayed.

In case battery voltage decreases too much during program execution the HP-41CX powers off itself. After changing batteries, the game can be continued. You must pay attention to the following:

- The last input of a column must be cancelled. The corresponding register R01 through R07 (for the seven columns of the board) must be decremented by 1 (the chip has to be "get out").
- Now execute XEQ 16 and the prompt appears. Now you have to enter the same column otherwise it will result in irreparable damages !



### **Program listing:**

01*LBL	24 74.08	47 X<>Y	71 FS?C 09
"4WINS"	25 CLRGX	48 RCL IND X	72 GTO 12
02 106	26 E	49 X<>Y	73 SF 04
03 PSIZE	27 TONE 8	50 STO [	74 GTO 37
04 " 4 WINS"	28 CF 22	51 FS?C 02	75*LBL "M"
05 AVIEW	29	52 STO 00	76 FC?C 07
06 CLRG	"^COLUMN=?"	53 2	77 GTO 00
07 SF 00	30 PROMPT	54 +	78 RCL [
08 GTO 37	31 FC? 22	55 X<>Y	797
09*LBL "L"	32 GTO 16	56 7	80 X=Y?
10 FIX 0	33 INT	57 *	81 GTO 01
11 CF 29	34 RCL IND X	58 +	82*LBL 00
12 XEQ 15	35 6	59 STO 53	83 FC?C 08
13 12	36 X=Y?	60 E	84 GTO 00
14 X<>F	37 GTO 39	61 8	85 RCL [
15 R^	38 R^	62 XEQ 18	86 E
16 R^	39 R^	63 10.051	87 X#Y?
17 X#0?	40 X <y?< td=""><td>64 STO 53</td><td>88 GTO 00</td></y?<>	64 STO 53	88 GTO 00
18 GTO 00	41 GTO 39	65 FS? 05	89*LBL 01
19 SF 06	42 7	66 GTO 35	90 E
20 GTO 17	43 X <y?< td=""><td>67 FC? 03</td><td>91 XEQ 15</td></y?<>	67 FC? 03	91 XEQ 15
21*LBL 00	44 GTO 39	68 GTO 11	92 E2
22 SF 05	45 ISG IND Y	69 FS?C 06	93 *
23*LBL 16	46 ""	70 GTO 01	94 INT

Retro Games for the HP-4:	1 User Instru	uctions	DataFile and Others
	150 700 00		
95 3 96 MOD	152 ISG U3	209 X < 1?	265 GTO UI 266 5
90 MOD 97 V-02	157 3	210 AV/I 211 DCI 03	200 J 267 I
97 <u>A</u> -0: 98 <u>CTO</u> 40	154 5 155 CTO 00	211  KCL  03	268 STO IND
98 GIO 40	156*T.BT. 01	212 ANI: 213 X <nv< td=""><td>55</td></nv<>	55
100  GTO  41	157 A	213  RCL 04	269 DSF IND
101 GTO 12	158 RCL 58	214  KCL  04 $215$	209 DSB IND 56
102*I.BI. 00	$150 \text{ X} \pm \text{Y}^2$	216 X<>Y	270 ""
103 5	160 GTO 12	217 BCL 05	270 271 GTO 00
104 RCL 00	161 BCL [	218 X <y2< td=""><td>271 010 00 272*I.BI. 01</td></y2<>	271 010 00 272*I.BI. 01
$105 \times 100$	$162 \times \times$	210 X<1. 219 X<>Y	272 101 01
106 GTO 02	163 GTO 03	220 RCL 06	273 2
107 3	164 TSC V	220  KCH 00	275 STO IND
$108 \times 107$	165 ""	221 ANI: 222 XANI:	55
100 A-1: 109 CTO 03	166 v - v 2	222 AV/I 223 DCI 07	976*IPI 00
110 X<>V	167 GTO 02	223 ICH 07 224 X <v2< td=""><td>270 ECT. TND</td></v2<>	270 ECT. TND
111 <i>Δ</i>	168 X>V?	227 ANI: 225 X <nv< td=""><td></td></nv<>	
110 X>V2	169 CTO 01	225 227	ט 278 פרז דאס V
112 A/I: 113 CTO 04	170 2	220 2	270 RCL IND A
113  GIO  04	171 cm_ 7	$227 \pm 228 7$	56
114 NCL [ 115 V/V2	172 JI- 2	220 /	280 V\V2
115 ANI: 116 CTO 12	172  KDN 173  V - V 2	230.2	200 AZI: 281 CTO 00
110 GIU 12 117 5	173 - 12	230 2	201 GIU UU 202 0
110 v - v 2	174 GIO 01 175 CTO 02	231 T	202 0 202 VEO 10
110  A = 1: 110 $C = 0.5$	176 * T DI 02	232 310 02	203 AEQ 19 204 V-02
120 CTO 06		233°LBL 22 224 51	204  A = 0:
120 GIO 00	170 DOI [	234 JI 225 DCI 52	205 GIU UI 206 2
121 LBL UZ	170  KCL	233 RCL 33	200 Z 207 CTTO 02
122 RCL [ 122 V#V2	1/9 X - 1	230 INI 227 VNV2	207 GIU UZ 200*idi 01
124 CTC 05	100 GIU UZ	237 AZI:	200 E 200 IDI UI
124 GIU UJ 125 CTO 12	$101^{\circ}LBL UI$	230 GIU 57	
125 GIU 12 126*IDI 02	102 RCL JO	239  KCL  02	290 GIO 02 201*idi 00
120°LDL US	103 DSE A 197 ""	$240 \times 1$	202
127 RCL [ 120 V#V2	104 105 too tnd v	241 GIU 57	292 . 202*tdt 02
$120 \ A\#1$ :	105 15G IND A	242  rs:  49	
129 GIO 00 130 CTO 12	187 CTO 00	243 GIO 30 244*IDI 20	294 SIO IND 61
131 * I BI 0/	188*TRI 02	244 IDI $20245$ RCI 52	295 CTO IND
	189  PCI  58	245 RCL 52 246 INT	52 52
133 V#V2	190 ISC Y	240 INI 247 VEO 19	296*TRT 01
134  CTO  05	191 ""	247  MB = 02	290 DSF 53
135 3	192 ISG IND X	249 GTO 21	298 ""
136 X=Y?	193 ""	250*T.BT. 23	299 ISG 61
137 GTO 06	194 GTO 00	251 2	300 GTO 12
138 X>V2	195*I.RT. 12	251 2 252 BCT. 53	301 4
139 GTO 05	196 TSC 04	252 INT 253 INT	301 7 302 9T+ 53
140 RCT. [	197 <b>""</b>	254 7	303 CTA 11
141 5	198 4	255 /	304*T.RT. 02
142 X#V2	199*I.RT. 00	256 INT	305 6
143 GTO 12	200 R^	257 STO IND	306 ST+ 53
144*TBT 05	201 SF 05	56	307 ISG 61
145*LBL 40	202 CF 03	258 7	308 GTO 12
146 TSG 05	203 GTO 17	259 *	309 24
147 ""	204*I.BT. 11	260 RCT. 53	310 ST- 53
148 5	205	261 INT	311 GTO 11
149 GTO 00	206 STO 00	262 X<>Y	312*I.RT. 03
150*LBL 06	207 RCL 01	263 -	313 7
151*LBL 41	208 RCL 02	264 X>Y?	314 ST+ 53
_ ~		_ ~	J. I. J. I. UU

Retro Games for the HP-4	1 User Instru	uctions	DataFile and Others
315 ISG 61	371 X=Y?	428*LBL 01	485 RCL 58
316 GTO 12	372 GTO 01	429 RCL 63	486 X=0?
317 28	373 ST+ 64	430 X=0?	487 GTO 01
318 ST- 53	374 GTO 02	431 GTO 09	488 RCL 59
319 GTO 11	375*LBL 00	432 GTO 25	489 X=0?
320*LBL 04	376 ISG 65	433*LBL 02	490 GTO 02
321 8	377 ""	434 RCL 65	491 RCL 69
322 ST+ 53	378 GTO 02	435 2	492 STO 82
323 ISG 61	379*LBL 01	436 X#Y?	493 RCL 73
324 GTO 12	380 ISG 63	437 GTO 10	494 RCL IND
325 32	381 ""	438 SF 10	69 405 GTTO 00
326 ST- 53	382*LBL U2	439 GTO 27	495 GTO 03
327 GTO II 220+1DI 05	383 ISG 61	$440^{LBL}$ U3	496^LBL 00
328 LBL 05	384 GTO U8	441 X=0?	497 RCL 66
329 156 53	385 4 296 cm 61	442 GTO IU	498 STU 82
221 TOC (1	386 ST- 61	443 RCL 65	499 RCL 70
331 ISG 01 222 CTTO 12	307 RCL 03		SUU RCL IND
332 GTO 12	388 X=1:	445 X#1: 446 CTTO 10	00 Е 01 СПО 02
333 4 224 cm E2	389 GTO 21	446 GTO IU	501 GTO 03 502*1D1 01
334 SI = 33	3904		502 DCI 67
226*IDI 06	$\begin{array}{c} 391 \text{ KCL } 04 \\ 202 \text{ V} - \text{V} 2 \end{array}$	440 510 00	501 CTO 92
227 6 227 6	392  A-1	449 GIU 27 450*TDT 21	505 DCI 71
220 CM E2	393 GIU 20	450°LBL SI	SUS RCL /I
330 51 - 33	394 RCL 03	451 - 452 E	SUG RCL IND
340  CTO 12	396 /	452 E 153 V#V2	507 CTO 03
341 24	397	450  Am 1	508*TBT 02
341 24 342 97+ 53	398  GTO  25	454 GIO ZI 455 XEO 36	509 RCL 68
343  CTO  11	399 BCL 63	455 ALQ 50 456 3	510 STO 82
344*T.BT. 07	400 3	457 ST+ IND Y	511 BCI. 72
345 8	$400 \ 3$ $401 \ x = Y?$	458 GTO 21	512 RCL IND
346  ST - 53	402 GTO 27	459*T.BT. 30	68
347 ISG 61	403 RCL 64	460 RDN	513*LBL 03
348 GTO 12	404 X = Y?	461 -	514 RCL 00
349 32	405 GTO 27	462 E	515 X#0?
350 ST+ 53	406 E	463 X#Y?	516 GTO 30
351 GTO 11	407 RCL 63	464 GTO 00	517 RDN
352*LBL 12	408 X>Y?	465 RCL 00	518 FS?C 10
353 ISG 55	409 GTO 02	466 E	519 GTO 31
354 ISG 56	410 GTO 03	467 X#Y?	520 -
355 GTO 23	411*LBL 10	468 GTO 01	521 E
356*LBL 11	412 RCL 65	469 XEQ 36	522 X=Y?
357 FS? 49	413 X>0?	470 5	523 GTO 00
358 GTO 38	414 GTO 01	471 ST+ IND Y	524 X<>Y
359 4	415*LBL 09	472 GTO 00	525 2
360 ST- 61	416 2	473*LBL 01	526 /
361 3	417 RCL 64	474 XEQ 36	527 FRC
362 ST- 55	418 X#Y?	475 ISG IND X	528 X#0?
363 ST- 56	419 GTO 21	476 ""	529 GTO 21
364 63.065	420 RCL 65	477*LBL 00	530 RCL 82
365 CLRGX	421 +	478 .	531 73
366*LBL 08	422 4	479 STO 00	532 +
367 RCL IND	423 X#Y?	480 GTO 21	533 RCL 63
61	424 GTO 21	481*LBL 27	534 3
368 X=0?	425 E	482 RCL 57	535 X=Y?
369 GTO 00	426 STO 00	483 X=0?	536 GTO 01
370 E	427 GTO 27	484 GTO 00	537 2

Retro Games for the HP-4:	1 User Instr	uctions	DataFile and Others
538 GTO 02	594 FS?C 04	650 STOP	704 GTO 20
539*LBL 01	595 GTO 01	651 RCL 01	705 1.007
540 E	596 RCL 08	652 RCL 02	706 STO 52
541*LBL 02	597 E6	653 X>Y?	707 ISG 53
542 STO IND T	598 *	654 X<>Y	708 GTO 22
543 GTO 21	599 INT	655 RCL 03	709 GTO 37
544*LBL 00	600 E1	656 X>Y?	710*LBL 15
545 RCL 63	601 MOD	657 X<>Y	711 RCL 08
546 3	602 X=0?	658 RCL 04	712 E^X
547 X=Y?	603 GTO 00	659 X>Y?	713 FRC
548 GTO 00	604 7	660 X<>Y	714 R-D
549 XEQ 36	605 X <y?< td=""><td>661 RCL 05</td><td>715 FRC</td></y?<>	661 RCL 05	715 FRC
550 30	606 GTO 00	662 X>Y?	716 STO 08
551 ST+ IND Y	607 X<>Y	663 X<>Y	717 RTN
552 GTO 21	608 73	664 RCL 06	718*LBL 35
553*LBL 36	609 +	665 X>Y?	719 RCL 04
554 RCL 82	610 RCL IND X	666 X<>Y	720 X>0?
555 84	611 X#0?	667 RCL 07	721 GTO 00
556 +	612 GTO "K"	668 X>Y?	722 4
557 RTN	613 X<>Y	669 X<>Y	723 1
558*LBL 00	614 73	670 6	724 STO 04
559 SF 01	615 -	671 X=Y?	725 GTO 17
560*LBL 37	616 RCL IND X	672 GTO 33	726*LBL 00
561 FS? 49	617 6	673 GTO 16	727 SF 09
562 GTO 38	618 X=Y?	674*LBL 19	728 XEQ 15
563 FS? 04	619 GTO "K"	675 DSE X	729 E5
564 GTO 00	620 ISG IND Z	676 ""	730 *
565 E	621 ""	677 RCL 54	731 INT
566 CHS	622 RDN	678 X<>Y	732 2
567 STO 00	623 FC? 06	679 Y^X	733 MOD
568*LBL 00	624 GTO 01	680 RCL IND	734 X=0?
569 GTO "XM"	625 RDN	53	735 GTO 00
570*LBL 38	626 STO 58	681 X<>Y	736 5
571 "LOW BAT"	627 R^	682 ST/ Y	737 1
572 SF 11	628 GTO 01	683 X<>Y	738 STO 05
573 OFF	629*LBL 00	684 INT	739 GTO 17
574 AVIEW	630 RCL 04	685 RCL 54	740*LBL 00
575 STOP	631 6	686 MOD	741 3
576*LBL 39	632 X=Y?	687 RTN	742 1
577 TONE 3	633 GTO "K"	688*LBL 18	743 STO 03
578 "BAD	634 RCL //	689 XEQ 19	744 GTO 17
	635 X#U?	690 X<>Y	745*LBL 32
579 AVIEW	636 GTO "K"	691 S'I'* Z	746 97.1
580 PSE	637 ISG 04	692 *	747 STO 81
581 GTO 16	638 ""	693 S'I'- IND	748 CLRGX
582*LBL "N"	639 4	53	749 CF 07
583 GTO 01	640 FS? 06	694 X<>Y	750 CF 08
<b>284*LBL "K"</b>	641 STO 58	695 ST+ IND	/51 85.091
585 ISG 83	642 K ⁽⁾		752 STO 92
JOB GTU UU	043^LBL UI	090 KTN	/53 CLKGX
30/ GTU 32	044 BEEP	09/~TRT 72	/34 93.096
900 VEO 15	045 "COLUMN:	090 . 600 dat 50	155 STU 84
ЗбУ ХЩŲ 15 Боо⊀ірі 17		699 KCL 52	/J0 /4.U8
2907 E01 E020 02	040 AKCL I	$700 \pm NT$	/J/ STU [ 750 1 007
591 FS?C U5	04/ AVIEW	/UL XEQ LO	/J& 1.UU/
592 GTO UI	040 FS?C IU	/UZALBL ZI 702 tgc 50	760 CTO \
<u>.0. 191.560</u>	049 GIU 34	103 ISG 32	100 STU 32

Retro Games for the HP	-41 User In	structions	DataFile and Others	
761*LBL 13	02 FS?C 00	51 ISG 81	102 STO \	
762 RCL IND [	03 GTO 17	52 GTO 01	103*LBL 30	
763 2	04 FS?C 01	53*LBL 28	104 RCL [	
764 X=Y?	05 GTO 15	54 RCL IND	105 RCL IND \	
765 GTO 00	06 FS?C 04	97	106 X#Y?	
766 RCL [	07 GTO 19	55 STO 01	107 GTO 02	
767 INT	08 BCL 85	56 RCL IND	108  BCL	
768 73	09  RCL 86	98	109 4	
769 -	10 RCL 87	57 STO A	110 -	
770 RCL IND X	11 RCL 88	58 BCL IND	111 BCL IND X	
771 6	12 XROM	99	112*I.BI, 11	
772 X=Y?	"SRT1"	59 STO B	 113 E	
773 GTO 00	13 RCI 89	60 RCL IND	114 ST+ IND Y	
774 ISG IND Z	14 XROM	00	115 97.1	
775 ""	"SRT1"	61 STO C	116 STO 81	
776 RDN	15 BCL 90	62 BCL 01	117 CLRGX	
777 SF 05	16 XROM	63 RCL A	118*I.BL 29	
778 GTO 17	"SBT1"	64 RCL B	119 CF 07	
$779 \times 1.81$	17 BCT. 91	$65 \times \pm \times 2$	120 CF 08	
780 ISG [	18 XROM	66 GTO 12	121 1 007	
781 GTO 13	"SRT1"	67 B^	122  STO  52	
782*T.BT. 14	19 500 93	$68 \times \pm \times 2$	122 B10 32	
783 RCI. IND \	20 RDN	69 GTO 12	124 85 091	
784 6	20 RDN 21 STO 94	70 R^	125  STO  92	
785 X=Y?	21 510 94 22 RDN	70  K $71 \text{ X} \pm \text{Y}2$	126 CLBGX	
786 GTO 01	22 RUN 23 STO 95	72 GTO 12	127 93 096	
$787$ TSC IND \	24 RUN	73 R^	128 STO 84	
788 ""	25 STO 96	$73$ $x \pm y_2$	120 BIO 04	
789 BCT. \	26*T.BT. 16	75 GTO 12	130 GTO "N"	
790 X<>V	27 BCL IND	76 4 005	131*LBL 00	
791 SF 05	84	77 51.000	132 2	
792 GTO 17	$28 \times = 02$	78*I.BI. 03	133 X#Y2	
793*T.BT. 01	20 A 0. 29 GTO "K"	79 97 1	134 GTO 00	
$794$ TSG \	30 BCL IND	80 STO 81	135 29	
795 GTO 14	92	81 *T.BT. 10	136 BCL IND	
796*T.BT. 33	31 X=Y?	82 RCL D	84	
797 BEEP	32 GTO 00	83 INT	137 X>Y2	
798 " DRAW"	33 ISG 92	84 RCL IND	138 GTO 31	
799 AVIEW	34 GTO 16	81	139 GTO 07	
800 GTO 34	35 FS2 07	85 X=Y?	140*T.BT. 00	
801 * T.BT. 26	36 GTO 28	86 GTO 11	141 20	
802 BEEP	37 FS? 08	87 TSG 81	142 RCL IND	
803	38 GTO 07	88 GTO 10	84	
"CONGRATS"	39*T.RT. 00	89 RCI. D	143 X>V?	
804 AVIEW	40 11	90 3	144 GTO 31	
805 DSF	41 ST- 92	91 $x = y^2$	145 11	
806 "YOU WON"	42 BCL IND	92  GTO  12	146 ST+ 92	
807 AVIEW	92	93 TSC D	147 SE 08	
808*T.RT. 34	43 X>02	94 CTO 03	148 TSG 92	
809 RCI. 09	44 GTO 00	95 3	149 GTO 16	
	45*T.RT. 31	י חידי 10 פער א	150×T.RT. 07	
811 CLA	46 73	97 GTO D 97 GTO D3	151 FS? 07	
812 CI.ST	47 ST- 92	98*T.RT. 12	152 GTO 28	
813 CIRC	1, 51 92 18 RCT. 92	99 YROM	153 85 001	
814 END	10 ICH 92 29 INT	"QRT1"	154 840 92	
	TU INI 50 STO IND		155 TCC 2/	
	81	101 101	156 GTO 16	
	~ <u>-</u>		100 010 10	
Ángel M. Martin	Раg	e   <b>317</b>	June 2019	

Retro Games for the HP-4	1 User Instr	uctions	DataFile and Others
157 GTO "K"	212*LBL 00	267*LBL 27	321 STO 38
158*LBL 01	213 XEQ 20	268 ISG 07	322 STO 39
159 84	214 X<=Y?	269 ""	323 STO 40
160 ST+ 92	215 GTO 23	270 7	324 STO 45
161 SF 07	216 3	271*LBL 00	325 STO 46
162 ISG 92	217 X<>Y	272 X<>Y	326 STO 47
163 GTO 16	218 X<=Y?	273 SF 04	327 117
164 GTO 28	219 GTO 24	274 GTO "O"	328 STO 10
165*LBL 02	220 5	275*LBL 20	329 STO 11
166 ISG \	221 X<>Y	276 RCL 08	330 STO 12
167 ""	222 X<=Y?	277 E^X	331 STO 17
168 GTO 30	223 GTO 26	278 FRC	332 STO 18
169*LBL 19	224 GTO 27	279 STO 08	333 STO 19
170 E	225*LBL 01	280 E6	334 STO 24
171 RCL 00	226 XEQ 20	281 *	335 STO 25
172 X=Y?	227 X<=Y?	282 RTN	336 STO 26
173 GTO 00	228 GTO 24	283*LBL 15	337 1054
174 ISG Y	229 3	284 BEEP	338 STO 34
175 ""	230 X<>Y	285 "SORRY,	339 STO 41
176 X=Y?	231 X<=Y?	YOU LOST"	340 STO 48
177 GTO 01	232 GTO 25	286 AVIEW	341 121
178 6	233 5	287 PSE	342 STO 13
179 X=Y?	234 X<>Y	288 RCL 82	343 STO 20
180 GTO 02	235 X<=Y?	289 SF 10	344 STO 27
181 ISG X	236 GTO 22	290 R^	345 1.007
182 ""	237*LBL 21	291 R^	346 STO 52
183 X=Y?	238 ISG 01	292 PSE	347 3
184 GTO U5	239 ""	293 GTO 29	348 STO 54
185 GTO "M"	240 E	294*LBL 1/	349 57.06
186*LBL 00	241 GTO 00	295 RCLFLAG	350 STO 61
187 RCL [	242*LBL 22	296 STO 09	351 66.069
	243 ISG UZ	297 730	352 STO 55
189 X=Y?	244	298 STO 35	353 /0.0/3
190 GTO 00		299 STO 36	354 STO 56
191 SF U7	246 GTO UU 247*i Di 22	300 STO 37	300 .UZ
192 GIU "M"	$247^{LBL}$ $23$	301 STO 42 302 GTO 42	350 STU 83
193^LBL UI	248 ISG US	302 STO 43	357 93.096 258 cmo 94
194 KCL [ 105 7	249	303 510 44	350 SIU 04 250 95 001
195 7	250-5	304 SIO 49 305 STO 50	360 STO 03
$190 \ A = 1$	251 GIU UU $252 \times 1$ DI $24$	306 STO 51	361 97 1
197 GIO UI 198 CTO "M"	252 LDL $24$	307 13	362 STO 81
190 GIU M 100*IDI 02	255 156 04	307 IS 208 CTO 14	362 510 01 262 FDC
200 PCI [	254 255 <i>1</i>	309 970 15	364 "SEED-2"
200 KCL [ 201 F	255 4 256 GTO 00	310 STO 16	365 PROMPT
201 E	257*I.BL 25	311 STO 21	366 STO 08
$202 \text{ A}^{-1}$	257 $101$ $25258$ $156$ $05$	312 STO 22	367 "START?
204 GTO "M"	259 ""	313 STO 23	HP=0"
205*LBL 05	260 5	314 STO 28	368 AVIEW
206 RCL [	261 GTO 00	315 STO 29	369 CLX
207 2	262*LBL 26	316 STO 30	370 STOP
208 X=Y?	263 ISG 06	317 324	371 GTO "T."
209 GTO 01	264 ""	318 STO 31	372 END
210 SF 08	265 6	319 STO 32	
211 GTO "M"	266 GTO 00	320 STO 33	

# Wari for the HP-41C/CV/CX

https://www.hpmuseum.org/software/41td/wari.htm

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## Overview

Wari* is a board game which has been played for at least several centuries in various forms throughout Africa. The game is played on a board containing (generally) twelve small pits or bins, and two large pits. Forty-eight beads, seeds, or other counters are moved and captured according to certain rules.

The Wari board shown here is set up to begin a game.



Each player in turn removes all the counters from one bin on his side and distributes them one-at-a-time into successive bins moving counterclockwise, skipping the two bins which are for storing captured counters. If the last counter drops into an opponent's hole containing one or two counters, the contents of that hole are captured and placed in the player's scoring pit. Counters in an unbroken sequence of two- and three-counter bins on the opponent's side

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Retro Games for the HP-41

clockwise from the captured bin are also captured. If a bin contains twelve counters or more, that bin is skipped when the counters from that bin are distributed.

The above rules are implemented in the calculator program. Special rules, such as prohibiting moves which remove all of the opponent's counters, were deemed to be variations of the basic game and were not programmed. It is possible to come to a situation where a few counters will circulate forever. In this case each player claims the counters on his side.

To make a play on the calculator Wari board, the player specifies the bin he wants to move by keying in a number from 1 to 6 and then pushing either [A] or [B] (for player A or B). The machine then moves the counters from the specified bin according to the rules. To play against the calculator, signal to the calculator to move by pressing [C]. The calculator will then move player B's counters.

When one of the sites of the board is displayed, as designated by leading A or B, it is as if you moved around to that side of the board. In other words, bin 1 for either players side is always to the left and counterclockwise always to the right. If you are looking at side A, [R/S] will get you side B. If you are looking at side B, [R/S] will get you the score. If you are looking at the score, [R/S] will get you side A.

*Also known as Man-Kalah, Awari, and many other names.

Note: Requires 1 Memory Module on HP-41C

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize		[XEQ] WARI	SEED?
3	Key in number between 0 and 1	seed	[R/S]	A 4,4,4,4,4,4
4	To see the other side of the board and/or the score, press [R/S]. This can be done as often as desired.		[R/S]	A (board) or B (board) or A= or B=
5	Players A, B or the 41C moving B's counters can move in any order with anyone starting the game.			
	Player A	bin #	[A]	A (board)
	Player A	bin #	[B]	A (board)
	HP-41C (moving for B)		[C]	A (board)
6	Go to step 4 or 5 as desired.			
7	To start a new game press [E] and go to step 4 or 5 as desired.		[E]	A 4,4,4,4,4,4

## Instructions

## Example

Keystrokes: Display: [XEQ] [ALPHA] SIZE [ALPHA] 018 [XEQ] [ALPHA] WARI [ALPHA] SEED?

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Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
	<b>.</b>	
.9977003333 [K/S] [D/9]	A 4,4,4,4,4,4 P A A A A A A	
	D - 1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1, -1	
[[]]]	A = 0, D = 0 A = 5, 5, 4, 4, 4, 4	
	B 4.4.4.0.5.5	
6 [A]	A 5,5,4,4,4,0	
[R/S]	в 5,5,5,1,5,5	
[C]	A 6, 6, 4, 4, 4, 0	
[R/S]	в 5,5,0,2,6,6	
2 [A]	A 6,0,5,5,5,1	
[R/S]	в 6,6,0,2,6,6	
[C]	A 7,1,6,6,6,0	
	B 6,6,0,2,6,0	
[R/5]	A=0, B=2	
•	•	
Drogram listing	-	
riogiani nsung:		
01 LBL "WARI"	40 STO T	79 GTO 00
02 SF 27	41 +	80 RCL 15
03 CF 29	42 +	81 INT
04 FIX 00	43 12	82 GTO A
05 "SEED?"	44 MOD	83 LBL 00
06 PROMPT	45 X=0?	84 6
07 STO 00	46 X<> L	85 STO 16
U8 LBL E	47 7	86 0
09 1.012	48 X<=Y?	87 STO 15
IU CLRG	49 GTO 00	88 LBL 04
	50 X<>Y	89 RCL 16
12 LBL 06	51 R^	90 RCL IND 16
13 STO IND Y	52 CHS	91 X=0?
14 ISG Y	53 RCL IND Y	92 GTO 00
15 GTO 06	54 X<=Y?	93 RCL X
16 GTO 50	55 GTO 00	94 12
I/ LBL C	56 X<>Y	95 /
18 CF 05	5/3	96 IN'I'
19 0	58 +	97 X>0?
20 STO 17	59 X<=Y?	98 GTO 00
21 STO 15	60 GTO 00	99 RDN
22 2	61 SF 07	100 +
23 XEQ 51	62 RCL Z	101 12
24 CF 06	63 RCL 17	102 MOD
25 X=0?	64 X>Y?	103 X=0?
26 SF 06	65 GTO 00	104 LASTX
27 CF 07	66 X#Y?	105 /
28 7.012	67 GTO UI	106 X>Y?
29 STO 16	68 FS? 06	107 GTO 00
30 LBL 05	69 GTO 00	IU8 RCL IND Y
31 KCL 16	/U LBL UI	109 X = 0?
32 INT	/I RDN	110 GTO 00
33 KCL IND 16	/2 STO 1/	
34 X=0?	73 RCL 16	112 X <= Y?
35 GTO 00	74 STO 15	113 GTO 00
36 RCL X	75 LBL 00	114 SF 07
37 12	76 ISG 16	115 R^
38 /	777 GTO 05	116 RCL 15
39 INT	78 FC?C 07	11/ X<=Y?

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
110 V/NV	165 IDI A	212 EC2 05
110 AN/I 110 CTO 15	166 STO 15	212 FC: UJ 213 CT+ 14
120 IDI 00	167 STO 17	213 SIT 14 214 ST_ IND 17
120 LBL 00 121 Dgf 16	168 DCI IND 15	214 SI- IND I7 215 DCI 17
	160  V = 02	215 KCL 17 216 1
122  GIO  04 123  FC2C  07	170  GTO 50	210 1
124 CTO 00	170 GIO 30 171 STO 16	218 12
125 PCT 15	172 ST- IND 15	210 IZ 219 MOD
126 CTO A	172 JI IND 13	210  MOD
127 IRI 00	174 PCI 17	220 A-0: 221 IASTY
128 6	175 1	221  LASIA
$120 \ 0$ $120 \ VEO 51$	176 +	222 510 17 223 CTO 07
129 ABQ JI 130 1	177 12	223 GIO 07 224 IDI 50
131 I	177 IZ 178 MOD	224 LBL JV 225 gr 05
122 CTA 15	170  MOD	225 SF 05
122 STO 15	190 IACTY	220 A 227 1 006
124 101 02	100 LASIA 101 cmo 17	227 I.000 228 VEO 00
125 6	101 SIU 17 102 DCT 15	220 AEQ UU 220 DDOMDE
126 +	102 KCL IJ 102 V-V2	229 PROMPT
127 DOI TND V	103 A-I: 104 CTO 00	230 B 221 7 012
120 V#02	104 GIU U0 105 1	231 /.UIZ 222 VEO 00
130 A#U:	105 I 106 CML IND 17	232 AEQ UU 232 AEQ UU
140 DCT 15	100 SI+ IND I/ 197 DGE 16	233  PROMPT
140 KCL IJ 141 1	107 DSE 10	204 A- 225 ADCT 12
141 1	100 GIU U0 100 IDI 07	233 ARCL 13 226 "L D-"
142 -	100 DCI 17	230 F, D = 227 ADCI 14
143 0 144 MOD	101 7	237 ANCL 14 229 DDOMDE
144 MOD 145 V = 0.2	102 EC2 05	230  PROMP1
145  A=0:	192 FS: US	239 GIO 30
140 LASIA	195 GIU UI	
140 X-X2	194 A<-1: 105 CTTO 50	241 F, 242 IDI 00
140 A-1:	195 GIO 50	242 LBL UU 242 ADGI IND V
149 GIO UI 160 DDN	198 GIU UU 107 IDI 01	245 ARCL IND X
150 RDN 151 800 15	197 LBL UI	244 ISG X 245 CTC 00
151 STO 15	198 X>1:	245 GTO 09
152 GTO 03	199 GTO 50	246 RTN
153 LBL UI	200 LBL UU	247 LBL 51
154 SE US	201 RCL IND 17	248 RCL UU
155 NO MOVE"	202 2	249 9821
156 AVIEW	203 X>Y?	250 *
157 STOP	204 GTO 50	251 .211327
150 GTU 50	2US KUN	252 + 252 EDC
TOA TRE AA	200 4 207 N < N2	203 FKC
LOU KCL 15	$2 \cup / X \le Y$	254 STO UU
TOT TRT R	208 GTO 50	255 * 256 TNE
	ZUY KDN	256 INT 257 DEN
	210 FS? 05	257 KTN
164 CF U5	211 ST+ 13	258 END

# Mancala for the HP-41CX

'brianddk-https://www.hpmuseum.org/forum/thread-6203.html?highlight=mancala

This is a mancala program I wrote for the hp42s (Free42). For those not familiar with mancala, its a very achient game that has become repopularized over the last few years in the US. You can now get a mancala board at most stores that sell board games. This particular 'flavor' of mancala kahla(6,4), but it seemed to be the one that is most available in my area. This is a fun game to play, but most mathmatical analysis of possible permutations make this game signifigantly harder for Player 2. Whoever goes first is likely to win.

### **Game Display**

The game display will show a number between 1-million and 2-million, for both Player 1 and Player 2. The fractional part is the player's score (0.10 = 10 points). The number in the million'th place is purely for alignment and should be ignored, the other numbers represent your 6 'pits'. The 'pit' to the far left is 'pit 1' the pit to the far right is 'pit 6'. To move, you specify a pit number to move. **Note**: 41-C users will need to swap (X<>Y) to see the P2 score and pit display.

```
; Game Display
;
; x: Z, DCB, A98.P2
; y: Z,123,456.P1
;
; Where,
            - Ignore the 'millionth' place, its a place holder, nothing
;
    'Z,'
more
    'P1'
;
            - The score for Player 1 (in the X vector)
    'P2'
;
            - The score for Player 2 (in the Y vector)
    '1|D'
           - # of beans in 'pit #1' for P1 and P2
;
    '2|C'
          - # of beans in 'pit #2' for P1 and P2
;
    '3|B' - # of beans in 'pit #3' for P1 and P2
;
   '4|A'
          - # of beans in 'pit #4' for P1 and P2
;
   '5|9'
          - # of beans in 'pit #5' for P1 and P2
;
            - # of beans in 'pit #6' for P1 and P2
    '6|8'
;
; Indicators
   'GRAD' - Player1's turn when 'GRAD' is displayed
;
    'RAD' - Player2's turn when 'RAD' is displayed
;
```

### Gameplay

To start the game, simply `XEQ` the `MANCA` program. The game will show the initial board and set the indicator for Player 1 to take his turn. Player 1 can then study the board and pick a pit to move. Thier pick is given by placing the pick in the level 1 (x) on the stack then hit `run` (aka `R/S`). The game will then move the beans according to the rules and redisplay the board. It is now time for the next move. The `GRAD` / `RAD` indicator will light to instruct the players as to whos turn it is. Keep in mind, earning extra turns is a key strategy of the game.

## **Program listing:**

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
	50 CTTO 07	115 DOI IND 16
02 XEO 07	58 GIU 27 50*101 17	116 STOP
02 AEQ 07		110 SIOP
03^LBL 09	60 "PLAYERZ WON!"	II/ RTN 110+IDI 10
04 XEQ 02	61*LBL 27	118*LBL 18
05 FS? 03	62 SF 03	119 CF 04
06 GTO 05	63 PROMPT	120 INT
07*LBL 20	64*LBL 28	121 E
08 XEQ 04	65 RTN	122 X<>Y
09 XEQ 18	66*LBL 04	123 X <y?< td=""></y?<>
10 FS? 04	67 1.006	124 SF 04
11 GTO 20	68 STO 16	125 6
12 XEQ 10	69 14	126 X<>Y
13 XEQ 23	70 STO 17	127 X>Y?
14 GTO 09	71 E6	128 SF 04
15*LBL 05	72 STO IND 17	129 FS? 04
16 XEO 03	7.3*T.BT. 12	130 GTO 19
17 RTN	74 E1	131 STO 16
18*I.BI. 07	75 6	132  FG 2  01
19  CE 01	75 0 76 PCI 16	132  CTO  01
	70 KCL 10	133 GIO UI 134 14
20 CF 02	77 1111	
21 CF U3	/8 - 70 NAN	135 X<>1
22 CF 04	/9 Y^X	136 -
23 13	80 RCL IND 16	137 STO 16
24 STO 16	81 *	138*LBL 01
25 4	82 ST+ IND 17	139 RCL IND 16
26*LBL 08	83 ISG 16	140 X=0?
27 STO IND 16	84 GTO 12	141 SF 04
8 DSE 16	85 15	142*LBL 19
29 GTO 08	86 STO 17	143 RCL 16
30 0	87 E6	144 RTN
31 STO IND 16	88 STO IND 17	145*LBL 10
32 7	89 13.007	146 0
33 STO 16	90 STO 16	147 X<> IND 16
34 X<>Y	91 * T.BT. 15	148 STO 17
35 STO IND 16	92 F1	149*T.BT. 11
36 GE 01	93 PCI 16	
	04 INT	151 DCI 16
O DENI	94 INI 05 0	151 RCL 10
8 RIN	95 8	152 +
39*LBL 02	96 -	153 14
40 CF 03	97 Y^X	154 MOD
41 0	98 RCL IND 16	155 STO 16
42 STO 17	99 *	156 FS? 01
43 7	100 ST+ IND 17	157 XEQ 21
44 STO 16	101 DSE 16	158 FS? 02
5 24	102 GTO 15	159 XEQ 22
46 RCL IND 16	103 14	160 E
47 X#Y?	104 STO 16	161 ST+ IND 16
48 X>Y?	105 FIX 2	162 DSE 17
49 GTO 14	106 RCL 07	163 GTO 11
50 X<>Y	107 E2	164 F.
51 RCI. TND 17	108 /	165 PCT TND 16
27 ICH IND I/	100 /	166 V-VO
JZ AHI:	110 DCI 00	100 A=1:
53 X>Y?	IIU KCL UU	16/ XEQ 26
54 GTO 17	LLL E2	168 RTN
55 GTO 28	112 /	169*LBL 21
6*LBL 14	113 ST+ IND 17	170 X=0?
57 "PLAYER1 WON!"	114 RCL IND 17	171 ISG 16
Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
---------------------------	-------------------	---------------------
172 CF 00	195 RTN	218 RTN
173 RTN	196 GTO 06	219 FS? 01
174*LBL 22	197*LBL 16	220 GTO 25
175 7	198 0	221 CF 02
176 X<>Y	199 STO 17	222 SF 01
177 X=Y?	200 RDN	223 GRAD
178 ISG 16	201 X<=Y?	224 GTO 24
179 CF 00	202 RTN	225*LBL 25
180 RTN	203*LBL 06	226 CF 01
181*LBL 26	204 14	227 SF 02
182 7	205 X<>Y	228 RAD
183 RCL 16	206 -	229*LBL 24
184 FS? 01	207 STO 16	230 RTN
185 GTO 13	208 0	231*LBL 03
186 FS? 02	209 X<> IND 16	232 CF 01
187 GTO 16	210 ST+ IND 17	233 CF 02
188 RTN	211 RTN	234 CF 03
189*LBL 13	212*LBL 23	235 CF 04
190 7	213 7	236 FIX 4
191 STO 17	214 RCL 16	237 DEG
192 RDN	215 X=Y?	238 END
193 X#Y?	216 RTN	
194 X>Y?	217 X=0?	

Example turn



The player begins sowing from the highlighted house.



The last seed falls in the store, so the player receives an extra move.



The last seed falls in an empty house on the player's side. The player collects the highlighted seeds from both his house and the opposite house of his opponent and will move them to the store.

## Gork, Foxhole Grenades

Philip T. Frohme - PPCCJ V12N8p11 ; (August 1985)

Gork is a program that uses no complex equations or exotic logic to send it's user into a state of incoherent babbling. Although this is a very simple game, much can be learned about the behavior of random numbers by playing it.

Like a Hi-Low game, the user must guess a random number. In this game, however, the random number doesn't stay put. It's movements are also random, although somewhat controlled. I try to program this game into every new machine I encounter as a programming exercise.

SCENARIO: Picture yourself sitting in a foxhole that is too deep to see out off. To your right is a box containing an infinite number of hand grenades. Clyde, your trusty sidekick to your left, is NTB (Not To Bright). Although unable to throw grenades due to a self inflicted injury, he is able to stand and happens to be just tall enough to see out of the foxhole. Advancing toward your foxhole is a Gork (typical fierce looking monster with the usual six arms, scales, fangs, claws, etc.). You have ordered Clyde to tell you where your grenades land in relation to the Gork's location.

The Gork will start on a random point between o and 100. You are to try to hit him with a direct lob of your grenades. No matter what you may have heard, close does not count and only aggravates the user. With each missed lob, the Gork will advance toward the foxhole a random number set within the bounds of the user's skill level. If the skill level is 5, the Gork can stay put or move a maximum of 5 yards toward the foxhole.

Sound easy? Clyde will tell you how many yards you missed by but since he is NTB He cannot tell you if your lob was long or short. The grenades also give off a lot of smoke that conceal the Gork's Movements. The user might think he has been lobbing short when the Gork has actually advanced ahead of the impact point.

If the Gork reaches the foxhole before being hit, he eats the user. The Gork in my 41C is well fed. Skill levels range from a sure thing at 0 to whatever the user feels lucky with. A level of 10 is unreachable by many players. Even a level a 3 can be very challenging depending on the starting location of the Gork. The closer the user has missed the Gork, the less likely he/she will be able to accurately estimate the Gork's movements.

HINT: Most players will take random shots at the Gork based on where they think he is. To prevent this "double random" situation, always try to lob the grenades the same distance from the Gork. Using this method, the player's grenade lobs will not aid in the Gor'k's escape.

Philip T. Frohme- August 1985

36 XROM "VA"

#### **Program listing:**

01*LBL "GORK"
02 CLRG
03 CF 29
04 FIX 0
05 "SEED?"
06 XEQ 02
07 STO 00
08*LBL 00
09 "SKILL?"
10 XEQ 02
11 E
12 +
13 STO 03
14.
15 STO 02
16 XROM "RN"
17 E2
18 *
19 E
20 +
21 RND
22 STO 01
23*LBL 01
24 E
25 ST+ 02
26 "LOB GRENADE"
27 XEQ 02
28 STO Y
29 RCL 01
30 -
31 ABS
32 .
33 X=Y?
34 GTO 04
35 " YOU MISSED"

37 PSE 38 " BY " 39 ARCL Y 40 "` YARDS" 41 XROM "VA" 42 PSE 43 " AT " 44 ARCL Z 45 XROM "VA" 46. 47 XROM "RN" 48 RCL 03 49 * 50 INT 51 RCL 01 52 X<>Y 53 -54 STO 01 55. 56 X<>Y 57 X<=Y? 58 GTO 05 59 GTO 01 60*LBL 02 61 CF 22 62 XROM "VA" 63 TONE 9 64*LBL 03 65 PSE 66 FC?C 22 67 GTO 03 68 RTN 69*LBL 04 70 "*DIRECT HIT*"

71 XROM "VA" 72 BEEP 73 RCL 03 74 E 75 -76 RCL 02 77 / 78 E2 79 * 80 ST+ 04 81 "GORK KILLED" 82 AVIEW 83 PSE 84 " AT " 85 ARCL 01 86 "` YARDS" 87 XROM "VA" **88 PSE** 89 GTO 06 90*LBL 05 91 "-GOBBLED UP-" 92 XROM "VA" **93 TONE 4** 94 2 95 ST/04 96*LBL 06 97 " IN " 98 ARCL 02 99 "` TRIES" 100 XROM "VA" 101 PSE 102 GTO 00 103 END

Ed's Note: "RN" and "VA" are the PPC ROM routines of the same name for Random Numbers and non-Stop View Alpha.

### **TARGET, War Games**

#### Mark Gessner, PPCCJ V11N9 p38; (Nov.Dec 1884)

Here's a game which pits your gut reactions against the computer's cold calculations.

You are responsible for a large cannon, set along high dunes on a scorched desert. Some distance away is the enemy, with a weapon similar to yours. Your enemy is not human, though, it is a computerized weapon system. Your mission is to destroy the enemy, by hitting it with, a deadly shoot from your cannon. Your weapon is aimed by specifying the elevation of the barrel. You have a man perched high atop the dune next to you, who Calls out the distance your projectile landed in front of or behind your target. Based on this information, you adjust the elevation of your cannon until you destroy the- target.

After each shot you take, it takes you some time to reload the cannon. While you reload, the computer fires on you. It has no allies, but it has an infrared detector which can sense how far away its exploding shells hit. It cannot determine your distance away from itself, because the sensor is not sensitive enough to detect your body heat. It can detect whether its shells hit in front of you or behind you, by checking for your shadow in the infrared pattern it gets back. Using this distance information, the computer' follows a stepping algorithm to zero in on your position.

Your man on the dune has a radio receiver, which he has rigged to pick up the stray radiofrequency emissions produced by the computer. He is able to decode four different signals but he does not know what they stand for; it is your job to figure them out before it is too late. The man is in good position to determine the distances the enemy shells fall away fromyou, but he is unable to determine the angle of elevation of the enemy's cannon.

There is a vantage point which will let you see this; if you can direct your man to the proper place, he will be able to tell you exactly what the computer's next move will be. If you find this location, you can relax. You can actually let the computer calculate the proper elevation for you, then you can use that elevation to blow the computeraway. It's not fair', but this is war, remember'?

Finally, if you should win, you'll hear a mild fanfare as the people of the free world take you up on their shoulders and give you a tickertape parade through the streets of New York. If the enemy targets you for destruction, you will hear only the sound of death. In either case, when the game is done, you can searh the desert for more of these computerized death mach1nes, and when one is located, start all over again.

Requirements: HP-41C, Extended Functions module, Hyperactive Imagination Pac -1B.

### **Program listing:**

<u>01*LBL "TARG"</u>	50 AVIEW	99 STO 46	148 ABS
02 50	51 PSE	100 ABS	149 RCL 49
03 XROM "INIT"	52 PSE	101 11	150 4.5
04.	53 RCL 41	102 X>Y?	151 /
05 STO 47	54 SIN	103 GTO IND 19	152 X<=Y?
06 STO 48	55 ABS	104 CLA	153 GTO 04
07 "SKILL? 0-5"	56 20	105 "a"	154 2.2
08 PROMPT	57 *	106 ARCL 46	155 ST/ 45
09 E3	58 LASTX	107 "` FT"	156 SF 04
10/	59 +	108 AVIEW	157*LBL 04
11 STO 15	60 STO 44	109 PSE	158 FS? 03
12*LBL 00	61 LASTX	110 PSE	159 GTO 05
13 RCL 15	62 STO 45	111 ISG 20	160 RCL 46
14 STO 14	63 DEG	112 GTO C	161 ABS
15 X=0?	64*LBL 01	113 FS? 06	162 RCL 49
16 SF 06	65 E-3	114 GTO 03	163 E1
17 FIX 1	66 STO 20	115 ISG 14	164 /
18 RAD	67*LBL A	116 GTO a	165 X<=Y?
19 RCL 41	68.	117 CF 10	166 GTO 05
20 SIN	69 "ANGLE?"	118 SF 06	167 2.5
21 ABS	70 PROMPT	119 SF 05	168 ST/ 45
22 8 E2	71 CLD	120*LBL a	169 SF 03
23 *	72 STO 43	121 FS? 09	170*LBL 05
24 2 E2	73 43	122 GTO 02	171 FS? 02
25 +	74 STO 16	123 XEQ 09	172 GTO 06
26 STO 42	75 11	124 GTO 07	173 RCL 46
27 X^2	76 STO 19	125*LBL 02	174 ABS
28 16.1	77 GTO D	126 RCL 44	175 RCL 49
29 /	78*LBL C	127 RCL 12	176 45
30 45	79 "COMPUTER"	128 -	177 /
31 SIN	80 AVIEW	129 RCL 46	178 X<=Y?
32 X^2	81 E	130 RCL 13	179 GTO 06
33 *	82 ST+ 16	131 -	180 4
34 STO 41	83 ST+ 19	132 /	181 ST/ 45
35 STO 49	84*LBL D	133 RCL 13	182 SF 02
36 .9	85 RCL 42	134 *	183*LBL 06
37 *	86 X^2	135 CHS	184 FS? 01
38 RCL 42	87 2	136 RCL 12	185 GTO 07
39 SIN	88 *	137 +	186 RCL 46
40 ABS	89 32.2	138 XEQ 04	187 ABS
41 *	90 /	139 R^	188 RCL 49
42 RCL 41	91 RCL IND 16	140 R^	189 90
43 E-1	92 SIN	141 STO 44	190 /
44 *	93 *	142 FC? 06	191 X<=Y?
45 +	94 RCL IND 16	143 SF 10	192 GTO 07
46 STO 41	95 COS	144*LBL 03	193 3
47 "DIS "	96 *	145 FS? 04	194 ST/ 45
48 ARCL 41	97 RCL 41	146 GTO 04	195 SF 01
49 "` <b>FT</b> "	98 -	147 RCL 46	196*LBL 07

Retro Games for the HP-41 Us		User Instructions	DataFile and Others
197 FS? 10	218 RCL 44	239 "`DESTROYED"	260 E
198 GTO 01	219 STO 12	240 AVIEW	261 ST+ 48
199 FS?C 05	220 RCL 46	241 PSE	262*LBL 13
200 GTO 01	221 STO 13	242 TONE 8	263 RCL 47
201 RCL 46	222 SF 09	243 TONE 9	264 ENTER^
202 X>0?	223 RTN	244 E	265 RCL 48
203 GTO 08	224*LBL 10	245 ST+ 47	266 +
204 FS? 08	225 2	246 GTO 13	267 /
205 XEQ 10	226 ST/ 45	247*LBL 12	268 E2
206 SF 07	227 CF 07	248 "YOU ARE HIT"	269 *
207 RCL 45	228 CF 08	249 AVIEW	270 STO 49
208 ST+ 44	229 RTN	250 TONE 6	271 CLA
209 GTO 01	230*LBL 11	251 FIX 2	272 FIX 2
210*LBL 08	231 TONE 8	252 "ANGLE="	273 "AVG "
211 FS? 07	232 TONE 9	253 ARCL 44	274 ARCL 49
212 XEQ 10	233 "*** HIT *	**" 254 "` DEG"	275 "` %"
213 SF 08	234 AVIEW	255 AVIEW	276.
214 RCL 45	235 TONE 8	256 PSE	277 X<>F
215 ST- 44	236 TONE 9	257 "I WIN"	278 PROMPT
216 GTO 01	237 PSE	258 AVIEW	279 GTO 00
217*LBL 09	238 "TARGET"	259 PSE	280 END

# **Robot Trap for the HP-41C/CV/CX**

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#### Overview

You move your android to any adjacent square on a 10 x 10 playing board studded with destructive force fields and up to 49 enemy robots in such a way as to lure the robots into their own electronic booby traps and save the android. The robots will always close on the android, moving to the square adjacent to their present position which is nearer to the row and column position of the android, and will team up to destroy him. The android, like the robots, is destroyed by moving into a force field, and the android is also destroyed by colliding with a robot. If robots collide all but one involved are destroyed. You choose the initial number of robots. The number of force fields is equal to the initial number of robots plus one. Even a few robots can be challenging and the more robots the more difficult. All initial positions are randomly generated.

If you move the android into a force field you will see "ZAP" then "TOO BAD". If you move the android into a robot you will see "STOMP" then "TOO BAD". If a robot stumbles into a force field you will see "STUMBLE". And, if robots hit, you will see "BUMP". Finally, if all robots are destroyed, you will see "YOU WIN".

The board is set up as below:



Board positions are denoted as x.y. The android shown is at 7,2. To move the android use the digits keys to specify directions as follows:

1	_	down and left	6	_	right
2	_	down	7	-	up and left
3	_	down and right	8	-	up
4	-	left	9	-	up and right
5	_	no movement			

Note: Do not move off the board. Execution times at all points in the program increase with the initial number of robots.

Note: Requires 1 Memory Module on HP-41C

## Instructions

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize		[XEQ] RT	SEED?
3	Key in number between 0 and 1	seed	[R/S]	NO.OF ROBOTS
4	Key in the number of robots you wish.	num	[R/S]	SET SIZE(NNN)
5	Set size specified.		[XEQ] SIZE(NNN) [R/S]	F.F. AT ()*
	(If size was already set at or above specified, the program will skip that prompt.)			
6	Continue pressing [R/S] to see the rest of the force field and robot Placements until the android placement appears.		[R/S]	
			[R/S]	ANDROID:
7	Move the android (only when "ANDROID: ( )" is in display.	direction	[R/S]	ROBOT AT
8	Go to 6 to see the rest of the robot placements and new android placement.			
9	For a new game		[E]	NO.OF ROBOTS
10	Go to step 4.			
*	Force field placements are only output at the beginning of the game.			

#### Example

Keystrokes:	Display:
[XEQ] [ALPHA]	
SIZE [ALPHA] 014	
[XEQ] [ALPHA]	
RT [ALPHA]	SEED?
.12569 [R/S]	NO. OF ROBOTS
3 [R/S]	F.F. AT 7,8
[R/S]	F.F. AT 7,1
[R/S]	F.F. AT 3,6
[R/S]	F.F. AT 3,3
[R/S]	ROBOT AT 6,8
[R/S]	ROBOT AT 0,6
[R/S]	ROBOT AT 7,9
[R/S]	ANDROID: 6,1
3 [R/S]	STUMBLE
	ROBOT AT 7,7
[R/S]	ROBOT AT 1,5
[R/S]	ANDROID: 7,0
4 [R/S]	ROBOT AT 6,6
[R/S]	ROBOT AT 2,4
[R/S ]	ANDROID: 6,0

# **Program listing:**

28 /	56 RCL IND Y	84 FS? 05
29 ST+ 03	57 X=Y?	85 GTO 97
30 6.005	58 GTO 00	86 PSE
31 +	59 RDN	87 "ANDROID
32 STO 02	60 DSE Y	SAFE"
33 RCL 03	61 GTO 11	88 AVIEW
34 +	62 STO IND 03	89 TONE 09
35 .001	63 1	90 TONE 08
36 +	64 ST+ 04	91 TONE 09
37 STO 01	65 ISG 03	92 TONE 07
38 FRC	66 GTO 00	93 TONE 09
39 6	67 FIX 01	94 RTN
40 +	68 CF 28	95 LBL 10
41 STO 03	69 RCL 01	96 STO 04
42 5.004	70 "F. F. "	97 LBL 16
43 STO 04	71 ASTO 03	98 RCL IND 04
44 100	72 XEQ 10	99 X<0?
45 XEQ 99	73 LBL 98	100 GTO 10
46 10	74 CF 28	101 SF 05
47 /	75 RCL 02	102 CLA
48 STO 05	76 "ROBOT "	103 ARCL 03
49 LBL 00	77 ASTO 03	104 " -AT "
50 RCL 04	78 CF 05	105 ARCL X
51 100	79 XEQ 10	106 AVIEW
52 XEQ 99	80 "ANDROID: "	107 STOP
53 10	81 ARCL 05	108 LBL 10
54 /	82 AVIEW	109 ISG 04
55 LBL 11	83 SF 28	110 GTO 16
	28 / 29 ST+ 03 30 6.005 31 + 32 STO 02 33 RCL 03 34 + 35 .001 36 + 37 STO 01 38 FRC 39 6 40 + 41 STO 03 42 5.004 43 STO 04 44 100 45 XEQ 99 46 10 47 / 48 STO 05 49 LBL 00 50 RCL 04 51 100 52 XEQ 99 53 10 54 / 55 LBL 11	28 / 56 RCL IND Y   29 ST+ 03 57 X=Y?   30 6.005 58 GTO 00   31 + 59 RDN   32 STO 02 60 DSE Y   33 RCL 03 61 GTO 11   34 + 62 STO IND 03   35 .001 63 1   36 + 64 ST+ 04   37 STO 01 65 ISG 03   38 FRC 66 GTO 00   39 6 67 FIX 01   40 + 68 CF 28   41 STO 03 69 RCL 01   42 5.004 70 "F. F. "   43 STO 04 71 ASTO 03   44 100 72 XEQ 10   45 XEQ 99 73 LBL 98   46 10 74 CF 28   47 / 75 RCL 02   48 STO 05 76 "ROBOT "   49 LBL 00 77 ASTO 03   50 RCL 04 78 CF 05   51 100 79 XEQ 10   52 XEQ 99 80 "ANDROID: "   53 10 81 ARCL 05   54 / 82 AVIEW   55 LBL 11 83 SF 28

Ángel M. Martin

Retro Games for the HP-4	1 U	ser Instructions	DataFile and Others
111 RTN	145 ST+ 05	179 -1	213 RCL 01
112 LBL 97	146 RCL 05	180 X<> IND 03	214 X<>Y
113 CF 22	147 XEQ 96	181 X<0?	215 LBL 12
114 STOP	148 FS? 05	182 GTO 10	216 RCL IND Y
115 FC? 22	149 GTO 95	183 XEQ 96	217 X=Y?
116 GTO 98	150 RCL 02	184 FC? 05	218 RTN
117 GTO IND X	151 STO 03	185 GTO 10	219 RDN
118 LBL 01	152 LBL 14	186 -1	220 ISG Y
119 -1.1	153 RCL 05	187 "BUMP"	221 GTO 12
120 GTO 10	154 INT	188 FS? 06	222 CF 06
121 LBL 02	155 RCL IND 03	189 "STUMBLE"	223 RCL 02
1221	156 X<0?	190 AVIEW	224 X<>Y
123 GTO 10	157 GTO 10	191 TONE 09	225 LBL 13
124 LBL 03	158 INT	192 CLD	226 RCL IND Y
125 .9	159 -	193 LBL 10	227 X=Y?
126 GTO 10	160 X#0?	194 STO IND 03	228 RTN
127 LBL 04	161 SIGN	195 ISG 03	229 RDN
128 -1	162 RCL 05	196 GTO 15	230 ISG Y
129 GTO 10	163 FRC	197 RCL 05	231 GTO 13
130 LBL 05	164 RCL IND 03	198 XEQ 96	232 CF 05
131 0	165 FRC	199 FC? 05	233 RTN
132 GTO 10	166 -	200 GTO 98	234 LBL 99
133 LBL 06	167 X#0?	201 LBL 95	235 RCL 00
134 1	168 SIGN	202 "STOMP"	236 9821
135 GTO 10	169 10	203 FS? 06	237 *
136 LBL 07	170/	204 "ZAP"	238 .211327
1379	171 +	205 AVIEW	239 +
138 GTO 10	172 ST+ IND 03	206 TONE 00	240 FRC
139 LBL 08	173 LBL 10	207 "TOO BAD"	241 STO 00
140 .1	174 ISG 03	208 AVIEW	242 *
141 GTO 10	175 GTO 14	209 RTN	243 INT
142 LBL 09	176 RCL 02	210 LBL 96	244 RTN
143 1.1	177 STO 03	211 SF 05	245 END
144 LBL 10	178 LBL 15	212 SF 06	

# Scatter for the HP-41C/CV/CX

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### Overview

N atoms are randomly placed in a black box with dimensions 10x10. No atom can be on the edge of the box. By firing particles into the box from the edges, and noting their exit locations, you attempt to find the atom positions. For a single atom, the scatters and reflections are as shown in Figure 1. Multiple atom scatters are simple extensions of this diagram: See, for examples, Figures 2 and 3. Note in particular, the back reflections of Figure 3 which arise from two combined scatters. More complex scattering and reflection are shown in Figure 4 where atom 4 causes scatter A, atom 2 causes B, 1 causes C, 4 (again) causes D, 3 causes E, and atom 1 reflects the particle back along the convoluted path. The numbering of the box grid is given in Figure 5. The 5th position on the base has coordinates 5.0, the 7th on the right is 9.7, and so on.

You select the value of N, and the machine places the N atoms randomly. You then fire particles from the edge: The machine tracks them and displays the output edge locations. At any time you can get the machine to confirm or reject any suspected atom location. If the guess is wrong, you are "penalized" by having the number of used particles increased by 5. The object of the game is not only to find the atoms, but to do so with the minimum number of probes.

NOTE: Although 9 atoms may be placed, a "good" game is 4 or 5.

Diagrams



1. Single atom



2. Two atoms



3. Two atoms



4. Complex Reflection



#### Note: Requires 1 Memory Module on HP-41C

# Instructions

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize		[XEQ] SCATTER	SEED?
3	Key in number between 0 and 1	seed	[R/S]	NO. OF ATOMS?
4	Key in number of atoms to be placed.	N	[R/S]	READY
5	Key in an entrance point.	x.y	[R/S]	(x).(y)
6	To guess a position key one in.	x.y	[A]	YES (or) NO
				() PROBES

DataFile and Others

	Continue with steps 5 and 6 as desired.		
7	To start a new game go to step 4.	[E]	NO. OF ATOMS?
8	If at any time you give up you can find all positions.	[C]	(x).(y)

#### Example

#### Set up and find 4 atoms

Keystrokes:	Display:	
[XEQ] [ALPHA]		
SIZE [ALPHA] 022		
[XEQ] [ALPHA]		
SCATTER [ALPHA]	SEED?	
.191062 [R/S]	NO. OF ATOMS?	
4 [R/S]	READY	
2.0 [R/S]	0.2	
4.0 [R/S]	9.2	
3.3 [A]	YES	
	2 PROBES	
6.9 [R/S]	6.9	
6.8 [A]	NO	
0.0 [11]	8 PROBES	
0 8 [B/S]	9 8	
0.0 [10 8]	3,0	
•	·	
D. 11	·	
Program listing:		
LINE <u>KEYS</u>		
01 LBL "SCATTER"	25 +	49 +
02 SF 27	26 RCL 12	50 FRC
03 CF 29	27 INT 20 NGN	51 STO 00
04 SF 28	28 X<>Y	52 8 52 *
05 FIX 00 06 "SEED2"	29 SIO 09 30 IRI 01	5/ 1
$\begin{array}{ccc} 0.0 & 3 \pm \pm D \\ 0.7 & PROMPT \end{array}$	31 RCL IND Y	55 ±
08 STO 00	32 X=Y2	56 TNT
09 LBL E	33 GTO 00	57 RTN
10 0	34 RDN	58 LBL 20
11 STO 11	35 LBL 09	59 STOP
12 "NO. OF ATOMS?"	36 DSE Y	60 INT
13 PROMPT	37 GTO 01	61 STO 12
14 STO 10	38 STO IND 12	62 STO 15
15 1 E3	39 ISG 12	63 CF 00
16 /	40 GTO 00	64 X=0?
17 1	41 "READY"	65 SF 00
18 +	42 AVIEW	66 9
19 STO 12	43 GTO 20	67 X=Y?
ZU LBL UU	44 LBL IU 45 DCI 00	68 SF 00
ZI AEV IU 22 VEO 10	45 KCL UU 16 0921	69 CF UI 70 V-V0
22 ABY IV 23 10	40 9021 17 *	/U A=1? 71 cf 01
20 10	48 211327	71 SE UL 72 I.AQTY
4J /	TU .ZIIJZ/	12 TADIY

00

20

12

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
73 FRC	122 STO 18	171 FS? 00
74 10	123 RCL 16	172 SF 02
75 *	124 STO 19	173 SF 00
76 STO 13	125 SF 02	174 FS?C 02
77 STO 14	126 LBL 09	175 CF 00
/8 X=Y?	127 DSE 21	176 CF 01
79 SF 01	128 GTO 05	177 RCL 18
80 L	129 FS?C 02	178 X=0?
81 ST+ 11	130 GTO 09	179 GTO 03
82 LBL UZ 83 DCL 10	131 U 132 ENTED	100 X>0?
05 KCL IU 94 gmo 21	132 ENIER 133 0	101 SF UI 182 CTD 02
85 10 85 10	134 EC2 01	183 TRT 7
86 STO 17	135 V/V	181 RCL 10
87 I.BL 05	136 RCL 12	185 X<>Y
88 RCL IND 21	137 RCL 13	186 T.BT. 04
89 INT	138 FS? 00	187 RCL IND Y
90 LASTX	139 X<>Y	188 "YES"
91 FRC	140 RDN	189 X=Y?
92 10	141 FS? 00	190 GTO 09
93 *	142 X<>Y	191 RDN
94 RCL 13	143 STO 15	192 DSE Y
95 <b>-</b>	144 RDN	193 GTO 04
96 X<>Y	145 STO 14	194 5
97 RCL 12	146 LBL 03	195 ST+ 11
98 -	147 CLA	196 "NO"
99 FS? 00	148 ARCL 15	197 LBL 09
100 X<>Y	149 " <b>F,</b> "	198 AVIEW
101 STO 20	150 ARCL 14	199 PSE
102 ABS	151 AVIEW	200 CLA
103 1	152 GTO 20	201 ARCL 11
104 -	153 LBL 09	202 "H PROBES"
105 X>0?	154 FS?C 03	203 AVIEW
106 GTO 09	155 GTO 03	204 GTO 20
107 RDN	156 RCL 12	205 LBL C
108 STO 16	157 RCL 13	206 RCL 10
109 FS? 01	158 FS? 00	207 FIX 01
IIU CHS	159 X<>Y	208 CF 28
111 X <u?< td=""><td>160 RCL 19</td><td>209 LBL 06</td></u?<>	160 RCL 19	209 LBL 06
112 GTO 09	101 I 162 EC2 01	210 CLA 211 ADOL TND Y
113 KCL I/	162 F5: UI	212 AKCL IND X
114 ANZI 115 VNV2	164 _	212 AVIEW 213 DCF
115 A/I: 116 CTO 09	165 +	213 FSE 214 DEE V
117 SF 03	166 FS2 00	214 DSE A 215 GTO 06
118 X#Y?	167 X<>Y	213 GIU 00 216 SF 28
119 CF 03	168 STO 13	210 SF 20 217 FTX 00
120 STO 17	169 BDN	218 GTO 20
121 RCL 20	170 STO 12	210 END
	1,0 010 12	

# Hexapawn for the HP-41C/CV/CX

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## Overview

Hexapawn is a game which is programmed to learn from its mistakes. The game is played with chess pawns on a 3x3 board. Pawns may advance one square at a time or capture the opponent's pawns by moving diagonally one square. The game starts with the pawns positioned as follows:



Note the resemblance between the 41C digit keys and the board numbering. The three allowed opening moves for the first player (in this example, white) are 1 to 4 (keyed as 1.4), 2 to 5 (2.5), and 3 to 6 (3.6).



Black's three possible responses to white's 1.4 move are 8 to 4, 8 to 5, and 9 to 6.



Black can move diagonally and capture white (8 to 4), or he can move either pawns 8 or 9 straight ahead one square. The black pawn at 7 is blocked. Note that the only way a pawn can

move to an open square is straight ahead. Also the only way a pawn can capture is by moving diagonally.

The game is won by advancing a pawn to the third row, capturing all of the opponent's pawns, or creating a position in which the opponent cannot move.

Moves are made by keying in the board position of the pawn to be moved, a decimal point, then the board position the pawn is to be moved to. The 41C does not check for illegal moves; therefore, you are on your honor not to cheat. The 41C selects its move at random, but if it is then punished, it remembers not to make that move in that situation. Thus, if the machine makes a poor move and is punished, it will not repeat the mistake.* Also, if the mirror image game is played, it will not make the mirror image of the poor move. If a point is reached in a game where all possible moves for a certain board configuration have received previous punishment, "NO MOVE" and "YOU WIN" is displayed, just as if there really were no move. If you cannot move, you can if you wish be a good sport and tell the 41C by keying 0 for your move. It will respond with "I WIN". If chess pawns are not available for visualization, different colored coins work well.

*Similarly, you can punish good moves to make it play a losing game.

**Note:** Requires 2 Memory Modules on HP-41C

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize type of game: human first,		[XEQ] HUMAN	SEED?
	or machine first.		[XEQ] MACHINE	SEED?
3	Key in a seed for the random number generator between 0 and 1. (Just hit [R/S] if a seed has been previously entered.)	seed	[R/S]	READY (or)
				( ) to ( )
4	Key in your move FROM.TO	F.T	[R/S]	() to ()
	Repeat step 4 until game is over			
5	OPTIONAL: After the 41C displays its move, punish it.		[E]	AAAIIII
6	To signify that you can't move	0	[R/S]	I WIN
7	To start a new game with the same player first and punishments remembered.		[A]	READY (or)
				() to ()

#### Instructions

	Go to step 4		
8	To start a new game with a different player first and/or forgetting punishments go to step 2.		

# Example

Keystrokes: Display:

[XEQ] [ALPHA] SIZE	
[ALPHA] 014	
[XEQ] [ALPHA]	
MACHINE [ALPHA]	SEED?
.1111111111 [R/S]	8 to 5
1.5 [R/S]	7 to 4
(A bad move; therefore,	
punish)	
[E]	AAAIIII
5.8 [R/S]	YOU WIN

Start a new game with the 41C remembering its punishment.

[A]	8	to 5
1.5 [R/S]	7	to 5
3.5 [R/S]	9	to 5
0 [R/S]	Ι	WIN

#### **Program listing:**

01 LBL "MACHINE"	24 STO 10	47 FC?C 08
02 XEQ 01	25 .8596	48 GTO 00
03 8388607	26 STO 06	49 CF 07
04 STO 01	27 1	50 3.6
05 3139583	28 FS? 05	51 FS? 05
06 STO 02	29 GTO 20	52 CHS
07 34314	30 "READY"	53 X=Y?
08 STO 03	31 AVIEW	54 SF 07
09 SF 05	32 GTO 30	55 RDN
10 GTO A	33 LBL 01	56 1.4
11 LBL "HUMAN"	34 SF 27	57 FC? 05
12 XEQ 01	35 CF 07	58 CHS
13 16777215	36 CLRG	59 X=Y?
14 STO 01	37 "SEED?"	60 SF 07
15 16756735	38 RCL 00	61 RDN
16 STO 02	39 prompt	62 1.5
17 524413	40 STO 00	63 X=Y?
18 STO 03	41 RTN	64 SF 07
19 CF 05	42 LBL 30	65 RDN
20 LBL A	43 STOP	66 LBL 00
21 SF 09	44 "I WIN"	67 CF 09
22 SF 08	45 X=0?	68 STO 13
23 9503	46 PROMPT	69 FRC

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Other
70.7	133 XEQ 23	196 FRC
71 X<=Y?	134 137.9563	197 STO 06
2 GTO 26	135 XEQ 23	198 RCL 13
73 RCL 13	136 GTO 25	199 INT
74 XEO 50	137 LBL 22	200 LBL 20
75 INT	138 9503.8596	201 STO 08
76 STO 11	139 XEO 23	202 RCL 04
77 LASTX	140 7341 748586	203 STO 09
78 FRC	141 XEO 23	204 BCL 05
79 10	142 7449 7475	205 STO 07
80 *	143  YEO 23	206 2
81 STO 12	111 3237 848562	200 2 207 RCI 08
82 CF 06	1/5  yro 23	208 VAY
83 VEO 21	145 $Aby$ 25 146 $8957$ $7451$	200 1 7
01 ALV 21	140 0957.7451 147 VEO 22	210 2
04 .9 05 gmo 12	147 XEQ 23	210 J 211 gmo 12
85 STO 13	148 8849.9596	211 510 13
86 FS? US	149 SF 09	212 RCL 00
87 GTO 22	150 XEQ 23	213 9821
88 3185.848596	151 CF 09	214 *
89 XEQ 23	152 6.9	215 .211327
90 7397.7475	153 STO 13	216 +
91 XEQ 23	154 8849.7475	217 FRC
92 1316.417596	155 XEQ 23	218 STO 00
93 XEQ 23	156 6687.7475	219 *
94 1142.845396	157 XEQ 23	220 1
95 XEQ 23	158 855.7475	221 +
96 2531.759596	159 XEQ 23	222 INT
97 XEQ 23	160 1194.845253	223 STO 04
98 1023.848586	161 XEO 23	224 LBL 02
99 XEO 23	162 2583.756263	225 3
00 6758.515286	163 XEO 23	226 RCL 04
01 XEO 23	164 6702.63	227 1
02 7163 9586	165 XEO 23	228 +
03 XEO 23	166 1260 41	229 X>Y2
$0.4 \ 2720 \ 4142$	167  XEO  23	230 1
05  YEO 23	168 1368 7541	231 STO 04
$0.5 \text{ MB}_{2} \text{ 2.5}$ 0.6  1131  8475	169 XEO 23	$232 \times 13$
$0.0 \times 10^{-2.3}$	170 6887 9596	233 PCI IND 13
0, <u>NUQ</u> 23 08 818 8586	171 VEO 23	
00 010.9390 09 VEC 23	172 2783 114205	234  AV 1
10 6650 0506	172 VEC 22	235 X 15
11 VEO 22	177 COOF F1F2	230 KUN 227 DCI 05
11 AEQ 23	174 0995.5152 175 NBO 00	237 RCL 03
12 992.96	175 XEQ 23	238 /
13 XEQ 23	176 1179.5253	239 FRC
14 6//.4152	1// XEQ 23	240.5
15 XEQ 23	1/8 2286./4/5	241 X<=Y?
16 369.75	179 XEQ 23	242 GTO 04
17 XEQ 23	180 2270.9596	243 DSE 13
18 600.4186	181 XEQ 23	244 GTO 02
19 XEQ 23	182 2594.96	245 RCL 07
20 384.8463	183 XEQ 23	246 STO 05
21 XEQ 23	184 621.4163	247 STO 04
22 693.4152	185 XEQ 23	248 FS? 08
23 XEQ 23	186 432.52	249 CF 09
24 461.5263	187 XEQ 23	250 FS? 09
25 XEQ 23	188 GTO 25	251 RTN
26 569.419596	189 LBL 23	252 LBL 25
27 XEO 23	190 ISG 13	253 "NO MOVE"
28 411 8452	191 TNT	253 NO HOVE 254 AVIEW
20 711.0102 29 XEO 23	192 RCT 10	255 DCF
27 ABY 23 30 105 5286	103 V#V2	255 EDE 26
JU IJJ.J200 21 VEO 22	104 DEN	2JU LDL 20 257 Wyou Mitnu
JI AEV ZJ	LY4 KIN	ZOT YOU WIN"
20 EOE 4175		

Ángel M. Martin

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Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
259 STOP	302 " <b> </b> TO "	345 FRC
260 LBL 04	303 LASTX	346 3
261 RCL 04	304 FRC	347 *
262 1	305 10	348 INT
263 X#Y?	306 *	349 CHS
264 CF 08	307 ARCL X	350 1
265 -	308 AVIEW	351 FS? 06
266 2	309 GTO 30	352 ST+ X
267 *	310 LBL 50	353 +
268 10^X	311 FC? 07	354 3
269 RCL 06	312 RTN	355 ENTER
270 *	313 STO 06	356 9
271 FRC	314 INT	357 ENTER
272 10	315 1	358 RCL 12
273 *	316 -	359 -
274 INT	317 3	360 Y^X
275 STO 11	318 /	361 *
276 LASTX	319 INT	362 3
277 FRC	320 5	363 ENTER
278 10	321 +	364 9
279 *	322 XEO IND X	365 RCL 11
280 INT	323 RCL 06	366 -
281 STO 12	324 -	367 Y^X
282 SF 06	325 RTN	368 1
283  yr = 21	326 IBL 05	369 592 06
28/ 3	327 5	370 ST+ X
204 J 285 DCT 12	327 J 328 DTM	370 SIT A 371 *
205 KCL 12 206 VNV2	320 KIN 320 IDI 06	272 _
200 A/1:		272 Cm 10
	221 DEM	274 DUN
200 AVIEW	JJI KIN	J/4 KIN 275 IDI D
289 BEEP	332 LBL 07	375 DGI 04
290 LBL 00	333 17 224 DEN	376 RCL 04
291 RUL 11	334 RTN	3// X<> 13
292 RCL 12	335 LBL 21	378 RCL 05
293 10	336 RCL 10	379 2
294 /	337 3	380 /
295 +	338 ENTER	381 ST- IND 13
296 XEQ 50	339 10	382 RDN
297 FIX 00	340 ENTER	383 X<> 13
298 CF 29	341 RCL 12	384 "AAAIIII"
299 CLA	342 -	385 AVIEW
300 INT	343 Y^X	386 GTO 30
301 ARCL X	344 /	387 END

### Hexapawn, v2

#### Peter Hamer / Edwin Hartingsveldt – PPCCJ V7N4p31 (May 1980)

Hexapawn is one of the "classics" among programmable calculator games. It was originally developed by John Rausch for the HP-65 (V2N3). It was subsequently translated by HP for the HP-67 Games Pac and adapted for the HP-25 by Bob Hall (V4N6).

The game's rules are rather simple: on a 3 by 3 board two players have 3 pawns each. The starting position is shown in fig. I. The legal moves are derived from the pawn in chess: a pawn can advance one step forward (fig. 2a) to an unoccupied square or can capture an opponent's pawn moving forward diagonally (fig. 2b). The machine and the human take turns. A game is won as soon as a player has one of his pawns on the IIback" row or when the opponent can't make any legal move.

In previous versions of the game you told the machine that after your move the board configuration was as shown in fig. by looking this position up in a set of possible configurations (like fig. 3) in the program's documentation. This gave you the position's characteristic number. In this case you would input 5 and the machine would respond with a 1, 2 or 3 corresponding to the numbered arrows in fig. 3 (when the machine gave up, you saw a "0").



In our version you input the configuration of fig. 3 as the code number 210 011 200 ("scanning" the board from top left to bottom left, etc.). The machine will answer with 010 021 200, 210021 000 or 210 011020.

The game as described isn't really all that thrilling. It's about just as "mind-boggling" as tictac-toe. The interesting part of all these programs was that the machine, when turned on, made its choices at random. As the game progresses the human is expected to "punish" + the machine whenever it makes a stupid move.

Gradually the machine's playing level increases to the point when it's more or less perfect. Thus, the machine learns from its mistakes. In this version the machine is smart enough that, once you tell it that 201 010 220+ 201 020 020 is rather dumb, it automatically avoids making 220 010 201  $\sim$  020 020 201 because this is essentially the same case (its mirror image!).

In the original game you made this decision yourself because only one configuration in a pair of mirror images was depicted.

Because of changes in the learning algorithm, the new version has a slight edge in learning speed over the original version (after the last example the move 201 220 010  $\sim$  201 020 020 will also be blacklisted).

To the user it may seem that most of the changes benefit the program's ease-of-use because, after all, both versions play the same game according to the same rules. However if you were to dissect the original version you would find that the program doesn't contain an algorithm for hexapawn at all:

To put it provocatively, if you were to change a few constants and replace the "board configuration tables" in the program's documentation, it would be playing a cybernetic version of tic-tac-toe or possibly even checkers on a small board. This version, on the other hand, consists of a move generating part that simply gives a complete list of legal moves for any meaningful position, and a "learninglt part which decides (together with a random number generator) which of these move to choose.

#### **User Instructions**

I) Load program- and data cards.

2) Set up your playing board as in figure I. You can use pennies and dimes as playing pieces - or if you have just bought the HP-4IC you may have to find yourself light and dark pebbles.

3) Make your move. Input code for new board position. Press A. (You can have the machine make the first move by inputting the code for fig. I, 201 202 201. This gives a less interesting game because the human tends to win all the time). The machine responds with a new code (its move) or "Error" (if it gives up). The error display is generated internally at step 112 (in case you're in doubt .... ).

4) Optional: Punish the machine for its move by pressing B. Normally you punish for bad moves. You can, however, punish according to whatever criterium you want. Punishing the machine after it has just won is, however, going a bit too far.

5) For your next move, go to 3).

6) For a new game go to 2).

7) Should you want to brainwash your pupil back to the level of an honest playing five-yearsold, clear the ten secondary registers. or "point out tactfully to .... 11 - for the enlightened parents amongst you.

Notes: the machine's accumulated experience can be stored on a datacard. Making this program fit on the basic HP-4IC is not going to be easy as it uses all the data registers and all the program space. When translating, watch those DSZ's because the fractional part of RI can be non-zero. The 41C's ability to partition numbers in the display into groups of three using komma's will be quite nice here. Important: The calculator status on your card should be: Rad, Fix 0, flags irrelevant.

Peter Van Den Hamer (3533) & Edwin Van Hartingsveldt PPC V8N1 p26 ; Jan/Feb 1981

#### Cybernetic Hexapawn

#### Marco de Vries, PP V8N1 p26 ; (Jan/Feb 1981)

Peter van den Hamer and Edwin van Hartingsveldt invited the membership to produce a 4IC version of their brilliant "cybernetic hexapawn", published in PPC V7N4 p31. Here is my attempt.

This version will print out the checkerboard and pawns between moves when the printer is connected; it will also play without printer. In addition this version will end the game automatically when one of the players has won by indicating "I WIN" or "YOU WIN". For the rules of the game and the code for indicating moves I refer to the original article.

#### INSTRUCTIONS:

Size 038; RAM 2; Read program with F11 on

- 1. Automatic start; turn calculator ON
- 2. Enter seed when prompted for; default seed is PI, SIN, TAN.
- 3. After "READY" in display, enter code for move and press [A] or when Black is the first player press [B]
- 4. Continue moving by entering code and [A]
- 5. To punish or rather induce learning push [E] before your next move
- 6. At end of game WDTA for preserving learning and/or push R/S where after machine's default status will be set and the calculator is turned off.
- 7. To continue for a new game, enter first move and push [A], or push [B]
- 8. To continue game after calculator has been turned off, pass data Card after the "READY" prompt

Marco J. de Vries (4258)

### **Program listing:**

<u>01*LBL "HEX"</u>	50 "#"	<u>99*LBL 00</u>	148 ST+ 07
02 DEG	51 SF 06	100 8	149 1.2
03 CF 27	52 XEQ 33	101 STO 25	150 RCL 07
04 CF 29	53 ADV	102 RCL 00	151 X=Y?
05 FIX 4	54 RTN	103 E	152 XEQ 07
06 SF 11	55*LBL B	104 %	153 FRC
07 OFF	56 RCL 20	105*LBL 04	154 RCL 21
08*LBL C	57 SF 01	106 STO 07	155 *
09 SF 12	<u>58*LBL A</u>	107 FRC	156 STO 07
10 " HEXAPAWN"	59 " I"	108 .2	157 DSE 25
11 AVIEW	60 X=0?	109 X=Y?	158 GTO 06
12 CLRG	61 GTO 55	110 XEQ 05	159*LBL 08
13 RAD	62 CF 00	111 RCL 07	160 E
14 .031642758	63 STO 22	112 FIX 1	161 ST- 03
15 STO 01	64 STO 00	113 RND	162 ST- 05
16 .637048152	65 FS?C 01	114 RCL 21	163 " YOU"
17 STO 02	66 GTO 88	115 /	164 RCL 03
18 30	67 SF 12	116 DSE 25	165 X=0?
19 STO 09	68 " WHITE"	117 GTO 04	166 GTO 55
20 201201201	69 XEQ 44	118 GTO 08	167 RCL 05
21 STO 20	70*LBL 88	119*LBL 05	168 X<0?
22 STO 00	71 RCL 08	120 8	169 2
23 E1	72 9821	121 RCL 25	170 STO 05
24 STO 21	73 *	122 -	171 FS? 00
25 PI	74.211327	123 10^X	172 RTN
26 SIN	75 +	124 9	173 STO 25
27 TAN	76 FRC	125 *	174 GTO IND 25
28 "FRC SEED ?"	77 STO 08	126 GTO 03	175*LBL 07
29 PROMPT	78 3	127*LBL 01	176 RCL 24
30 CLA	79 STO 03	128*LBL 02	177 8
31 STO 08	80 *	129 RCL IND 25	178 RCL 25
32 SF 29	81 INT	130 STO 24	179 -
33 FS? 55	82 STO 25	131 STO 04	180 10^X
34 XEQ 99	83 STO 05	132 9	181 *
35 SF 05	84 RCL 20	133 STO 25	182 FRC
36 XEQ 44	85 RCL 22	134 STO 07	183 RCL 21
37 SF 27	86 X#Y?	135*LBL 06	184 *
38 "READY"	87 GTO IND 25	136 RCL 21	185 FRC
39 PROMPT	88*LBL 13	137 ST* 04	186 LASTX
40*LBL E	89 SF 00	138 RCL 00	187 INT
41 2	90 RCL 05	139 RCL 04	188 10^X
42 RCL 25	91 3	140 INT	189 ST+ 00
43 FRC	92 *	141 ST- 04	190 X<>Y
44 RCL 09	93 E	142 10^X	191 RCL 21
45 *	94 +	143 /	192 *
46 FIX 1	95 STO 25	144 INT	193 INT
47 RND	96 XEQ 05	145 RCL 21	194 10^X
48 Y^X	97 XEQ 08	146 /	195*LBL 03
49 ST+ IND 25	98 GTO 13	147 FRC	196 ST- 00

Retro Games for the H	HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
197 ST- 00	250 STOP	303 E3	356 DSE Z
198 RCL 25	251*LBL 09	304 /	357 GTO 18
199 STO 23	252 E3	305 FRC	358 PRBUF
200 RCL 00	253 ST/ 06	306 LASTX	359 3
201 STO 06	254 RCL 06	307 INT	360 STO T
202 XEQ 09	255 FRC	308 E3	361 RDN
203 XEQ 09	256 ST- 06	309 /	362 DSE 37
204 E3	257 *	310 FRC	363 GTO 17
205 *	258 ENTER^	311 LASTX	364 XEQ 16
206 X<>Y	259*LBL 11	312 INT	365*LBL 15
207 RCL 06	260 2	313 E3	366 " YOU"
208 XEQ 11	261 -	314 /	367 26.028
209 RCL 06	262 RCL 21	315 26.034	368 11
210 X<=Y?	263 /	316 STO 37	369 XEQ 11
211 X<>Y	264 FRC	317*LBL 14	370 " I"
212 E6	265 X=0?	318 RDN	371 32.034
213 *	266 GTO 77	319 RCL 21	372 12
214 +	267 RDN	320 STO IND 37	373 XEQ 22
215 +	268 RTN	321 *	374 0
216 SIN	269*LBL 10	322 INT	375 STO 37
217 3 E2	270 RCL 23	323 ST+ IND 37	376 26.034
218 *	271 STO 25	324 RDN	377 E1
219 ABS	272 RCL 22	325 LASTX	378 E1
220 .2	273 STO 00	326 FRC	379*LBL 23
221 -	274 RCL 07	327 STO T	380 RCL IND Y
222 INT	275 RTN	328 ISG 37	381 X#Y?
223 RCL 09	276*LBL 44	329 GTO 14	382 ST+ 37
224 /	277 AVIEW	330 FC? 55	383 RDN
225 RCL 21	278 FC? 55	331 GTO 15	384 ISG Y
226 +	279 PSE	332 SF 12	385 GTO 23
227 STO 25	280 CF 12	333 3	386 RCL 37
228 FRC	281 " "	334 STO 37	387 11
229 RCL 09	282*LBL 33	335 26	388 /
230 *	283 FIX 0	336 124	389 FRC
231 RND	284 RCL 00	337 ""	390 X=0?
232 2	285 LOG	338*LBL 17	391 GTO "Y"
233 X<>Y	286 INT	339 XEO 16	392 RCL 37
234 Y^X	287 8	340 ACCHR	393 12
235 RCL IND 25	288 X>Y?	341*LBL 18	394 /
236 X<>Y	289 "`0"	342.4	395 FRC
237 /	290 RDN	343 SKPCOL	396 X=0?
238 INT	291 7	344 RDN	397 GTO "M"
239.2	292 X>Y?	345 BCLIND Y	398 ADV
240 /	293 "`0"	346 STO I	399 ADV
241 FRC	294 RDN	347 RDN	400 ADV
242 X#0?	295.6		401 ADV
243 GTO 10	296 X>V?	349 RDN	402 FC?C 05
244*I BI 77	290 //21	350 3	403 RTN
2 4 LUC 77	297 0, 298 ARCI 00		404 TONF 7
2 /5 5/ 05 246 SE 12		357 RDN	
2-70 51 12 2/17 " BIACK"	200 500 06		
	201 DTN		
240 TONE 0		255 DAD	407 LDL 10
277 ALU 44	JUZ NUL UU		400 /

Retro Games for the HP-4	11 Use	er Instructions	DataFile and Others		
409 SKPCOL	427 PRBUF	445 AVIEW	463 STO 36		
410 RTN	428 RTN	446 CF 00	464 RTN		
411*LBL 11	429*LBL 22	447 CF 05	465*LBL 98		
412 RCL 35	430 RCL IND Y	448 ADV	466 64		
413 ACSPEC	431 X=Y?	449 ADV	467 BLDSPEC		
414 RTN	432 GTO 55	450 ADV	468 64		
415*LBL 12	433 RDN	451 ADV	469 BLDSPEC		
416 RCL 36	434 ISG Y	452 ADV	470 106		
417 ACSPEC	435 GTO 22	453 STOP	471 BLDSPEC		
418 RTN	436 RTN	454 GTO "HEX"	472 RCL 37		
419*LBL 16	<u>437*LBL "M"</u>	455*LBL 99	473 BLDSPEC		
420 ACCHR	438 " I"	456 93	474 106		
421 ACA	439 GTO 55	457 STO 37	475 BLDSPEC		
422 ACCHR	440*LBL "Y"	458 XEQ 98	476 64		
423 ACA	441 " YOU"	459 STO 35	477 BLDSPEC		
424 ACCHR	442*LBL 55	460 127	478 64		
425 ACA	443 BEEP	461 STO 37	479 BLDSPEC		
426 ACCHR	444 "` WIN"	462 XEQ 98	480 END		

### Tic-Tac-Toe

#### N. Michael Johnson; UPL #00948C

It's you against the computer in the simplebut tricky and masterful game of Tic Tac Toe. The computer startson the defensive and grants you first move. You may try as you liketo get the 41C in a no-win situation but that is very unlikely sinceduring the playing of the game the 41C makes a random and unpredictable move. I have made it possible to beat but the methods to use are hard to set up and it depends greatly on where the 41C chooses to move. Sometimes these methods work and sometimes they don't. Good Luck! you' re going to need it and have fun.

One Memory Module is required. The seed for the random number generator must be a positive whole number greater than one (1)

Sample problem.

1	2	3	х	2	3	x	2	3	3	x	2	3	х		2	3
4	5	6	4	5	6	4	0	6	1	4	0	6	0	•	0	6
7	8	9	7	8	9	7	8	9		7	8	Тx	7		8	x
х	2	3	x	2	0	x	2	0	3	ĸ	2	0	x		x	0
x o	2	3 X	x o	2 0	o x	<u>x</u> 0	2 0	o x		к 0	2 0	o x	- <u>x</u> o		x o	o x

This is one of those more probable cats game. Here you can see the # spaces for playing. Each number disappears as its place is taken. The X's represent you the player and the O's represent the computer.

Solution:

Input / Function	Display	Comments
SIZE 012		set minimum size
XEQ "TTT"	NUMBER7	Start program and prompt for seed
123456789, R/S	YOUR MOVE	prompt for the # of the spot you wish
1, R/S	SPOT (, НИН	verification of your chosen spot
		display will clear as the 41C decides
	TAKING #2	spot the 41 is moving to
	YOUR MOVE	
9, R/S	SPOT 9, HUH	
	TAKING ¥ 3	
	YOUR MOVE	
7, R/S	SPOT 7, НЦН	
	IRKIN5 ¥8	
	YOUR MOVE	
Ángol NA NAortin	B	

2, R/S	SPOT 2, НИН	last available spot
	ERT'S GRME	game is a tie
GTO . 001, R/S		start a new game

# Program listing:

1	LBL "TTT"	45	STO 10	89	RCL 01
2	CIST	46	LBL 16	90	RCL 03
3	RCL 00	47	RCL IND 10	91	XEQ 21
4	CLRG	48	X=0?	92	RCL 05
5	X#O?	49	GTO 17	93	RCL 08
6	GTO 00	50	ISG 10	94	XEO 21
7	"SEED?"	51	GTO 16	95	GTO 20
8	PROMPT'	52	"CATS GAME"	96	LBL 03
9	LN1+X	53	AVIEW	97	RCL 01
10	LOG	54	BEEP	98	RCL 02
11	FRC	55	PSE	99	XEQ 21
12	ABS	56	GTO 12	100	RCL 05
13	LBL 00	57	LBL 17	101	RCL 07
14	STO 00	58	-2	102	XEQ 21
15	CF 29	59	SF 05	103	RCL 06
16	LBL 15	60	XEQ 18	104	RCL 09
17	CIST	61	2	105	XEQ 21
18	9	62	LBL 18	106	GTO 20
19	"YOUR MOVE"	63	STO 11	107	LBL 04
20	PROMPT	64	1,009	108	RCL 01
21	X<=0?	65	STO 10	109	RCL 07
22	GTO 15	66	LBL 19	110	XEQ 21
23	X>Y?	67	CLST	111	RCL 05
24	GTO 15	68	RCL IND 10	112	RCL 06
25	RCL IND X	69	X=0?	113	XEQ 21
26	X=0?	70	GTO IND 10	114	GTO 20
27	GTO 10	71	LBL 20	115	LBL 05
28	"SPOT "	72	ISG 10	116	RCL 01
29	ARCL Y	73	GTO 19	117	RCL 09
30	>" TAKEN"	74	FS7C 05	118	XEQ 21
31	AVIEW	75	RTN	119	RCL 02
32	GTO 15	76	GTO 22	120	RCL 08
33	LBL 10	77	LBL 01	121	XEQ 21
34	1	78	RCL 02	122	RCL 03
35	STO INDZ	79	RCL 03	123	RCL 07
36	"SPOT "	80	XEO 21	124	XEQ 21
37	ARCL Z "	81	RCL 04	125	RCL 04
38	″ -, HUH"	82	RCL 07	126	RCL 06
39	AVIEW	83	XEQ 21	127	XEQ 21
40	TONE IND Z	84	RCL 05	128	GTO 20
41	3	85	RCL 09	129	LBL 06
42	XEQ 29	86	XEQ 21	130	RCL 03
43	'CLD	87	GTO 20	131	RCL 09
44	1,009	88	LBL 02	132	XEQ 21

Retro (	Games for the HP-41	U	ser Instructions		DataFile and Others
133	RCL 04	186	RCL IND 10	239	GTO 25
134	RCL 05	18/	X=0?	240	LBL 09
135	XEQ 21	188	GTO IND 10	241	RCL 06
136	GTO 20	189	LBL 25	242	RCL 08
137	LCL 07	190	ISG 10	243	XEQ 26
138	RCL 01	191	GTO 24	244	GTO 25
139	RCL 04	192	GTO 27	245	LBL 26
140	XEQ 21	193	LBL 01	246	+
141	RCL 03	194	RCL 02	247	2
142	RCL 05	195	RCL 04	248	X#Y?
143	XEQ 21	196	XEQ 26	249	RTN
144	RCL 08	197	GTO 25	250	GTO 28
145	RCL 09	198	LBL 02	251	LBL 27
146	XEQ 21	199	RCL 04	252	CIST
147	GTO 20	200	RCL 09	253	5
148	LBL 08	201	XEQ 26	254	RCL 00
149	RCL 02	202	RCL 06	255	FRC
150	RCL 05	203	RCL 07	256	3
151	XEQ 21	204	XEQ 26	257	1/X
152	RCL 07	205	GTO 25	258	*
153	RCL 09	206	LBL 03	259	E^X
154	XEQ 21	207	RCL 02	260	PI
155	GTO 20	208	RCL 06	261	*
156	LBL 09	209	XEQ 26	262	FRC
157	RCL 01	210	GTO 25	263	ABS
158	RCL 05	211	LBL 04	264	ST+ 00
159	XEQ 21	212	RCL 02	265	10
160	RCL 03	213	RCL 09	266	*
161	RCL 06	214	XEQ 26	267	INT
162	XEQ 21	215	RCL 03	268	X=Y?
163	RCL 07	216	RCL 08	269	GTO 27
164	RCL 08	217	XEQ 26	270	X<=0?
165	XEQ 21	218	GTO 25	271	GTO 25
166	GTO 20	219	LBL 06	272	STO 10
167	LBL 21	220	RCL 02	273	RCL IND X
168	+	221	RCL 07	274	X#0?
169	RCL 11	222	XEQ 26	275	GTO 25
170	X#Y?	223	RCL 01	276	LBL 28
171	RTN	224	RCL OS	277	CIST
172	GTO 28	225	XEQ 26	278	-1
173	LBL 22	226	GTO 25	279	STO IND 10
174	5	227	LBL 07	280	"TAKING SPOT"
175	RCL IND X	228	RCL 04	281	ARCL 10
176	X#0?	229	RCL 08	282	TONE IND 10
177	GTO 23	230	XEO 26	283	AVIEW
178	RDN	231	GTO 25	283	PSE
179	STO 10	231	IBL 08	204	-3
180	GTO 28	232	RCI 01	205	XFO 29
181	I BL 23	233	RCL 06	200	GTO 15
187	1 009	234	XEO 26	207 วହହ	I RI 29
182	sto 10	222 222		200	STO 10
101		200		203	
104 105		23/		290	
T02	CLOT	238		291	NUL UZ

Retro G	ames for the HP-41	L	Iser Instructions		DataFile and Others
292	RCL 03	318	RCL 03	344	TONE 7
293	XEO 30	319	RCL 05	345	TONE 8
294	RCt. 04	320	RCL 07	346	TONE 7
295	RCL 05	321	XEQ 30	347	TONE 9
296	RCL 06	322	RTN	348	LBL 12
297	XEQ 30	323	LBL 30	349	CLST
298	RCL 07	324	+	350	SF 29
299	RCL 08	325	+	351	VIEW X
300	RCL 09	326	RCL 10	352	STOP
301	XEQ 30	327	X#Y?	353	END
302	RCL 01	328	RTN		
303	RCL 04	329	3		
304	RCL 07	330	X=Y?		
305	XEQ 30	331	GTO 11		
306	RCL 02.	332	"YOU LOSE"		
307	RCL 05	333	AVIEW		
308	RCL 08	334	TONE 0		
309	XEQ 30	335	TONE 2		
310	RCL 03	336	TONE 1		
311	RCL 06	337	TONE 2		
312	RCL 09	338	TONE 0		
313	XEO 30	339	GTO 12		
314	RCt. 01	340	LBL 11		
315	RCL 05	341	"YOU WIN"		
316	RCL 09	342	AVIEW		
317	XEQ 30	343	TONE 9		

# **3D Tic-Tac-Toe for the HP-41C/CV/CX**

HP Co. – Games Solutions Books

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### Overview

This program pits the HP-41C against a human opponent in a game of 3-D Tic Tac Toe. The rules of this game are simple:

1) The board consists of 4 levels, each of which is 4 rows deep and 4 columns across, making a total of 64 squares on a 3 dimensional board.

2) Two players move alternately by placing a black or white marker on a square (or making an X or a O on a paper layout of the board). Once a move is made, the piece is never moved or removed. In this game, the human always goes first.

3) A player wins by placing four markers in a straight line. The line can lie in more than one level, and diagonals are perfectly legitimate wins.

In short, the game is played just like regular Tic Tac Toe, except that the board has one additional dimension, and is one square bigger in all dimensions. Unlike regular Tic Tac Toe, there is no known winning strategy for the 3-D version. It is a much more complex game which can require considerable skill in a player, allowing for very complicated strategies.

The 41C plays and remembers the game by dividing the board into its 16 component rows and storing an entire row in one register. The registers R0 through R15 are reserved for the game board.

Each square on the board can be characterized by its level=z, its row=y and its column=x. x,y, and z can have values from 1 through 4. When entering moves, make sure they are 3 digit numbers. All three digits must be between 1 and 4 inclusive. Entering a move outside this range may cause the program to make erroneous entries in the board.

The boards look like:



Note: Requires 2 Memory Modules for use on the HP-41C.

#### Instructions

Step	Instructions	Input Data/Units	Keys	Output Data/Units
1	Enter program			
2	Initialize		[XEQ] 3DTTT	READY
3	Key in your move	xyz	[R/S]	MY MOVE:
	Repeat 3 until you win or lose			

# Example

Keystrokes: Display:

[XEQ] [ALPHA] [ALPHA] 026	SIZE			
[XEQ] [ALPHA]				
3DTTT [ALPHA]		READ	γ	
242 [R/S]		MY M	IOVE :	322
414 [R/S]		MY M	IOVE :	134
123 [R/S]		MY M	IOVE :	234
441 [R/S]		MY M	IOVE :	423
141 [R/S]		MY M	IOVE :	232
214 [R/S]		MY M	IOVE :	114
424 [R/S]		MY M	IOVE :	434
111 [R/S]		334,	I WI	IN

The boards look like:

User Instructions



#### **Program listing:**

02 FIX 00 33 AVIEW 65 XEQ 04 97 FRC   03 CLRG 34 X#0? 66 FS?C 02 98 .5   04 CF 00 35 GTO A 67 GTO 03 99 -   05 CF 01 36 5 68 RCL 19 100 CHS   06 CF 02 37 RCL 20 69 XEQ 10 101 20   07 CF 03 38 / 70 LBL 03 102 *   08 CF 29 39 1 71 RCL 16 103 10^X   09 "READY" 40 + 72 INT 104 STO 20   10 AVIEW 41 ST+ IND 25 73 1 105 RDN   11 LBL A 42 RCL 18 74 - 106 1   12 STOP 43 X=0? 75 3 107 -   13 1 E3 44 GTO 01 76 / 108 STO 21   14 / 45 SF 00 77 21 109 X<>Y   15 STO 19 46 XEQ 04 78 + 110 1   16 0 47 CF 02 79 ENTER 111 -   17 STO 16 48 CF 03 80 FRC 112 4   18 2 49 CF 00 81 X=0? 113 *   19 STO 17 50 .06 82 CF 01 114 STO 22   20 RDN	<u>01 LBL "3DTTT</u> "	32 X#0?	64 XEQ 10	96 LASTX
03 CLRG   34 X#0?   66 FS?C 02   98 .5     04 CF 00   35 GTO A   67 GTO 03   99 -     05 CF 01   36 5   68 RCL 19   100 CHS     06 CF 02   37 RCL 20   69 XEQ 10   101 20     07 CF 03   38 /   70 LBL 03   102 *     08 CF 29   39 1   71 RCL 16   103 10^X     09 "READY"   40 +   72 INT   104 STO 20     10 AVIEW   41 ST+ IND 25   73 1   105 RDN     11 LBL A   42 RCL 18   74 -   106 1     12 STOP   43 X=0?   75 3   107 -     13 1 E3   44 GTO 01   76 /   108 STO 21     14 /   45 SF 00   77 21   109 X<>Y     15 STO 19   46 XEQ 04   78 +   110 1     16 0   47 CF 02   79 ENTER   111 -     17 STO 16   48 CF 03   80 FRC   112 4     18 2   49 CF 00   81 X=0?   114 STO 22     20 RDN   51 RCL 18   83 .5   115 +     21	02 FIX 00	33 AVIEW	65 XEQ 04	97 FRC
04 CF 00 35 GTO A 67 GTO 03 99 -   05 CF 01 36 5 68 RCL 19 100 CHS   06 CF 02 37 RCL 20 69 XEQ 10 101 20   07 CF 03 38 / 70 LBL 03 102 *   08 CF 29 39 1 71 RCL 16 103 10^X   09 "READY" 40 + 72 INT 104 STO 20   10 AVIEW 41 ST+ IND 25 73 1 105 RDN   11 LBL A 42 RCL 18 74 - 106 1   12 STOP 43 X=0? 75 3 107 -   13 1 E3 44 GTO 01 76 / 108 STO 21   14 / 45 SF 00 77 21 109 X<>Y   15 STO 19 46 XEQ 04 78 + 110 1   16 0 47 CF 02 79 ENTER 111 -   17 STO 16 48 CF 03 80 FRC 112 4   18 2 49 CF 00 81 X=0? 113 *   19 STO 17 50 .06 82 CF 01 114 STO 22   20 RDN 51 RCL 18 83 .5 115 +   21 RDN 52 FRC 84 X>Y? 116 STO 23   22 XEQ 10	03 CLRG	34 X#0?	66 FS?C 02	98 .5
05 CF 01   36 5   68 RCL 19   100 CHS     06 CF 02   37 RCL 20   69 XEQ 10   101 20     07 CF 03   38 /   70 LBL 03   102 *     08 CF 29   39 1   71 RCL 16   103 10^X     09 "READY"   40 +   72 INT   104 STO 20     10 AVIEW   41 ST+ IND 25   73 1   105 RDN     11 LBL A   42 RCL 18   74 -   106 1     12 STOP   43 X=0?   75 3   107 -     13 1 E3   44 GTO 01   76 /   108 STO 21     14 /   45 SF 00   77 21   109 X<>Y     15 STO 19   46 XEQ 04   78 +   110 1     16 0   47 CF 02   79 ENTER   111 -     17 STO 16   48 CF 03   80 FRC   112 4     18 2   49 CF 00   81 X=0?   113 *     19 STO 17   50 .06   82 CF 01   114 STO 22     20 RDN   51 RCL 18   83 .5   115 +     21 RDN   52 FRC   84 X>Y?   116 STO 23     22 X	04 CF 00	35 GTO A	67 GTO 03	99 -
06 CF 02 37 RCL 20 69 XEQ 10 101 20   07 CF 03 38 / 70 LBL 03 102 *   08 CF 29 39 1 71 RCL 16 103 10^X   09 "READY" 40 + 72 INT 104 STO 20   10 AVIEW 41 ST+ IND 25 73 1 105 RDN   11 LBL A 42 RCL 18 74 - 106 1   12 STOP 43 X=0? 75 3 107 -   13 1 E3 44 GTO 01 76 / 108 STO 21   14 / 45 SF 00 77 21 109 X<>Y   15 STO 19 46 XEQ 04 78 + 110 1   16 0 47 CF 02 79 ENTER 111 -   17 STO 16 48 CF 03 80 FRC 112 4   18 2 49 CF 00 81 X=0? 113 *   19 STO 17 50 .06 82 CF 01 114 STO 22   20 RDN 51 RCL 18 83 .5 115 +   21 RDN 52 FRC 84 X>Y? 116 STO 23   22 XEQ 10 53 STO 18 85 SF 00 117 RTN   23 STO 25 54 X>Y? 86 GTO IND Z 118 LBL 04   24 RCL	05 CF 01	36 5	68 RCL 19	100 CHS
07 CF 03 38 / 70 LBL 03 102 *   08 CF 29 39 1 71 RCL 16 103 10^X   09 "READY" 40 + 72 INT 104 STO 20   10 AVIEW 41 ST+ IND 25 73 1 105 RDN   11 LBL A 42 RCL 18 74 - 106 1   12 STOP 43 X=0? 75 3 107 -   13 1 E3 44 GTO 01 76 / 108 STO 21   14 / 45 SF 00 77 21 109 X<>Y   15 STO 19 46 XEQ 04 78 + 110 1   16 0 47 CF 02 79 ENTER 111 -   17 STO 16 48 CF 03 80 FRC 112 4   18 2 49 CF 00 81 X=0? 113 *   19 STO 17 50 .06 82 CF 01 114 STO 22   20 RDN 51 RCL 18 83 .5 115 +   21 RDN 52 FRC 84 X>Y? 116 STO 23   22 XEQ 10 53 STO 18 85 SF 00 117 RTN   23 STO 25 54 X>Y? 86 GTO IND Z 118 LBL 04   24 RCL 20 55 GTO 02 87 LBL 10 119 1   25 RCL	06 CF 02	37 RCL 20	69 XEQ 10	101 20
08 CF 29 39 1 71 RCL 16 103 10^X   09 "READY" 40 + 72 INT 104 STO 20   10 AVIEW 41 ST+ IND 25 73 1 105 RDN   11 LBL A 42 RCL 18 74 - 106 1   12 STOP 43 X=0? 75 3 107 -   13 1 E3 44 GTO 01 76 / 108 STO 21   14 / 45 SF 00 77 21 109 X<>Y   15 STO 19 46 XEQ 04 78 + 110 1   16 0 47 CF 02 79 ENTER 111 -   17 STO 16 48 CF 03 80 FRC 112 4   18 2 49 CF 00 81 X=0? 113 *   19 STO 17 50 .06 82 CF 01 114 STO 22   20 RDN 51 RCL 18 83 .5 115 +   21 RDN 52 FRC 84 X>Y? 116 STO 23   22 XEQ 10 53 STO 18 85 SF 00 117 RTN   23 STO 25 54 X>Y? 86 GTO IND Z 118 LBL 04   24 RCL 20 55 GTO 02 87 LBL 10 119 1   25 RCL IND 25 56 X=Y? 88 10 120 RCL 22   <	07 CF 03	38 /	70 LBL 03	102 *
09 "READY" 40 + 72 INT 104 STO 20   10 AVIEW 41 ST+ IND 25 73 1 105 RDN   11 LBL A 42 RCL 18 74 - 106 1   12 STOP 43 X=0? 75 3 107 -   13 1 E3 44 GTO 01 76 / 108 STO 21   14 / 45 SF 00 77 21 109 X<>Y   15 STO 19 46 XEQ 04 78 + 110 1   16 0 47 CF 02 79 ENTER 111 -   17 STO 16 48 CF 03 80 FRC 112 4   18 2 49 CF 00 81 X=0? 113 *   19 STO 17 50 .06 82 CF 01 114 STO 22   20 RDN 51 RCL 18 83 .5 115 +   21 RDN 52 FRC 84 X>Y? 116 STO 23   22 XEQ 10 53 STO 18 85 SF 00 117 RTN   23 STO 25 54 X>Y? 86 GTO IND Z 118 LBL 04   24 RCL 20 55 GTO 02 87 LBL 10 119 1   25 RCL IND 25 56 X=Y? 88 10 120 RCL 22   26 * 57 GTO 03 89 * 121 XEQ 01 <td< td=""><td>08 CF 29</td><td>39 1</td><td>71 RCL 16</td><td>103 10^X</td></td<>	08 CF 29	39 1	71 RCL 16	103 10^X
10 AVIEW41 ST+ IND 2573 1105 RDN11 LBL A42 RCL 1874 -106 112 STOP43 X=0?75 3107 -13 1 E344 GTO 0176 /108 STO 2114 /45 SF 0077 21109 X<>Y15 STO 1946 XEQ 0478 +110 116 047 CF 0279 ENTER111 -17 STO 1648 CF 0380 FRC112 418 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	09 "READY"	40 +	72 INT	104 STO 20
11 LBL A 42 RCL 18 74 - 106 1   12 STOP 43 X=0? 75 3 107 -   13 1 E3 44 GTO 01 76 / 108 STO 21   14 / 45 SF 00 77 21 109 X<>Y   15 STO 19 46 XEQ 04 78 + 110 1   16 0 47 CF 02 79 ENTER 111 -   17 STO 16 48 CF 03 80 FRC 112 4   18 2 49 CF 00 81 X=0? 113 *   19 STO 17 50 .06 82 CF 01 114 STO 22   20 RDN 51 RCL 18 83 .5 115 +   21 RDN 52 FRC 84 X>Y? 116 STO 23   22 XEQ 10 53 STO 18 85 SF 00 117 RTN   23 STO 25 54 X>Y? 86 GTO IND Z 118 LBL 04   24 RCL 20 55 GTO 02 87 LBL 10 119 1   25 RCL IND 25 56 X=Y? 88 10 120 RCL 22   26 * 57 GTO 03 89 * 121 XEQ 01   27 INT 58 LBL 01 90 INT 122 4   28 1 E2 59 1 E-2 91 LASTX 123 RCL 21   29	10 AVIEW	41 ST+ IND 25	73 1	105 RDN
12 STOP43 X=0?75 3107 -13 1 E344 GTO 0176 /108 STO 2114 /45 SF 0077 21109 X<>Y15 STO 1946 XEQ 0478 +110 116 047 CF 0279 ENTER111 -17 STO 1648 CF 0380 FRC112 418 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	11 LBL A	42 RCL 18	74 -	106 1
13 1 E344 GTO 0176 /108 STO 2114 /45 SF 0077 21109 X<>Y15 STO 1946 XEQ 0478 +110 116 047 CF 0279 ENTER111 -17 STO 1648 CF 0380 FRC112 418 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	12 STOP	43 X=0?	75 3	107 -
14 /45 SF 0077 21109 X<>Y15 STO 1946 XEQ 0478 +110 116 047 CF 0279 ENTER111 -17 STO 1648 CF 0380 FRC112 418 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	13 1 E3	44 GTO 01	76 /	108 STO 21
15 STO 1946 XEQ 0478 +110 116 047 CF 0279 ENTER111 -17 STO 1648 CF 0380 FRC112 418 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	14 /	45 SF 00	77 21	109 X<>Y
16 047 CF 0279 ENTER111 -17 STO 1648 CF 0380 FRC112 418 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	15 STO 19	46 XEQ 04	78 +	110 1
17 STO 1648 CF 0380 FRC112 418 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	16 0	47 CF 02	79 ENTER	111 -
18 249 CF 0081 X=0?113 *19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	17 STO 16	48 CF 03	80 FRC	112 4
19 STO 1750 .0682 CF 01114 STO 2220 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	18 2	49 CF 00	81 X=0?	113 *
20 RDN51 RCL 1883 .5115 +21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	19 STO 17	50.06	82 CF 01	114 STO 22
21 RDN52 FRC84 X>Y?116 STO 2322 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	20 RDN	51 RCL 18	83 .5	115 +
22 XEQ 1053 STO 1885 SF 00117 RTN23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	21 RDN	52 FRC	84 X>Y?	116 STO 23
23 STO 2554 X>Y?86 GTO IND Z118 LBL 0424 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	22 XEQ 10	53 STO 18	85 SF 00	117 RTN
24 RCL 2055 GTO 0287 LBL 10119 125 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	23 STO 25	54 X>Y?	86 GTO IND Z	118 LBL 04
25 RCL IND 2556 X=Y?88 10120 RCL 2226 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	24 RCL 20	55 GTO 02	87 LBL 10	119 1
26 *57 GTO 0389 *121 XEQ 0127 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	25 RCL IND 25	56 X=Y?	88 10	120 RCL 22
27 INT58 LBL 0190 INT122 428 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	26 *	57 GTO 03	89 *	121 XEQ 01
28 1 E259 1 E-291 LASTX123 RCL 2129 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	27 INT	58 LBL 01	90 INT	122 4
29 /60 ST+ 1892 FRC124 XEQ 0130 FRC61 SF 0293 10125 531 "ILLEGAL62 GTO 0394 *126 ENTERMOVE"63 LBL 0295 INT127 0	28 1 E2	59 1 E-2	91 LASTX	123 RCL 21
30 FRC 61 SF 02 93 10 125 5   31 "ILLEGAL 62 GTO 03 94 * 126 ENTER   MOVE" 63 LBL 02 95 INT 127 0	29 /	60 ST+ 18	92 FRC	124 XEQ 01
31 "ILLEGAL   62 GTO 03   94 *   126 ENTER     MOVE"   63 LBL 02   95 INT   127 0	30 FRC	61 SF 02	93 10	125 5
MOVE" 63 LBL 02 95 INT 127 0	31 "ILLEGAL	62 GTO 03	94 *	126 ENTER
	MOVE"	63 LBL 02	95 INT	127 0

Ángel M. Martin

Retro Games for the H	IP-41 User In	structions	DataFile and Others
128 XEQ 01	176 +	224 RCL 22	272 STO 25
129 3	177 X<> 25	225 GTO 01	273 1
130 ENTER	178 FS? 01	226 LBL 22	274 STO 24
131 XEQ 01	179 *	227 4	275 XEQ 07
132 0	180 RCL IND 25	228 RCL 21	276 2
133 STO 24	181 +	229 GTO 01	277 XEQ 07
134 RCL 23	182 FS? 01	230 LBL 23	278 3
135 STO 25	183 GTO 01	231 5	279 XEQ 07
136 GTO 02	184 R^	232 ENTER	280 0
137 LBL 01	185 RCL 20	233 0	281 XEQ 08
138 CF 01	186 /	234 GTO 01	282 RCL 22
139 STO 25	187 /	235 LBL 24	283 4
140 RDN	188 LBL 01	236 3	284 STO 24
141 STO 24	189 FRC	237 ENTER	285 *
142 XEQ 02	190 R^	238 GTO 01	286 STO 23
143 SF 01	191 *	239 LBL 25	287 16
144 RCL 24	192 INT	240 SF 01	288 STO 20
145 CHS	193 4	241 0	289 1
146 STO 24	194 X<>Y	242 RCL 23	290 XEQ 08
147 XEQ 02	195 FS? 00	243 LBL 01	291 2
148 RCL 24	196 GTO 01	244 STO 25	292 XEQ 08
149 CHS	197 X>Y?	245 RDN	293 3
150 STO 24	198 RTN	246 STO 24	294 XEQ 08
151 LBL 02	199 GTO 02	247 1 E2	295 0
152 1	200 LBL 01	248 ENTER	296 XEQ 08
153 ST+ 18	201 5	249 1 E8	297 RCL 22
154 1 E2	202 /	250 FS? 00	298 RCL 23
155 ENTER	203 "YOU WIN"	251 X<>Y	299 +
156 ENTER	204 X=Y?	252 FS? 01	300 STO 25
157 RCL IND 25	205 PROMPT	253 STO 20	301 LBL 09
158 X<> 25	206 FRC	254 RCL 20	302 RCL IND 25
159 RCL 24	207 X#0?	255 LBL 05	303 RCL 24
160 +	208 RTN	256 XEQ 19	304 X<=Y?
161 X<> 25	209 LASTX	257 X<> 25	305 GTO 01
162 FS? 01	210 LBL 02	258 RCL 24	306 RCL 25
163 *	211 RCL 17	259 +	307 2
164 RCL IND 25	212 X>Y?	260 X<> 25	308 /
165 +	213 RTN	261 1 E-2	309 FRC
166 X<> 25	214 X<>Y	262 FS? 00	310 X=0?
167 RCL 24	215 SF 02	263 1/X	311 GTO 02
168 +	216 STO 17	264 RCL 20	312 GTO 03
169 X<> 25	217 FC? 00	265 FS? 01	313 LBL 01
170 FS? 01	218 SF 03	266 *	314 RCL 25
171 *	219 RCL 18	267 GTO 05	315 +
172 RCL IND 25	220 STO 16	268 LBL 20	316 16
173 +	221 RTN	269 16	317 X>Y?
174 X<> 25	222 LBL 21	270 STO 20	318 CLX
175 RCL 24	223 1	2714	319 -
	*		

Retro Games for the HP-41		User Instructions	DataFile and Others
320 STO 25	349 RCL 20	378 /	407 10
321 GTO 09	350 X<=Y?	379 FRC	408 *
322 LBL 08	351 RTN	380 X#0?	409 +
323 STO 25	352 RDN	381 RTN	410 CLA
324 LBL 07	353 STO 20	382 RCL 20	411 ARCL X
325 RCL IND 25	354 RDN	383 1/X	412 1 E3
326 X<> 25	355 STO 22	384 ST+ IND 25	413 /
327 RCL 24	356 RTN	385 LOG	414 FS?C 02
328 +	357 LBL 02	386 2	415 GTO 01
329 X<> 25	358 1 E2	387 /	416 STO 18
330 RCL IND 25	359 XEQ 19	388 5	417 RCL 17
331 +	360 1 E4	389 +	418 3
332 X<> 25	361 XEQ 19	390 RCL 25	419 X>Y?
333 RCL 24	362 1 E8	391 4	420 GTO 01
334 +	363 XEQ 19	392 /	421 FC? 03
335 X<> 25	364 LBL 03	393 INT	422 GTO 01
336 RCL IND 25	365 1 E6	394 LASTX	423 " - <i>,</i> I WIN"
337 +	366 XEQ 19	395 FRC	424 AVIEW
338 X<> 25	367 1 E4	396 4	425 GTO A
339 RCL 24	368 XEQ 19	397 *	426 LBL 01
340 +	369 1 E2	398 1	427 ASTO X
341 X<> 25	370 XEQ 19	399 ST+ IND 25	428 "MY MOVE: "
342 RCL IND 25	371 1 E8	400 +	429 ARCL X
343 +	372 LBL 19	401 X<>Y	430 AVIEW
344 X<> 25	373 STO 20	402 1	431 GTO A
345 RCL 24	374 RCL IND 2	25 403 +	432 END
346 +	375 *	404 10	
347 X<> 25	376 INT	405 *	
348 INT	377 1 E2	406 +	

## **3-Ways Game**

#### L. Stein – PPCCJ V9N4 p57; (May/July 1982)

COMPLETE INSTRUCTIONS FOR 3WAYS

1. XEQ "3WAYS" or press USER B

2. Enter ANY seed for the pseudorandom number generator

3. 64 tiles are chosen by the program. They include 2 "home" tiles, located at coordinates 2,7 and 7,7 on the 8x8 board; 2 "goal" tiles, located at 7,2 and 2,2; 4 blank tiles, located randomly; and 56 combinations of 8 directions taken 3 at a time, located randomly. The number seen during the process of playing board setup is the number of the tile currently being assigned a position on the playing board. (This process slows down as the board gets filled.) A BEEP signals that the board is complete.

4. Enter identifications for the two players, one at a time as prompted, if the default IDs of "ONE" and "TWO" are not desired. More than 3 characters causes later prompts to scroll.

5. Enter a move subject to the following rules:

- There are 8 move directions, numbered 1 through 8 at 45 degree increments counter-clockwise around the circle beginning at 45 degrees in the upper right-hand quadrant. A move is made by entering the move direction II and hitting R/S.
- The 1st move may not be made diagonally directly toward the goal; to do so would give the 1st player too much of an advantage. Any other 1st move is OK.
- After the 1st move, only the 3 directions indicated by the opposing player's tile are allowed.
- A move <u>must</u> be made if any move is possible. The move prompt shows the <u>opposing</u> player's tile contents and the current player's ID.
- Illegal moves include
  - i). Moving off any edge of the playing board
  - ii). Moving onto a blank tile. Home tiles are considered to be blank.
  - iii). Moving onto the opposing player's goal
  - iv). Moving onto a square already occupied by the opposing player.
- f). If no move is possible, or to change the starting player, enter a move of zero.

6. While a tile is being "uncovered", the coordinates of the tile are displayed.

7. Play alternates until a player reaches the goal on the diagonally opposite corner of the playing board.

8. Key A re-prompts for the same move.

9. Key B restarts the game with new tile positions (except for home and goal tiles).

10. Key M restarts the game with the same tile positions. A particular seed produces the same tile arrangement each time it is used





#### MISCELLANEOUS REMARKS FOR 3WAYS

3WAYS is based on the commercially available (from Aladdin Industries, Inc. PO Box 10444, 703 Murfreesboro Rd., Nashville, Tennessee 37210) game called "Trippples". 3WAYS is one possible implementation of the very flexible rules which come with the game.

In general, the player with the best memory has an advantage if a physical playing board is not used. This advantage is nullified if a playing board, such as the one included here, is used with transparent place-markers (so tile contents can be seen through them), and if each tile's contents is written in the appropriate square as it becomes known.

The game, as it stands, requires 3 HP41C Memory Modules. It is not optimized for any particular parameter, but is a compromise for speed, bytes and features, while using a very basic HP41C system. One thing is paid particular attention: it is almost foolproof. All stated rules are implemented except that a "pass" may be made at any time instead of its being automatic when forced. Forced moves are not made automatically either.

Many improvements are possible when the PPC ROM, Synthetic Programming, the printer, X functions, etc. are used. In particular, I can think of appropriate uses, off-hand, for PPC ROM routines BC, DR, IR, RK, RN, SE, SK and TN.

Specific improvements needed, besides speed, bytes and printing mentioned earlier, include automatic forced and "pass" moves, which would be a big step toward implementing player-
vs.HP41 games; a simple-minded machine strategy would be to minimize the radial distance to the goal among all possible moves available at the time. A little interest could be thrown in by arbitrating randomly ties resulting from the above strategy. An added strategy could be to avoid losing-moves, if possible. One might also want to program the avoidance of "taking chances" (moving to an "unknown" tile), wherever possible in the event that the human player is adjacent to the goal. Increasing the distance between home and goal tiles might be desired, as well.

#### **Flag Status:**

		FLAG	MEANING/REASON USED
REG. #	CONTENTS		
		01	#l's move
81	1.1	02	#2's move
82	0.1	06	Blank tile entry in progress
83	-0.9	07	1st move in progress
84	-1.0	08	Playing board has been set up
85	-1.1	09	2nd move in progress
86	-0.1	22	Tested for illegal seed entry
87	0.9	27	USER off during seed entry
88	1.0	28	Comma used in display
		29	Omits extraneous commas

#### 3-Ways Data Register Usage

REG.	ŧ,	USAGE		REG.	ŧ		US	SAGE	
00		Scratch counter	-	01		Tile	at	nos'n	1.1
02		Tile at pos'n l	. 2	03				pois in	1.3
04		file de pour la f	.4	05					1.5
06		-	1.6	07					1.7
08			.8	09					2.1
10		#2's goal tile	,	11					2.3
12		Tile at pos'n 2	2.4	13					2,5
14			2,6	15		#1's	hor	ne tile	
16		2	2,8	17		Tile	at	pos'n	3,1
18		2	3,2	19				-	3,3
20		3	3,4	21					3,5
22		5	3,6	23					3,7
24		3	3,8	25					4,1
26		4	1,2	27					4,3
28		4	,4	29					4,5
30		4	4,6	31					4,7
32		4	4,8	33					5,1
34		5	5,2	35					5,3
36			5,4	37					5,5
- 38		-	5,6	39					5,7
40		-	5,8	41					6,1
42		6	5,2	43					6,3
44		(	5,4	45					6,5
46		(	5,6	47					6,7
48			5,8	49					7,1
50		∦l's goal tile		51					7,3
52		Tile at pos'n 7	7,4	53					7,5
54		7	7,6	55		#2's	hon	ne tile	2
56		7	7,8	57		Tile	at	pos'n	8,1
58		8	3,2	59					8,3
60		8	3,4	61					8,5
62		8	3,6	63					8,7
64		8	3,8	65		" MOV	Έ"		

User Instructions

REG.	ŧ	USAGE DURING SETUP	USAGE DURING MAIN PGM.
66		MSD of current tile	Current tile #
67		Middle digit of current tile	#l's current tile #
68		LSD of current tile	#2's current tile #
69		Random tile #	∦l's 1st legal dir.
70		Seed	#1's 2nd legal dir.
71		Current tile contents	#1's 3rd legal dir.
72		ID #1	ID #1
73		1D #2	ID #2
74		Current tile #	#1's current pos'n
75			#2's current pos'n
76			#2's 1st legal dir.
77			#2's 2nd legal dir.
78			#2's 3rd legal dir.
79			Tentative new pos'n
- 30			Scratch storage

01*LBL "3WAYS"	36 CF 27	71 -4	106 GTO 02
02*LBL 10	37 PROMPT	72 STO 55	107 RDN
03 FS? 08	38 FC?C 22	73 ISG 74	108 STO IND 69
04 GTO 03	39 GTO 10	74 1.006	109 ISG 74
05 "SIZE=089?"	40 SF 27	75 STO 66	110 ISG 00
06 AVIEW	41 RAD	76 2.007	111 GTO 02
07 " MOVE"	42 SIN	77 STO 67	112 CF 06
08 ASTO 65	43 ABS	78 3.008	113 GTO 02
09 "ONE"	44 DEG	79 STO 68	114*LBL 00
10 ASTO 72	45 ASIN	80 SF 06	115 RCL IND 69
11 "TWO"	46 90	81 5.008	116 X=0?
12 ASTO 73	47 /	82 STO 00	117 GTO "S"
13 1.1	48 STO 70	83*LBL 02	118 ISG 69
14 STO 81	49 1.064	84 VIEW 74	119 GTO 00
15 .1	50 STO 00	85 RCL 66	120 XROM "R"
16 STO 82	51 STO 74	86 INT	121 GTO 00
179	52 FIX 0	87 E2	122*LBL "S"
18 STO 83	53 0	88 *	123 RCL 71
19 -1	54*LBL 01	89 RCL 67	124 STO IND 69
20 STO 84	55 STO IND 00	90 INT	125 XROM "NT"
21 -1.1	56 ISG 00	91 E1	126 GTO 02
22 STO 85	57 GTO 01	92 *	127*LBL "MP"
231	58 VIEW 74	93 +	128 AOFF
24 STO 86	59 -1	94 RCL 68	129 FC? 08
25 .9	60 STO 50	95 INT	130 GTO 10
26 STO 87	61 ISG 74	96 +	131 BEEP
27 E	62 VIEW 74	97 STO 71	132 1.002
28 STO 88	63 -2	98 XROM "R"	133 STO 00
29*LBL 03	64 STO 10	99 XROM "RN"	134 FIX 0
30 CF 28	65 ISG 74	100 FC? 06	135 "NEW ID?"
31 CF 29	66 VIEW 74	101 GTO 00	136 AVIEW
32 CF 01	67 -3	102 RCL 00	137 PSE
33 CF 02	68 STO 15	103 CHS	138 "N=0, Y=1."
34 AOFF	69 ISG 74	104 RCL IND 69	139 E
35 "SEED? "	70 VIEW 74	105 X<0?	140 PROMPT

Retro Games for the HP-42	1 User Instru	ctions	DataFile and Others
141 X=Y?	194 X<0?	247*LBL 08	300 INT
142 GTO 06	195 GTO 11	248 RCL 80	301 STO 80
143 X=0?	196 INT	249 RCL IND 00	302 69
144 GTO 05	197 LASTX	250 X=Y?	303 FS? 01
145 GTO "MP"	198 X#Y?	251 GTO 09	304 76
146*LBL 06	199 GTO 11	252 ISG 00	305 RCL 80
147 "ID NO. "	200 STO 80	253 GTO 08	306 STO IND Y
148 ARCL 00	201 8	254 GTO 11	307 LASTX
149 AON	202 X<>Y	255*LBL 09	308 FRC
150 PROMPT	203 X>Y?	256 7.2	309 E1
151 RCL 00	204 GTO 11	257 FS? 01	310 *
152 71	205 FS? 07	258 2.2	311 INT
153 +	206 XROM "FM"	259 RCL 79	312 STO 80
154 ASTO IND X	207 75	260 X=Y?	313 70
155 ISG 00	208 FS? 01	261 GTO "WG"	314 FS? 01
156 GTO 06	209 74	262 2.2	315 77
157 AOFF	210 RCL IND X	263 FS? 01	316 RCL 80
158*I BL 05	211 BCL 80	264 7.2	317 STO IND Y
159 SE 07	212.80	265 BCL 79	318   ASTX
160 CE 09	212 00	266 X=Y?	319 FRC
161 15	214 X<>Y	267 GTO "WN"	320 F1
162 STO 67	215 RCL IND Y	268 BCL 79	320 11
163 55	216 +	269 INT	322 STO 80
164 STO 68	217 STO 79	270 F	322 310 00
165 2 7	217 510 75 218 EIX 1	270 L	224 552 01
165 Z.7	210   IX 1 210 \/IE\// 70	271-	225 79
167 7 7	219 VIL W 79	272 8	325 76 326 RCI 80
168 STO 75	220 T IA 0	273 274 PCI 70	
160 SE 01	221 111	274 RCL 79	227 STO IND T
	222 - 0	275 FKC	220 522 07
	223 010 12	270 LI 277 *	329 F3! 07
	224 0 225 V-V2	277	221 CE 07
172 FC! 08		270 +	331 CF U7
173 GTO 10	220 GTO 12		<u>332 LDL SW</u>
174 CLA	227 RCL 79	280 RCL IND X	333 FS ! UI
175 FS? U7	228 FRC		334 G10 04
1/6 GTO 0/	229 X=0?	282 GIU BI	335 SF U1
1// 6/	230 GTO 12	283 75	336 CF U2
178 FS? 01	231.8	284 FS? 01	337 GTU "EIVI"
179 68	232 X <y?< td=""><td>285 74</td><td>338*LBL 11VI</td></y?<>	285 74	338*LBL 11VI
	233 GTO 12	286 RCL 79	339*LBL 11
	234 74	287 STO IND Y	340 TLLEGAL
182*LBL 07	235 FS? 01	288 68	341 FS? 07
183	236 /5	289 FS? 01	342 151
184 /3	237 RCL IND X	290.67	343 FS? 09
185 FS? 01	238 RCL 79	291 RCL 66	344 " 2ND"
	239 X=Y?	292 STU IND Y	345 AKCL 65
187 ARCLIND X	240 GTO "OC"	293 68	346 AVIEW
188 ARCL 65	241 FS? 07	294 FS? 01	347 PSE
189 PROMPT	242 GTO 09	295 67	348 AUFF
190 FS? 09	243 76.078	296 RCL IND X	349 GTO "EM"
191 XROM "SM"	244 FS? 01	297 RCL IND X	<u>350*LBL "SM"</u>
192 X=0?	245 69.071	298 E2	351 X#0?
193 GTO "SW"	246 STO 00	299 /	352 RTN

Retro Games for the H	P-41 User Ins	tructions	DataFile and Others	
353 15	382 TONE 6	409 GTO 11	437 1.064	
354 FS? 01	383 TONE 9	410*LBL "WG"	438 STO 69	
355 55	384 "NEW GAME?"	411 "WRONG	439 RTN	
356 RCL IND X	385 AVIEW	GOAL"	440*LBL "NT"	
357 68	386 PSE	412 AVIEW	441 ISG 74	
358 FS? 01	387 "M=SAME	413 PSE	442 X<> X	

360 FS? 01 361 67 362 RCL IND X 363 RCL Z 364 X=Y? 365 GTO 11 366 RTN 367 * LBL 04 368 CF 01 369 SF 02 370 GTO "EM" **371 * LBL "WN"** 372 73 373 FS? 01 374 72

359 X<>Y

372 73 373 FS? 01 374 72 375 CLA 376 ARCL IND X 377 "` WINS" 378 AVIEW 379 TONE 3 380 TONE 6 381 TONE 9 BOARD," **388 AVIEW** 389 PSE 390 "B=NEW BOARD." 391 PROMPT 392 GTO 10 393*LBL "OC" 394 "OCCUPIED" 395 AVIEW 396 PSE 397 GTO 11 398*LBL "OB" 399*LBL 12 400 "OFF BOARD" 401 AVIEW 402 PSE 403 GTO 11 404*LBL "BT" 405 TONE 5 406 "BLANK TILE" 407 AVIEW 408 PSE

413 PSE 414 GTO 11 415*LBL "FM" 416 5 417 FS? 01 418 7 419 RCL 80 420 X=Y? 421 GTO 11 422 RTN 423*LBL "R8" 424 RCL 67 425 1.001 426 + 427 STO 68 428 RTN 429*LBL "R7" 430 RCL 66

431 1.001

433 STO 67

436*LBL "R"

435 RTN

434 XROM "R8"

432 +

#### 443 ISG 68 444 RTN 445 ISG 67 446 GTO "R8" 447 ISG 66 448 GTO "R7" 449 SF 08 450 GTO "MP" 451*LBL "RN" 452 RCL 70 453 9821 454 * 455.211327 456 + 457 FRC 458 STO 70 459 64 460 * 461 INT 462 ST+ 69 463 END

# Matrix Game for HP-41CX

### Kai Schröder, <u>http://www.achim-und-kai.de/kai/hp41cx/matrixspiel_e.html</u>

Game theory is a fascinating field and one topic are the so-called *two person zero-sum games*. A game is called a *zero-sum game*, if the gains of one player is the loss of the other one and vice versa. If the game is played sufficiently - infinity times - often, loss and gains of both players will become zero. The stimulus now is, that the game isn't played infinity but only finite times. In this case there is a winner and a looser.

The playing field here is a matrix, whose elements are covered with different positive and negative numbers, which are generated with a random number generator. Now the player looks for a row, which is "advantageous" to him, and the HP-41CX calculates a column, respectively. If the so defined element is positive the player wins this round. In case it is negative the HP-41CX is the winner. If the element equals zero, the game ends drawn.

In the simple method used by me the game can have a "value" different from zero. Now, if you would play this game ad infinitum, one of the players will win, and from this fact the "value" of the game is determined. Ideally no one would win - this would be a "zero"-sum game.

### An Example For Better Understanding:

Let the following matrix be given:

	<b>C</b> 1	<b>C</b> 2
r ₁	1	0
r ₂	1	-1

In this case row 1 would be advantageous to the player, because one time he wins ( $[r_1, c_1] = 1$ ) and in the other the game would end in a draw ( $[r_1, c_2] = 0$ ). If he chooses row 2 he would win if his opponent chooses column 1 ( $[r_2, c_1] = 1$ ), but he looses if the other one chooses column 2 ( $[r_2, c_2] = -1$ ).

From the point of view of the other player column 2 is the right one, for the game ends drawn ( $[r_1, c_2] = 0$ ) or he wins ( $[r_2, c_2] = -1$ ). Column 1 is not acceptable for him, because he loses in both cases.

In the above example for the first player it's advantageous to choose row 1, and for the other one column 2 is favorable. If both players make their choices concerning these considerations the game will end in a draw ( $[r_1, c_2] = 0$ ). This matrix is more advantageous to the first player, for he wins in two cases, loses in one and in one other the game ends drawn - correspondingly the other player is in disadvantage.

The above matrix is a very simple one. It's of more interest and more challenging, if the matrix becomes larger in size and the number's values increase. Then it's no longer easy to decide which row or column is the most advantageous or which chooses the other player !

Interestingly, there exists an optimal strategy for solving this problem (and the program masters it, of course ;-) ) ! Noteworthy is, that a choice is possible, which on first sight looks "unfavorable". But, of course, one has to take into account the possible opponent's choices and the arising consequences ! ;-)

I don't want to go into detail here concerning the theory of *two person zero-sum games*. (In case I should have much time I will write some lines. ;-) ) There is plenty of literature available, for example G. Owen, **Game Theory**, <u>Springer Verlag</u>.

#### **Course of Game:**

Starting the program the first matrix is generated. In the display appears "1. MATRIX" and then "1. ROW:". Now the elements of this row are displayed separated by commas These numbers must be written on a sheet of paper by the player, because the HP-41CX's display cannot contain the whole matrix but only one row per time. ;-) If the matrix is fully constructed "READY" is displayed.

Now the HP-41CX calculates the column which is the most favorable for it and the player makes his choice of a row, respectively. After a new BEEP the row must be entered. Then it is displayed, which column was computed by the HP-41CX and afterwards the element determined by row and column. If the value of this element is positive the player wins this round. In case the value is zero "DRAW" is displayed. The HP-41CX wins, if the value is negative. In the last case the game ends at once and the number of tries and the degree of difficulty are displayed.

In the first or second case the player is asked, whether he wants to continue. In the display appears "CONTIN ? Y/N". Now "Y" must be pressed to continue the game, otherwise "N". If the last round ended in a draw, a new matrix of same level is generated. If the player had won the last round, the difficulty is increased. There are 21 levels (degrees of difficulty) for the matrices.

**ERWSP must be the first program in extended memory** (in CAT 4 ERWSP must be first displayed). There is *no* need for jumping by hand to any addresses !

After ERWSP is copied into extended memory the main program GAME9 can be loaded. Before starting the program **SIZE 122** must be executed. Additionally, GAME9 creates the data file "DATA" with size 28 registers in extended memory, which is removed at program termination.

01 LI	BL "ERWSP"	15	2	29	4	43	LBL 02
02	RCL 04	16	X=Y?	30	X#Y?	44	ISG 07
03	2	17	GTO 02	31	GTO 01	45	
04	X#Y?	18 I	SG 04	32	RCL 07	46	7
05	GTO 01	19		33	3	47	STO 06
06	ISG 04	20	GTO "HP"	34	X=Y?	48	GTO "HP"
07		21	LBL 02	35 G'	TO 02	49 LB	L 01
08	GTO "HP"	22	ISG 07	36	ISG 04	50 X	X<>Y
09	LBL 01	23 "	"	37		51	5
10	Х<>Х	24	5	38	5	52	X#Y?
11	3	25	STO 06	39	STO 06	53	GTO 01
12	X#Y?	26	GTO "HP"	40	3	54	RCL 07
13	GTO 01	27	LBL 01	41	STO 07	55	3
14	RCL 07	28	Х<>Х	42	GTO "HP"	56	X=Y?

Retro Games for the HP-4	11 User Ins	User Instructions			
57 GTO 02	120 7	<u>183 LBL 01</u>	23 CF 29		
58 ISG 04	121 STO 06	184 ISG 07	24 26		
59 ""	122 GTO "HP"	185 ""	25 SEEKPT		
60 3	123 LBL 02	186 9	26 TIME		
61 STO 07	124 ISG 07	187 STO 06	27 E2		
2 5	125 ""	188 GTO "HP"	28 /		
63 STO 06	126 9	189 LBL 11	29 SAVEX		
64 GTO "HP"	127 STO 06	190 RCL 07	30 LBL "HP"		
55 LBL 02	128 GTO "HP"	191 4	31 2,025		
66 ISG 07	129 LBL 01	192 X=Y?	32 STO 10		
7 ""	130 ISG 07	193 GTO 01	33 LBL 14		
68 7	131 ""	194 X<>Y	34 RCL 10		
69 STO 06	132 7	195 5	35 SEEKPT		
70 GTO "HP"	133 STO 06	196 X=Y?	36,		
1 LBL 01	134 GTO "HP"	197 GTO 02	37 SAVEX		
72 X<>Y	135 LBL 11	198 TONE 0	38 ISG 10		
73 6	136 X<>Y	199 TONE 3	39 GTO 14		
74 X#Y?	137 8	200 TONE 5	40 27		
75 GTO 11	138 X#Y2	200 TONE 7	A1 SEEKPT		
76 RCL 07	139  CTO  01	201 TONE 7 202 TONE 9			
70 Red 07	140 PCI 07	202 IONE 5	AS TOC Y		
70 - 20			45 15G A		
70 A-1:	141 4 140 $X - X 0$	CONGRAIS	44 45 X <> X		
	142 X=1:	204 AVIEW	45 X<>1		
80 X<>Y	143 GTO 02	205 PSE	46 SEEKPT		
81 4	144 ISG 04	206 PSE	47 X<>Y		
82 X=Y?	145 ""	207 GTO "END"	48 SAVEX		
83 GTO 02	146 4	208 LBL 02	49 SIGN		
4 ISG 04	147 STO 07	209 ISG 07	50 STO 08		
85 ""	148 7	210 ""	51 RCL 05		
86 3	149 STO 06	211 11	52 CLA		
87 STO 07	150 GTO "HP"	212 STO 06	53 ""		
88 5	151 LBL 02	213 GTO "HP"	54 ARCL X		
89 STO 06	152 ISG 07	214 LBL 01	55 " <b>F</b> .		
90 GTO "HP"	153 ""	215 ISG 07	MATRIX:"		
1 LBL 02	154 9	216 ""	56 AVIEW		
92 ISG 07	155 STO 06	217 9	57 RCL 04		
93 ""	156 GTO "HP"	218 STO 06	58 X^2		
94 9	157 LBL 01	219 GTO "HP"	59 LASTX		
95 STO 06	158 X<>Y	220 END	60 +		
96 GTO "HP"	159 9		61 E1		
7 T.BT. 01	160 XY#2	01 T.BT. "CAME9"	62 +		
98 ISC 07	161 GTO 11	02 "MATRIX	63 F3		
90 100 07	162 PCI 07	CAME"	64 /		
00 7	162 ACL 07	O ANTEN			
	161 V-VO	0. AVIEW 0.4 CIDC	66 ±		
00 OT OTO TO	165 CTO 01	OF CE OF			
UZ GIU "HP" O2 IDI 11	100 GTU UI		O DOL 04		
ON TRUE	100 X<>1	UO "DATA"	08 KCL U4		
U4 X<>Y	16/ 5	0/ 28	69 E3		
05 /	168 X=Y?	US CRFLD	/U /		
U6 X#Y?	169 GTO 02	09 E	71 ISG X		
U7 GTO 11	170 ISG 04	10 SEEKPT	72 STO 10		
08 RCL 07	171 ""	11 11	73 LBL 03		
09 3	172 4	12 SAVEX	74 RCL 08		
10 X=Y?	173 STO 07	13 X<>Y	75 <b>" "</b>		
11 GTO 01	174 7	14 STO 05	76 ARCL X		
12 X<>Y	175 STO 06	15 ISG X	77 "H. ROW :"		
13 4	176 GTO "HP"	16 ""	78 AVIEW		
14 X=Y?	177 LBL 02	17 STO 04	79 CLA		
15 GTO 02	178 ISG 07	18 STO 07	80 LBL 00		
16 ISG 04	179 ""	19 ISG X	81 XEO 16		
17 ""	180 11	20 ""	82 RCT 06		
18 4	181 STO 06	21 STO 06	83 MOD		
-					
19 500 07	182 CTO "UD"	22 FTY 0	84 TSC V		

Retro Games for the HF	P-41 User Ins	tructions	DataFile and Others		
85 ""	144 RCL 02	206 RTN	269 STO O		
86 STO IND 09	145 X>Y?	207 LBL 34	270 X<>Y		
87 RCL U7	146 GTO 40 147 RCL 03	208 STOM 209 Note	271 MOD 272 ST- 0		
89 ARCI, X	148 XEO 37	210 XEO 38	272 31- 0 273 LASTX		
90 LASTX	149 X<> Z	211 X<>Y	274 ST/ 0		
91 +	150 XEQ 37	212 XEQ 38	275 CLX		
92 DSE X	151 E3	213 RCL M	276 X<> O		
93 ""	152 /	214 SIGN	277 y<>Y		
94 RCL 08	153 +	215 LBL 05	278 ISG Y		
95 15	154 RCL 04	216 RDN	2/9 ""		
90 + 97	155 ISG X 156 ""	217 RCL IND I 218 LAST X	280 ISG A 281 ""		
98 SEEKPT	(NOP)	219 *	282 RTN		
99 X<>Y	157 E5	220 ST+ IND Y	283 LBL 37		
100 SAVEX	158 /	221 ISG Y	284 X<> 04		
101 RCL Z	159 +	222 ""	285 ISG X		
102 RCL 10	160 XEQ 39	223 ISG Z	286 ""		
103 INT	161 RCL IND M	224 GTO 05	287 ST- 04		
104 XEQ 18 105 tec 10	163 V-02	220 KTN 226 tet 35	∠୪୪ * ୨୫۹ ୯≖⊥ ∩4		
106 GTO 01	164 CTO 31	220 LDL 33 227 XEO 38	209 SIT 04 290 X<> T.		
107 GTO 02	165 1/X	228 X<>Y	291 DSE X		
108 LBL 01	166 RCL M	229 XEQ 38	292 X<> 04		
109 " <b>F,</b> "	167 INT	230 INT	293 El		
110 ISG 09	168 XEQ 36	231 E3	294 +		
111 GTO 00	169 RDN	232 /	295 RTN		
112 LBL 02	170 STO 01	233 X<>Y	296 LBL 39		
113 TONE 5	171 XEQ 33	234 IN'I'	297 STO M		
114 AVIEW 115 ISC 08	172 RCL UI 173 ST = 01	235 + 236 BCI 04	290 STO N 299 STO O		
116 ""	174 RCL 02	237 ISG X	300 RCL IND X		
117 ISG 09	175 X=Y?	238 ""	301 ABS		
118 SIGN	176 GTO 32	239 E6	302 ENTER^		
119 STO IND	177 XEQ 35	240 /	303 ENTER^		
09	178 RCL 00	241 +	304 RDN		
120 RCL 04	179 CHS	242 REGSWAP	305 LBL 07		
121 ST- 10 122 STOP	180 STO 00	243 R'I'N 244 IDI 29	306 CLX		
122 STOP 123 ISC 09	181 LBL 32 182 ISC 01	244 LBL 38 245 RCI 04	308 ABS		
123 ISO 03	183 ""	246 ISG X	309 X>Y?		
125 BEEP	184 RCL 04	247 ""	310 GTO 01		
126 "	185 RCL 01	248 *	311 R^		
READY"	186 X>Y?	249 11	312 X>Y?		
127 AVIEW	187 GTO 30	250 +	313 GTO 02		
128 SIGN	188 RCL 02	251 RCL X	314 RDN		
129 STO UU	100 CTO 22	252 RCL U4 253 tec V	315 LBL U6		
130 1,003 131 CLRCX	190 GIO 32 191 RCI, 01	255 ISG X 254 ""	317 GTO 07		
132 LBL 30	192 BCL 03	255 ST- 7	318 X<>Y		
133 ISG 02	193 XEQ 37	256 SIGN	319 R^		
134 LBL 31	194 RDN	257 -	320 RTN		
135 ISG 03	195 RCL IND T	258 E3	321 LBL 01		
136 ""	196 CHS	259 /	322 X<>Y		
(NOP)	197 XEQ 34	260 +	323 CLX		
137 KCL U4	198 GTO 32	ZOL KTN 262 IDI 26	324 KCL Z		
139 ""	500 ХЕО 38 тар тяр 33	202 ЦВЦ 30 263 11	326 CTO M 326 CTO 06		
(NOP)	200 XHQ 30 201 X<>Y	264 -	327 LBL 02		
140 RCL 03	202 LBL 04	265 RCL 04	328 CLX		
141 X>Y?	203 ST* IND Y	266 ISG X	329 RCL T		
142 GTO 40	204 ISG Y	267 ""	330 STO N		
143 RCL 04	205 GTO 04	268 X<>Y	331 X<>Y		

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Retro Games for the HF	D-41 User	Instructions	DataFile and Others		
222	0.05	45.0	510 070 00		
332 RDN	395 GETX	458 GETX	519 GTO 20		
333 GTO 06	396 GETX	459 X>U?	520 BEEP		
334 LBL 40	397 XEQ 15	460 GTO 02	521 X=0?		
335 CLD	398 STO M	461 LBL UI	522 GTO UI		
336 RCL 04	399 RDN	462 IS	JZJ "		
337 RCL X	400 STO N	463 SEEKPT	CONGRATS"		
338 E3	401 RDN	464 GETA	524 GTO 02		
339 / 340 TCC Y	402 4 402 DCI 04	465 LBL 02	525 LBL UI		
340 ISG X	403 RCL 04	400 J	526 " DRAW"		
341 510 10 242 ICC V	404 AC-1:	407 SEERPI	JZ/ SF UJ		
342 ISG I	405 G10 02	400 X<>1	JZO LBL UZ		
343 ····	400 -	469 LBL 12	529 AVIEW		
	407 CHS	470 GEIX	521 JON		
345 SIO 09	400 ES	4/1 A-1: 472 CTO 12	531 AON		
247 DCI 00	409 /	472 GIU IS	JJZ CONI:		
240 DCL 10	410 ISG A 411 CTO 10	473 KDN			
SAO TUT SAO TUT	HII DIU IU Maa Maa	4/4 IDG UD 175 <b>""</b>	531 ECOMPT		
350 X	HIZ KUN Als dat m	4/J 176 CmA 12	JJ4 ED: 49 535 CTA 01		
しつし […] 351 〒1	HIJ KUL N Ala dot m	470 GIU IZ 477 tot 10	536 70 536 70		
ンリエ 上上 352 エ	414 KUL M 115 tdt 10	4// LBL 13 /78 deed	537 NORE		
JJZ T 252 DAT TND V	4IO LBL IV Alg crewy	4/0 BEEP	520 AUFF		
353 RCL IND X	416 GETX	4/9 " ROW ?"	538 ATUX		
354 RCL 10	417 XEQ 15	480 PROMPT	539 X=Y?		
	418 ISG IU 410 GTO 10	481 510 10	540 GTO "END"		
356 +	419 GTO 10	482 FC?C 22	541 FS?C U5		
357 SEEKPT	420 GTO UI	483 GTO 13	542 GTO "HP"		
358 X<>Y	421 LBL UZ	484 X<=U?	543 ISG 05		
359 SAVEX	422 R ^A	485 GTO 13			
360 LASTX	423 R^	486 RCL 04	545 "" (BE)		
361 XEQ 19	424 RCL N	487 X <y?< td=""><td>546 ASTO D</td></y?<>	546 ASTO D		
362 +	425 RCL M	488 GTO 13	54/ LBL 16		
363 Z	426 LBL UI	489 X<>Y	548 26		
364 SEEKPT	427 E	490 15	549 SEEKPT		
365 X<>Y	428 STO 09	491 +	550 GETX		
366 SAVEX	429 RDN	492 ,	551 R-D		
367 ISG 10	430 13	493 SEEKPT	552 FRC		
368 GTO 08	431 SEEKPT	494 X<>Y	553 R-D		
369 RCL 04	432 RDN	495 SAVEX	554 FRC		
370 ST-10	433 SAVEX	496 " HP-	555 FS? 06		
371 LBL 09	434 RDN	41CX:"	556 E^X		
372 RCL 10	435 SAVEX	497 AVIEW	557 FRC		
3/3 2	436 RDN	498 PSE	558 26		
374 +	437 SAVEX	499 "COLUMN	559 SEEKPT		
3/5 XEQ 19	438 XEQ 16		560 X<>Y		
3/6 LASTX	439 9	SUU ARCL 09	561 SAVEX		
3/7 XEQ 19	440 MOD	501 AVIEW	562 E6		
3/8 X#0?	441 2	502 PSE	563 *		
3/9 1/X	442 X<=Y?	503 RCL 09	564 INT		
380 *	443 GTO 01	504 XEQ 17	565 RTN		
381 RCL 10	444 15	505 ISG X	566 LBL 17		
382 2	445 SEEKPT	506 ""	567 DSE X		
383 +	446 GETX	507 RCL 07	568 ""		
384 SEEKPT	447 X<=0?	508 -	569 E		
385 X<>Y	448 GTO 11	509 "["	570 XEQ 19		
386 SAVEX	449 GTO 02	510 ARCL 10	571 X<>y		
387 ISG 10	450 LBL 01	511 " <b>F,</b> "	572 Y^X		
388 GTO 09	451 X<>Y	512 ARCL 09	573 ,		
389 RCL 04	452 5	513 " <b>F</b> ] = "	574 XEQ 19		
390 ST- 10	453 X<=Y?	514 ARCL X	575 XEQ 19		
391 3	454 GTO 01	515 AVIEW	576 X<>Y		
392 SEEKPT	455 LBL 11	516 PSE	577 ST/Y		
2.0.2	156 11	517 DQF	570 V/\V		
393 GETX	400 14		J/0 A\/1		

Retro Games for the HP-41	L User Ir	structions	DataFile and Others
580 E	606 LBL 21	631 R^	655 X=Y?
581 XEQ 19	607 BEEP	632 RTN	656 GTO 01
582 MOD	608 "	633 LBL 20	657 "H TRIES"
583 RTN	BATTERY"	634 TONE 8	658 GTO 02
584 LBL 18	609 SF 11	635 TONE 7	659 LBL 01
585 XEQ 17	610 OFF	636 TONE 5	660 >" TRY"
586 X<>Y	611 AVIEW	637 TONE 3	661 LBL 02
587 ST* Z	612 STOP	638 TONE 2	662 RCL 05
588 *	613 LBL 15	639 TONE 0	663 PSE
589 ,	614 X <y?< td=""><td>640 TONE 10</td><td>664 AVIEW</td></y?<>	640 TONE 10	664 AVIEW
590 XEQ 19	615 X<>Y	641 TONE 1	665 "" (1
591 XEQ 19	616 R^	642 <b>"</b>	space)
592 X<>Y	617 X <y?< td=""><td>SORRY,"</td><td>666 ARCL X</td></y?<>	SORRY,"	666 ARCL X
593 <b>-</b>	618 X<>Y	643 PSE	667 > <b>"</b> .
594 +	619 R^	644 AVIEW	MATRIX"
595 <b>,</b>	620 X <y?< td=""><td>645 PSE</td><td>668 PSE</td></y?<>	645 PSE	668 PSE
596 XEQ 19	621 X<>Y	646 LBL "END"	669 AVIEW
597 SEEKPT	622 RDN	647 "END OF	670 FIX 4
598 X<>Y	623 X <y?< td=""><td>GAME"</td><td>671 SF 29</td></y?<>	GAME"	671 SF 29
599 SAVEX	624 X<>Y	648 AVIEW	672 "DATA"
600 RTN	625 RDN	649 27	673 PURFL
601 LBL 19	626 X <y?< td=""><td>650 SEEKPT</td><td>674 CF 06</td></y?<>	650 SEEKPT	674 CF 06
602 SEEKPT	627 X<>Y	651 GETX	675 CLA
603 CLX	628 R^	652 CLA	676 CLRG
604 GETX	629 X <y?< td=""><td>653 ARCL X</td><td>677 CLST</td></y?<>	653 ARCL X	677 CLST
605 RTN	630 X<>Y	654 E	678 END

# Labyrinth (French)

# Whodunit – Swap Disks

No documentation is available. It uses the Card Reader (!)

01*LBL "LABY"	43 X=Y?	85 RCL 22
02 1.02	44 GTO 01	86 STO 24
03 "LABYRINTHE-1"	45 SF 05	87*LBL 04
04 AVIEW	46*LBL 02	88 E
05 XEQ 10	47 RCL 21	89 ST+ 29
06 XROM 30,03	48 E	90 "I"
07 XEQ 10	49 FS? 05	91 ARCL 25
08*LBL A	50 -	92 ARCL 26
09 SF 27	51 FC? 05	93 ARCL 27
10 "ATTENTION"	52 +	94 "`I"
11 AVIEW	53 STO 23	95 ARCL 28
12 0	54 XEQ 11	96 "`I   "
13 STO 29	55 E	97 ARCL 29
14 STO 30	56 " "	98 TONE 0
15 FIX 0	57 X=Y?	99 AVIEW
16 CF 29	58 "*"	100*LBL 08
17*LBL 01	59 FS? 05	101 E
18 RCL 00	60 ASTO 25	102 ST+ 30
19 X<0?	61 FS?C 05	103 PSE
20 CHS	62 GTO 02	104 GTO 08
21 E	63 ASTO 27	105*LBL "DR"
22 X>Y?	64 RCL 21	106 SF 05
23 GTO 00	65 STO 23	107*LBL "GA"
24 "ALEA 0 <x<1?"< td=""><td>66 SF 05</td><td>108 TONE 9</td></x<1?"<>	66 SF 05	108 TONE 9
25 PROMPT	67*LBL 03	109 AVIEW
26 STO 00	68 RCL 22	110 RCL 21
27 GTO 01	69 E	111 E
28*LBL 00	70 FS? 05	112 FS? 05
29 1.008	71 -	113 +
30 XEQ 09	72 FC? 05	114 FC?C 05
31 STO 21	73 +	115 -
32 STO 23	74 STO 24	116 STO 23
33 1.018	75 XEQ 11	117 GTO 05
34 XEQ 09	76 E	118*LBL "AR"
35 STO 22	77 " "	119 SF 05
36 STO 24	78 X=Y?	120*LBL "DE"
37 XEQ 11	79 "*"	121 TONE 9
38 9	80 FS? 05	122 AVIEW
39 X=Y?	81 ASTO 26	123 RCL 22
40 GTO 01	82 FS?C 05	124 E
41 X<>Y	83 GTO 03	125 FS? 05
42 E	84 ASTO 28	126 +

Retro Games for the HP-41	User Instructions	DataFile and Others
127 FC?C 05	156 TONE 0	185 "CHARGER OFF"
128 -	157 BEEP	186 AVIEW
129 STO 24	158 RCL 29	187 TONE 0
130*LBL 05	159 E3	188 SF 11
131 XEQ 11	160 *	189 OFF
132 9	161 RCL 30	190 RTN
133 X=Y?	162 /	191*LBL 09
134 GTO 07	163 INT	192 FRC
135 X<>Y	164 "GAGNE,SCORE="	193 ST- L
136 E	165 ARCL X	194 E3
137 X=Y?	166 AVIEW	195 ST* Y
138 GTO 06	167 FIX 2	196 X<> L
139 RCL 23	168 SF 29	197 X>Y?
140 STO 21	169 STOP	198 X<>Y
141 RCL 24	170*LBL 11	199 -
142 STO 22	171 RCL 23	200 ISG Y
143 SF 05	172 E	201 STO X
144 GTO 02	173 -	202 RCL 00
145*LBL 06	174 10^X	203 ST* Y
146 "IMPOSSIBLE"	175 RCL IND 24	204 X<> L
147 5	176 *	205 +
148 ST+ 30	177 FRC	206 INT
149 AVIEW	178 E1	207 RCL 00
150 RCL 21	179 *	208 ACOS
151 STO 23	180 INT	209 FRC
152 RCL 22	181 RTN	210 STO 00
153 STO 24	182*LBL 10	211 RDN
154 GTO 04	183 FC? 49	212 END
155*LBL 07	184 RTN	

# Domino

# Whodunit – Swap Disks

No documentation is available. It uses the Card Reader (!)

### **Program listing:**

01*LBL "DOMINO"	45 FC?C 22	89 GTO 04	133 RCL 18
02*LBL 11	46 GTO 02	90*LBL 03	134 STO [
03 12	47 ABS	91 XEQ 17	135 XEQ 16
04 XROM "INIT"	48 INT	92*LBL 04	136*LBL 03
05 "!* "	49 STO 19	93 DSE 07	137 FC?C 01
06 ASTO d	50 FS? 03	94 GTO B	138 GTO 05
07 7	51 STO 17	95 "YOU WIN"	139 XEQ 17
08 STO 07	52 LASTX	96 GTO 09	140 CF 02
09 STO 08	53 FRC	97*LBL 10	141*LBL 06
10 STO 09	54 E1	98 PROMPT	142 CF 03
11 ST+ 09	55 *	99 ABS	143 "ME:"
12 E3/E+	56 STO 20	100 INT	144 ARCL 19
13 STO 17	57 FS? 03	101 STO [	145 >","
14*LBL 00	58 STO 18	102 LASTX	146 ARCL 20
15 CLA	59 LASTX	103 FRC	147 RCL 18
16 ARCL 17	60 ST+ Z	104 E1	148 RCL 17
17 >"# DOM=?"	61 +	105 *	149 X=Y?
18 XEQ 10	62 ISG IND Y	106 STO \	150 "` EXT. "
19 ISG 17	63 ""	107 LASTX	151 X=Y?
20 GTO 00	64 X#Y?	108 ST+ Z	152 ARCL X
21 CLX	65 ISG IND X	109 +	153 CLAXON
22 STO 17	66 ""	110 X=Y?	154 AVIEW
23 "ME 1ST?"	67 FS?C 03	111 SF 00	155 PSE
24 AON	68 GTO 04	112 1.1	156 RCL 20
25 STOP	69 RCL 19	113 ST+ IND Y	157 10^X
26 AOFF	70 RCL 20	114 FC? 00	158 ST- IND 19
27 FC?C 23	71 *	115 ST+ IND Z	159 RCL 19
28 GTO A	72 LASTX	116 RCL \	160 10^X
29 6 E-3	73 +	117 10^X	161 X=Y?
30 STO [	74 RCL 19	118 ST+ IND [	162 SF 00
31*LBL 01	75 +	119 RCL [	163 X#Y?
32 XEQ 16	76 RCL 17	120 10^X	164 ST- IND 20
33 ISG [	77 -	121 FC?C 00	165 RCL 19
34 GTO 01	78 LASTX	122 ST+ IND \	166 RCL 20
35 RCL 19	79 RCL 18	123 RTN	167 E1
36 STO 17	80 *	124*LBL B	168 ST+ Z
37 RCL 20	81 LASTX	125 RCL 17	169 +
38 STO 18	82 +	126 STO [	170 LASTX
39 GTO 06	83 X#Y?	127 RCL 18	171 1/X
40*LBL A	84 GTO 03	128 X=Y?	172 ST- IND Z
41 CF 27	85 "EXT.="	129 SF 00	173 FC?C 00
42 "YOU:"	86 PROMPT	130 XEQ 16	174 ST- IND Y
43 CF 22	87 STO 17	131 FS?C 00	175 DSE 08
44 PROMPT	88 STO 18	132 GTO 03	176 GTO A

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Retro Games for the I	HP-41 User Ins	structions	DataFile and Others
177 "I WIN"	212 "NULL GAME"	247 +	282 RCL 17
178 GTO 09	213*LBL 09	248 7	283 RCL 19
179*LBL 02	214 BEEP	249 RCL IND Y	284 X#Y?
180 "YOU TAKE"	215 PROMPT	250 STO ]	285 GTO 03
181 AVIEW	216 GTO 11	251 X <y?< td=""><td>286 RCL 20</td></y?<>	286 RCL 20
182 RCL 17	217*LBL 03	252 GTO 03	287 STO 17
183 RCL 18	218 "I TAKE"	253 FRC	288 RTN
184 X=Y?	219 XEQ 10	254 .2	289*LBL 03
185 SF 00	220 SIGN	255 X<=Y?	290 RCL 18
186 E-2	221 ST- 09	256 ST+ ]	291 X#Y?
187 ST+ IND Z	222 ST+ 08	257 GTO 04	292 GTO 03
188 FC?C 00	223 GTO B	258*LBL 03	293 RCL 20
189 ST+ IND Y	224*LBL 16	259 FRC	294 STO 18
190 RCL 09	225 .	260.1	295 RTN
191 X=0?	226 STO 21	261 X=Y?	296*LBL 03
192 GTO 03	227 6 E-3	262 ST+ ]	297 RCL 20
193 SIGN	228 STO \	263 RCL IND \	298 X#Y?
194 ST- 09	229 RCL IND [	264 FRC	299 GTO 03
195 ST+ 07	230 STO a	265 X#0?	300 RCL 19
196 GTO A	231*LBL 07	266 ST+ ]	301 STO 18
197*LBL 03	232 RCL a	267*LBL 04	302 RTN
198 "NO TURN"	233 INT	268 RCL 21	303*LBL 03
199 AVIEW	234 E1	269 RCL ]	304 R^
200 SF 02	235 /	270 X<=Y?	305 X#Y?
201 GTO B	236 STO a	271 GTO 08	306 GTO 03
202*LBL 05	237 FRC	272 STO 21	307 RCL 19
203 RCL 09	238 X#0?	273 RCL [	308 STO 17
204 X#0?	239 GTO 03	274 INT	309 RTN
205 GTO 03	240*LBL 08	275 STO 19	310*LBL 03
206 "I PASS"	241 ISG \	276 RCL \	311 "CHEATER"
207 AVIEW	242 GTO 07	277 INT	312 SF 27
208 PSE	243 RTN	278 STO 20	313 GTO 09
209 FC?C 02	244*LBL 03	279 SF 01	314 END
210 GTO A	245 RCL \	280 GTO 08	
211 PSE	246 E1	281*LBL 17	

# **Health Check**

# Whodunit – Swap Disks

No documentation is available. It uses the Card Reader (!)

	46 PSE	95 "`X"	137 GTO 02
<u>01*LBL</u>	47 "-CITADIN"	96 XEQ 15	138 TONE 9
<u>"CHECKUP"</u>	48 FC? 06	97 3	139 41
02	49 "`E"	98 FC?C 05	140 X=Y?
"*LONGEVITE*"	50 XEQ 15	99 ST+ 05	141 SF 05
03 AVIEW	51 2	100 "AVEZ VOUS	142 RTN
04 PSE	52 FC?C 05	"	143*LBL 00
05 CLRG	53 ST- 05	101 AVIEW	144 "NOMBRE DE
06 "AGE"	54 "-SEUL"	102 TONE 3	CIGAR"
07 TONE 3	55 FC? 06	103 PSE	145 >"ETTE"
08 PROMPT	56 "`E"	104 PSE	146 AVIEW
09 ABS	57 XEQ 15	105 "FAIT DES	147 >"S PAR JOUR
10 INT	58 FS?C 05	ETUDES"	?"
11 STO 00	59 GTO 00	106 >" <mark>S</mark> "	148 TONE 3
12 "SEXE"	60 RCL 05	107 AVIEW	149 PROMPT
13 XEQ 15	61 4	108	150 ABS
14 CF 05	62 -	>"UPERIEURES"	151 E1
15 CF 06	63 STO 01	109 XEQ 15	152 /
16 20	64*LBL 00	110 2	153 3
17 -	65 "-ACTI"	111 FC?C 05	154 Y^X
18 X=Y?	66 FC? 06	112 ST+ 05	155 SQRT
19 GTO 00	67 "`VE"	113 "UNE	156 STO 02
20 3	68 FS? 06	PROFESSION "	157 "NOMBRE DE
21 SF 06	69 "`F"	114 >"IN"	VERRE"
22 ST- 05	70 XEQ 15	115 AVIEW	158 >"S D'ALCOO"
23*LBL 00	71 2	116	159 AVIEW
24 8	72 FC?C 05	>"DEPENDANTE"	160 >"L PAR JOUR
25 "TAILLE"	73 ST+ 05	117 XEQ 15	?"
26 TONE 3	74 "-SPORTI"	118 3	161 TONE 3
27 PROMPT	75 FC? 06	119 FC?C 05	162 PROMPT
28 ABS	76 "`VE"	120 ST+ 05	163 ABS
29 E	77 FS? 06	121 "FAIT UN	164 2
30 -	78 "`F"	BILAN D"	165 /
31 110	79 XEQ 15	122 >"E SA"	166 LASTX
32 *	80 3	123 AVIEW	167 -
33 "POIDS"	81 FC?C 05	124 >"NTE	168 STO 08
34 TONE 3	82 STO 06	ANNUEL"	169 "NOMBRE
35 PROMPT	83 "-SATISFAIT"	125 XEO 15	D'HEURES"
36 X<>Y	84 FC? 06	126 2	170 >" DE
37 /	85 >"E"	127 FC?C 05	SOMME"
38 E1	86 >" EN AMOUR"	128 STO 04	171 AVIEW
39 *	87 XEO 15	129 GTO 00	172 >"IL PAR
40 -	88 2	130*LBL 15	NUIT?"
41 STO 07	89 FC?C 05	131 "` ?"	173 TONE 3
42 "VOUS ETES	90 ST+ 05	132 AVIEW	174 PROMPT
"	91>" -ANXIEU"	133 TONE H	175 ABS
43 AVIEW	92 FC? 06	134*LBL 02	176 2
44 TONE 3	93 >"SE"	135 GETKEY	177 /
45 PSE	94 FS?C 06	136 X=0?	178 4

Retro Games for the HP-41		User Instructions	
179 -	221 AVIEW	265	
180 STO 03	222 PSF	266	
181 "COMBIEN	222 FIX 0	267	
	223 T IX 0 224 CE 20	267 2	
	227 CI 29	200	
102 > 03 D 192 AV/TE/A/		209	
	220 ARCL 09		
104 > E GRANDS-		270	
		2/1/	
	229 AVIEW	2/2	
	230 PSE	2/3*	
DECEDES	231 PSE	2/4	
187 AVIEW	232 E	2/52	
188 >" APRES	233 LASTX	2/6	
L'AGE"	234 " <mark>S</mark> "	277	
189 AVIEW	235 X<=Y?	FAIS	
190 >" DE 80 ANS	236 GTO 01	278	
?"	237 +	279 /	
191 TONE 3	238 "VOUS	280	
192 PROMPT	POURRIEZ A"	281*	
193 70	239 "`VOIR "	282	
194 RCL 00	240 AVIEW	283 2	
195 .24	241 "`UN BONI	JS 284 (	
196 *	DE "	285 '	
197 +	242 AVIEW	FAIS	
198 +	243 ADATE	286 '	
199 RCL 05	244 "` ANS SI	" 287	
200 +	245 AVIEW	288	
201 RCL 07	246 PSE	EXAN	
202 ABS	247 CHS	289	
203 RCL 02	248 RCL 07	290	
204 +	249 X>Y?	"`FG	
205 RCL 08	250 GTO 00	291	
206 ABS	250 GTO 00	291	
207 +	PERDIEZ DU"	292	
207 T		202 '	
200 ARS	252 10105 253 AV/IEW/		
209 AD3	255 AVILVV	205	
	254 FSL 255*1 BL 00	295	
211 KCL 01 212	255°LDL 00	290	
212 -		297	
213 KCL 00	257 KCL UZ	298 /	
214 -	258 X <y?< td=""><td>299 0</td></y?<>	299 0	
215 RCL 04	259 GTO 00	300	
216 -	260 "VOUS	301 /	
21/ -	CESSIEZ DE"	302	
218 510 09	261 >" FUMER'	303*	
219 "ESPERANCE	262 AVIEW	304	
DE VI"	263 PSE	305 2	
220 >"E"	264*LBL 00	306 (	

265 1.5 266 RCL 08 267 X<Y? 268 GTO 00 269 "VOUS BUVIEZ MOI" 270 >"NS" **271 AVIEW** 272 PSE 273*LBL 00 274 RCL 06 275 X#0? 276 GTO 00 277 "VOUS FAISIEZ DU" 278 >" SPORT" 279 AVIEW 280 PSE 281*LBL 00 282 RCL 04 283 X#0? 284 GTO 00 285 **"VOUS VOUS** FAISI" 286 "`E" 287 AVIEW 288 >"Z EXAMINER R" 289 AVIEW 290 "`EGULIEREMENT" 291 AVIEW 292 PSE 293*LBL 00 294 "VOUS DORMIEZ " 295 1.4 296 CHS 297 RCL 03 298 X>Y? 299 GTO 00 300 >"PLUS" 301 AVIEW 302 PSE 303*LBL 00 304.9 305 X>Y?

306 GTO 00

307 >"MOINS" **308 AVIEW** 309 PSE 310*LBL 00 311 RCL 01 312 X=0? 313 GTO 00 314 "VOUS **ROMPIEZ VO**" **315 AVIEW** 316 >"TRE SOLITUDE" **317 AVIEW** 318 PSE 319*LBL 00 320 CLA 321*LBL 01 322 >"IL NE VOUS ARR" 323 >"IVE AU" 324 AVIEW 325 >"CUN ACCIDENT" 326 AVIEW 327 >" FACHEUX AVA" 328 AVIEW 329 "`NT L'AN " 330 DATE 331 E2 332 * 333 FRC 334 E4 335 * 336 RCL 00 337 -338 RCL 09 339 INT 340 + 341 ARCL X 342 AVIEW 343 PSE 344 FIX 2 345 CLOCK 346 END

DataFile and Others